

Tenth Pennsylvania to Leave the Firing Line.

Have Seen Much Fighting—The Fifty-first Iowa Regiment Will Take Its Place—Rebels Concentrating—Taking Advantage of Major General Lawton's Absence, They Get Together to the Number of Several Thousand—More Casualties Are Reported.

MANILA, April 16.—During the absence of major general Lawton's expedition to the Santa Cruz district, on the southeast side of Laguna de Bay, the insurgents have been concentrating at the northern end of the lake near Pasig, and the American scouts report that several thousand are already there. General Lawton's expedition is now on its way back.

The Tenth Pennsylvania regiment of volunteers, which has been in the thick of the fighting in the advance and capture of Malolos, the former insurgent capital, has been relieved of duty at the front. The Pennsylvanians have been brought in and ordered to Cavite, south of Manila, the first city taken by Admiral Dewey. The Fifty-first Iowa volunteers take the Pennsylvanians' place in the fighting line.

Pursuant to instructions from Madrid, the Spanish officials and troops destined for the Caroline Islands disembarked from the steamer Puerto Rico yesterday.

Back to Manila.
MANILA, April 17.—Major General Lawton's lake expedition has been ordered to Manila and is now returning. All the territory taken by him is to be evacuated and the captured launches will be returned to their former owners from whom the Filipinos took them.

Americans Captured.
Rebels Ambush Lieutenant Gilmore and a Landing Party. Gilmore is a Philadelphian—Several Circles in Washington Are Excited and Great Anxiety Is Felt.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Much consternation was caused in official circles in Washington late this afternoon when the following cable from Admiral Dewey was received: MANILA, April 18th. Secretary of the Navy, Washington: The Yorktown visited Baler, Luzon, east coast of Luzon, P. I., April 12th for the purpose of rescuing and bringing away the Spanish forces consisting of eighty soldiers, three officers and two priests, who were surrounded by 400 insurgents.

Some of the insurgents, armed with Mauser rifles—by natives. Lieutenant J. C. Gilmore, while making an ambulance were fired upon and captured. Fate unknown, as insurgents refused to communicate afterward. The following are missing: The officer previously referred to, Chief Quartermaster W. Walton, Coxswain J. Ellsworth, Gunner's Mate H. J. Hygard, Sailmakers' Mate Veugit, Seaman W. H. Rynders and C. W. Woodbury, Apprentices D. W. A. Venville, A. J. Peterson, Ordinary Seaman F. Briscole, O. B. McDonald, Landsmen L. T. Edwards, F. Anderson, J. Dillon and C. A. Morrissey.

DEWEY.
The dashes designate portions of the dispatch which could not be deciphered. The dispatch was received late in the day, and considerable delay was occasioned by the blindness of some of the cipher words. It was impossible to completely decipher it, and the dashes indicate the unrecognizable words.

The capture of the Yorktown men was discussed with much feeling in naval circles. The misfortune was felt with added keenness, as the navy has prided itself thus far on immunity from reverses.

The Admiral's dispatch of to-day was the first knowledge the department had that the Yorktown had gone on this special mission to relieve the Spanish garrison at Baler. That the capture should have been effected while the American forces were on a mission of mercy toward the Spaniards, rather than in the prosecution of a campaign, led to the belief that Spain would have no further ground for questioning the good faith with which the Americans were seeking to relieve the condition of the Spanish prisoners.

GREAT ANXIETY FELT.
Although the dispatch gave no indication that Lieutenant Gilmore and his men had lost their lives, yet great anxiety was aroused by the mystery surrounding their fate while in the hands of an uncivilized enemy. This is the first capture of any Americans, military or naval, so that it is unknown how the insurgents will treat our men. If civilized methods were pursued an exchange could be quickly effected, as General Otis has a large number of Filipino prisoners, but the insurgents have been averse thus far to exchanging Spanish prisoners, and this raises a question as to what they will do with Yorktown's men.

The purpose of officials here is to spare no effort to secure the speedy release of our men.

Will Be Well Treated.
WASHINGTON, April 19.—The officials of the navy department are confident that such of the men of the Yorktown as escaped being killed outright in the first ambushade will be well treated by the insurgents. Some time ago the war department made inquiry as to the number of American prisoners held by the Filipinos. In reply, General Otis referred to these soldiers and said they were being fairly treated by the insurgents, he supplying funds to defray the cost of their food.

The reports made to the navy department by paymaster Wilcox, one of Dewey's officers, who made a trip across the island Luzon from Manila to the northeast, described the condition of the Spanish officials who were prisoners of the insurgents as very comfortable. In many cases, he said, the officials were only nominally in confinement, being allowed the liberty of the towns. The officials are hopeful that Gilmore and his men who survived the ambushade will some day regain their liberty.

The department has sent no instructions to Admiral Dewey as to the course he shall pursue, believing that he is fully competent to deal with the situation, and resting secure in the assurance that he will spare no efforts to rescue Gilmore and his men, if they are still alive.

The Bribery Investigation Committee Reports.

In the Opinion of Those Who Signed the Reports, Undue Means Were Taken by Several Persons to Corruptly Influence Members' Actions in the Election of a United States Senator and in the Vote on the McCarrill Bill.

HARRISBURG, April 17.—Two reports were presented to the House this afternoon from the committee appointed to investigate the charges of attempted bribery in connection with the United States Senatorship and the consideration of the McCarrill bill in the House. One was presented by chairman Fow and is signed by himself and four colleagues. The minority report as presented by Mr. McClain is signed by four Members. The reports were read separately by the persons presenting them, and by agreement between Messrs. Fow and McClain, action on the reports was postponed until 4 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The majority report follows:

In the opinion of those who have signed this report the evidence before the committee as contained in this report in this body discloses that undue means were taken by many persons who will be hereinafter named to corruptly solicit members of this House, both for the purpose of influencing their official action in reference to the McCarrill bill and also in reference to their official action as to the election of a United States Senator. That said corrupt solicitation consisted of offers of money, position, advantage and political preferment, and further shows that for the purpose of carrying out the scheme that an unlawful conspiracy was entered into between some of the parties and in furtherance of said conspiracy that rooms were maintained at the Lochiel hotel and kept up for the purpose of having members of the House brought there that they might be approached in reference to the subject matters referred to in the resolution creating this committee.

MEMBERS CORRUPTLY APPROACHED.
That the parties who maintained those rooms and corruptly approached members who were tempted to be bribed were John J. Coyle, Charles B. Spatz, Thomas M. Moyles, Michael J. Costello and Martin Lawler, the last named gentleman not having taken an active part in the corrupt solicitation of members, but his room, apparently with his consent, having been used by the parties named for the purposes charged.

That members of this House were taken to these rooms, or called there at the request of the parties maintaining them. In the case of John Engler, the said John J. Coyle then and there offered him a money consideration to influence his vote in reference to Senate bill No. 5, as aforesaid.

That afterwards, upon the said John Engler refusing to accept the corrupt offer, he was followed to his home, in Lyncoming county, and then and there was offered a further money consideration by Michael J. Costello.

That all of the material facts incident to these conversations and visits were admitted by the said John J. Coyle and Michael J. Costello, except that portion of the testimony relating to the offer of money.

The report then goes on to specify the devious manners by which the bribe givers were trying to work on various members of the House and concludes as follows: SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE FOR CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS.

In conclusion, your committee respectfully report that there is in their opinion, sufficient evidence against Charles B. Spatz, John R. Byrne, Parker Titus, Frank B. Jones, Monroe H. Culp, Thomas M. Moyles, Robert Evans, John J. Coyle and M. J. Costello for this House to direct that criminal proceedings be brought against them in the courts of quarter sessions of Dauphin county, and it is recommended that these proceedings be immediately commenced and vigorously prosecuted by the authority of the house. All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN H. FOW, Chairman;
Geo. R. Dixon,
W. H. KOOZT,
J. B. RANDALL,
R. K. YOUNG.

Billing Chosen for Chairman.
He Was Elected at a Meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee Wednesday.—Convention at Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, April 19.—The Democratic state central committee met in the Supreme court room at noon to-day, for the purpose of organizing and electing a state chairman for the ensuing year. State Chairman John M. Garman was in the chair, and Matt Savage, of Clearfield, acted as secretary. A committee of three was appointed to investigate the contest for state chairman between Richard Beane and Thomas Mullen, of Allegheny. After the roll call Mr. Garman made a brief speech in which he predicted that 1900 would witness a bitter national struggle, and he hoped that the proper kind of men would be sent from Pennsylvania to the Democratic national convention.

"There was much treason in our party two years ago," he continued. "Some of the men now seeking to secure the Democratic nomination for supreme court justice told us then that they could not support Bryan, but in a few days they had been elected." He then assured that there is at least one fellow who will always protest against rewarding such men unless they have genuinely repented of their sins in opposing Bryan.

Nominations for state chairman were then announced to be in order, and Joseph Howley, of Pittsburg, securing the floor, declared that many Democrats of the western part of the State had asked him to become a candidate for state chairman. "Bossism is just as reprehensible in the Democratic party," said he, "as it is in the Republican party, and for this reason I decided to be a candidate, knowing that a secret effort was afoot to send an anti-Bryan delegation to the next national convention, but I believe that John S. Rilling, of Erie, whose name has been mentioned for state chairman, will wear no man's collar and that he will be fair and impartial. I, therefore, place him in nomination for state chairman."

J. R. Keenan, of Westmoreland, seconded the nomination, as did Magistrate Charles P. Donnelly, of Philadelphia, who several days ago announced his candidacy for state chairman. Mr. Donnelly paid a glowing tribute to Colonel James M. Guffey, of Pittsburg, the leader of the party in the State. Mr. Rilling was then elected state chairman by acclamation, after which he was introduced to the committee. He then thanked the members for the honor conferred upon him.

Resolutions congratulating Democratic Senators and Members upon their course in the Legislature, and commending Colonel Guffey as the party's leader, were adopted, and it was decided to hold the next state convention in Harrisburg on June 14th, although Wilkesbarré made a bid for the convention. The committee then adjourned.

United States Cruiser is Home From Manila.

Brings Two Spanish Boats—These Were Captured During the Summer of 1898—Parade in North River—Thousands Line the Shores to Greet the Warships—The Weather Was of the Most Disagreeable Character—A Steady Downpour of Rain.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The celebration attending the return of the United States cruiser Raleigh from Manila which had to be postponed yesterday owing to the warship's late arrival, occurred to-day. The Raleigh, accompanied by two small war vessels, captured from the Spaniards last summer, and a fleet of about twenty-five excursion steamers and tugboats, paraded from Tompkinsville to Grant's tomb and from there back to anchor in the North river off Thirty-fourth street. It would have been difficult to have selected more inclement or disagreeable weather than that which prevailed all the time that the Raleigh was passing in review before the thousands of enthusiastic people who lined the river banks and gave her their hearty cheers of welcome home.

The cruiser left her anchorage off Tompkinsville for the parade up the bay and the Hudson river shortly before noon. An hour before that time a drizzling rain commenced to fall, and this soon turned into a steady downpour which continued the remainder of the day. The air was raw and the officers and men of the Raleigh stood upon the decks three hours drenched to the skin and shivering with cold. There were very few people along the river front in the lower part of the city, owing partly to the weather and partly to the fact that the entrances to the piers are generally closed on Sundays. But great crowds assembled in Riverside park, overlooking the Hudson, and men, women and children stood there for hours under umbrellas, watching the vessels on their way up the river and on their return.

By far the greatest gathering of people was in the vicinity of Grant's tomb, which was the turning point of the parade. A national salute was fired there by the Raleigh and also by the captured Spanish prizes and the scene was rendered a memorable one by the shrieking of a hundred steam whistles from excursion boats and locomotives and cheers from thousands of people on shore and on the vessels in the river.

The officers paid little attention to the storm, and waved their caps continually, not appearing to mind the soaking which their dress uniforms, and their bodies as well, received. As for the sailors, they never thought of shelter at all. A few were clad in oil skins, but most of them stood on the exposed forecastle, with nothing but their blue jackets covering their shoulders and most of the time with their hats flying in the air. Officers and men alike expressed the greatest surprise at the demonstration and wondered what they had done to warrant all the enthusiasm which was being displayed. Many of them were heard to make remarks to the effect that the battle of Manila bay was fought so long ago that they had almost forgotten it, but that it seemed the American people remembered it well. By the time the Raleigh and her escorts reached the end of the Riverside park, the rain had not abated in the least but the enthusiasm, instead of falling off, increased both on the vessels and on shore. The boulevard and the paths in the park were crowded by the people who had been waiting there an hour or more, all drenched and chilled but with the one thought of doing honor to the Raleigh. Two shore batteries fired a salute near this point, and people along shore, in boat houses and in small launches fired off cannon crackers, revolvers and shot-guns, while a half dozen locomotives on the railroad track that runs along the river added to the deafening noise by blowing their whistles all the time the Raleigh was passing.

Just before arriving almost off Grant's tomb the cruiser slowed down preparatory to turning, and while the cheering and whistle blowing and other noises were at their height, two 6-pounders on the Raleigh commenced their salute of twenty-one guns. The last shot had hardly died away when the Alvarado and Sandoval opened with their national salute and a battery on shore joined in the tribute to General Grant. When the salutes were concluded, the Alvarado, slowly and headed down the river, her escorts turning at the same time. The run back to anchorage of Thirty-fourth street was made slowly and the same enthusiasm was displayed as on the run up the river.

The Great Senatorial Battle Ended.
After the Legislative Convention Batted for Senator Wednesday, It Adjourned Sine Die.

HARRISBURG, April 19.—The great battle for United States Senator ended to-day without an election and, unless Governor Stone calls an extra session, at which there should be an election, Pennsylvania will have only one representative in the United States Senate for the next two years. After the taking of the ballot in the joint convention, a motion was offered by Mr. Fow, of Philadelphia, and adopted, that a vote of thanks be tendered the officers and that the convention adjourn sine die. The Legislature will adjourn finally at noon to-morrow and, under the law, the convention must assemble at that hour, hence the motion to adjourn finally.

There was no change in to-day's voting, the friends of ex-Senator Quay standing by him and the anti-Quay Republicans by B. F. Jones, of Pittsburg, while the Democrats cast their votes for George A. Jenks, who has been the candidate since the deadlock began. The ballot which was the seventy-ninth in the joint convention, resulted as follows: Quay, 93; Jenks, 85; Jones, 69; total, 257; necessary to a choice 124; paired or not voting, 6; no election.

The senatorial contest began on Jan. 17th. On that day Senator Quay received his highest vote, 112 Senators and Representatives casting their ballots for him. This was thirteen less than the number necessary to a choice, and he never came nearer an election during the more than three months of the struggle. No such bitter political contest was probably ever before waged in this country. The fight had been distinctly on Quay and anti-Quay lines, and both sides had numerous representatives here at all times, keeping a close watch on the Members and on each other. Both sides promise that the contest for supremacy will be carried into every county in the State and waged incessantly until final supremacy is assured. The next fight will be on the chairmanship of the state committee. After that will come the battle for the control of the state convention, which will nominate a candidate for state treasurer.

Judge Biddle Refuses a Motion to Dismiss the Quay Case.
PHILADELPHIA, April 20.—The attorneys for Quay to-day rested their case and offered no evidence. They, however, offered a motion that the case be dismissed. This motion Judge Biddle refused. The case went to the jury this afternoon.

Tenth Regiment Will Sail for Home May 10th.

Heroes of Manila Will be in Western Pennsylvania Before the Fourth of July.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—They have figured at the war department that the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment will leave Manila about May 10th, which will enable the boys to get home some time in the latter part of June, certainly before the Fourth of July.

This calculation is based on instructions sent to general Otis to ship home the volunteer organizations in the order in which they went out. There are only two or three volunteer regiments in the Philippines that preceded the Tenth there, and these will be embarked first.

Other transports will be in readiness to leave for San Francisco, and on one of these all the members of the Tenth who elect to come home instead of re-enlisting for six months' additional service will be accommodated.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.
—John C. Stover and Ed. Mingle, two of Aaronburg's representative citizens, attended the horse sale here last week.

—David Moyer, of near Rebersburg, boiled nearly 300 lbs. of maple syrup from a grove he has control of in that vicinity.

—After a six weeks dead-lock over the matter the Clearfield council elected W. A. Hagerly, the candidate of the Kerr faction, borough solicitor on Monday night.

—Eat native wheat and ask your grocer for Phoenix Milling Co's "Finest" flour.

—John B. Corryell, aged 78, president of the Lyncoming National bank, was stricken with apoplexy, while sitting in that institution on Tuesday. He is still living.

—Our "Fancy Patent" is equal to the best grades of spring wheat flour and costs less. Muslin sacks. Try it. Phoenix Milling Co.

—Clean up and get your property in the most presentable shape possible for the big day that Belleville is going to have next week. Remember that there will be thousands of strangers in town and we want to appear in our tidest spring dress.

—John Swisher, of Julian, figured in a runaway accident up there last Saturday that might have proven very serious, but fortunately he was not hurt at all. He was driving one of Mills Alexander's horses, when it became frightened and ran away, throwing him out onto the roadside.

—While digging a well on the lot of Jerry Snavely, at Spring Mills, last week the workmen penetrated a strata of black rock that closely resembles anthracite coal. It is said to burn freely and has every appearance of coal. The vein lays at a depth of about 30 ft. and is 5 ft. thick. The find is not more than 60 ft. from the railroad bed.

—The recital given by Miss Winifred Maize Newbaker, in the Presbyterian church, Tuesday night was both a financial and artistic success. Miss Harriet Roskefellow Woods, of New York, the soprano, had a remarkably flexible voice of good range and fairly delighted the large audience with her numbers, several of which were heartily encored. Miss Newbaker, the organist, performed with exceptional technique.

BARN BURNED.—About midnight Friday the large barn on the Steele Heverly farm, on Spring creek, in Benner township, was totally destroyed by fire. With the building 5 horses, 8 head of young cattle, 9 hogs, a lot of hay, grain, implements and vehicles were burned. The farm was tenanted by James Mackey, who had \$600 insurance on his property, while the owner of the barn had \$1,000, all in the Rankin agency in this place.

No cause has been assigned for the conflagration.

STRUCK BY A FREIGHT.—While W. T. Harper was driving across the Bald Eagle valley rail-road tracks at Grist's crossing, at Unionville, on Monday, he was run down by an east bound freight train. Just before the collision, Mr. Harper jumped and probably thereby saved his life. The team and wagon were dragged several rods along the tracks, when the horses broke loose.

The wagon was wrecked and the horses skinned up badly, but it might have been far worse than it was.

—Rev. M. C. Frick, the new minister at Howard, preached his initial sermon in the Christian chapel there, Sunday evening, and made a very favorable impression.

—The Spring Mills fishermen report catches ranging from 49 down. Smith Bros. got 49, Daniel Kennedy 45, John Lloyd 25, George Bartley 22 and others smaller catches. Their largest fish was 14 inches long.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.—Following is the list of marriage licenses granted by orphan's court clerk, G. W. Rumberger, during the past week: C. E. Hackenberg and Jennie M. Shaffer, both of Spring Mills.

Wilbur B. Brown and Sara E. Tyson, both of Phillipsburg.

Robert Condo and Mary Brown, both of Boalsburg.

Harry Heverly, of Blanchard, Pa., and Nettie Lindsay, of Beech Creek, Pa.

Jacob S. Christey, of Encfield, Butler Co., and Alma Zimmerman, of Walker, Twp.

John D. Toot and Hattie W. Gregg, both of Bellefonte.

James Milton Keller, of Pine Grove Mills, and Sarah Allanda Markle, of Tyrone.

A THOUGHTFUL WOMAN.—While the Madisonburg stage was standing in front of the post-office in Millheim, last Friday, the stage horse became frightened at a load of corn fodder passing on the street, and started to run away. Mrs. John Miller and her little baby were in the coach.

There were no means of escape for them and it seemed as if they would be seriously injured by the accident that most certainly have followed the horse's wild flight, but Mrs. Miller quickly caught up the reins and was able to bring the frightened animal under control before it had gone far.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY FAIR.—The fair the Children's Aid society were going to hold yesterday afternoon and evening has been postponed until Wednesday the 26th, the day of the Odd Fellow's anniversary. On that gala occasion the society will have for sale in the W. C. T. U. rooms, on north Allegheny street, aprons, fancy articles of all kinds, candies and cakes in abundance. As this is the first time this excellent society has asked help in this manner we hope the public will realize its duty and make the fair a great success financially, for on it depends the comfort and support of many homeless little ones.

RECEPTION.—On last Thursday evening a very pleasant event occurred at the Evangelical parsonage. On the previous Sabbath the pastor announced a meeting of the Aid society of the congregation to be held at the parsonage, and instead of the Aid society going for regular business, about forty persons, members and friends of the congregation, met to give the newly arrived pastor and family a most cordial reception. They went to welcome him, and gave him to understand that Belleville has plenty of good things to eat, water to drink, and people who appreciate a minister.

After spending the evening pleasantly in social chat and singing, (and by the way a number of them proved to be skillful in singing German hymns and choruses,) and addresses, they left, pleased with the evening's outcome. They did not say eat, drink, and be merry, but left his table and cupboard filled with such things as could be only properly disposed of by eating and drinking. This was a surprising interpretation of the pastor's announcement, and a pounding reception that was painless.

THE OPENING OF THE TROUT SEASON.
—The opening of the trout season was most auspicious, as far as weather and fishermen were concerned, but the catches were not nearly so large as in past years. By five o'clock Saturday morning there were so many men wading in Spring creek and Logan's branch that the water had raised a foot or more above its natural level. Nearly everyone had a fish, but few had more. As usual Charles Heisler, Wm. Walker, the Saylor, the Millers, "Spring creek" Shney and Josh Folk had the big catches. "Your uncle Dudley" had six, two of them measuring 14 in. in length. You will observe that we say "had six."

From out in the Snow Shoe region good catches were reported by W. R. Haynes and George Uzzle, so that there is no indication of the trout becoming extinct out there.

Probably the biggest one heard of was the one that William Holt, of Phillipsburg, caught—eight—on Eddy Lick run. He is ready to be qualified that it was 2ft. long. It was probably the same trout that Will Haynes saw there last year and swore was 2ft., 1in. in length. In order, however, that there may appear to be no discrepancy in the stories of two sportsmen of such unquestioned veracity as Messrs. Haynes and Holt, we will accept the theory that the cold snow' ather has had a contracting effect on the big trout of Eddy Lick and it might easily be an inch shorter this spring than it was last July.

Thirty trout is the largest catch reported from the vicinity of Millheim.

—The largest trout caught by Tyrone sportsmen, on Saturday, measured 12½ inches.

Unique Census Taking.
PITTSBURG, April 16.—The Allegheny county Sabbath school association after months of preparation yesterday carried to a successful termination, inside of twelve hours, one of the most unique census-taking movements ever attempted here. The object of the census is to secure for the association complete data of the religious and non-religious life of the two cities.

Three thousand church workers made the canvass with the result that 90,000 families in Pittsburg and Allegheny, representing 400,000 individual members, were visited. Tabulated figures will be given out in a day or two.

An Election Held in Pana.
CHICAGO, April 18.—Town and village elections were held throughout Illinois to-day. In nearly all cases the issues were purely local.

At Pana the miners' strike embittered the campaign, but no violence occurred. A. B. Corman, Democrat was elected mayor on a silver platform favoring union labor and opposing the importation of negro miners.