Democratic Watchman.

Bellefonte, Pa., March 9, 1900.

FARM NOTES.

—Too keep eggs for hatching purposes place them in a cold place (about 40 de-grees above zero) and turn them half over twice a week. Only the fresh eggs should be kept, and the most perfectly formed ones selected. Eggs so kept will hatch if a month old.

-Early lettuce can be easily grown in cold frames. The plants are very hardy and will thrive with but slight protection. A great many plants can be grown on a few square yards of ground if they are close toether, and they bring good prices if gotten into market early.

—Hot soapsuds and the use of an old tooth-brush quickly works destruction to all kinds of plant scale. After the process drench the plant with clean water. It may be said that the hot suds dislodges and destroys many insects so young as not to be apparent to the naked eye.

—The following varieties of potatoes mentioned in the order of their productiveness, have given the largest average yield for the years 1896-8 at the New Hampshire station: Reeve Rose, White Beauty, Vaughan, Red American Wonder, Late Puritan, Sir William, Seneca Beauty, Harvest Queen, Sir Walter Raleigh, Fillbasket, Woodhull, Seedling, Dewdrop Rose, Breck Chance, Prolific Rose, Orphan, White Rose and Wilson First Choice. Of these varieties White Beauty, Red American Wonder, Breck Chance and Prolific Rose have been grown for one season only.

-At this time of the year there is often difficulty in getting the cream to properly ripen. This is due to the low temperature the cream is held at and the length of time the cream is kept before churning.

It is well to have two cream cans, as there is always a skimming which cannot be added to the can before churning time. No fresh cream should be mixed with the ripe cream for at least twelve hours before churning. Sweet and ripe cream, when mixed together, do not give nearly so exhaustive a churning, the buttermilk always showing a greater loss of butter fat when tested with the Babcock tester.

The cream can should be well washed and scalded; then pour into it a pint of goodflavored sour milk or cream; pour in your first skimming and stir well. Keep covered in a room where the temperature is between fifty-five and sixty-five degrees. Each time the cold cream from the deep setting is added the temperature is lowered, and so fermentation does not go on too rapidly.

If the cream comes from a separator, it would be well to cool it down before adding unless the cream is held at a lower temperature. Care should be taken to stir cream thoroughly every time fresh is added

to insure even ripening.

When enough acid has developed, the cream should be of consistency of syrup, and when poured, have a smooth, velvety, mirror-like appearance and a pleasant, acid smell and taste. When this condition has been reached, cool down to churning temperature, or lower, so as to check further development of acid and firm up the butter fat in order to produce a good-flavored,

A bitter flavor may often be detected in cream and butter in the winter time. This is due to holding the cream for some time at a low temperature—between forty and fifty degrees. This temperature is favorable to the growth of a species of fungi, a minute yeast plant, which produces the bitter flavor. This is only apt to occur ial instead of having it tucked.

Make a stock collar of red poplin edged at the top and bottom with folds of white. Cut the skirt by one of the new patterns, and if it is to see very serviceable wear make it plain and put bands of the material instead of having it tucked. is due to holding the cream for some time when few cows are kept, and churnings are infrequent. The difficulty may be averted by pasteurizing either the whole milk or cream. We will suppose it is the latter.
Place the vessel containing the cream in a pan of water, which can be kept at 180 dewith a band of yellow lace over black grees. Stir the cream frequently until it has reached 160 degrees. Hold at that temperature for twenty minutes, then cool rapidly to fifty degrees and hold at that temperature until sufficient quantity is secured for a churning. Each skimming may

be pasteurized without much trouble.

When cream has been pasteurized, the germ life or bacteria has been almost entirely destroyed, and it is necessary to add what is called a "starter" in order to procure a quick fermentation. Twenty four hours before churning add one pint of good flavored sour milk or cream to every gallon of sweet cream. This sour milk or cream is the 'starter.' Hold at about sixty-five degrees, stirring occasionally to produce a uniform ripening. When it begins to thicken, cool down, and in this way you will secure a mild, sweet-flavored butter.

In many farmhouses care is not taken to

As flavor is the most important quality in butter, and is largely controlled by the rip-ening process, too much care and thought cannot be given to it.

-An examination of the stomach of an average cow that is producing milk will reveal thereon, extending from the udder along each side, a milk vein about one-half inch in diameter. These milk veins, at the point most distant from the udder, pass through what are called the milk wells in the walls of the abdomen. These orifices through which the veins pass should be of

power of the cow, the larger and more twisted of outline will these veins be. In veins, the third one being a shorter one be-tween the outer two, and branching over the udder and on the belly immediately in front of the former, may be found quite a halls, or uneducated and uncultivated, livnumber of very pronounced smaller veins. These veins extend in no definite direction being usually very irregular and somewhat knotted. The development of these blood felt. vessels becomes most pronounced with age, although there is a noticeable difference in their size and extent in young heifers. The writer has seen cows with remarkably large long, elastic veins, which extended from the udder and disappeared high in the armpit at the front leg. Such veins may measure an inch in diameter, and ou compression with the fingers exhibit great elastic-

Writing of the milk vein, nearly twentyfive years ago, Hazard stated that, if large and tortuous, with a considerable opening through the muscles of the belly to admit of its passage outwards. it is frequently connected with a rich udder; but far greater reliance can be placed on the network of veins seen beneath the skin over the fore-quarters of the udder. This characteristic is little noticed by authors, and dairymen winter—shoes with an excuse for a sole—as or dealers in cattle rarely speak of it. But both the veins and the udder itself, and those which pass upwards behind towards shoes in the cold season for outdoor wear

FOR AND ABOUT WOMEN.

The doorbell rings, The portal swings, My lady comes a-calling. In velvet dressed, Her veil close pressed; The formal talk's appalling

The style, the day, The church, the play-Whatever line she fancies; Ten minutes pass; She says, "Alas, Time flies!" and off she dances. No real word said From heart or head,

No thought to live in beauty, Her lists she checks; What name's the next? She's doing social duty. Coonley-- Ward in "Woman's Home Com

Every woman who is careful of her health and complexion will take a certain amount of exercise each day. After the fires of winter are lighted, it is claimed that women begin to wrinkle and fade; hence very effort imaginable should be exercised o counteract the effect of the fire rays. One should walk every day, rain or shine, at least two miles; five miles would not burt, and is a common minimum among English women. In fact, English women tell you that they owe their perfect com-plexions and velvety skins to the mists and rains which are peculiar to their country. "Virginal milk" poured into the bath every morning will keep the skin firm and white. It is made by mixing an ounce of the tincture of benzoin and a quart of water.

Nearly every gown has a narrow belt made of stitched satin or taffeta drawn and fastened invisibly in front in the effort to secure the Parisian girdle effect which makes the back appear shorter and the line over the bust to the waist unnaturally long.

If you get a dark blue storm or camel's hair serge, you will find it most serviceable and as pretty a gown as you want for spring

over the girdle. Cut the points to long rounded tabs and make it single breasted. If you wish for any trimmings cut bias pands from the material and stitch them diagonally across the fronts ending in scrolls on either side of the edge.

Run a few of these stitched bands from the wrist to the elbow, ending in scrolls just above the elbow. Do not have the collar of velvet but of blue and white or black and white striped silk. Velvet collars on jackets are entirely out.

Have your shirt waist made of silk poplin. A brilliant red if becoming. To tone it down you might trim it with bands of white silk.

There is no difference in the cut of a shirtwaist for the spring. Put yours into the shoulder seams with box pleats and three box pleats down the back, without a yoke. You will find this in good style. The white bands may be stitched in between the box pleats, to end at the waist. Put about three on either side and draw them in to a small space at the front with

the gathers.

For a summer dimity cut the skirt cir-

Make the usual box pleat down the middle of the back and run a band of vellow lace over black silk down the center of it, from girdle to end of dip. Make the skirt long all around. Tuck the fronts in groups of five diagonal tucks, the lowest group coming just above the waist. Let the fronts open over a white liberty silk vest 8 inches wide at the top and 3 inches at the ottom

Between the groups of tucks put a band of lace over silk. Set the fullness from the tucks flare into a little one-inch ruffle from collar to hem over the vest. Edge this ruf-

fle with very narrow yellow lace.

Either have the back in a plain French cut or run two groups of tucks down the center, with a hand of yellow lace over the Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, low pointed girdle of the yellow lace over black and have the collar made from a great per package. Sold by all grocers. prevent the cream from freezing. If at all black and have the collar made from a great possible, this should not occur, as freezing scarf of liberty silk edged at the top with black chiffon and the ends hanging over the

Do not tie this scarf in a bow at the collar, but bring the two ends down from the back of the neck to the top of the bust, fasten there with stick pin and finish the ends with a little white silk fringe.

-If a monument is ever reared to commemorate the virtues of the woman who has done the most for the world it will not be erected to the woman genius-the poet, painter, writer or reformer. It will be built in honor of the capable woman. The through which the veins pass should be of good size, thus permitting a strong flow of blood through them.

As a rule, the greater the milk secreting power of the cow, the larger and more power of the cow, the larger and more things a strong flow of ability, adaptability and capability, who has met every situation in life and filled it wisted of outline, will these veins be. The capable woman springs from no pecu such a case the cow may have three large liar social conditions, and is the result of no special environment. She may be the daughter of luxury or the child of poverty. You may find her taking degrees in college ing her lonely lot in the backwoods, but wherever she is, she is distinct from the wom-

> -Doctors say that cold ankles kill more women than nerves and disease put togeth er. This may be an exaggeration, but it is not too much to say that, when the an-

colds. "Stock breeders say that cold can be borne by animals only at an expense of fat or muscle, or warm vitality, and so it is with women," said a shoe dealer, recently, long after the summer has passed. But the tail, when large, are sure tests of a competent milker.

Low Rates to Washington and Baltimore.

Special Ten-day Excursions Via Pennsylvania Rail The Pennsylvania railroad company has

arranged for two low-rate ten-day excur sions from Pittsburg and points in Western Pennsylvania to Washington March 15th and May 10th. Round-trip tickets will be sold at rates quoted below, good going on special train indicated, or on train No 4, leaving Pittsburg at 8:30 p. m., and carrying through sleeping cars to Washington. Special train of through parlor cars and coaches will be run on the following schedule.

Train leaves. Bellefonte (via Tyrone)...... 9.53 a. m. 7.25 Curwensville. 9.15 " 9.31 " Clearfield. 7.25 Philipsburg... 10.23 " 7.25 Tyrone... 12.03 p. m. 7.25 12.35 " Huntingdon ... 7.25 WashingtonArrive

Tickets will be good returning on any regular train, except the Pennsylvania Limited, until March 24th and May 19th, inclusive, respectively, and to stop off at Bal-timore within limit.

Holders of special excursion tickets to Washington can purchase, at the railroad ticket offices in Washington, excursion tickets to Richmond at rate of \$4.00, and to Old Point Comfort (all rail) at \$6.00; from pursers of the Norfolk and Washingington steamboat company excursion tick ets (not including meals and staterooms or steamers) to Old Point Comfort or Norfolk Va., at \$3.50, and to Virginia Beach, at \$4.50; Washington to Mount Vernon and return, via Electric railway, 50 cents.

Should the number of passengers not be sufficient to warrant the running of a special train, the company reserves the right to carry participants on regular train. Tickets on sale at all stations mentioned above. For full information apply to

Thomas E. Watt, passenger agent, western district, Fifth Avenue and Smithfield street, Pitsburg. A FIENDISH ATTACK.—An attack was lately made on C F. Collier, of Cherokee,

Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so Make it skirt and Eton jacket by all means. Do not cut the back of the jacket to show much of the belt as was done last to show much of the belt as was done last tried Electric Bitters which effected such a tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c. at Green's drug store.

What She Told Him.

leaving his study, which is in the rear of the church, saw a little girl, a friend of his Fine Spices, talking to a stranger.

"What was that man saying to you, Fine Fruits, Fine Cheese,

'that you were the present encumbrance. -Youth's Companion.

-"Difficulties give way to diligence," and disease germs and blood humors disappear when Hood's Sarsaparilla is faithfully taken.

-Professor-Mr. Drone, I am aston

Business Notice.

In use for more than thirty years, and The Kind You have Always Bought

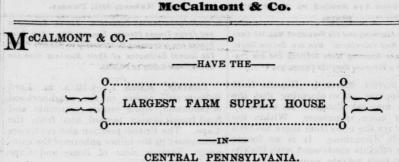
Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of back directly down the middle. Wear a and the most delicate stomach receives it with

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BEARS THE SIGNATURE CHAS. H. FLETCHER.

kles are well protected and kept warm, their owner is not likely to suffer from

"and yet they persist in wearing thin stockings and thin, low quartered shoes



Their prices are right and their guarantee is behind the goods, which means many a dollar to the farmer. The more conservative farmer wants to see the goods before he buys, and buy where he can get repairs when needed, for he knows that the best machinery will wear out in time. Goods well bought is money saved. Money saved is money earned. Buy from the largest house, biggest stock lowest prices; where the guarantee is as good as a bond; where you can sell your corn, oats, wheat hay and straw for cash, at the highest market prices, and get time on what you buy. All who know the house know the high standard of the goods, and what their guarantee means to them.

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Fine Groceries

ONLY THE PUREST AND FRESHEST

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Fine Coffees.

Fine Syrups,

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NEW FISH,

New Maple Sugar and Syrup,

Ciscoes,

Bouillion,

Mock Turtle

Consomme,

Tomato,

Gumbo.

Enameled Ware,

Best place to bring your produce and best place

Bright Handsome New Mackeral.

Oxtail,

Vegetable.

Chicken,

and Brushe

o buy your goods.

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lew Caught Lake Fish

Fine Confectionery

Fine Canned Goods.

Fine Eried Fruits,

DURE GROCERIES..... ARE CONDUCIVE -то-

Fine Sardines.

Fine Ketchups.

The pastor of a church in Washington on

Madge?" asked the minister as he came up | Fine Syrups, to the little girl. "Oh, he just wanted to know if Doctor C. Fine Olives, was the preacher of this church.'

"And what did you tell him?" "I told him," she said, with dignity, Fine Lemons,

But all these can talk for themselves if you give

ished that you cannot remember any of the quotations called for in to-day's lesson. Can you recollect any quotation of any

Student-Yes, sir; "Any fool can ask | White Fish,

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Bears the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER.

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MONEY TO LOAN on good security

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If you lose two limbs, \$208 to \$5,000,
If you lose your eye sight, \$208 to \$5,000,
If you lose one limb, \$83 to \$2,000,
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If killed, will pay your heirs, \$208 to \$5,000,
If you die from natural cause, \$100.

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The Fidelity Mutual Aid association is preeminently the largest and strongest accident and health association in the United States.

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> If you do, you will find excellent Pool and Billard tables, in connec-tion with the Restaurant. DO YOU USE

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If you do, Anderson is the man to supply you. He is the only licensed wholesale dealer in the town, and supplies only the best and purest brands. Will fill orders from out of town, promptly and carefully, either by the keg or in bottles. Address JOHN ANDERSON, Bellefonte, Pa 44-28-6m

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YOUR ROOF. During the Rough Weather that will be experienced from now until Spring you will have a chance to Examine your Roof and see if it is in good condition If you need a new one or an old one repaired I am equipped to give you the best at reasonable prices. The Celebrated Courtright Tin Shingles and all kinds of tin and iron roofing.

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SHADOW AND INSURANCE. LIGHT

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> The light that heightens beauty's charm, that gives the finished touch to the drawing room or dining room, is the mellow glow of

BANQUET WAX CANDLES,

Sold in all colors and shades to harmonize with any interior hangings or

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MAN EMINENT IN HIS PROFESSION, AND KNOWN THROUGHOUT THE STATE AS ONE OF THE MOST SUCCESSFUL

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DISEASES OF THE EYE. EAR. NOSE, THROAT, LUNGS

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DISEASES.

SPECIALTY, NERVOUS AND PRIVATE

NEW TREATMENT FOR CATARRHAL DEAF-NESS, a large percentage of which is now curable. It is not the length of time, but the change in the ear, that makes the case curable or incurable. Dr. Salm can tell in five minutes whether you can be cured or not. Noise in the ears stopped. Discharging ears permanently cured

cured
CATARRH OF THE HEAD AND THROAT relieved by mild and painless treatment. Improvement immediate. Polypus of the Nose
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method. Granulated Sore Throat, Loss of Voice,
Disease of the Nose and Throat quickly and
permanently cured.

permanently cured.

LUNG TROUBLES, Chronic Cough, Pains in the
Chest Shortness of Breath, Bronchitis, Asthma.
By the new Inhalation Method, the Medicaments are applied directly to the parts affected.

Constitutional treatment employed when re-CROSS EYES STRAIGHTENED, Tumors of the

Lids removed. Cataracts extracted, Granulated Eyelids, Closure of the Tear Ducts, Wild Hairs, all Diseases of the Eyes successfully treated. CONSULATION AND PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION, FREE, HOURS,

9 A. M. TO 5 P. M. No Incurable Cases Taken. Dr. Moritz Salm was born, raised and educated or. Moritz Saim was born, raised and charactering in Germany. His diploma was indorsed by the Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York City, by the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, by the State Board of Medical Regents of New York State, and by the Ohio Board of Medical Examiners. Considering that these of New 1078 State, and 35 Considering that these indorsements can be obtained only by one of the most strict examinations imaginable, in all branches of medicine and surgery, his diploma is one of the very best. The Doctor's diploma and registration papers are open for inspection. He is also an author of repute, having written a great many works, some of which are text books. Among them are "Four Hundred Cataract Operations," "The Successful Treatment of Nasal Catarrh," "The Successful Treatment of Severe Cases of Stomach Trouble," "How to Avoid Consumption in Families where it is Thought to be Hereditary," The Difficulties In the Successful Treatment of Deafness," and others.

In the Successful Treatment of Deafness," and others.

A RECORD OF SUCCESS. For several years the people of the State of Pennsylvania have been experiencing revelation after revelation, caused by the results obtained by an eminent medical scientist in the treatment of eye and ear diseases and chronic ailments. The deaf have been made to hear, the blind have had their sight restored, and the afflicted have been cured of dread disease in all its forms. The newspapers have recited romances in the cold facts, narrating the details of these wonderful cures. These innovations are the results of the latest discoveries of a man eminent in the search of knowledge in the field of science. Dr. Salm, professor of a new method of curing deafness and catarrh, and probably the most successful living specialist in chronic and special diseases of men and women, has decided to locate in Bellefonte, and the people of this city and surrounding country will now be afforded the advantage of all the skill that modern medical skill can offer.

NOT MIRACLES, BUT SCIENCE. Dr. Salm does not pretend to work miracles, though what seems almost such, nor does he pretend to cure everything, but he does cure every case he undertakes. He makes a thorough examination in every case, and if incurable will say so. This is the reason for his most remarkable success—he knows.what he can do. The Doctor finds about 90 per cent. of all cases of deafness amenable to treatment, and many cases of other chronic diseases that have been pronounced incurable yield at the hands of this skilled physician.

LIMITS HIS WORK TO THE EYE, EAR, NOSE,

IMITS HIS WORK TO THE EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT AND LUNGS. THROAT AND LUNGS.

Dr. Salm belongs to the up-to-date class of medical men, who believe it is impossible for one man to know it all, and he advocates the apportioning of the different branches of medical science amongst those who are willing to devote themselves solely to their respective specialties. This means a thoroughness which, with all that is now known in medicine, would be impossible to the physician who undertakes to master it all. "Better be master of one thing," says Dr. Salm, "than a jack-at-all-trades and master at none."

A MASTER IN HIS LINE. A MASTER IN HIS LINE.

That Dr. Salm is a master of the branch he has chosen for his life work is shown by the results he has attained. He not only performs all operations known to these organs, but he is the inventor of several surgical appliances, now generally adopted, and the originator of methods of treatment before unknown, and which, in some respects, revolutionize the science of medicine in these branches. WHAT HE DOES.

WHAT HE DOES.

Dr. Salm makes a specialty of Catarrhal Diseases In this changeable climate but few people are not afflicted with this disease, and in many it assumes alarming forms. Many cases of long standing troubles in the head, throat or bronchial tubes which until now have been simply annoying and not seemingly dangerous, have become more marked, and the result is a stopped-uphead, or a constant tickling in the throat, with a cough that gradually works down on the lungs.

IMPORTANCE OF TIMELY TREATMENT. IMPORTANCE OF TIMELY TREATMENT.
Fortunately people are realizing the importance of early attention to catarrhal disease, that by proper timely treatment the worst is prevented. But too often still it is neglected and it is not out of place here to call attention to this matter. If you have any symptoms of catarrh, go at once to a specialist and have it cured. It can be done and save much trouble in the end, for it is a progressive disease, aggravated and made worse each succeeding season.

Office will be open on and after Wednesday March 14th. Hours: 9 a m. 12; 1 p. m. to 5; 7 to 8 p. m. No Sunday hours. Consultation, Free. No Incurable Cases taken. Correspondence with out-of-town cases invited. 45-10-1y