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The Democrats in Convention on Tuesday.

A re-convention of the delegates chosen by the Democrats of the various districts of Centre county at the primaries last June was held in the court house in this place on Tuesday, for the purpose of electing five representatives to the State Convention.

This re-convention was occasioned by the fact that the State Convention meets on April 5th and it was necessary for Centre county to have representatives therein; those chosen by the last county convention not being eligible to sit in the next body.

The morning was spent by the visiting delegates in making calls on their friends and a general handshaking. There was the best of humor prevailing on all sides and as there were no contests to be settled the gathering was more of a social sort than ordinarily Democratic.

At 12:30 county chairman Johnston called the convention to order. It was his first public appearance since his long illness and he was received enthusiastically. His remarks were brief, however, and after directing the reading of the call he turned the body over to its permanent presiding officer, A. J. Graham.

In looking about over the delegates who had come from all parts of the county to show their interest and faithfully represent those who had chosen them we noticed such stalwart old war horses, as Jacob Dunkle, of Walkers; Frederick Robb, of Liberty; A. P. Zerby, of Penn; Fred Bortoff, of Ferguson; David Harter, of Marion; and Dr. C. Hall, of Union, whose gray hairs are not all that command respect, for everyone of them are men whose sound judgment in past crises entitles them to the consideration they receive in the councils of the party. Then there was another coterie, made up of Jr. sonian types of Democracy in the high tide of their activity such as John McCauley, of Walkers; A. A. Miller, of State College; D. G. Meek and John T. McCormick, of Ferguson; Ellis Shaffer, of Miles; Hast Leyman, of Boggs; W. W. Hackman, and George B. Winters, of Miles; W. F. Smith, of Penn; Dominick Judge, of Spring; and John H. Beck, of Walkers. They represented the middle men and formed splendidly welded link of union between the delegates grown old in the service and the younger fellows who were in the body in great numbers. Among the latter the most prominent were H. D. Rumberger and J. Mc-Todd Jr., of Phillipsburg; Harry T. McDowell, of Marion; Dr. W. U. Irvin, of Julian; W. A. Sandoe, of Centre Hall; Abe Weber, of Howard; J. B. Noll, of Milesburg; W. H. Noll, of Pleasant Gap; Sam Weiser, of Millheim; S. W. Smith, of Centre Hall; Reub. Glenn, of State College; and Isaac Harper, of West Ferguson. They represented the fellows who have "taken hold in their respective communities" and whose connection with the organization has been such as to bring them to the front when it comes to a matter of general consultation.

Such was the personnel of the body over which Com. Graham so gracefully assumed the prerogatives of chairman. After calling the roll by secretary W. H. Walker; S. Kline Woodring, of Bellefonte, and J. F. Raine, of Millheim, were selected as secretaries and John H. Beck and S. W. Smith were chosen tellers, then the chairman appointed John T. McCormick, A. P. Zerby, Dr. W. U. Irvin, Ellis Shaffer, H. T. McDowell, C. M. Parrish and John McCauley as a committee on resolution and after its retirement W. Fred Musser placed in nomination the names of Com. A. J. Graham, of Phillipsburg; Col. John A. Woodward, of Howard; John Smith, of Gregg, and John Noll and George R. Meek, of Bellefonte, as delegates to the State Convention. Mr. Walker moved to close the nominations and they were elected; then it was made by acclamation.

Later, upon motion of Mr. Musser, the delegates were instructed to use all honorable means to secure the selection of P. Gray Meek as a delegate at large to the National Convention and of Col. J. L. Spangler as a district delegate to the same body. This concluded the business for which the convention was called and while the report of the resolutions committee was being made up Col. J. L. Spangler, Geo. R. Meek, Capt. Hugh S. Taylor Chas. R. Kurtz and Col. John A. Woodward spoke. The resolutions committee's report was as follows:

The Democracy of Centre county being in convention re-assembled re-affirm as they did at their annual convention, the declarations made and set forth in their party platform of the Altona convention of 1898, both upon state and national issues; we further denounce and express our abhorrence at the weakness, imbecility and sub-

serviency of the present national administration in the complete back-down and abject surrender of its clearly expressed policy and firmly declared purpose, that "Our plain duty is to abolish the customs tariff" between the United States and Porto Rico, and give her products free access to our markets."

SECOND. We declare that the Constitution follows the flag and denounce the doctrine that an executive, or the Congress, created and limited by the Constitution, can exercise lawful authority beyond that Constitution. We oppose imperialism as President McKinley seeks to introduce it and welcome expansion as taught and represented by Jefferson.

THIRD. That the attempt to place a tariff on the products of Porto Rico is a monstrous iniquity, and one which endangers the happiness and liberty of a people who should enjoy all the blessings of liberty that are vouchsafed to the people of the United States under their Constitution and laws. The hue and cry that the products of an island containing about a million of people, and an area less than thirty-six thousand square miles must be taxed to prevent competition with the industries of a great country and a mighty people is so unreasonable that it only serves to show the insatiable greed of the trusts and the tyrannical purposes of corporate powers; and deserves as it its receiving the earnest condemnation of honest men of all parties.

FOURTH. We endorse the course of Hon. J. K. P. Hall, the representative in Congress from this (the 28th) Congressional District and declare that as a candidate for renomination he should have the united support of the Democratic party of Centre county.

The following delegates and substitutes were present:

- BELLEFRONTE, N. W., J. S. Dunlap, C. M. PATTON, Kline Woodring, S. W., John Noll, Frank WALKER, Fred Musser, W. W., Harrison Walker
- CENTRE HALL, W. A. Sandoe, S. W. Smith, HOWARD, A. Weber, MILLHEIM, Samuel Weiser, J. Frank Raine, PHILLIPSBURG, 1st W., H. D. Rumberger; 2nd W., 3rd W., A. J. Graham.
- STATE COLLEGE, State College, Reuben Glenn, A. A. Miller, USTONVILLE, David Hall, BENSER, N. P., M. F. Hazel; S. P., S. M. Markie, W. P., Wm. Peters, BURNSIDE, COLLIER, Wm. Tibbens, CURTIS, FERGUSON, E. P., D. G. Meek; P. F. Bortoff, Jno. T. McCormick, W. P., Isaac Harper, GRANT, N. P., F. A. Yearick; E. P., J. C. Condo, W. P., John Smith, Hiram Durst, HALF MOON, HAINES, E. P., M. O. Stover; W. P., Clymer H. Stover, HARRIS, DYRUS DUKE, HOWARD, J. N. Hall, John Woodward, HUNTON, W. U. Irvin, LIBERTY, Frederick Robb, MARION, H. T. McDowell, David Harter, MILES, E. P., W. W. Hackman; M. P., C. H. Small, W. W. Hoekman, Geo. B. Winters; W. P., Ellis Shaffer, PATTON, Joseph Tressler, PENN, W. F. Smith, POTTER, David W. Bradford, RUSH, John Todd Jr., SNOW SHOES, E. P., W. R. Haynes; W. P. John McGowan, SPRING, N. P., C. M. Heister; S. P., W. H. Noll, Oliver Hazel; W. P., D. F. Judge, TAYLOR, WALKER, E. P., J. H. Beck; M. P., Jacob DUNKLE, J. H. McCauley; W. P.
- WORTH.

An Overworked Official.

The WATCHMAN takes back much of what it said two weeks ago about Judge LOVE being a "very busy man." He is not nearly so busy as we thought he was. He is not nearly so busy as many others thought he was. In fact, in addition to his multitudinous duties of holding courts in this county during twenty-six days of the year; of presiding over courts in other counties whenever he can make a trade with the Judge on the bench and get \$12.00 a day extra; of earning railroad mileage by riding on a railroad pass, and of setting up political pegs for the QUAY side of Republican politics, he can find time to tell through the editorial columns of an uptown paper, how busy he is and how he works 68 days in the year for a salary of \$4,000. Really we did not imagine that the Judge had time to do this, or to calculate the amount of service he renders the Commonwealth for the pay he draws out of its treasury. But he has, and after figuring it all up, counting his actual court days, and his argument court days, and his equity courts, and the time required for re-search and giving opinions, (which are written by the court stenographer and paid for by the county), he actually puts in 68 days in a year at this work.

Sixty-eight days! Just think of it. What a brain racking, bone breaking, muscle wearing business it must be to be a Judge! Sixty-eight days work in a year and a salary of \$4,000! Over \$58.00 for each day occupied and an extra salary of \$12.00 per day for any extra judicial work that can be found lying around loose. Really we had no idea it was as bad as this, and we are glad that His Honor has found time to examine the records, and give the exact figures as to the days and hours he devotes to public duties. It will possibly create public sympathy for his over-worked and under-paid position. It will possibly show an excuse for his riding on a rail-road pass and then charging up to the State mileage for the distance traveled. We say possibly—only possibly!

Stricken By the Hand of Death. After Facing Many Dangers in the Field, Joubert Fall a Victim to Disease. Pretoria is in Mourning. General Joubert Died on Tuesday Night. He Had Been Suffering from a Stomach Complaint—He Was a True Patriot, a Gallant General and an Upright and Honorable Gentleman—Descended from a French Family.

PRETORIA, March 28.—General Joubert died last night. He had been suffering from a stomach complaint. The town is plunged into mourning for the true patriot, gallant general and upright and honorable gentleman.

General Pietrus Jacobus Joubert, commandant general of the Transvaal forces, better known as Piet Joubert, or "Sien Piet" (Slim Peter), was born about 68 years ago. He was descended from an old French Huguenot family, which settled in South Africa many years ago. He was born in Cape Colony, but was taken by his parents, when 7 years old, to the Orange Free

State, where he was taught from early boyhood to shoot straight and hate the British. He is described as having been utterly fearless. Of schooling he had but little and never saw a newspaper until he was 19 years old. In spite of this, his ambition prompted him to read the few books he could obtain and he succeeded in obtaining a fair knowledge of language and history.

In consequence of the acquisition of Natal by the British his family moved from Natal and settled in Transvaal. Soon afterward he became a burgher of the South African Republic and a daring fighter. It was claimed in his behalf that he could lead a body of men more successfully against hostile natives than any other man in the Transvaal. He came to be so feared by the natives that the knowledge that he was at the head of a punitive expedition usually resulted in their surrender.

It was during these wars with the natives that Joubert became acquainted with Paul Kruger and the two men became bosom friends. He was elected Vice President for the Transvaal in 1896, defeated Sir George Colley at Majuba Hill in 1885 and acted as President of the Republic in 1893-84, during Kruger's absence in Europe.

General Joubert was always in favor of the use of force instead of diplomacy, and President Kruger on several occasions had great difficulty in repressing his hot-headed colleague, notably in 1877 when Joubert, with Kruger and Pretorius, was planning the rebellion to overthrow British rule in Transvaal. The result was Majuba Hill and the practical independence of the Transvaal.

It was Joubert who organized the army of the South African Republic, later on dividing the county into 171 military departments and each of these departments into smaller divisions, with commanders, field coronets and lieutenants of various rank in charge. According to the general's plans, every man became a trained soldier without leaving his farm and had his equipment ready at such a moment of perfection was the system carried that within forty-eight hours after the present war was declared the Boer nation was under arms.

It was also due to General Joubert that the South African Republic succeeded in amassing the immense stores of war munitions and provisions which have stood them in such good stead during the conflict now in progress.

When the Jameson raiders were locked up in Pretoria jail Joubert was strongly in favor of their immediate execution. It was only with much difficulty that the latter had been closed together for a whole night that the more merciful measures of Kruger prevailed.

In spite of these characteristics, Joubert, on some occasions, showed considerable regard for the usages of civilization. When he was in the city of Johannesburg he was unamused, in 1884, Joubert was probably the only prominent Boer who refused to support the movement and his opposition resulted in the withdrawal of the Boers from the territory seized, as he threatened to resign unless he was appointed to a post "I positively refuse to hold office under a government that deliberately breaks its covenants, and we have made covenants with England."

In November last it was reported that General Joubert had been killed in action, and later reports said that he was dangerously wounded and had to use a cart in order to follow the operations in the field.

The circumstances of the death of General Joubert are not explained in the dispatch, which revealed the fact that William Cox, a newspaper correspondent, who has arrived at Pretoria, said that Joubert was apparently suspected of half-heartedness, and that his life would be in danger at the hands of the Burghers if Pretoria was besieged.

Joubert's Successor.

General Botha Will Probably Command the Boer Forces—Joubert Died of Peritonitis.

London, March 29.—All the morning papers print singularly kind editorials concerning General Joubert, who died of peritonitis at Pretoria Tuesday midnight. They praise his military skill, uphold his chivalrous conduct and regret that so strong and moderate a mind should be absent from the final settlement of the dispute.

Although some of the younger commanders thought the old soldier wanting in dash and enterprise, he paid into the country of the Transvaal is considered the best piece of Boer leadership during the whole war. It is now known that he crossed the Tugela with only 3,000 riflemen and six guns, but so bold and rapid were his movements that the British commanders thought 10,000 Boers were marching on Pietermaritzburg. For a few days, although in the presence of greatly superior forces, he isolated General Hildyard's brigade at Estcourt, and at the same time threatened General Bartley's camp at Mooi River. Then, as British reinforcements were pushed up, Joubert retreated the Tugela without losing a prisoner, a wagon or a gun. General White's estimate of him, pronounced on Tuesday, before he died, says as a gentleman and a brave and honorable opponent, strikes the tone of all British comment.

General Joubert's funeral will take place tomorrow. The government is pleading with the widow to allow a



GENERAL BOTHA

tein, and Lord Roberts' infantry is seemingly about to move. An impression, which can be traced to the war office, is abroad that the advance will begin next Monday. Boer observation parties are hovering near Bloemfontein, but Lord Roberts has 135 miles to cover before reaching the great position which the Boers are preparing at Kroonstad. About ten miles a day is probably the best he can do with field transport. Therefore he can hardly engage the Boers in force for two weeks. The reconstruction of the railway behind him may even delay an invasion of the Transvaal until May.

Lord Roberts has already sent 10,000 troops to Glen, ten miles north of Bloemfontein, on the railway. This is a preliminary to the general advance. Meanwhile all the important towns in the Free State, within Lord Roberts' reach, are being garrisoned. Thaba Nchu, Phillipolis, Faresmith and Jagerfontein are thus held.

Sir Alfred Milner is touring in the disturbed newly acquired territory investigating conditions and arranging the administration. He is understood to be getting material for a report to Mr. Chamberlain concerning a plan of civil government.

The Bloemfontein correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says: "The latest news is that the Boers have 40,000 men still under arms, of whom 10,000 are in and around the Natal border. Although tents and stores are reaching here, a block on the railway is delaying arrivals from the south considerably. It is asserted that 20,000 Boers are massed at Kroonstad."

Among the items cabled from Pretoria is a statement that prominent residents there object to a defense of Pretoria and desire that President Kruger should retire to Lydenburg. It is alleged that the principal buildings at Johannesburg have been undermined by order of Kruger.

Thirty Sailors Drowned. Melbourne, March 29.—The coasting steamer Glenelg foundered Sunday morning during a gale off the Gippsland coast. Out of the ship's company of 33 only three were saved.

The Work of Congress.

Washington, March 29.—The senate yesterday agreed to vote on the Puerto Rico government and tariff bill next Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. An important attendance was made last night, the day on the bill by Mr. Davis (Conn.), who advocated free trade between the United States and Puerto Rico. Mr. Davis' principal proposition was that the necessary money to be raised by taxation should not be raised by a duty levied upon Puerto Rican products, but by an internal revenue tax levied upon rum and tobacco produced on the island. This system he thought would better suit the people of the United States and those of Puerto Rico than the proposed tariff, and would be just, equitable and constitutional. The amendment offered by Mr. Carter to the Alaskan civil code bill relating to the mining for gold under the waters of Cape Nome was agreed to.

The house devoted practically the whole day to consideration of the army appropriation bill. Several minor amendments were adopted and about half the bill was considered. There was a good deal of extemporaneous debate during the day. Little of which was pertinent to the bill. Mr. Briggs (N. Y.) created a diversion by charging reckless extravagance in the fitting up of the transport Sumner and precipitated a lively tilt upon the subject. He gave notice that later he should ask the house to investigate the subject.

A Labor "Campaign of Education."

Chicago, March 29.—According to President James O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists, who returned here from Cleveland yesterday, it is the intention of the machinists' union to begin a "campaign of education" on the subject of labor unionism. For this purpose a theatrical company has been organized under the management of B. J. Eckhardt, of the local machinists' union, which will present a melodrama dealing with labor problems. The play was written by General Organizer Stewart Reid, of the Machinists' association.

One Killed and Four May Die.

Erie, Pa., March 29.—Eleven dryers in a paper mill in the H. E. Watson company mill exploded last night, wrecking the portion of the building in which it was located, killing one man and injuring four more. Joseph Stahl was blown through a brick wall and instantly killed. Injured: Albert Harris, fatally scalded; Anton Greenbeck, leg broken; Charles Weigle, leg broken; J. Yerka, badly bruised. All the injured were terribly hurt by the force of the explosion, and may all die.

Reorganized Chesapeake and Ohio.

New York, March 29.—At a meeting held in this city yesterday the board of directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad was reorganized, presumably in the interests of the Pennsylvania railroad and the Vanderbilt and the latter the Vanderbilts. The other directors are G. W. Stevens, president, Deatur Axtel and H. T. Wickham.

THE LATE GENERAL JOUBERT.

temporary interment at Pretoria with a state funeral. Joubert always expressed a desire to be buried in a mausoleum built on his farm. His successor in the chief command, says another Pretoria dispatch, will probably be General Louis Botha, now commanding in Natal.

General French, who has arrived at Bloemfontein from Thaba Nchu says that Commandant Olivier has 6,000 men, and is north of Ladybrand. Immense quantities of stores have now been accumulated at Bloemfontein.

The Kentucky Mystery.

Many Secret Conferences, But No New Developments. Culton's Alleged Confession.

Frankfort, Ky., March 28.—There were no developments in the assassination case yesterday, though the air was filled with rumors of more arrests and other new phases. It was reported that a prominent man who was supposed to be at Winchester would be arrested, but dispatches from Winchester say that the suspected man is not there and that no arrest has been made at that point. It is claimed that the statement made by W. H. Culton to the attorneys for the prosecution involved this suspected man, he having been named by Sergeant Golden in his testimony last Saturday as one of the promoters of the movement which resulted in bringing the mountaineers here.

The visit of Culton to the attorneys for the commonwealth yesterday has caused a great deal of talking on both sides, and while the Democrats claim that he made a confession, the Republicans say that he told nothing whatever about the tragedy, as he knew nothing to tell beyond the transportation of mountaineers to Frankfort. The attorneys decline to divulge what was brought out at the meeting beyond the fact that Culton was in conference with them for several hours. Twice yesterday Culton made short visits to the hotel to see the attorneys, but nothing new in the case has been announced.

H. E. Youtsey, who was arrested Tuesday, will be arraigned today. His attorneys will ask for an immediate examining trial.

Captain John Davis is still in jail, no one having appeared to execute a new bond. Judge Yost, who, it is said, has the power of attorney from wealthy citizens of Louisville to make bond for Davis, arrived last night, but he could not be found to corroborate the rumor. Stanley Milward, of Lexington, telegraphed here that he will be here today and execute a bond for Davis. Davis' friends say he will be released today.

Detective Armstrong left last night for Eastern Kentucky, and it is reported that he has warrants for more Republican state officers and other persons equally prominent. It is said that these warrants are based on information furnished by W. H. Culton, who is a deputy under Auditor of State Sweeney. Culton was in the executive building previous to the incursion of the mountaineers and at the time of Goebel's assassination, and it is said he has told about conferences and conversations around the state building during January. All sorts of rumors are circulated about what Culton has said and about his wholesale charges against state officers.

Good Pension For Officers' Widows.

Washington, March 29.—The house committee on pensions yesterday recommended an increase to \$40 a month in the pension of the widow of Colonel Egbert, killed in the Philippines; \$40 to the widow of Colonel Haskell, who died from wounds received in Cuba; \$35 to the widow of Colonel J. J. Van Horn, who died during the Spanish war; \$30 to the widow of Captain C. W. Rowell, killed in Cuba; \$35 to the widow of Commander Horace Elmer, of the navy, and \$30 to the widow of Commodore O. C. Badger, of the navy.

Chicago Expressmen to Combine.

Chicago, March 29.—A combination of expressmen and moving van companies in this city is said to have been formed, embracing nearly 300 companies and single expressmen. It is said to be the intention of the organizers of the combine to reduce by one-half the rates for moving furniture, trunks and for all business that comes to the expressmen, until the entire army of expressmen in Chicago is in a "jail."

Compulsory Vaccination in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., March 29.—Mayor Myers has issued a proclamation establishing compulsory vaccination within the limits of the city. Ten days' time is allowed, after which all persons not vaccinated will be proceeded against to the extent of the law, which imposes a fine of \$100 or one month in jail.

Hazleton Carpenters' Demands.

Hazleton, Pa., March 29.—The Hazleton Carpenters' union yesterday notified all local buildings contractors that on and after May 1 the union would demand a wage scale of \$2.25 per day for all carpenters, a day to consist of nine hours' work.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Commissioner Daniel Heckman has moved to this place.

—David Williams of Nitany killed six foxes while hunting last Monday.

—T. G. Hosterman has started his mill at Coburn and is reported to be cutting some fine timber.

—Charles Case and family, for eighteen years residents of Bellefonte, have moved to a farm near Williamsport.

—Sunday was about as near a perfect spring day as it is possible to have one. And to think that the next day it snowed.

—10 inch ice was harvested at Wolfe's Store last week. It is not often that ice of such thickness is to be procured at such a late date.

—Supt. D. O. Eters of the Bellefonte Public Schools is confined to his home on Curtis street with heart trouble. His condition is said to be quite serious.

—Richard Packer, of Pleasant Gap, while at Milesburg recently fell and broke his leg. It has been necessary to reset the broken member four times.

—The building at 123 South 11th street, Philadelphia, in which the fatal explosion of photographic chemicals occurred last Thursday, completely wrecking it, was the one in which Ira D. Garman, a son of Daniel Garman of this place, once had his jewelry store located.

—The firm of Ishler and Woodring has been dissolved and they will close their implement agency on Spring street. Both gentlemen will continue in the business, but in separate branches of it.

—R. A. Kinsloe, owner of the *Bituminous Record* in Phillipsburg, has sold his building on Front street to Benj. Hoffer. The latter will occupy the residence apartments and lease the part now occupied to the *Record*. Mr. and Mrs. Kinsloe will give up house keeping and board.

—About the swellest looking turnout that has been seen on Bellefonte streets for some time was George Beezer's Saturday exhibit. His beautiful team of chestnut sorrels and a natty little trap, that would make poor Fatty Bates turn in his grave, was a combination such as is seldom sent out of any livery.

—Miss Alice Irvin, who came in from Snow Shoe a week ago on Wednesday to visit the Misses McCafferty, is seriously ill with diphtheria at their home on East Lamb street. Her father, James Irvin, was formerly of this place but is now in the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad at Snow Shoe and his daughter's illness is to be deplored.

—Mrs. McLean's entertainment, last Thursday evening in the lecture room of the Methodist church was a great success and everyone was delighted with her little daughter May, a dear little tot of four or five years. She was the star of the troupe although everyone of the seven members of the class acquitted themselves creditably. Florence Lowry and Bessie Shall were exceptionally pleasing and the proceeds amounted to \$20.50.

—Congressman Packer and postmaster Hall of Lock Haven had a runaway accident while driving down the mountain road into Loganton yesterday. Their horses became unmanageable and dashed away. When rounding a sharp turn both side wheels gave way. The men were thrown out. Congressman Packer escaped with a few bruises but Mr. Hall had his right shoulder dislocated, his arm broken, an ugly scalp wound and numerous bruises.

—Socially the town has been rather quiet for several weeks but some charming dinners have been enjoyed and given for the women of the older set. On Friday Mrs. Mary A. Johnson entertained a party of ten at dinner with her usual grace and excellence. The dinner was delicious and the company congenial. Tuesday night Mrs. Archie Allison gave a dinner for Miss Amanda Tomb, of Philadelphia, and Miss Valeria Shissler, of Detroit, Mich. Mrs. Bush's house guests, and on Saturday Miss Bertha Laurie had a tea in honor of Miss Winifred Newbaker, whose engagement to J. Malcolm Laurie was announced last week.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.—Following is the list of marriage licenses granted by orphan's court clerk A. G. Arceby during the past week:

- Harry N. Koch, of Fairbrook, Pa., and Maggie W. Campbell, of State College, Pa. Homer Reuben Treaster and Bessie R. Corman, both of Penn township.
- James G. Stiver and Celis S. Biddle, both of Martha Furnace.
- Benjamin D. West and Susie E. Jenkins, both of Bellefonte.

BILL HAYNES' LATEST SNAKE STORY.

—While in town attending the Democratic convention on Tuesday, W. R. Haynes, the Clarence sportsman, told the following snake story which sounds very much as if he and George Uzzle had been sitting up nights to get it together for just such an occasion as a meeting of the "unterrified."

He said he sent his son out to get some sasafraas root a few days ago. The lad was in the act of digging out what he thought was a good sized red root from the side of a large stone. When he struck the supposed root with the pick, to his surprise a genuine rattlesnake flew up and buried its poisonous fangs in the wooden pick handle. The poison was so strong that the pick handle began to swell up and bulged the eye out of the iron socket.

FOSTER WEATHER.—"Warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 23rd, great central valleys 25th, Eastern States 27th. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 26th, great central valleys 28th, Eastern States 30th.

Temperature of the week ending 8 a. m., April 2nd, will average below normal in the great central valleys, below in Eastern States, and above on the Pacific slope. Rainfall for same period will be above normal east of the Rockies and below west.

About the date of this bulletin a high temperature wave will cover the great central valleys and immediately behind it will come a cold wave inclining toward the blizzard kind. This storm wave with warm wave in front will reach Atlantic coast not far from the 19th.

First storm wave of April will reach Pacific coast about March 29th, cross the west of Rockies country by close of 30th, great central valleys 31st to April 2nd, Eastern States 3rd.

Warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about March 29th, great central valleys 31st, Eastern States April 2nd. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about April 1st, great central valleys 3rd, Eastern States 5th.

About April 3rd severe storms may be expected in the great central valleys and paralled 40. While these storms will be of the thunder storm or tornado class they will probably not be very destructive; the cause does not seem to indicate any very great force.