

Democratic County Committee for 18 HUGH S. TAYLOR, Chairman BOYD A. MUSSER, J. W. KEPLER, WM. D ZERBY,

Name. Precinct. Bellefonte N. W.
S. W.
W. W. W. Jno. Trafford Ed. Brown, Jr. Geo. R. Meek, J. Dauberman, Bellefonte Centre Hall Boro Millheim
Unionville
"E.P. Brisbin, Philipsburg 1st W. J. W. Lukens
"2nd W. Ira Howe, "3rd W. Howard Hysong
State College Boro
S. Philipsburg "Benner Twp. N. P.
"S. P.
Bogss Twp. N. P.
"E. P. John Ishler, Henry Heaton, "E. P. John Kelley, "W. P. D. F. Poorman, Burnside Twp. Wm. Hipple, Sr. College "L. W. Musser, State College "L. W. Musser, State College "N. J. McCloskey, Ferguson "E. P. W. H. Frye, Pine Grove "W. P. Sam Harpster, Jr., Gate Gregg Twp. N. P. Geo. Weaver, "Penr "E. P. Jas. C. Condo, Pe"
"W. P. Haines Twp. W. P., Geo. W. Keister, Aw "E. P. Half Moon Twp. Harris "E. P. Half Moon Twp. Harris "Jas. A. Swabb, J. Geo. D. Johnston, Huston "Henry Hale, Viberty "O. J. Stover, J. W. Orr, Dan'l W. Harte J. Miller Abe Webe Howard

Kush " N. P. Wm. Frank, Philipsburg S. P. Wichael Dempsey, Powelton " " W. P. John Confer, Spring Twp. N. P. Wm. Hepburn, S. P. W. H. Noll, Jr., Union " Chas, G. Hall, Walker Twp. E. P. Sol Peck, " W. P. Warth, W. P. Wm. A. Royer. " Went to the solution of the solution Walker Twp. E. P. M. P. W. P. Worth n. Port Matilda

#### The County Statement.

HUGH S. TAYLOR.

BOYD A. MUSSER,

In this issue of the WATCHMAN the commissioners' statement of receipts and expenditures for 1897 will be found. It is a document that will be of deep interest to the tax-payer, and one that he can study senators were present to listen to the arguwith considerable profit to himself, if he possesses the good sense and independence to vote for his own best interests in the future. That the statement gives the exact sition, assumed the position that the last condition of the county finances, may be possible, although the effort to show a large balance in the treasury, while inter- under the direction of Mr. Bailey, mainest is being paid on over \$17,000, and to tained that the defeat of the resolution was bunch expenditures, so that the tax-payer another step in the direction of the estabwill be in ignorance of what a large portion lishment of the gold standard, we will be in ignorance of what a large portion they alleged both the President and Secretary and the secretary standard the secretary secre of his money was expended for, will leave tary Gage had irrevocably committed the the impression that it is not as reliable or explicit an article as should or might have been given.

some explanation, is the fact that, accord- test place in hades would be reserved for ing to the statement, the commissioners the present secretary of state. The vote have been able to meet the ordinary county on the resolution was ayes 132, nays 182. es and add to the balance in the sition to the resolution. treasury over a thousand dollars, with a tax levy of 3 mills, and yet in the face of contended against the resolution, that the these figures they increase valuations all over creditor had the right to demand the paythe county and add one half mill to the tax he elected. For a government to exercise

What do they propose doing with this additional money? Have they unpaid bills that are not shown in the statement? Do they expect to increase the county expenditure for the coming year? Or for what reason or purpose is this increased burden to be placed upon the shoulders of silver was not inconsistent with the public the tax-payers, if the statement, as pub- faith. The debate closed with two rouslished, is correct and reliable.

Another matter that will of right cause a suspicion that the statement is not as full and as frank as it should be, is the attempt to keep from the tax-payers, how and for what purpose a large amount of their what purpose a large amount of their chair, and his crutches by his side, he rallied his followers. The resolution, he the head of "sundry witnesses for service said, reminded him of one of the monoand mileage in sundry commonwealth cases &c." In this general way over \$3,000 is accounted for in a single paragraph.

That the people may know to whom and for what the greater portion of this sum was paid out-may understand the exorbitant prices that were paid for certains kind of work and the kind of bills that were approved and settled, we give an itemized statement of a portion of this amount and leave it to the tax-payers to judge of the business qualification of men who would approve and pay a bill of the kind.

This is only one of a series of vouchers aggregating \$1,353.22 that was paid the arrayed. PERKINS' Union detective agency, of Pittsburg, for finding some one on whom to fasten the crime of incendiarism. The county really received no returns for this outlay, for no one has been convicted of having fired the court house. This enormous sum does not cover the court costs. It merely represents the detective services. Read how your money has been spent and demand that the commissioners show you the

		26
VOUCHER NO. 775.		
To services for operative No. 105		8
25 days at \$7 per diem	A PARTY OF	ă
To expanse in	161.00	8
To expenses incurred by operative No. 133		4
	3.94	4
Two pocket books.	.50	
	.10	1
	.25	1
" Lodging,	.25	1
	.50	1
" Fare to Milesburg."	.92	1
" 12 Board in advance, " Incidentals with Company	4.50	1
" Incidentals with Cornelly & Toner	1.00	1
	1.00	1
" Loaned to Cornelly"  14 Incidentals	1.00	L
" 14 Incidentals" 15 Incidentals	2.00	L
" 15 Incidentals	1.30	L
	4.50	L
10 Services for operation N- to		l
days at \$1 per diem	56.00	
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" 24 Hotel bill" 26 Paid Cornelly	1.10	8
26 Paid Cornelly	1.00	1
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and return	40	

66	30 Cigars with Cornelly	
	30 Cigars with Cornelly	
	fonte	1
"	Hotel bill at Altoona	1
"	" New Brockerhoff, May 25 to 31	10
Ex	penses incurred at office and by direc-	
	tor	
May	22 Telegram to No. 126	
May	25 Telegram to No. 126	
May	24 Fare to Bellefonte from Pittsburg	4.
66	" Logan House, Altoona	1.
"	" Livery hire Milesburg to Belle-	1.
66	fonte	1.
"	211110111111111111111111111111111111111	
"	Telegram	
	22 " to operative No 135	
**		
• • •	" " " Singer	

-The Philadelphia Times almanac for 1898, useful and neat as ever, has reached our desk. The Times has not followed in the movement to make its annual as voluminous as possible, but has adhered to its usual custom of publishing the very facts you are looking for in a compact, easily discovered form.

#### The Speedy Downfall of the Teller Resolution.

When the House Got at It—Measure Defeated by Majority of Fifty Votes.—Debated for Five Hours— Then the Rap of the Speaker Came Quickly and the Yeas and Nays Were Called Without Interruption-

WASHINGTON, January 31.—The house of representatives to-day buried the Teller resolution declaring the bonds of the United States payable in silver, under an adverse majority of fifty votes. The Republicans were solidly arrayed in opposition, with two exceptions—Mr. Linney, of North Carolina, who voted with the Democrats were turned on Sheriff Martin eighty-two deputies who were about through a long and trying ordeal. and Populists, and Mr. White, of North Carolina, the only colored member of the house, who answered "present" when his name was called. The desertions from the Democratic side were Mr. McAleer, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Elliot, of South Carolina, both of whom voted with the Republicans against the proposition. Speaker Reed, although it is not customary for him to vote, had his name called, and, amid the cheers of his followers, went on record in opposition to the resolution.

The vote was reached after five hours of debate under a special order adopted at the opening of the session to-day. The limited time allowed for debate and the pressure of members for an opportunity to be heard was so great that the leaders on both sides were compelled to farm out the time by minutes. This detracted much from the continuity of the discussion, but it also in a measure intensified the interest. The galleries were crowded all day long and the combatants on the floor were cheered by their respective sympathizers. Many

ment The majority, under the leadership of Dingley, who made a carefully prepared speech, sounding the keynote of the clause of the resolution was in reality a disguised declaration for the free coinage lishment of the gold standard, to which sensational incidents beyond the hissing of One thing in particular that will need as the author of the "crime of '73" the hot-Mr. Rhea, of Kentucky, when he said that Mr. Dingley opened the debate in oppo-

Mr. Grow, republican, of Pennsylvania, the option would be dishonest and in bad faith. Otherwise the government could set its printing presses at work and soon turn out enough "legal tender" to discharge the government debt.

Mr. Brumm, republican, of Pennsylvania, said he would have voted for the resolution had it not contained the latter ing speeches by Messrs. Bailey, democrat, of Texas, and Henderson, republican, of Iowa, which stirred their respected follow-

ers to a high pitch of enthusiasm. Mr. Henderson created intense enthusiasm as, with the stump of his leg resting on a bench at the right of the speaker's grams he used to see on the Bryan banners. Mr. Bailey-"You will see it again in

1900 " (Democratic applause.) Mr. Henderson—"Yes, and we will tear it down again." (Republican applause.) "It was the three r's," continued Mr. Henderson, "radicalism, rascality and repudiation.

Mr. Dalzell, republican, of Pennsylvania, declared that the resolution was meaningless unless its purpose was to open the mints to the free and unlimited coinage of silver. It was a proposition that the United States stamp its legend on forty-four cents of silver and declare that it was a dollar. It was a proposition of national repudiation, and against it all the force of national integrity and honor were

More sacred than the centuries of his tory, its traditions and its heroes, was its or, and he thanked God that the party in power had been and always would be the protector of that honor.

Promptly at 5 o'clock the speaker an nounced that the time for the vote had arrived. Mr. Pearson, republican, of North Carolina, asked if the vote could not be

After the roll call was completed the speaker asked that his name be called and responded to it with a vigorous "no." The republicans cheered long and loud over the victory, and the house at 5.35 p. m. adjourned

## Tidal Wave in the Adriatics The Sea Receded and Flowed Violently Back in

VIENNA, Feb. 1 .- Reports have been received here of a strange tidal wave which risited the Istrian coast of the Adriatic on January 24th. The sea suddenly receded and flowed violently back in seething, eddying whirlpools. This phenomenon was repeated several times, the retreating of the waters being accompanied by a thun-dering roar. Great numbers of dead fish were cast up on the beach.

Sheriff Martin's Trial Commenced.

Seven Jurors Selected as the Result of the First Session.-No Charges Against Fifteen Men.-The Commonwealth Secures a Nolle Prosse in the Cases of those Deputy Sheriffs Who Were not at Lattimer on the Day of the Shooting.

WILKESBARRE, February 1.-The long looked for trial of Sheriff Martin and his eighty-two deputies, charged with the murder and felonious wounding of a large number of striking miners at Lattimer on September 7th, 1897, was begun in criminal Court to-day. It was a few minutes of ten o'clock when President Judge Stanley Woodward took his seat on the bench. The court room at that hour was crowded suffocation, the lawyers overflowed the bar enclosure; there were about five chairs for about twent-five newspaper reporters. The defendants and witnesses occupied one side of the room and the balance of the seats were given up to those who were fortunate enough to jump their through the door first. Outside in the corridors there was another great jam.

The crowd was of a cosmopolitan character and a veritable babble of tongues. Some of them were relatives of the men who were killed and others came out of curiosity to see what was to be seen and hear what was to be heard. Ten policepassageways leading to the court driven back. Before Attorney Martin rose of the plaintiff for \$781.90. to address the court there was a calm-a pin could be heard dropped. All eyes were turned on Sheriff Martin and the eighty-two deputies who were about 10 go

THE OPENING OF THE TRIAL. The Sheriff did not have the careworn look he did when arraigne I in court shortly after the shooting. The deputies who occupied seats right back of the Sheriff looked like a well-dressed body of business men who came to attend a convention of some kind. Some of them looked like capitalists who could sign their checks for good amounts, and two or three of the party might be taken for clergymen. There was nothing about any of the defendants that any ordinary observer would be led to think that they were men capable of com-

mitting murder. After court was opened the District Attorney arose and said he desired to make a motion. It was that the sheriff and deputies were indicted under the administration of Ex-District Attorney Fell and that he had not had much time in the preparation of the case, and that as Attorneys James Scarlett, J. M. Garman, John Mc-Gahren, E. F. McGovern and P. F. Laughlin had been previously retained in the case they be permitted to assist in the case against the defendants. The motion was allowed and a record made of the same, John T. Lenahan, for the defense, said he would be only too glad if the district Attorney had employed a thousand men to

NO CHARGES AGAINST FIFTEEN MEN. The Commonwealth then asked for a nolle prosse in the cases against Deputy Sheriffs Leonard Babcock, Wallace Drum, John Dougherty, John J. Gallagher, William Mulhall, Fred A. Slippy, William Costello, William Seiwall. Calvin Pardee, Jr. John W. Carcle. Jr., John W. Crooks, Jr., R. C. Warriner, Thomas A. Harris, Samuel Ermold and Craig Anderson.

After considerable argument for and against it the court decided that a nolle prosse be entered.

THE FIRST JUROR.

Four jurors were called and challenged or cause before the first one was secured. He was Eli Weaver, laborer, of Hunlock township, and had read the story of the shooting but once. Had formed an opinion then, but this had been changed to some extent since the occurrence. He had no prejudice against a foreign element and could give a verdict on the law and evidence. After making that statement, Mr. Lenahan said : "Swear the juror. This is the kind of men we want." Weaver was the first juror chosen.

G. R. Shaw, carpenter, of Ross township, was accepted as the second juror.

J. M. Coughlin, Superintendent of the called, and Judge Woodward immediately arose and said : "The juror has asked me to excuse him on account of his position in the schools. As I have no power in the matter, I will refer it to counsel." Martin did not wish to excuse Mr. Coughlin on these grounds, but counsel for the defense said they would excuse him. In answer to Martin's questions, Mr. Coughlin said that he had read of the case and formed an opinion which would prejudice Mr. Coughlin was then excused for

the balance of the week. Aaron Folmer, a rope maker, of Wilkesbarre, was accepted by both sides and he was sworn. Alfred Stevens, clerk, of Wilkesbarre, answered all questions satisfactorily and took his seat in the box. A. H. Shields, carpenter, of Wilkesbarre, was taken as the fifth juror. Herman Gregory, foreman of Huntingdon, was the sixth juror selected. Adam Larsen, tin smith, of Sugar Loaf township, was sworn as the seventh juror. At 6 o'clock court adjourned until Wednesday.

THE JURY FULL AND THE CASE BEGUN On Wednesday the necessary twelve jurors were secured and the trial was begun. A detailed account of the trial would consume too much of our space so we publish only a digest of the case up to Thursday evening's adjournment.

The object of the Commonwealth is now clearly defined. Witnesses are being introduced in an effort to show that the sheriff, instead of selecting his own deputies on his arrival at Hazleton, took men panies whose employes were on strike.

Coming up to the day of the shooting divided on the first and second propositions in the resolution and was answered in the that the strikers started to march from Then came the vote which was followed their leaders not to interefere in any way Harleigh under special instructions from with great interest, notwithstanding the defeat of the resolution was a foregone conclusion.

there came the vote which was londed with great interests not to interested in any way with the authorities and to create no trouble; that while they were on the point of marching through Hazleton to Lattimer the sheriff met them and told them he would not allow them to march through the city, but that they could march around it if they so desired.

> COURSE OF THE DEFENSE. The course of the defense is also quite clear. In the first place they will doubtless, as soon as the evidence for the Commonwealth is all in, make an effort to have the court declare that the Commonwealth had not made out a case, basing their argument on the assertion that the sheriff was fully empowered, under the circum-

stances, to do what he thought necessary to keep the peace; that he was the only proper person to determine just what mea ure was necessary to effect the dispersal of these strikers, and prevent the alleged threatened rioting.

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Doings of the Second Week of Court.

The Centre County Quarter Sessions Reported by S. D. Gettig.—Doings of a Busy Week.—The Court Still in Session and Will Make a Full Week.

The second week of the January term began on Monday and the business has stretched out into a full week of court. The most important cases considered have been the following

J. B. Ard and P. F. Bottorf vs the Pine Grove water company; ejectment. Continued

Lillie E. Essington vs Mary M. Boileau. Continued Mary V. Hale and Ellen H. Andrews vs

the Central R. R. Co., of Penna. Continu-Delores R. DeCasanova, guardian Harry Keller, administrator of etc., of Emilian C. DeVillaverde. Verdict in fa-

vor of the plaintiff for \$10,000, with interest from July 1st, 1898. Henry Fryer, use of John Hoffa, Jr., vs the Iron City Mutual fire insurance company of Pittsburg, Pa. This suit was rought to recover on a policy of insurance against fire, placed upon the house and personal property of the plaintiff at Co-burn, Pa., by the defendant company, men were kept busy trying to keep the which property was totally destroyed by fire on the 26th day of August, 1896, after

> The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to use of Elizabeth Weaver and Anna Gentzel vs Charles C. Bartges and Ivy W. Bartges, executors of etc., of John Hettinger, in lunacy, and William Pealer and F. W. Heckman. Settled.

W. E. Delmage vs A. M. McClain and Isaac Thomas, partners, trading as A. M. McClain & Co. Continued. Mrs. A. R. Long vs Cyrus Gordon Con-

Margaret C. Brockerhoff and Andrew

Brockerhoff, administrators of etc., of Henry Brockerhoff vs Caroline A. Orvis and E. L. Orvis, executors of the last will and testament of John H. Orvis, deceased, summons in assumpist, plea non-assumpsit. This case grows out of the sheriff's sale of the William Stump farm in Potter township, lying on both sides of the Bellefonte and Youngmanstown turnpike, in January, 1870 against which Henry Brockerhoff, had had liens amounting to about \$15,000, and on the 26th day of January, the day set for the sale of the said farm an agreement was entered into by and between the law firm of Orvis & Alexander, and Henry Brockerhoff the terms of which the said firm of Orvis & Alexander were to buy the said farm; after which portions of the farm were to be sold and thus liquidate-the liens held by the said Brockerhoff against the farm. Sometime in

tinued at cost of plaintiff.

his deed poll to Henry Brockerhoff for the one-half interest and to J. H. Orvis and C. T. Alexander to each one-fourth interest, and about the same time a portion of the farm was sold for \$9,000, which reduced the liens to about \$6,000. About the same der to Henry Brockerhoff for \$3,500. Some years afterwards Judge Orvis' interest was sold to the Bellefonte building and loan association, and afterwards purchased by Mr. Brockerhoff, whereupon this suit is brought to recover from the estate of judge Orvis the one-half of this mortgage, which the representatives of the estate allege has long since been paid as the mortgage has ssion of the mortgaged prem- and sank. been in no is. On Tuesday morning the plaintiffs offered to amend their pleadings in the case, and a juror was withdrawn and the case continued at the costs of the plaintiffs, and a rule granted on the defendants to show

November, 1871, the sheriff acknowledged

cause why the plaintiffs should not be allowed to amend their pleadings. Joseph S. Ford, executor of George W. Ford, deceased, vs William J. Jackson, Eleanor H. Jackson, David D. Woods and John Shook, ejectment. Continued at the cost of the plaintiff.

G. G. Snyder and James Snyder, trading as Snyder Bros., use of etc., vs. Thomas public schools in Wilkesbarre, was next Collins. Continued at the cost of the defendant

John Curtin and H. R. Curtin, trustee vs J. L. Bathurst, summons in ejectment.

Continued at the costs of the plaintiff. Mary S. Thomas vs Thomas Butler and Burdine Butler. This case grows out of the placing in the hands of the sheriff sometime during the summer of 1897 an execution to enforce the collection of a note he held against David R. Thomas, the husband, upon which Burdine Butler is bail, farming implements and household goods in Patton township as the property of David R. Thomas, and which Mary S. Thomas claims as her property, having received a portion of it from home and the balance by virtue of a bill of sale executed and delivered to her from her husband David R. Thomas on a valid claim which she alleges she held against him and this action is brought to test the title to the property levied upon by the sheriff. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff generally.

Ardell Campbell, convicted of larceny last week, was sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar, costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment in the penitentiary for a period of two years and three months

On Wednesday forenoon the case of Alice Garbrick vs J. B. Gentzel, summons in trespass, plea not guilty, was taken up. This case grows out of a dispute of a line between lands of both the plaintiff and the defendant in Spring township. The case was still on trial when court adjourned last

### Bomb Explosion in Havana. Residence of the Ex-Mayor Nearly Wrecked.

HAVANA, Jan. 31. - Luio Cora Lazo, who recently returned to Cuba from the African prisons, exploded a bomb at the private residence of the conservative exmayor of Havana, senor Miguel Diaz, about midnight last night. Lazo was captured. The body of lieutenant Joaquin Ruiz, executed by order of the late general Nestor Aranguren for visiting an insurgent camp, was taken to Quinta Molina, Havana, the

# Leiter Causes Bad Flour.

body is lying in state.

residence of the captain general, where the

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.-Joseph Leiter, according to experts in the trade, is forcing ids of people to eat darker bread than has been seen since the introduction of the patent roller process. His control of 15,000,000 bushels of contract wheat means, they say, that the millers are grinding up corn and other things as flour. Commissioner of health Reynolds will analyze flour to determine the nature of the adulterations which are said to have resulted in a general prevalence of dark and

Hastings on the Capitol Plans

The Governor Protests Against the Awarding of ing Would Neither be Complete, Fire-Proof, Nor Ready for the Use of the Next Legislature, as Required by the Act of April 14, 1897.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 1.-Governor Hastngs addressed a letter to state treasurer B J. Haywood, secretary of the capitol building commission, to-night protesting against awarding any contract for the erection new Capitol under the terms and conditions issued by the commission and the plans of specifications accompanying them. The overnor states that under the proposals and specifications of the commission, if the contractor were to provide all the materials and perform the work in exact compliance with every detail, the building would neither be complete, fire-proof nor ready for the use of the next Legislature, as required by the act of April 14, 1897. combined plans, specifications and proposals contemplate a building manifestly incomplete, both structurally and architecturally

"The specifications provide for marbl facings on only two sides of the building,' Governor Hastings adds, "the two end walls to be of rough brick, without windows. As the building will be so placed as to be viewed on all sides, to have two ends faced with polished marble and the door open and keeping the idlers out of the place. Some insisted on using physical power to get in the room and had to be ical power to get in the room and had to be ical power to get in the room and had to be ical power to get in the room and had to be in the room and had to b capitol building you are authorized to build a part of a greater structure which you are not authorized to build, and for which no appropriation has been made. Although your plans and perspective show a massive and imposing dome, yet your specification provide for no dome whatever."

POINTS BROUGHT OUT BY THE GOVERNOR. The Governor calls attention to the fact that much of the woodwork will be temporary, "notwithstanding the fact that the contractor must give a bond for the completion of the work by November 15, when the building is required by the act to be completed." He says if the work be temporary, the permanent work will take place after November 15. Among other things, the Executive says plastering of the Senate and House chambers, the rotunda and some other rooms will be omitted; that no provision whatever is made for heating and ventilation, nor for gas or electric lighting. He takes the ground that unless these things are provided for in the original contract, the commission cannot make a sepa-

rate contract for them hereafter. The Governor argues at length that the commission is not authorized to make a temporary structure, requiring further appropriations of money to complete the building; neither has it the authority to make the building a fractional part of a larger building. That work belongs to the General Assembly. He says experience has shown in the erection of public buildings the wisdom of confining the total cost to a specific sum. He urges the commission, in conclusion, to so modify their plans and specifications as to require a completed. fire-proof building adequate for the use of the General Assembly, to the end that no stain may come upon the honor and sound judgment of the men selected by the people of the State as their trustees to perform this responsible duty.

# Steamer Wrecked, 22 Lives Lost.

PLYMOUTH, February 1. — The mail teamer Channel Queen has been totally wrecked off the island of Guernsey.

The Channel Queen, which ran between
Plymouth and the island of Jersey, struck on the rocks during a fog th

The latest report is that twenty-two were drowned, the chief engineer, strokers and eighteen passengers, including fourteen onion sellers, who were drowned

in their cabins when the sea swamped the

even their clothing.

correct and others away off.

The answers will not be published until next week so that if you are still working whereupon the sheriff levied upon a lot of don't neglect sending in your result before the 9th.

AN HONOR MAN .- The Balitmore Sun, on Saturday, Jan 29th, published the following personal item that will be of interest to the friends of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. David J. Beale, of Philadelphia: Mrs. Beale was Miss Mary Moore, of this county, before her marriage.

At the recent junior prize debate at Prince ton University the first prize was won by Wilson T. M. Beale, son of Rev. D. M. Beale, of Philadelphia, formerly pastor of the Light street Presbyterian Church, Baltimore.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.—Following is the list of marriage licenses granted by orphan's court clerk, G. W. Rumberger, during the past week.

E. P. Lucas and Nora I. Spotts, both of Union township. Wesley W. Tate, of Lemont, and Ida M. Love, of Tusseyville.

Wesley Thomas, of Ferguson township, and Cora Parker, of Centre Hall. John Smith and Bessie McLaughlin, both of Boggs township.

THE COMING MINSTRELS.-Next Friday night, Feb. 11th, Guy Bros., minstrels will be at Garman's. Their former appearances in Bellefonte have been very satisfactory. Of their this year's performance the Jackson, Michigan, Courier has the following to say :

This superb company held the boards at the Hibbard last evening, and it was the universal verdict that this is the very best universal verdict that this is the very best minstrel troupe that has visited Jackson in many a day. Each member of the company is an artist in his line. The company came here apparently unheralded, possibly the fault of its press agent, and the character of the performance last night was an agreeable surprise to those present. The Guy Bros. have too good a company to allow remission in the way of advertising. Should they see fit to make another date for Jackson this season, or at any time in the future, they can rest assured that a crowded house will greet them. The Courier takes pleasure in stating the fact that there is not a mediocral feature in their entertainment. There is also an entire absence of alleged wit, bordering on vulgarity.

with palms and smilax, while the bridal warty and the young guests enjoyed their wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast delight.

THE QUESTION OF A SCHOOL DIRECTOR FOR THE NORTH WARD .- There is little use wasting words over the importance of electing competent men as school directors, for no office is filled at the spring election that require, incumbents of more sober judgment and carefulness than that of school director. In the North ward of Bellefonte two very estimable men are presented on the Democratic and Republican tickets. They are J. C. Meyer, Esq. and H. C. Quigley, Esq. Both are gentletlemen who command the esteem of the citizens of the town, but Mr. Meyer's service in the schools, advantage of age over his opponent, and years of experience as a patron and teacher in the public schools of Bellefonte equip him most admirably for a director

While we intend nothing disparaging of Mr. Quigley we do believe that in a contest for the position of school director the qualifications of the man should be paramount. Mr. Meyer's long connection with the public schools and active interest in their conduct make him far more conversant with their needs than his opponent.

His locating in Bellefonte was brought about through the schools, for he came here, in 1881, to accept the assistant principalship. In conjunction with the late D. M. Leib, Mr. Meyer did much for our educational system and in the winter of 1883. when the High school was established, he was made its principal. The firm foundation upon which the curriculum of the High school is based is largely due to the good judgment and practical educational foresight exercised by him in establishing the school. Even after he had retired as an instructor he manifested a lively interest in school work and has been spokesman for the graduating class for the last six or eight years. In addition to this he has kept up a cash prize to that member of the graduating class of the High school who shall prepare and deliver the best biography on a celebrated American author or statesman.

Mr. Meyer sends his daughter to public schools and thus, by every tie, is interested in the work. Knowing these facts the voters of the North ward will have little warrant to miss such an opportunity to elect a director whose service would not be problematical

TERRIBLE (?) COMBAT WITH A MAD-DENED BUCK .- We don't ask any of, our readers to believe this story and only publish it to show what a versatile writer can do when he gets an idea and a little ground work to fasten it to. It has been going the rounds of the state papers, being published as a fact, but being so well acquainted with this kind of "fairy tale" the WATCHMAN made an investigation which disclosed the untruthfulness of the story, consequently it is only published to show you how stories are made.

An exciting story is told of a fight A. G An exciting story is told of a light A. G. Baker is supposed to have had recently with a buck in the Spruce Run game preserve in Centre and Clinton counties. As the story is related, Baker heard cries for help as he was passing along a lonely path in the preserve and hurrying to the spot beheld a great buck pawing and tearing at a man that was prostrate on the ground. Quickly securing a club, Baker rushed to the rescue, striking the animal a terrific blow in hope of driving it away. The buck lunged sideways and the man who was down, and who proved to be one of the wardens on the preserve, sprang to his feet, and though his clothing was torn to shreds, he seemed but little injured and and hurrying to the s The rescued passengers lost everything, even their clothing.

even their clothing.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—William Allison, conductor on the Lewisburg freight, was struck on the head by car step, while making a coupling at Paddy mountain siding, a few days ago, and seriously injured. At first it was thought that his skull was crushed, but it is not.

THE PROBLEMS.—The WATCHMAN has had a great many answers to the problems published last week, some of which are properties and others away off. en he was able to make his way home

JOHN SHUMAN FURST MARRIED .- The marriage of John Shuman Furst, second son of Hon. A. O. Furst, of Bellefonte, to Miss Pauline Mirick Houston, of Williamsport, was celebrated at the home of the bride's mother, in that city, at noon last Thursday.

In its report of the ceremony the Williamsport Sun published the following:

The ceremony took place in the east parlor, which was tastefully decorated with high palms; long strings of smilax encircled the entire room. The southeast corner of the room was a perfect bower of palms, and it was here that the ceremony occurred. A miniature altar had been erected, and the bride and groom knelt upon two white silk cushions during the ceremony, while the minister stood back among the palms. The Stopper and Fisk orchestra was stationed in the library, and discoursed low, sweet music during the ceremony. during the ceremony.

It was just high noon when the bridal par-

It was just high noon when the bridal party entered the east parlor in the following order: The groom, John Shuman Furst, and his brother, William S. Furst, of Philadelphia, who acted as best man; the maid of honor, Miss Jane Furst, of Bellefonte, sister of the groom, and the bride, Miss Pauline Mirick Houston. Upon entering the room the groom turned and met the bride and they both marched to the altar, upon which they knelt while the Rev. Dr. Roberts performed the

ceremony.

The bride was attired in a blue traveling suit and carried a large bouquet of violets, to which was attached a long chatelaine. The which was attached a long chatelaine. The maid of honor wore a tailor-made gown to match the bride's dress and carried a huge bouquet of red carnations with a chatelaine. Immediately after the ceremony an elaborate wedding breakfast was served in the west parlor and dining room, under the direction of A. Laedlin, caterer. The older members of the party breakfasted in the west parlor, which was profusely decorated with palms and smilax, while the bridal party and the young guests enjoyed their with palms and smilax, while the bridal party and the young guests enjoyed their wedding breakfast in the dining room. American beauties were the decorations here. During the wedding breakfast delightful music was discoursed by the Stopper and Fisk orchestra. Only the immediate relatives of the families were present at the

woman and an heiress.