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ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS COALS.

CORN EARS, SHELLED CORN, OATS, and other grains.

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HARNESSES, HARNESSES, HARNESSES, SADDLES, BRIDLES,

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Today's Prices have Dropped

THE LARGEST STOCK OF HORSE COLLARS IN THE COUNTY.

JAMES SCHOFIELD, BELLEFONTE, PA.

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WEDDING GIFTS OF STERLING SILVER.

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BEAUTY, USEFULNESS AND DURABILITY.

For these persons nothing else is quite so fitting for the occasion.

Articles for every use in the best expression of taste.

F. C. RICHARD'S SONS, High St. BELLEFONTE PA.

For Sale.

ROCK FARMS. J. HARRIS HOY, Manager, Office, No. 8 So. Allegheny St. Bellefonte, Pa.

Horses, Cows, Sheep, Shoats, Young Cattle and Feeders for sale at all times. 49-15-17

Democratic Watchman

Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 21, 1900.

Lions, Tigers and Elephants.

"Personally I would rather undertake to train jungle bred lions than lions that are born in captivity. You may win the regard of the first class, but the others are so accustomed to seeing everybody that they respect nobody. The idea that lions desire to eat up their trainers is preposterous. I feed these lions 12 1/2 pounds of fine meat every day at 5 o'clock. If a lion were ravenously hungry, the case might be different. When a beast gets mad and knocks you down with a blow from his paw, you must lie still. It would be useless to fight back, for if he should close his jaws no bone would stand the pressure. I do not fear the lion's jaw and teeth—the paws and claws are the things that have left their marks all over my body. Their claws are sharp as fishhooks and take hold in the same fashion.

"Yes, I have been nipped by lions a number of times, generally in the fleshy part of the hand and the teeth have gone clean through with a snap. Still the claws are the things that make the life of the lion tamer an 'unpreferred risk' in life insurance writing.

"Tigers are much brighter than lions, and can be taught many tricks, but they can never be relied on as treachery appears to be their disposition and inheritance. They are tremendous fighters, and if they cannot get up a row among themselves they are ready to help others. The closest call I ever had in my life was when a jaguar got over the partition in the big den in the cage occupied by a lion and undertook to take a bone away from the latter. I went in and undertook to drive the jaguar back into her own cage. The beast turned upon me and clawed me horribly, while the lion took a whack at my back. When I was finally dragged over to the cage, the new suit of clothes that I wore was a mass of tatters, and I was scarred and bloody from head to heels. This famous fight occurred in Washington with the W. C. Coup show. I had a number of encounters with Wallace, who was set down on the hills in this country. He had clawed and clawed many men, but never eaten one, but he did occasionally feast on a horse. So many stories have been told about Wallace by trainers that never handed him it would be idle for me to repeat them, as I had him all the time he was in this country. That famous lion died two years ago in an express car while on his travels.

"Tigers have a fancy for sliding on their backs and getting you at a disadvantage, as they lie and claw upward. The moment you turn to leave a cage they are liable to slide its whole length and drag you down before you can raise your whip.

"But, take my word for it, the most dangerous animal you can encounter in a menagerie is a 'bad elephant.' I've been with 'em for 40 years, and I know."—Chicago Record.

Tricks of the Trade.

At the cigar stand of an up town hotel a guest asked the dealer for an imported cigar.

"The dealer handed out a handful of cigars which were in all appearance the real thing. 'Are these real imported cigars?' asked the purchaser, depositing his quarter on the little change mat.

"Yes, sir," responded the other. "It is too nice a night for a dispute," said the guest to a reporter, "and since the cigar is a good one I will smoke it, but it is not an imported cigar that he sold me, though it resembles one. It was made in this country of imported tobacco. If I called this dealer down, he would say, 'What's the difference?' as the tobacco was grown on the island of Cuba.

"I am an internal revenue inspector, and I can tell at a glance whether a cigar is the imported article in the box from Havana or whether it is made in this country of imported leaf. The difference is great in many ways, and the fact that the average judge of cigars cannot detect it is no excuse why he does not get what he calls for. Who can tell the difference between a Havana and one made here of the same imported materials? Very few. The difference is usually about \$100 in favor of the dressmaker.

"But with cigars it is another matter. Some dealers will tell you that we make a better article of imported tobacco than the Cuban cigar makers. Perhaps so. The dealer makes a bigger profit on the sale, and that is what he is looking out for.

"If you desire to buy a cigar made by Cuban workmen and the real imported thing, examine the box for the internal revenue stamps. They will be observed, if you look carefully, and are six in number. All bear the words 'Imported cigars, United States customs,' and the number of the cigars contained in the box plainly engraved at each end of the stamp in the center of which is the engraving of a steamship.

"The stamp for the box containing 25 cigars is smaller than the others and is drab in color. The box containing 50 cigars is distinguished by a green stamp, the 100 blue, the 250 red and the 500 yellow ochre in drab tint.

"There is a difference in both the smoke and the flavor of a cigar made by Havana workmen and those made at the principal tobacco marts here. Our makers do not import the very finest leaf for the very excellent reason that the Cubans won't allow it to leave the island, desiring it for their own high grade cigars of London and Paris. The Cubans roll their cigars in a way peculiar to themselves, and when a man calls for the genuine rolled article he wants it and ought to have it."—Washington Star.

Patched.

Swipsy—Muggsy swiped a pair o' shoes from a store yistdy. Lifter—Did they fit him? Swipsy—I don't tink so. I heard one o' de fellers say that he couln't o' cope some along while Muggsy 'us tryin de shoes on, an dey pinched 'im.—Philadelphia Record.

Cats and Rats.

Little Nettle was learning to read, and part of her lesson ran thus: "The cat has a rat." "Hub!" she exclaimed. "The man who wrote this book didn't know much. Cats don't have rats; they have kittens."—Kansas City Star.

Unpopularity is the fate of those who know how to stand alone and to leave their mark upon other men. But time rights the momentary wrongs of those who cannot be swayed by the fickle breath of popular applause.

REPUBLICAN PARTY AND THE TRUSTS.

The Standard Oil Company and Carnegie Dismiss All Others in the Race For Wealth.

During the past 30 years the wealth of the nation has increased a trifle over 300 per cent.

Under these circumstances it is folly to talk "hard times." There may be some few individual instances of poverty, but as a people we are in better shape than we have ever been.

Not only are we as a people in better financial shape, but the large business interests are all prosperous, still for the benefit of the few doubting Thomases we will cite one or two instances in support of this position:

In 1870 the Standard Oil company had a capital of \$1,000,000. Now its capital has increased to the respectable sum of \$110,000,000. It is true that a large portion of this increase is "water," yet so long as the company earns dividends whose business is it?

From 1882 to 1891 the Standard Oil company paid dividends averaging 5 1/2 per cent. In this year of our Lord they pay dividends amounting to 48 per cent, or \$52,800,000.

On Aug. 8, 1900, the quotations of the stock of the Standard Oil company was 534. In other words the Standard Oil company has an earning capacity of \$57,400,000. The wealth of the Standard Oil company has therefore increased over 58,700 per cent in the last 30 years. Surely the shareholders have no reason to grumble.

The Carnegie company will this year clear \$42,000,000 on a nominal capital of \$25,000,000. Their dividends will amount to 168 per cent, or on a 4 per cent basis, their earning capacity is really that of \$1,050,000,000. The wealth of the Carnegie company has therefore increased 4,200 per cent in the last few years. They should certainly be satisfied.

But, if the wealth of the entire nation has only increased 300 per cent in the last 30 years, and these corporations have increased 58,700 and 4,200 per cents, how much is there left to be divided among the people of the nation?

It is true that the shares of most of the trusts have been listed at the Stock Exchanges, and they are being sold on the open market, and as the defenders of the trusts sometimes say, there is nothing to prevent the employees of the trusts from buying the stock of their own trusts, and thus becoming their own employers, but before we accept this proposition, let us look into it. The average employe of the Standard Oil company, other than those who are largely interested in the company in a financial manner, is receiving the sum of \$1.70 cents per day, \$10.20 per week, or \$530.40 per year. The Standard Oil company employs 35,000 men, and they would therefore take these 35,000 workmen, supposing that they had no life on nothing, and that they had no families, just 31 years and 150 working days in which to save enough to become their own employers. But before we get ready to salute the year 1931 as being the last in which trusts shall hold undisturbed sway over this land, we must consider that during the last ten years the increase of the wealth of the trusts has been on the geometrical plan, and that under present conditions these 35,000 workmen, after working for over 31 years, saving every cent they received, would still be unable to purchase the stock of the concern, for by that time the capital, at the present rate per cent of increase, will have amounted to \$352,440,000,000, and so you see the trust is still ahead of the game, and the 35,000 workmen are still behind.

The pay roll of this concern last year amounted to \$18,564,000, about one-third of the amount distributed in dividends. The same conditions prevail in other trusts. When a few men are compounding their incomes at the rate of 50 or 100 per cent, and the masses of the people live from hand to mouth, saving nothing, it does not take a very extensive mathematical calculation to show that the few will soon own all the wealth of the country.

The Democratic party in this campaign has laid out a plan of attack whereby the advantages gained by the trusts by unfair and illegitimate means will be destroyed. At present, under Republican rule, they are permitted to tax the people of the entire land by means of the tariff; they are allowed to stifle competition through railroad discrimination, and it is these things which the Democratic party intends to stop.

On the other hand, what position is taken by the Republican party?—Beech Creek citizens are doing all in their power to have a new brick works located in that place. They have raised over \$1,000 in money. The company asks that they be given a site of about 80 acres, to be relieved of taxation, and to have the right of way for a tram road about 6 miles in length. These inducements will be given by the citizens.

CAN YOU TELL WHY?—You have constant headaches, are nervous and sleepless at night and feel tired in the morning? Your blood isn't carrying the right materials to your nerves and other organs. Begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, and you will soon realize a change. You will feel better and stronger, will relish your food and enjoy refreshing sleep. Nausea, indigestion are cured by Hood's Pills.

What shall We Have for Dessert? This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! No baking! Add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. 45-1

Niagara Falls Excursions.

Low-Rate Personally-Conducted Trips via Pennsylvania Railroad.

September 20th, October 4th and 18th are the remaining dates for the Pennsylvania railroad company's popular ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington. Special train will leave Washington 8.00 a. m., Baltimore 9.05 a. m.

Excursion of September 20th from Philadelphia will run via Manunka Chunk and the Delaware Valley; special train will leave Broad street station 8.00 a. m.; on other dates special train will leave Philadelphia at 8:10 a. m.

Round-trip tickets will be sold at \$10.00 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all points on the Delaware Division; \$11.25 from Atlantic City; \$9.60 from Lancaster; \$8.50 from Altoona and Harrisburg; \$6.90 from Sunbury and Wilkesbarre; \$5.75 from Williamsport; and at proportionate rates from other points, including Trenton, Mt. Holly, Palmyra, New Brunswick, and principal intermediate stations. The time of connecting trains, stop-over privileges, and further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent, Broad street station, Philadelphia.

THE BRAVERY OF WOMAN—Was grandly shown by Mrs. John Dowling, of Butler, Pa., in a three years' struggle with a malignant stomach trouble that caused distressing attacks of nausea and indigestion. All remedies failed to relieve her, until she tried Electric Bitters. After taking only four bottles, she writes: "I am now wholly cured and can eat anything. It is truly a grand tonic for the whole system as I gained in weight and feel much stronger since using it." It aids digestion cures dyspepsia, improves appetite, gives new life. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed at F. P. Green's.

Miss Sharpe—"I hear you are going to be married at last." Miss Snappie (of Chicago)—"That's my business!" Miss Sharpe—"Indeed? Wholesale or retail?"

Jell-O, the Dessert, saves all the family. Four flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. Try it today. 45-1

Detroit City, Mich., April 1, 1900. General Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.: Gentlemen—I must say in regard to GRAIN-O that there is nothing better or healthier. We have used it for years. My brother was a great coffee drinker. He was taken sick and the doctor said coffee was the cause of it, and told us to use GRAIN-O. We got a package but did not like it at first, but now would not be without it. My brother has been well ever since we started to use it. Yours truly, LILLIE SCHOR. 45-27

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE TO DENVER. Is from St. Louis via the Missouri Pacific Railway leaving St. Louis at 9:00 a. m., and arriving at Denver 11 o'clock the next morning—only one night out. Pullman sleepers, superior service. For complete information address J. R. James, C. P. A., Pittsburg, Pa. Or H. C. Townsend, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

THE BOXERS OF CHINA. Are attempting to solve a gigantic problem, but they are going about it in the wrong way and will never succeed. Some people, in this country, seem to think that they have as great a puzzle on their hands in selecting a location for a home, unless they inspect the beautiful farming country on the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway in Marinette county, Wisconsin, where the crops are of the best, work plenty, fine markets, excellent climate, pure, soft water; land sold cheap and on long time. Why rent a farm when you can buy one for less than you pay for rent? Address C. E. Rollins, Land Agent, 101 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA. It purified his blood, gave him strength and vigor, restored his appetite and made sleep refreshing. 47-11

PLUMBING ETC. as you chose your doctor—for effectiveness of work rather than for loquacity of price. Judge of our ability as you judge of his—by the work already done. Many very particular people have judged us in this way, and have chosen us as their plumbers.

R. J. SCHAD & BRO. No. 6 N. Allegheny St. BELLEFONTE, PA. 42-43-61

WHY TRY TO STICK with something that don't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT. You know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes. MAJOR'S RUBBER AND MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 10 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists. MAJOR CEMENT CO., New York City. 45-10-23

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