

Democratic Watchman

Bellefonte, Pa., April 6, 1900.

Copper King's Big Farm.

Marcus Daly Spends Millions on His Pasture. Horses and Horse Raising. Forty-seven Thousand Acres Devoted to Breeding and Rearing Live Stock Cattle, Dogs, Wild and Domestic Fowl.

Marcus Daly, the famous copper king, is completing one of the most extensive home-stands near Butler, Mont., in the world. It is the Bitter Root Stock Farm, in the Bitter Root Valley. The farm comprises 47,000 acres. Of this vast extent of territory 30,000 acres are of mountain land, used solely for pasture. Much of this land was barren, arid bench land.

The bottom lands were partially watered by a tiny creek, water being a scarce article; and Mr. Daly immediately inaugurated a system of irrigation, at a cost of \$350,000. There are numerous large ditches which divert the waters of Skalkaho and Gird's Creeks, which supply water enough all the time, but to guard against every possibility a large canal over twenty miles long has recently been completed, which is connected with the river.

The dwelling house is a model of modern architecture, and not a convenience known to man, no matter how costly, has been omitted. Running in front of the house is a wide driveway or boulevard, which crosses the entire ranch from south to north over six miles in length, and which has at intervals other driveways bisecting it and running transversely.

OVER 500 EMPLOYEES.

In the busy seasons over 500 men are employed, and in all the year around over 200 make their home on the ranch. To house these men and their families hundreds of cottages have been erected, with more pretensions residences for the superintendents and foremen.

The magnitude of operations may be guessed at when the monthly pay roll is never less than \$7500, in the off seasons. Over 5000 cattle of the choicest breeds supply the finest cream and butter in the State, being consumed in Butte. While he has about 15,000 acres devoted to agriculture and 500 acres in fruits.

The ranch is so strictly up to date that every building, from the mansion and cottages down to the smallest barn, is lighted with electricity and water from Skalkaho Creek has been piped to every one.

Mr. Daly for his head men employs only specialists. W. H. Pierce has charge of a creamery where the cream of 300 cows is manufactured by the huge separators into gilt edged butter. Swan Johnson has charge of the horticultural department; the agricultural section is so large it is divided into six departments, under the charge of William Brophy, Elmer Thomas, Tom McCourt, W. H. Steele, Fred Lillick, all competent foremen. Joe Ray has charge of the stock cattle. The trotters are in charge of David Peel, while Joseph Ray trains them. The veterinary section, which is the finest in the United States, is in charge of Dr. Haggard; Sam Lucas is in charge of the thoroughbreds, which are trained by Fred Mossion and Billy Lakeland. Benjamin McGinty is general superintendent.

DALY'S GREAT HOBBY.

Marcus Daly has one hobby—horses and racing. His open and covered circular tracks, his well trained inclosures, are the admiration of every racing man. Daly went into the business systematically; he first visited the most celebrated stock farms and stables of the country; from each he purchased the choicest get, the fastest strains of racing blood, then he sent to England, France, Persia and Arabia where no horse was too high priced for him to secure for this Bitter Root ranch in the wilds of Montana; this blending of the blood of centuries of the most illustrious lineage has brought forth equine wonders whose achievements have amazed the racing world. No matter where these prices and princesses have been reared they can find no fault with their quarters here.

Over 700 acres sown with blue grass are devoted to the stud paddock and to the brood mares and their colts. Nearly 1500 acres have been set aside for the thoroughbreds and for this purpose it has been cut up into hundreds of high fenced paddocks. Near by is the residence of Sam Lucas, the general Kentuckian, the famous expert breeder in charge of the thoroughbreds; grouped around are massive barns, cottages orchards and gardens. Everywhere are shade trees and driveways, running water, making a veritable equine paradise.

A HORSE PALACE.

In the centre of this thoroughbred department is the pride of Daly's heart, the famous "Tammany Castle," located on a plateau which rises gently fully 100 feet above the surrounding lands. Mr. Lucas designed the castle and will show the favored ones over it with a good deal of pride. It is a one-story brick building, fire-proof in every available spot. In it are only six stalls and an office. These stalls are 18 feet square and have a brick ceiling 12 inches in thickness. Each stall is not only plastered, but wainscoted and finished in solid oak, with ventilation at the bottom, brought from the roof. A perfectly equable temperature is sustained the year round.

At the rear of the barn is the immense granary of solid stone. A macadamized walk runs all around the castle, and this is all roofed over; forming attractive verandas; these verandas are literally encased in summer with the choicest of vines and flowers. In the front is over an acre of green velvet lawn; all about are beds of flowers while fountains are playing in every available spot. In this department are kept the finest stallions; Hamburg, valued at \$75,000; Tammany, Ogden, Bathampton and Inverness, costing Marcus Daly over \$250,000, but which no man could purchase from him now. All are well known as royal stallions and winners of the largest prizes ever offered. Hamburg won the Brighton cup in 1898; Tammany won the Futurity in 1897; white Bathampton and Inverness were the greatest stallions England's stables ever produced. Other celebrated stallions are Montana, the winner of the Suburban in 1892; Sam Lucas, Primrose, The Pepper and many others. Here are also quartered the cream of the brood mares—over 2000 in all, together with foals, to whom the racing men of America look for world-beaters. It will be remembered that Sam Lucas was for many years in the employ of August Belmont, handling his thoroughbreds before coming to Montana.

SPROUTING DEPARTMENT.

The standard brood or trotting department is located in the lower lands and over 1000 acres is devoted to it. Like the thoroughbred department, everything is in the most elaborate and convenient form. Paddocks, barns, all built with an eye to the

greatest convenience, but still pleasing to look at, both outside and inside. There are about 100 brood mares and the foals are there. The chief of the stallions is Prodigal, son of John Nolan; Ponce de Leon and Milroy are also kept in this department. It is an interesting sight to see Joe Re-training the green colts, of whom he has charge as far as training goes. David Peel, who was also for years with Belmont, has general charge of the trotters. The entire ranch, every department is connected by telephone with the stock farm office, which is in Hamilton, in the rear of the Ravalli county bank.

Another thing for which the ranch is famous is its Dog Kennels, which are all grouped around Tammany Castle. Another or eight well worth seeing the hatcheries and fowl coverts, also situated on the plateau. Every kind of pigeon is to be seen here; every kind of game cock, French, English and China pheasants abound. The pea fowls add a picturesque touch. As for domestic fowls not a breed can be named which is not here represented. A peculiar thing is the hundreds of quail in the fields all over the ranch. Mr. Daly imported them from California and they are multiplying beyond his most sanguine hopes. The place has so far, stock and all, cost Mr. Daly over \$4,000,000, but it will repay him a thousand fold, although that part he does not care about. He has turned the desert into a park and has built a home that might well be the envy of kings.

Imperialism.

Before the civil war broke out in 1861 the expenses of the federal government ranged between 50 and 60 millions a year, and only in one year reached as high a figure as \$73,000,000. During the Mexican war the highest yearly outlay was \$54,000,000. The year the civil war commenced the expenditures were only \$66,650,000, but they mounted up very rapidly after Fort Sumter, reaching their maximum in 1865, the year the war ended, with over a million soldiers in the field, the enormous total being 1,295 millions of dollars. There was a big drop after the war closed, and in 1866 the expenditures were 519 millions, then falling to 242 millions in 1885-86, the first year of the Cleveland administration. After the census legislation of 1890 there was a rapid increase, and in 1898 the expenditures went up over a hundred millions and were 443 millions of dollars.

Secretary Garfield, on Monday, as required by law, sent to congress estimates for the appropriations for the next fiscal year ending July 1, 1901. The aggregate is \$631,081,994, or 38.1 million more than the estimates for the current year and 34 millions over the appropriations.

The total on account of pensions is \$145,230,232, which is a decrease of \$3,380 compared with the current year, from which it would be supposed that pensions were on the down grade, but the West Indian and Philippine pensions remain to be heard from. Our army and naval expenditures are increasing. For the army next year 190 million is asked, and for the navy 76 millions, an increase over the current year in both branches of the service of 52 millions.

Our army, navy and pension expenditures for the coming year foot up the enormous sum of \$411,312,772, leaving 229 million from the grand total of \$219,269,221 for all other purposes of government. We are not only nearing but passing the totals of European imperialism. Nearly two-thirds of the enormous aggregate of national expenditure goes to war and navy and the pensions of past wars.

President McKinley's national bookkeeper figures up that he will need for the closing year of the McKinley administration the neat sum of \$632,000,000. The average rate of expenditure of Cleveland's administration was \$270,000,000 a year, and for his second administration \$365,000,000, the increase resulting mainly from the dependent pension law, which he vetoed his first term and became a law in the Harrison Interregnum.

To state the case fully, the appropriations and expenditures of the four years of the McKinley administration, accepting Secretary Gage's estimates for the closing year, will be as follows:

1897-98	\$443,368,583
1898-99	700,993,564
1899-1900	600,112,112
1900-01	631,081,994

The difference between 631 millions of dollars a year and 270 millions of dollars in cost between Cleveland's American policies and McKinley's imperialist rage. Are we not paying a little too much for our whistle? And yet President McKinley at the outset of his message declares that the conditions of the country "are of unusual prosperity, and of universal good will among the people at home and in relations of peace and friendship with every government of the world." We are paying at the rate of six and seven hundred millions of dollars a year for it, for every penny is drained from the pockets of the people by taxation. It is their substance that is being thrown away on anti-American policies.

The bishops of the Methodist church have in a general proclamation called attention to the fact that the membership for the first time in the history of the church shows a falling off from the figures of the previous year and appeal to the members to set apart the week from March 25 to April 1 inclusive, as a season of fasting or abstinence and prayer and self-examination that the spiritual life of members may be renewed and strengthened, that unsaved members of families, their families and their neighbors may be converted.

A Basis of Agreement.

"If I had my time to go over again," she snapped, "I wouldn't marry the best man living."

"I know you wouldn't," he answered, with a smile, "because I wouldn't ask you."

Still in Doubt.

"So you have a new baby at your house? What is it, a little brother or a little sister?"

"I dunno," said little Jessie; "we haven't called it anything but 'it' yet."

A Bright Scholar.

Teacher—"Can any of the class explain to me why the way of the transgressor is hard?"

Scholar—"I guess it's because it's traveled so much."

Subscribe for the WATCHMAN.

Trees From An Old Basket.

It is said that the first willow trees in Philadelphia (which grew on the site of the Custom House) resulted from an accidental discovery on the part of Benjamin Franklin, who found a wicker basket, which had been thrown into a damp place, sprouting. He felt much interested, and gave some of the cuttings to Charles Morris who planted them on his place. The stalks took root readily and thrived, and a number of willow trees resulted.

SPREADS LIKE WILD-FIRE.—When things are "the best" they become the best selling. Abraham Hare, a leading druggist, of Belleville, O., writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in 20 years. You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence it cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, run-down man or woman. Price 50c. Sold by F. P. Green Druggist.

—Every work horse should have his own collar, and not change them about, as some farmers do or allow the men to do. We imagine you would not care to put on and wear an ill fitting pair of boots every few days. An ill fitting collar is often the prime cause of horses being balky. There is no question but that a properly adjusted collar and harness enables a horse to perform a certain amount of labor with far greater ease than a poor adjustment.

Imperialism.

Figures Showing Costs of Our Imperialistic Policy.

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Subscribe for the WATCHMAN.

To Cure Lagripps in Two Days.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature on every box. 25c. 41-6m.

Medical.

WHY IT SUCCEEDS.

Doing one thing well brings success. Nothing can be good for everything. Doan's Kidney Pills do one thing only. They're for sick kidneys. They cure backache, every kidney ill. Here is Bellefonte evidence to prove it:

"Mrs. J. Cowler, of Bishop street, says: 'I was very bad with my back and head. I suffered pain, in both and was very restless nights besides being so tired all the time that I could hardly keep myself about. I was very lame across my kidneys and bending over or being on my feet much was extremely painful. Reading about Doan's Kidney Pills and seeing them so highly recommended for these troubles I procured them from F. Potts Green's drug store. They gave me positive relief, caused me to sleep well, stopped the pains, relieved the lameness and invigorated me generally. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co. Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and no substitute.' 45-12

BELLEFONTE IS LEARNING THIS.

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Dr. Stites.

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Tailoring.

J. H. GROSS, FINE MERCHANT TAILORING. High St., next door to Centre county Bank. BELLEFONTE, PA.

The Latest Patterns in Spring and Summer Suits for Men are now on Display, and the Prices will suit you. 44-28-ly

Spouting.

SPROUTING! SPOUTING! SPOUTING! SPOUTING! SPOUTING! W. H. MILLER, Allegheny St. - BELLEFONTE, PA.

Repairs Spouting and supplies New Spouting at prices that will astonish you. His workmen are all skilled mechanics and any of his prices are a guarantee of satisfaction with it. 34-38

Meat Markets.

GET THE BEST MEATS. You save nothing by buying, poor, thin or gristly meats. I use only the LARGEST, FATTEST, CATTLE, and supply my customers with the freshest, choicest, best beef and mutton making Steaks and Roasts. My prices are no higher than poorer meats are elsewhere. I always have DRESSED POULTRY, Game in season, and any kinds of good meats you want. TAY MY SHOP. P. L. BEZNER, High Street, Bellefonte.

Roofing.

A LEAKING ROOF IS A PESKY NUISANCE. W. H. Miller, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa., puts on new or repairs old slate roofs at the lowest prices. Estimates on new work gladly furnished. 42-38

Saddlery.

WORTH OF \$5,000 \$5,000 \$5,000. HARNESSES, HARNESSES, HARNESSES. SADDLES, BRIDLES, PLAIN HARNESSES, FINE HARNESSES, BLANKETS, WHIPS, Etc. All combined in an immense Stock of Fine Saddlery. NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS....

Travelers Guide.

PHILADELPHIA SLEEPING CAR attached to East-bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 P. M. and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.30 P. M. J. W. GEHRTMANN, General Superintendent.

Travelers Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 20TH, 1899.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.			
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Bellefonte, 9:53 a. m.	at Tyrone	11:10 a. m.	at Altoona, 1:00 p. m.
5:50 p. m.	at Altoona, 5:10 p. m.	at Tyrone, 6:55 p. m.	
VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.			
Leave Bellefonte, 4:44 p. m.	arrive at Tyrone, 6:00 a. m.	at Altoona, 7:35 a. m.	at Harrisburg, 11:50 a. m.
VIA LOCK HAVEN—WESTWARD.			
Leave Bellefonte, 3:22 p. m.	arrive at Lock Haven, 10:30 a. m.		
VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.			
Leave Bellefonte, 1:42 p. m.	arrive at Lock Haven, 2:45 p. m.	arrive at Williamsport, 3:50 p. m.	at Harrisburg, 8:31 p. m.
VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.			
Leave Bellefonte, 10:20 p. m.	arrive at Lock Haven, 10:30 a. m.		
VIA LEWISBURG.			
Leave Bellefonte, 8:31 p. m.	arrive at Lock Haven, 9:30 p. m.	arrive at Harrisburg, 3:55 a. m.	at Philadelphia at 6:23 p. m.
VIA LEWISBURG.			
Leave Bellefonte, 8:31 p. m.	arrive at Lock Haven, 9:30 p. m.	arrive at Harrisburg, 3:55 a. m.	at Philadelphia at 6:23 p. m.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD, R. R.			
NORTHWARD.		SOUTHWARD.	
DAY	MAIL.	DAY	MAIL.
Nov. 20th, 1899.			
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
7:20	8:20	8:55	11:20
7:28	8:28	9:00	11:25
7:31	8:31	9:05	11:30
7:41	8:41	9:15	11:40
7:45	8:45	9:20	11:45
7:54	8:54	9:27	11:52
8:00	9:00	9:30	11:55
8:04	9:04	9:33	11:58
8:06	9:06	9:35	12:00
8:07	9:07	9:36	12:01
8:15	9:15	9:40	12:05
8:23	9:23	9:46	12:11
8:26	9:26	9:49	12:14
8:28	9:28	9:51	12:16
8:36	9:36	9:59	12:24
8:42	9:42	10:05	12:30
8:47	9:47	10:10	12:35
8:53	9:53	10:16	12:41
8:56	9:56	10:19	12:44
9:00	10:00	10:23	12:48
9:05	10:05	10:28	12:53
9:09	10:09	10:32	12:57
9:14	10:14	10:37	13:02
9:20	10:20	10:43	13:08
9:25	10:25	10:48	13:13
9:31	10:31	10:54	13:19
9:37	10:37	11:00	13:25
9:43	10:43	11:06	13:31
9:49	10:49	11:12	13:37
9:55	10:55	11:18	13:43
10:01	11:01	11:24	13:49
10:07	11:07	11:30	13:55
10:13	11:13	11:36	14:01
10:19	11:19	11:42	14:07
10:25	11:25	11:48	14:13
10:31	11:31	11:54	14:19
10:37	11:37	12:00	14:25
10:43	11:43	12:06	14:31
10:49	11:49	12:12	14:37
10:55	11:55	12:18	14:43
11:01	12:01	12:24	14:49
11:07	12:07	12:30	14:55
11:13	12:13	12:36	15:01
11:19	12:19	12:42	15:07
11:25	12:25	12:48	15:13
11:31	12:31	12:54	15:19
11:37	12:37	13:00	15:25
11:43	12:43	13:06	15:31
11:49	12:49	13:12	15:37
11:55	12:55	13:18	15:43
12:01	13:01	13:24	15:49
12:07	13:07	13:30	15:55
12:13	13:13	13:36	16:01
12:19	13:19	13:42	16:07
12:25	13:25	13:48	16:13
12:31	13:31	13:54	16:19
12:37	13:37	14:00	16:25
12:43	13:43	14:06	16:31
12:49	13:49	14:12	16:37
12:55	13:55	14:18	16:43
13:01	14:01	14:24	16:49
13:07	14:07	14:30	16:55
13:13	14:13	14:36	17:01
13:19	14:19	14:42	17:07
13:25	14:25	14:48	17:13
13:31	14:31	14:54	17:19
13:37	14:37	15:00	17:25
13:43	14:43	15:06	17:31
13:49	14:49	15:12	17:37
13:55	14:55	15:18	17:43
14:01	15:01	15:24	17:49
14:07	15:07	15:30	17:55
14:13	15:13	15:36	18:0