## FARM NOTES.

-Grape vines usually need very little manure other than mineral, and that chiefly potash. In European countries it is the habit of vineyardists to burn the prunings each year, and apply the ashes. No other fertilizer is used. In fact, stable manures are objected to, as they make the vines grow rank, and the fruit will lack the flavor that belongs to fruits whose vines are only manured with ashes. Much of the excellence of French wines is possibly due to this sparing use of manure.

-The brush and currycomb are far less used on cows than they are on horses, yet they are quite as necessary, to the ani-mal's comfort. Who has not seen cattle rubbing their sides against a fence or tree, or their backs under some overhanging limbs? It not only adds to their comfort to rub them down, but it draws the blood nearer the surface, so that the animal is warmer. With the same feeding a well groomed cow will keep in good condition when she would be scrawney and raw boned if not regularly curried and brushed.

-Recent German trials indicate that the separator removes from milk and cream not only the dirt and slime which pass through the strainer, but the greater portion of bacteria. As cows are usually cared for and handled there is always some dirt and dandruff from the cow's udder getting into the milk. This can not always be caught in a strainer, but if any passes through, it is included with the slime which remains in the separator bowl. The German trials indicate that most of the bacteria remain

-A writer in an English paper gives this recipe for preventing rust in carnations, which he received from a gardener in Germany, whose plants were unusually fine and in healthy condition. He mixes two pounds of vitriol and four pounds of fresh-ly slacked lime in 27 gallons of water, and stirs well together until it is clear, not blue, and then he adds two pounds of sugar and mixes all again. With this he syringes his plants once a week, early in the day. The syringing should be done quickly, findly and swell.

-If you have never had a "rattling good garden," suppose you make an effort to have one this year. I know from ex-perience that a good garden is a great money saver, as well as a system renovator. You can grow more good "spring medi-cine" from a dollar's worth of garden seeds than you can get for \$50 from a drug store. Some people like to regard everything they eat, in the way of vegetables, as a remedy for this or that disease; a liver renovator, a kidney stirrer, a lung balsam, or a stomach soother. I much prefer to consider them as real good, palatable food.

-The value of the bee in the work of fertilizing plants by carrying pollen from one plant to another, is greater than its use in producing honey. In fact, without the aid of bees many crops would be complete failures. Darwin found that in 100 heads of purple clover protected from the visitations of bees not a seed was produced, while 100 heads visited by bees produced nearly 3000 seeds. When two varieties of certain plants are grown in the same neighborhood there is a liability of crossfertilization, as bees forage over a wide territory. It will therefore pay the farmer or fruit-grower to keep at least one hive of bees or encourage his neighbor to do so.

—A swollen udder often causes a ewe to disown and abuse her lamb. The milk flow is then usually deficient, which only makes the hungry lambs more persistent, the ewe more desperate, and a bad matter worse. In such a case we put the lambs in a box or barrel near the ewe, supply them with almost enough cow's milk from a bottle with a nipple, or let them to some other ewe, and only let them to their dams enough to keep the milk taken; in the meantime bathe the udder with tepid water and witch hazel or arnica. Do this often-at least every two hours for a daythen extend the times until the soreness and swelling are gone, and the milk flow increased, when the lambs will be received.

-Dr. S. B. Partridge, of East Bloomfield, N. Y., is raising celery on a large scale on the bed of a reclaimed swamp. He set 125,000 plants last year, of the dwarf Golden Self-Blanching, and produces from the set of the scale was not extinct. Nerved thus for the ordeal, she stood there, and, with her crude weapon, checked the rule was not extinct. 1500 to 1800 dozen branches of celery per crib, 16 feet long and 14 inches wide, which his body behind her and her face and claim that the tablelands had timber in is placed in the row and filled with celery. Then a deep bank of earth is thrown up on either side to the top of the celery, after which the crib is taken up and moved forward its length, and the same process repeated. The trenches are left open at the top until the approach of cold weather, when they are covered with straw and earth.

—In choosing varieties of potatoes for spring planting it is advisable to select those that have been recently produced from seed, provided, of course, that their quality and productiveness have been tested and are generally known. The variety that is newly produced from seed is generally more vigorous then than it is likely to be after a few years' contest with potato bugs and the blight and rots, which all help to decrease potato vigor and productiveness. But it is not advisable to plant potatoes, however good, which are very unlike standard sorts, and whose good qualities are not generally known. There is so much difference in potatoes that the mere fact that a potato is a potato is not enough with most consumers to secure a market for it until after they have given it a trial.

-The efficiency of kerosene emulsion depends on how it is made. The most important part is the agitation of the materials. Simply stirring the mixture will not answer, as violent agitation, by pumping the liquid back into itself, is necessary Use soft water and avoid water containing lime, and also use plenty of soap. An excellent method is to shave half a pound of cellent method is to a gallon of boiling was soap and add it to a gallon of boiling was soap and both of whom died in dissolved, and then remove the vessel from Next, add two gallons of kerosene and a gill of crude carbolic acid, while the water is hot, and briskly agitate until the result is a substance having the appearance utes to agitate the mixture, as no free kerosene should be noticed. When cold kerosene should be noticed. When cold add 20 gallons of soft water and spray with a nozzle. The carbolic acid is not included in the usual formula, but it will be found of advantage. Use the crude acid (not, the refined), which is a cheap substance. Kerosene and crude carbolic acid will not mix with water, but both substances form an emulsion with strong soap-

Cash for School. Calculations Being Made for Its Distribution.

The clerks in the state department of public instruction have begun work on the computation for the distribution of the state appropriation to the schools this year and they will have about at least a month's figuring before the work is completed.

The state appropriation to the public schools will be distributed this year on the basis established by the legislature last year, so that the recent triennial assessment will be all important in determining the amount the various districts shall re-ceive. Heretofore the millions granted to the schools by the state have been distributed on the basis of the taxables. Under the new act of assembly, however, the money will be distributed one-third on the number of schools, one-third on the number of children between the ages of six and sixteen and one-third on the taxables. The provisions of the new law, which sets apart one-third on the basis of the school children between the ages of six and sixteen, will be rather favorable, it is thought, to the populous centers and draw from the sparsely-settled districts.

sparsely-settled districts.

The one-third on the number of schools will be a gain for the country districts, while the one-third on the basis of the taxables will be favorable to the populous districts, so that the result as a whole will not materially affect the distribution as under the old law. under the old law. The populous cities and towns will have two chances as against the rural communities...in the number of taxables and school children between the ages of six and sixteen. As the children in the cities and towns are about equivalent to the number of taxables, they will hold their own as against the country dis-tricts, which will lead the processions in the number of schools. In many rural districts there are often less than a dozen pupils in a school, while in the city the average to a school is forty-five.

At the department of public instruction

the returns upon which the distribution will be based are being received, but it will be late in April or the beginning of May before the department officials will have the data necessary to make up the figures for each district. On one blank the county commissioners have been sending to the de-partment the number of taxable residents in the several school districts of each county; on another the county superintendent of schools submits the number of teachers -not including substitutes or teachers employed to fill vacancies occurring during the present school year—regularly em-ployed and paid by the school boards of the several districts. There is also an enum-

eration of the school children between the ages of six and sixteen, whose accuracy has been questioned by the school authorities of more than one city or borough and changes have had to be made.

Saved Him With a Pitchfork.

Plucky Attack of a Woman on a Bull That Was Mr. and Mrs. John M. Keenan live with their children on a farm on the Little Spo-kane, about ten miles north of the Spokane Mr. Keenan is well known in the city and

She attacked him viciously in the flank, driving the prongs of the fork fully four inches into the bull's flesh. Still he continued to grind his victim with the broken horn. Mrs. Keenan grew desperate. She walked around to the animal's head, and with a strength born of her desperation she again and again drove the sharp fork into the bull's hide, the prongs sinking from four to five inches at nearly every drive. She says she does not know how many times she stabbed the animal with the fork, but it must have been five or six.

Finally the maddened bull drew off and in front of her prostrate husband, who lay limp and still, but his preceptible breathhelp arrived half an hour later. As the and changed the climate of Anahuac. acre, marketable at from 20 to 30 cents a bull circled around her, looking for a dozen. His celery kept for winter market | chance to rush in and gore her, she, too, is placed in trenches made by means of a walked about her husband, ever keeping weapon to the bull, she was standing thus when the men, summoned by her children,

A Good Dictionary for Two Cents.

A dictionary containing the definitions of 10,000 of the most useful and important words in the English language, is published by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. While it contains some advertising, it is a complete dictionary, concise and correct.

In compiling this book care has been taken to omit none of those common words whose spelling or exact use occasions at times a momentary difficulty, even to well educated people. The main aim has been to give as much useful information as possible in a limited space. With this in view, where noun, adjective and verb are all obviously connected in meaning. usually one only has been inserted. The volume will thus be found to contain the meaning of very many more words than it professes to explain.

To those who already have a dictionary, this book will commend itself because it is compact, light and convenient; to those who have no dictionary whatever, it will be invaluable. One may be secured by writing to the above concern, mentioning this paper, and enclosing a two-cent stamp.

-A blind man picked out his dead wife in the morgue in New York recently by his delicate sense of Let the water boil until the soap is Bellevue, were taken to the dead house at about the same time. When the morgue keeper caught the blind man's right hand and guided it to an upturned face, he said, "No, no; that's not my Mary!" drawer was closed and the next one pulled of rich cream. It requires about ten min- out. The sightless man laid down his stick this time and used both hands. His take. The dead woman had been his wife. No dramatist ever conceived a more touching scene, which brought moisture to eyes seldom affected by sentiment.

Pay of School Teachers

Reasons Why it Should be Higher Than it is. It would seem that the teacher ought to be the best paid person of any profession, for when so much is required of her in the discharge of her arduous responsibilities in the schoolroom there is necessity for spending much time and money in preparation, and also in securing those aids towards physical and intellectual relaxation and the strain of hard labor. Even though the teacher possesses the spirit of a missionary and receives a portion of her reward from the good she can do, still she cannot fly in the face of nature a great while without making restitution in some manner. Yet it is a lamentable fact that

teachers on the average receive far less for their work than do the members of most if not all other professions. There are to-day in the public schools of elementary and secondary grades in our country over 388,-000 teachers who receive an average of \$50 per month. Among these are included many who have been trained in seminaries, colleges and universities, and a large num-ber who are graduates of normal and high schools. Most of them are obliged to reside away from home the greater part of the year, and so are at comparatively large expense in the maintenance of daily life. It can be seen that what is left after necessities are provided for must be very meagre

If it were possible now to ascertain the average income of the lawyers, doctors and other professional men in the country, it would in all probability appear to be a number of times that of the average school teacher. It is a fact of common observa-tion that young men of ambition and limited means who engage in public school teaching continue at it but a short timeonly long enough to accumulate a suffi-ciency to pay off debts or to prepare for some other profession; and it is universal-ly admitted that in a financial way a young man has far greater advantages as a lawyer, even of the pettifogger sort, than does a teacher of the finest quality. If we compare the salaries of those in the employ of the Government in its various departments with the wages of public school teachers as already given, we see that the most moderately paid positions yield at least twice as much as does school teaching, while the most lucrative places yield many times as much as do the majority of places in public

to compare the highest positions in the gift of the state, as the presidency, headships of departments, judgeships in high courts, governorships, membership in the National Legislature, etc., with the best places in the public school service, but it would seem reasonable for teachers to expect that they should receive as much for their labors as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employs as a clerk or a typewriter in the employer. bors as a clerk or a typewriter in the employ of the government.

A Lesson From Mexico.

Destruction of the Forests Has Brought Drought

The early conquerors of this country and Mr. Keenan is well known in the city and throughout the county. Saturday aftertoon Mrs. Keenan, from the house, heard the large and vicious bull owned by them bellowing in evident anger. She went to the field and saw the animal standing over her prostrate husband and grinding at his limp and helpless body with the stump of his horn. The animal was dehorned some time ago, but one of the horn stumps is several inches long. This he was trying to drive through Mr. Keenan's chest. Mrs. Keenan's children were too small to be of assistance. She despatched them to the nearest neighbor's, and, seizing a pitchfork, ran at once to the bull.

The animal was dehorned some time ago, but one of the horn stumps is searcely a merchantable tree between Arkansas and California line. Many notes of warnings accompanied this destruction of the northern soft wood forests, but they fell upon unwilling ears. Only after it was too late to stop the mischief did the country begin to recognize the indirect their followers of to-day have been very wasteful and careless in the disposition of country begin to recognize the indirect value of forests to agriculture and that no high degree of civilization can exist permanently without some systematic and adequate forest management. In India the destruction of the forests commenced 1,000 years ago, and that country, having at least seen the folly of such waste, is now engaged in the expensive undertaking of reforesting

large areas The effect upon rainfall and the productiveness of the cultivated tracts has already been acknowledged by investigators. When Cortez first saw the valley of Mexico, it was covered with woods, not dense, but stood at bay. Mrs. Keenan stepped abundant, from the timber line on the volcanoes down to the water's edge. The reckless cutting down of the forests by the Spaniards in the first century following the conquest in 1521 increased evaporation, caused the lakes to dry up, led to frequent droughts, followed by occasional floods,

> Any old rancher will tell stories of streams that flowed when he was a boy and will show the dry arroyo now. They all considerable quantities where now they

are barren deserts. This government has taken some steps in the matter, but it is also necessary for the landowners to assist in this work by planting trees and irrigating them for a few years until they have taken good root. By using good judgment in selecting the trees and in planting in a few years the complaints which are now so frequent of years of droughts will soon become fewer and fewer until they finally cease. - Monte-

Horse Runs Away With \$49,000.

One of the liveliest and most interesting horse hunts that ever took place in this nineteenth century occurred recently.

One of the pack trains was engaged in bringing down 1,000 or 1,500 pounds of gold from the mines. Sacks of nuggets weighing from 150 to 200 pounds were loaded on the backs of eight horses and started down the gulches, which are eight miles distant from Dawson City. Darkness came on rather early and one of the animals, carrying 180 pounds of the yellow metal, which is equivalent to \$49,000, became separated and wandered off into the woods to browse. The loss was not no-ticed until the pack train arrived in town and the gold was being weighed. For a few moments which rapidly grew into hours and this lengthened into a couple of days, consternation prevailed. No time was lost in getting over the back trail and making hasty inquiries of the miners along the route as to whether they had seen any thing of a horse with a pack on his back The hunt lasted all night, the next day and the night following, and not the slightest trace of the horse could be found. What puzzled the searchers all the more was the fact that the lost animal wore a clear bell. At the end of the second day when the incident was fast assuming one of those un-fathomable mysteries that sometimes swoop down on a mining camp, the lost horse came over the top of a mountain and down into town jingling the bell in a lively tone, with the sack of gold safely on his back. The animal had been browsing in a meadow situated way up in the mountains.

—Dawson City Letter in Chicago Record.

-Subscribe for the WATCHMAN.

AN ENTERPRISING DRUGGIST .- There

are few men more wide awake and enterprising than F. Potts Green, who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in his line for his many customers. He now has the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling physical and intellectual relaxation and comfort that will make it possible to endure the strain of hard labor. Even though the teacher possesses the spirit of a missionary and receives a portion of her certain physical and intellectual relaxation and cures. It absolutely cures asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs. Call at above drugsless are received as the country by its many starting cures. It absolutely cures asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs. Call at above drugsless are received as portion of her certain physical and cures. regular size for 50 cents and \$1.00 Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

> -He had been boasting of his family tree, and Miss Cayenne interrupted with the inquiry: "Isn't it something like the orchid?" "In what respect?" "All branches and no roots."

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.—The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Potts Green.

A resident of Quitman, Mo., owns 42,000 acres of land, one of his sons 4000 acres and another son 8505 acres. All their farms are well held in hand by an extensive system of telephones

—When you are weak, tired and life-less, you need to enrich and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Thos. Taylor deceased late of Benner township, having been granted to the undersigned he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HARRY KELLER, Att'y.

D. C. HALL, Fleming, Pa. D. C. HALL, Fleming, Pa.

A DMINISTRATRIX NOTICE. — Letter as the paid positions yield at least twice as much as does school teaching, while the most lucrative places yield many times as much as do the majority of places in public schools.

Of course it would be hardly reverential to compare the highest positions in the gift of the state, as the presidency, headships

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Use of Susie C. Jack
Howard M. Stuart, Adm.
etc. of etc. of John W.
Stuart, Dec'd and Patience Stuart, Dec'd,
Notice is benefit.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed an auditor to make distribution of the fund arising from the sale of the defendant's real estate to and among those legally entitled to participate therein and that he will meet the parties at interest at his office in Bellefonte, Pa., on Thursday, April 7th, 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where those who desire may attend. W. E. GRAY, Auditor

## Prospectus.

only is possible, whether as a test of excellence in Journalism, or for the measurement of quan-tities, time or value; and

after a career of nearly twenty years of uninter-rupted growth is justified in claiming that the standard first established by its founders is the one true test of

PERFECT NEWSPAPER

To publish all the News promptly and succinctly and in the most readable form, without elision or partisan bias; to discuss its significance with frankness, to keep an open eye for public abuses, to give besides a complete record of current thought, fancies and discoveries in all departments of human activity in its daily editions of from 10 to 14 pages, and to provide the whole for its patrons at the nominal price of ONE CENT—that was from the outset, and will continue to be the aim of "THE RECORD." THE PIONEER

Witness its unrivaled average daily circulation exceeding 160,000 copies, and an average exceeding 120,000 copies for its Sunday editions, while imitations of its plan of publication in every important city of the country testify to the truth of the assertion that in the quantity and quality of its contents, and in the price at which it is sold "The Record" has established the standard by which excellence in journalism must be measured.

THE DAILY EDITION of "The Record" will be sent by mail to any address for \$3.00 per year or 25 cents per month. THE DAILY AND SUNDAY

editions together, which will give its readers the best and freshest information of all that is going on in the world every day in the year, including holidays, will be sent for \$4.00 a year, or 35 cents per month.

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THE REASON WHY!!

You should insure your life in the GRAND OLD UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

> ---oF-PORTLAND, MAINE.

It is a purely Mutual company and the money belongs to its policy holders.

No Purely Mutual Life Insurance Company ever Failed. Its policy is one of liberality to its policy holders. It is incontest-

able after one year and non-forfeitable after three years from date. It gives a grace of thirty days time in the payment of all premiums after the first year. It is the only company doing business under the Maine non-forfeit-

ure law. A law which compels the company to protect the policy holder to the full extent of the legal reserve after three payments have been made.

It loans money to its policy holders on their policies, after three payments have been made, at 5% interest.

It is a company doing business for the benefit of its policy holders and you will always be satisfied if you have a policy in the old Union Mutual Life.

> J. E. LAWRENCE, Manager for Central Penn'a. BELLEFONTE.

Office over Centre Co., Bank,

Legal Notices.

Fine Groceries

Fine Spices,

Fine Confectionery,

Fine Sardines,

Fine Lemons,

But all these can talk for them-

selves if you give them a fair chance.

NEW FISH,

Bright Handsome New Mackerel,

New Caught Lake Fish.

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White Fish.

Vegetable,

Lake Trout,

Gumbo,

Ciscoes,

New Maple Sugar and Syrup,

Fine Canned Soups,

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and best place to buy your goods.

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PLAIN HARNESS.

FINE HARNESS,

All combined in an immense Stock of Fine

Saddlery.

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To-day Prices

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THE LARGEST STOCK OF HORSE

COLLARS IN THE COUNTY.

JAMES SCHOFIELD,

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BLANKETS,

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Best place to bring your produce

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SADDLES,

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Bouillon, Oxtail,

Chicken,

Mock Turtle,

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Fine Fruits,

Fine Cheese.

Fine Syrups,

Fine Hams,

Fine Olives,

Fine Oil,

Fine Bananas.

FINE GROCERIES.

Fine Teas,

Fine Syrups,

Fine Canned Goods,

Fine Dried Fruits,

Fine Bacon,

Fine Pickles,

Fine Ketchups,

Fine Oranges,

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that in the assigned estate of Israel Confer, of Millheim, Pa., the assignors' claim for benefit of exemption has been filed and confirmed nisi by the court.

March 23, 1898.

W. F. SMITH, Prothonotary.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the account of Jno. B. Linn, committee of Susan Young has been filed and will be presented to the court for confirmation on Wednesday, the 27th day of April next, and unless exceptions be filed thereto, en or before the second day of the term the same will be confirmed.

March 23, 1898.

W. F. SMITH, 43-12-3t.

Prothonotary.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER 9F CORPORATION.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the honorable John G. Love, president judge of the court of common pleas of Centre county, on the 25th day of April, 1898, for the charter of a corporation to be called "Bethel United Evangelical church of Unioville," the character and object of which are, for the public worship of God according to the faith of the United Evangelical church, and the promotion of the interest of religion; and for those purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights and privileges of the Corporation Act of 1874 and its supplements.

43-12-3t. CLEMENT DALE, Solicitor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Thompson Allison In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, No. 135, Nov. T, 1886, Vend. Ex. No. 163, Aug T, '91. W. F. Courter. W. F. Courter. J Vend. Ex. No. 103, Aug T, '91.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed an auditor to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to the acknowledgment of the sheriff's deed to Geo. W. Long, a lien creditor for the premises sold upon and by virtue of the above stated writ of Venditioni Exponas. And that he will meet the parties in interest for the purposes of his appointment, at his office in Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday, April 5, 1898, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when and where those who desire may attend.

New Advertisements.

J. C. MEYER, Auditor

INDIA THE HORROR-STRICKEN EMPIRE! A NEW BOOK FOR AGENTS, describing the great plague, famine, and earthquake. Accurate and authentic, English and German. Contains over 100 illustrations from actual photographs. No other book like it. Sells at sight. Agents wanted everywhere. Liberal Terms. Write us at once. Address, MENNONITE PUBLISHING CO., Elkhart, Indiana. A NEW BOOK FOR AGENTS,

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WALL PAPER.

Do you expect to do any papering? We will send you free a large selection of samples from 3c. per roll up, all new colorings and novelties up to date. WE PAY FREIGHT. We want an agent in every town to sell on commission every town to sell on commission from large sample books. No capi-tal required. For samples or par-ticulars, address

S. WOLF, 747-753 Ninth Ave., N. Y. City.

Plumbing etc.

"SCAMP"

PLUMBING is the name that's sometimes given to plumbing that has been slighted

and skimped where 'twont show too soon. It's dangerous plumbing -dangerous to the health of the family, and dangerous to the reputation of the plumber who did it, for some day it "leaks out."

If we did "s camp" plumbing how long would our reputation for doing the right kind last?

R. J. SCHAD & BRO. No. 6 N. Allegheny St., BELLEFONTE, PA.

Roofing.

YOW IS THE TIME TO EMAMINE

During the Rough Weather that will be experienced from now until Spring you will have a chance to Examine your Roof and see if it is in good condition. If you need a new one or an old one repaired I am equipped to give you the best at reasonable prices. The Celebrated Courtright Tin Shingles and all kinds of tin and prices. The Celebrated Courtri Tin Shingles and all kinds of tin

W. H. MILLER. Allegheny St.

BELLEFONTE, PA

33-37

Insurance. ACCIDENT -AND-

HEALTH

THE FIDELITY MUTUAL AID ASSO-CIATION

WILL PAY YOU

If disabled by an accident \$30 to \$100 per month If you lose two limbs, \$208 to \$5,000, If you lose your eye sight, \$208 to \$5,000, If you lose one limb, \$33 to \$2,000, If you are ill \$40 per month, If killed, will pay your heirs, \$208 to \$5,000, If you die from natural cause, \$100.

IF INSURED,

You cannot lose all your income when you are sick or disabled by accident. Absolute protection at a cost of \$1.00 to \$2.25 Absolute protection at a cost of \$1.00 to \$2.25 per month.

The Fidelity Mutual Aid association is pre-eminently the largest and strongest accident and health association in the United States.

It has \$6,000.00 cash deposits with the States of California and Missouri, which, together, with an ample reserve fund and large assets, make its certificate an absolute guarantee of the solidity of protection to its members.

For particulars address

J. L. M. SHETTERLEY, Secretary and General Manager, San Francisco, Cal. 42-19-1-y