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Paramount Duty of the Legislature.

The paramount duty of the Pennsylvania Legislature at the coming session is to enact legislation which will secure honest elections in the future. The present electoral system in this State puts a premium on ballot frauds. Its aim appears to be not to make frauds difficult but to make honest voting next to impossible, and it accomplishes that result completely.

There are various ways of improving the system of voting in this State. The simplest is to adopt the system that permits of voting by machines in place of by ballot. This prevents the necessity of assistance for those physically or mentally incapable of marking ballots such as we now have, and does away entirely with the opportunity for bribery that our present system affords.

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Women to Circle the Globe for Knowledge.

Misses Ada Murrell and Jessie Ackerman Plan a Tour of Great Length and Wide Scope as Correspondents. Two young women engaged in a unique undertaking are being entertained in Philadelphia. They are Miss Ada Murrell, of Australia, and Miss Jessie Ackerman, of the United States. Both are employed by a syndicate of New York to tout the world and write up their experiences. At present they are the guests of Mrs. Ruth Shaffer, of 4512 Orange avenue. The travelers are to visit all lands, living as long as necessary in each to thoroughly study the characteristics of each place, social, political and industrial.

Miss Murrell is a native of Australia, through her mother was born in Phila. She is no stranger to travel, having spent years in foreign countries, the correspondent of Australian and English papers. She lived for six weeks in London's notorious famous Whitechapel. She was the pioneer woman at the Coolgardie gold fields of Australia, and in many other places has been the first white lady visitor. Miss Ackerman has lectured in Bellefonte on several occasions and has a number of friends here.

Buffalo Disappearing.

The Herd in Yellowstone Park Reduced by Poachers. WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The buffalo in Yellowstone National Park, belonging to the United States Government and maintained for the purpose of preventing the species from becoming extinct, are fast disappearing. There is now but a small herd. Poachers have killed many of the finest specimens. The heads of bulls bring from \$400 to \$500 each for mounting purposes. The small guard of cavalry which patrols the reservation is unable to prevent the depredations of these poachers. Poaching is not confined to buffaloes alone, but other native animals in the preserve are being killed off.

Ucle Sam Losses a Vessel.

NEW YORK, November 20.—A cable dispatch from Manila received here to-day reports the sinking of the United States auxiliary cruiser Yosemite in a typhoon at Guam, November 15th. Five of the crew were lost.

Rivers are on the Rise.

Great Damage is Reported as a Result of Floods.—Rain for Forty-Eight Hours.—Reports from Ohio, New York, West Virginia and New Jersey Show the Heavy Streams are Out of Their Banks. One Woman Lost Her Life.

CLEVELAND, November 26.—Another violent storm prevailed on Lake Erie and throughout Northern Ohio to-day, the wind coming from the north and blowing at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The gale was accompanied by heavy rain and sleet. The lake has been lashed to a wild fury and no vessels are leaving port. The telephone and telegraph companies, which suffered great damage from the heavy storm of last week, were again badly handicapped by the prostration of lines on practically all routes as the result of to-day's storm. Hundreds of poles are down and it will probably be several days before complete repairs can be made.

COLUMBUS, O., November 26.—The damage done throughout the State will reach thousands. At Chagrin Falls the telephone switchboard burned out and set half a dozen houses on fire. At Cambridge several buildings were blown down and at Batavia Miss Annie Hurd was drowned, driving into a stream where a bridge had been washed out. The Ohio river and southern Ohio streams are rising rapidly. Wires are down in all directions and trains are delayed.

ALBANY, N. Y., November 26.—The heavy rains have caused an eight-inch freshet in the river here, with excellent prospects of the water flooding Quay street before morning. The big rise was unexpected and the emergency alarm bells were not prepared for it. The current in mid-stream is very swift, and all trains are delayed.

ITHACA, N. Y., November 26.—Water continued to sweep down the Ithaca gorges all day and at 9 o'clock to-night the flood had subsided but little. The danger mark was passed about noon, however. The lower flats, near the fair grounds are transformed into a lake, and horses stabled there for the winter barely were rescued. The greatest danger was experienced along Six Mile run, the banks of which are low. Through the city the bridges stood the strain well, but several light buildings along the flats were floated off. There was much delay in railroad traffic. No trains on the Lehigh Valley from the south could arrive, while all the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western trains were compelled to unload passengers on the west hill and bring them into town by carriage. A washout in the retaining wall on State street opposite Cornell University occurred and a section fell ten feet.

ATKINS, November 26.—As a result of the heavy rains the reservoir near Chauncey burst to-day and flooded the town a mile away. The reservoir covered three acres and was twenty feet deep. Hundreds of yards of railroad yards were washed out and nearly all the residences in Chauncey were flooded. The course of the water saved the Chauncey mine, where 100 men were at work from being flooded.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., November 26.—The continuous rainfall of the past forty-eight hours has caused a rapid rise in all streams in this section of the State. The Kanawha has almost reached the danger line here and people in the low lands are already moving out. The Kanawha at 9:30 o'clock was 27.4 feet and rising one inch per hour. At Kanawha Falls, thirty-six miles above, the river is 23.6 feet and stationary. At least four more feet are expected. The Elk is out of its banks with fifteen feet, stationary, at Clain, five miles above. The rain fall here for twenty-four hours, ending at 8 a. m. to-day, was 2.7 inches.

GUYANDOTTE, W. Va., November 26.—Continuing rains for the past forty-eight hours have produced unprecedented floods in Guyandotte Valley. The river and its tributaries are overflowing their banks and are bearing away quantities of cross ties, lumber and other property. Some 9,000 logs have gone out, taking with them the false works of the two new railroad bridges south of Barboursville. Loss estimated at \$20,000 to \$25,000. The track of the new Guyandotte Valley railroad just completed to Salt Rock, a distance of 18 miles, has been almost ruined. The river is rising above and still more danger is expected.

PITTSBURG, November 26.—About 3,000,000 bushels of coal were started to southern points to-day. More would have been shipped had the river not been on such a rampage, making it unsafe. The river at 10 p. m. registered at the dam 21 feet and rising at the rate of 6 inches an hour. Both the Allegheny and Monongahela are still rising, the result of heavy rains along their entire length for the past forty-eight hours. Rivermen expect twenty-five feet in the Ohio before a fall begins. The flood mark is forty-eight feet. But this stage will be hardly reached, every precaution is being taken to prevent loss if it should come. As it is the cellars of residences in the lower districts of Allegheny are flooded, and the tracks of the Pittsburgh and Western lower yard were utterly abandoned.

Senator Cushman K. Davis Dead.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 27.—United States Senator Cushman K. Davis, Chairman of the committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, died at his home in this city at 8:48 o'clock Tuesday evening, after an illness of two months. He had suffered greatly during his sickness and gradually sunk away, being unconscious for several hours before his death. Realizing the approach of the end, Mr. Davis sent for the venerable T. H. M. Villiers Appleby, archdeacon of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Minnesota, and Rev. Theodore Sedgwick, rector of the Church of St. John the Evangelist. An attempt was made to secure the attendance of Bishop Whipple, but that venerable prelate was in Florida. Upon the arrival of Archdeacon Appleby and Mr. Sedgwick, Senator Davis was for a time sufficiently rational to express his grateful appreciation of their ministrations.

The Army Root Wants.

Provides for a Maximum of 90,000, and a Minimum of 55,000 Men. Other Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The House military committee to-day received from Secretary Root the bill which he approves providing for a maximum of 90,000 men and a minimum of 55,000, with 30 regiments of infantry, 15 regiments of cavalry and a gradual increase of the artillery until at the end of five years there will be 18,000 men. With the maximum army there is to be 150 men to each infantry company, making 1,800 men to a regiment. The maximum of a cavalry troop is to be 100 men. There is no provision for a lieutenant general, but the senior major general commanding will have the rank of lieutenant general.

Minister Conger Cabled Demands.

A Long Dispatch from Him Giving Details of Agreement Reached by Foreign Ministers. Received at Washington. The Dispatch Formed the Subject of a Conference Between the President and Secretary Hay.—The Agreement was Further Discussed at the Regular Meeting of the Cabinet Yesterday. It is Similar to French Proposals.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—A long dispatch from Minister Conger, giving the details of the agreement reached between the foreign ministers at Pekin, was received at the State Department yesterday and formed the subject of a conference yesterday afternoon between the President and Secretary Hay. The agreement embodies conditions which the Chinese government must accept as a preliminary to formal peace negotiations between itself and the powers. It is subject to the ratification of the several governments involved, and the consideration given to it by the President and Mr. Hay was for the purpose of reaching a decision as to the policy of the United States regarding its terms. The agreement will be further discussed at the regular meeting of the cabinet to-day, and until then no action will be taken by the government.

SIMILAR TO FRENCH PROPOSALS.

The agreement is said to be similar to the French proposals made early in October, with some additions. It contains terms to which the United States do not desire to subscribe and probably will not do so, although the earnest effort which this government has made to maintain harmony among the powers may induce before long the more radical of the objectionable proposals. However, the President and his advisers have been consistent in pursuing the line of policy which they laid down at the beginning of the Chinese troubles, and should there be any modification of the American program it will not affect the main principles for which the government has been contending. Such conditions contained in the agreement as are regarded as impossible for the Chinese government to fulfill will be objected to on the ground that they will prevent the accomplishment of the objects of the powers and perhaps bring about a new state of hostilities.

The two main questions involved in the agreement are those of the punishment of guilty Chinese officials and the amount and character of the indemnity to be demanded. All the powers are agreed not to seek territorial indemnity. This government maintains and will continue to maintain the principle that pecuniary indemnity to be demanded shall not exceed the ability of the Chinese government to pay. In general, the United States agree to the condition that the Chinese shall pay equitable indemnity to the governments, corporations and private individuals, but, as the indemnity to be demanded by the imperial authorities should not be adopted by the powers. Such punishment program as will be acceptable to the United States must be agreed to with the understanding that the punishments will be carried out by the Chinese government and not by the powers.

FEELS THAT IT CANNOT ASSENT.

The government is also not in sympathy with a complete and permanent prohibition of the importation of firearms into China and feels that it cannot assent, without the authority of Congress, to the military occupation of important points on the road from Tien Tsin to Pekin. As for the proposals that permanent guards be established at the legations at Pekin, the government is agreeable to the extent that ascertained that there is some local military government of the right to restrict access to their legations and have restricted access to them whenever desired. The dismantling of the forts at Taku, which is understood to be a condition laid down in the agreement, has never obtained the approval or disapproval of this government, and its attitude in regard to the proposal cannot be stated.

The representations to the powers early last week were made by the United States in the hope of heading off any radical agreement by the ministers at Pekin, or falling in that, to get the powers to modify their conditions laid down by the ministers. In this the government has reason to believe that it has been partly successful. Assurances have been received from several nations that they are in accord with the ideas of this government that impossible conditions must not be demanded of the Chinese. All the powers have not responded, but there has been no satisfactory indication of a desire for moderate action on the part of those whose answers have come that this government feels almost confident that there will be an overwhelming sentiment in favor of its ideas. MUST NOT DEMAND IMPOSSIBLE CONDITIONS.

It was learned positively yesterday that the representations to the powers had taken the form of furnishing each with a copy of the instructions to Minister Conger, the burden of which was that he must not demand conditions impossible for the Chinese government to meet. In handing a copy of these instructions to the minister of foreign affairs of the government which he is accredited, our diplomatic representative of the United States intimated that the views of that government were desired. It is understood that the additional conditions are the abolition of the tsung-li-yamen and the substitution therefore of a single minister of foreign affairs; the erection of a statue of Baron von Ketteler on the site of the place where he was murdered, and the sending of a prince of blood to Germany to apologize for Von Ketteler's murder.

Fatal Accident to a Cleveland and Pittsburgh Train.

PITTSBURG, November 28.—The Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad, at 11:15 o'clock this morning plunged into the Ohio river. Weakened embankments, caused by the recent flood, gave way and carried the train into the raging torrents. The results were disastrous. One man was drowned, at least four persons were seriously injured and the locomotive and five cars were precipitated from the tracks. The accident occurred a short distance west of Beaver station, while the express was running on flying time.

Pierce Fighting in the Philippines.

Five American and 103 Filipino Killed.—Supposed Impregnable Fortress Within 35 Miles of Manila. Storms and Tides.—War Has Not Progressed Distinctly that War is Not Over.—Our Men Ambushed and Fifteen Killed, But 45 out of 123 Able for Duty.

MANILA, Nov. 25.—The fortress of the insurgent Geronimo at Pinanuran, which the insurgents boasted was impregnable, was taken and destroyed Thursday afternoon by a picked force of the Forty-second and Twenty-seventh infantry and troop G of the Fourth cavalry, under Colonel Thompson. Geronimo and most of the Filipinos escaped. The leader has long harassed the Twenty-seventh infantry in the vicinity of San Mateo, Montalban and Novalesch. He was finally located at Pinanuran 35 miles north of Manila. His position was considered the strongest in Luzon. It was a stone fortress surmounting a steep hill surrounded by canyons. The Spanish forces lost heavily in attempting to take it. Colonel Thompson mobilized 1,000 men at Moutabon. The attack was made upon four sides—the main body under Major Carey, of the Forty-second.

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The ascent was steep and the men climbed them by grasping the scrubbery. It was impossible for the eastern column to reach the summit, but the others arrived after three hours' climbing under fire from the fortress and the hillside intrincments. The enemy's force, numbering several hundred, fled before the attackers reached the top. The Americans destroyed 1,000 rifles, scores of buildings and food supplies and seized a barrel full of documents. Private Harr, of the Twenty-seventh, and private Koppper, of the Forty-second, and two native scouts were killed and 12 of the attacking force were wounded. The insurgent casualties could not be ascertained.

MANILA, Nov. 25th.—Particulars have been received from Iloilo of the battle of Oct. 30th at Bugason, Island of Panay. Two hundred Bolomen and 50 filenins attacked the Americans, who lost three killed, Lieutenant H. Kootz, Sergeant Kitchen and Corporal Burns, all of Company F, Forty-fourth infantry.

Corporal Burns was looted while reconnoitering, and Lieutenant Kootz and Sergeant Kitchen were pierced by spears while going to relieve an outpost. When the garrison in force attacked the rebels 49 of the latter were killed. None of the other parties of attacking natives made such a stand and the insurgents lost 103 killed all told.

SHAMOKIN, Nov. 27.—The parents of private Charles E. Klase, who was killed in the Philippines, received the following letter from him to-day, indicating that a strong effort is about to be made to crush the Filipinos: "We are still in Manila, but will go to the firing line soon, orders having been given to the effect that we were to polish the enemy again before we were ordered to start for home. The Filipinos are getting pretty bold again, and are firing on nearly every town."

Fire and Water.

Between the two there was Great Excitement at Cross Forks.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., November 27.—Inside of fifteen hours the village of Cross Forks, on the Clinton and Potter county lines, has been visited by a baptism of fire and water. A man started a fire in a sheet iron stove last evening and left the house. A blaze resulted and before it was stopped five stores and dwellings combined, two barns and an ice house were destroyed, and the entire town would have gone had it not been for the rain. A jewelry store and dwelling, Bodler's store, postoffice and dwelling, and Holmes' grocery store were destroyed. The loss is \$75,000 and there is some insurance. The town is without fire protection and wet blankets were the only things the people had to fight with.

Scarcely had the excitement over the fire subsided than the biggest flood ever known in Kettle creek struck the town. It covered all the low lands and carried away two bridges on the Buffalo and Susquehanna railroad. The tramway of the Lackawanna Lumber company was so badly damaged that it will require a week to put it in repair.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded during the past week by recorder N. E. Robb: Sarah J. Eisenbuth et al. to Martha A. Kestetter, May 9th, 1900, 10 acres 122 perches in Penn Twp. Consideration \$40.00. H. E. Smith et ux. to Thos. E. Vonada, May 12th, 1900, 13 acres 113 perches, in Haines Twp. Consideration \$275.00. N. M. Kunes, administrator, to John W. Binner, Sept. 1st, 1899, tract of woodland in Liberty Twp. Consideration \$27.00. Joseph Evert et ux. to Jacob Kerstetter, March 30th, 1891, 11 acres 4 perches in Penn Twp. Consideration \$181.62. Jacob M. Kepler et ux. to W. B. Brown, Oct. 28th, 1900, lot in Philipsburg. Consideration \$1,000. James S. Resides to Elmer E. Resides, Sept. 24th, 1898, tract of land in Boggs Twp. Consideration \$1,000. Edward C. Perkins et al., trustee, to David Z. Frain, Nov. 13th, 1900, 11 acres in Marion Twp. Consideration \$294.25. Philipsburg Coal and Land Company to Jacob S. Barker, Sept. 20th, 1900, 46 acres in Rush Twp. Consideration \$6,900. Mary Nevel's heirs to Jacob E. Nevel, April 1st, 1890, 17 acres 57 perches in Potter Twp. Consideration \$150.00. Anna B. Hendricks to Margaret A. DeLoog, Nov. 15th, 1900, house and lot in Liberty Twp. Consideration \$200.00. Antonia Maconi to Elizabeth Maconi, June 1st, 1900, 3 acres in Snow Shoe. Consideration \$120.00. Joseph Maconi et ux. to Antonia Maconi, May 10th, 1900, 3 acres in Snow Shoe. Consideration \$1,000.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

C. W. Meyer, of Centre Hall, has gone to Tusseyville to take charge of the skimming station there. The house he occupied near the station and which was owned by Clem Luse has been bought by Alfred Durst for \$900 and will be occupied by C. M. Krider, of the lumber firm of Krider and Orwig.

Mallory and Taylor, the photographers, have a fine display of artistic pictures in a show window in the Brockerhoff house.

Archbishop Keane, of Dubuque, Ia., is authority for the statement that Altona will be declared an episcopal see of the Catholic church, with Very Rev. Dr. P. J. Garvey, president of St. Charles seminary, Philadelphia, as its first bishop.

Certain changes have been made among the employees of the Beech Creek station at Mill Hall. J. D. Roffe has been promoted to a position in the office at Jersey Shore. F. E. Roffe will take J. D.'s place. H. D. Hoover will be advanced to F. E. Roffe's position, and Mr. Achenbach will take Mr. Hoover's place.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage knew exactly what he was talking about when he said: "A newspaper whose columns overflow with ads. of business men has more influence in attracting attention to and building up a city or town than any other agency that can be employed. People go where there is business. Capital and labor will locate where there is an enterprising community. No power on earth is so strong to build up a town as a newspaper well patronized, and its power should be appreciated."

Notwithstanding the many stories that have gone out from this place about the numerous deer, bears and other wild animals that have been killed in this section since the hunting season opened, it is an undeniable fact that there has been less game captured in the county than for many a season. Six bears, and less than two dozen deer would cover the entire result of over two dozen organized hunting parties, and all the one-day hunters who have been scouring the woods since the first of November. And how could it be otherwise; with ponchers watching every opportunity, whether in season or out of it, to capture whatever they can find; with deer-licks salted and watched through the entire summer and fall; with bands of hunters encamped in ever wooded paths that lumber butchers and fires have left, what chance has game of any kind to accumulate? Under present conditions it can be but a few years, at the longest, until there will be nothing larger than rabbits and squirrels throughout this section to hunt for or to be had.

MARRIED AT CENTRE HILL.—The marriage of Wagner Geiss and Miss Ada Goodhart was celebrated at the home of the bride's parents at Centre Hill, on Wednesday evening, at 5:30; the Rev. Schuyler, of the Presbyterian church, having officiated.

The services were very simple and unostentatious, there being no maids or groomsmen and only the closest relatives of the young people were present. It was none the less a happy event, however, for the well wishes of a host of friends went with the couple when they departed for a short honeymoon. The bride is a daughter of former county commissioner Geo. L. Goodhart and is a very charming and prepossessing girl, with many accomplishments, not the least of which is her thorough equipment for every home duty.

The groom is a son of David Geiss, of Centre Hill, and an exemplary young man. For a number of years he was a successful teacher in Centre county public schools, but is now a book-keeper for E. K. Rhoads, the coal and grain merchant. Mr. and Mrs. Geiss will make their home in the Harper property at the corner of High and Thomas streets.

THE BELLEFONTE NAIL WORKS GOKE BEYOND RESUMPTION NOW.—Ever since the Bellefonte nail works closed in 1887 there has been a lingering hope that some day the plant might resume operations and again take its old place as the most important of Bellefonte's industries. But all hope was killed on Tuesday. Killed beyond revival and the rattle of the machines and the rumble of the rolls will probably never be heard in the gap again.

The property was sold by the Commonwealth Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Co. of Harrisburg, the assignees. There were iron men and brokers from all parts of the State here and it was expected that the property would sell at good prices, but it went surprisingly low. The buildings and machinery in the nail mill and rolling mill were sold to Jos. G. Hitter, representing the firm of H. A. Hitter's Sons, junk dealers of Philadelphia. The machinery brought \$6,100 and the buildings that cover the machinery \$275.00.

One house near the nail works was sold to Wm. Hampton for \$400. The balance of the nail works estate, consisting of two double houses, a store building, 22 acres of ground, was bid up to \$3,500 but the trust officer refused to let it go at that price and it was withdrawn. Gen. Beaver's interest in the Beaver & Hoy row was sold to the Hoy estate for \$3,125. Other property was put up, but the trust officer refused to let it go at the prices bid.

The plant was built in 1873 at a cost of \$180,000 but was closed down in 1887, owing to financial troubles. The failure of the nail firm greatly involved General Jas. A. Beaver, then Governor of the State, and later he made a general assignment to the Commonwealth Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit company of Harrisburg. This, with the other property here and near Milesburg belonging to Gov. Beaver, was offered at the assignee's sale in front of the court house, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The trust officer was W. M. Ogelsby, of Harrisburg.

ABRAHAM SNYDER.—A member of Gregg post of this place died at his home near Tyrone on Thursday at heart trouble and dropsy from which he had been a sufferer for about two years. He was aged 90 years and 3 months. He was born in Westmorland county on the 22d of August, 1810, and after learning the trade of puddler came to Centre county and was employed at the Valentine iron works for many years. Later he worked at the Howard and Mill Hall iron works and finally retired to Stormstown where he resided until May last, when he removed to Tyrone. He is survived by his wife, Catharine Roush Snyder, who is 88 years old, and the following sons and daughters: Theodore Snyder, of Texas; Mrs. Eli Waliser, of Kansas; Mrs. Henrietta Keatley and William Snyder, of Tyrone, and Daniel M. Snyder, of Bellefonte. One stepson, Alfred Hassinger, also survives and resides at Bellefonte, and a sister, Mrs. Keniah Eckerd, lives at Huntingdon. Deceased was an active man and master of his trade when in the vigor of life. He served his country faithfully for four years as a soldier in the Ninety-third Pennsylvania volunteers during the war, and during his long residence in Bellefonte was a member of Gregg post.

Rev. John A. Wood, Jr. conducted the funeral services Saturday morning and his body was brought to Bald Eagle for interment.

ANDREW HARTER.—The death on Sunday afternoon of the venerable Andrew Harter, at his home 4 miles east of town, down the Jacksonville road, was not unexpected as his health had been failing for some time. He was a native of this county and was aged 77 years and 5 months. He was a farmer held in high esteem by his neighbors and all those who were brought in contact with him. He was twice married, the first time to Miss Eva Smith, who died some years ago leaving him with a family of eight children. His second wife was Miss Susan Armagast, of Snyder county, who survives him with their ten children.

All of his children are living. They are Susan, of Collinsville; John, of Clintondale; Ellen, of Chicago; Jennie, of Milton; Wm. of Eagleville, Emma, of Houersville; Jacob, Laura, Clem and Harry, of Axe Mann; Belle, of Pleasant Gap; Elizabeth, of Bellefonte; Samuel, of Elkhart, Ind., and George, Albert, Cora and Edna at home. He was buried Wednesday morning in the Jacksonville burying ground. After funeral services at his late home conducted by Revs. White, of Pleasant Gap, and Bair, of Howard.

DR. THOMAS ROTHROCK IS DEAD.—After an illness that has lasted over several years Dr. Thomas Rothrock died at his home at Eagleville station on Wednesday morning. Though his condition had been hopeless on account of diabetes his final illness was of only a few days' duration. Dr. Rothrock was a man of marked ability as a physician and surgeon. In the latter branch of his profession he probably never had a superior in skill in this section, though he never profited much by the talent he possessed. Graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1852 he had been in active practice in the county to the time of his death. He was one of the best informed men in the county on general and scientific subjects, being a constant reader.

Deceased was a son of the late Henry Rothrock and was born in Spring township, March 19th, 1829. Surviving him are his widow and the following children: Joseph, in Philadelphia; Charles, in Ocoola, Ark.; Ambrose, in New York, and Ida at home. His brothers David and Henry live near Bellefonte and John is in Colorado. One sister, Mrs. Long, of Howard, also survives.

Interment will be made in the Eagleville cemetery at 1 o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. WESTON.—Mrs. Mary W. Weston, of Warriors-mark, died Sunday morning in Altoona of diabetes at the home of her niece Mrs. John Fraker, where she had gone ten days previous on a visit. She had been in failing health since spring, but grew rapidly worse after reaching Altoona. A daughter of Mrs. Jane Van Tries, she was born in Warriors-mark Jan. 23rd, 1831. In 1853 she was united in marriage to William Weston who died five years later. She was an earnest christian and a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal church. She served for more than forty years as assistant to her mother who was postmistress of her native town and enjoyed the respect and confidence of her neighbors. One brother W. C. Van Tries, Wellsville, Kan., and a sister Mrs. Sarah E. Clabaugh, of Altoona, survive her. She was buried from her home at Warriors-mark on Friday morning with her pastor, Rev. Comp. officiating.

Mrs. Catharine McQuillen, for years a resident of this place, died at the home of her son Thomas in Pittsburg on Sunday afternoon, at the age of 82 years. The body was brought to her old home here on Tuesday evening. On Wednesday afternoon the funeral took place from the home of her nephew, Barney Gallagher, on Pine street. Interment was made in the Catholic cemetery, after services in St. John's church.

Lindley, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Milton R. Johnson, of Willowbank street, died with diphtheria at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning. Interment was made in the Union cemetery the same afternoon at 2 o'clock.