

FARM NOTES.

—Have a good dust bath on hand for the fowls always, and provide a plentiful supply of grit if they are kept in small runs.

—Whenever green material is plowed under use lime. About thirty bushels per acre will answer, and if 10 bushels per acre are applied every year thereafter the land will be benefited in many ways. Lime is plentiful and should be used on all farms.

—The burdock, considered a nuisance in this country, has been cultivated as an article of food in Japan for centuries. The roots, leaves and tender shoots are cooked and eaten, and the annual value of the burdock crop is said to be about \$400,000.

—Wheat oil soap is harmless to plants, and is an excellent insecticide for certain kinds. One pound of the soap in eight gallons of water, sprayed on rose bushes with a syringe, will destroy aphides. It should be used liberally, however. Many plants kept in the house may be safely washed with the solution.

—June and July are the months for digging the peach tree borer out of the trunks. The work may be done without injury to the trees, and is very necessary. The method is to cut into the opening made by the borer or insert wire, but care should be used so as to insure the destruction of the borer.

If barnyard manure were applied with land plaster to the grape vine—the plaster in much greater quantities than usually employed—we would have a fertilizer specially adapted to the production of grapes. It is a mistake not to make greater use of stable manure in our vineyards.

—A good milk cow has broad hind quarters and thin forequarters, thin and deep neck, pointed withers, head pointed between the horns, flat and fine boned legs and fine hair. Choose one with udders well forward, wide apart and large enough to be easily grasped. A medium sized cow will give more milk in proportion to the food she eats.

—The currant worm does immense damage to currant bushes every year, and unless kept down will put an end to the crop. The remedy for the currant worm is white hellebore, an ounce of the powder being dissolved in two gallons of water, applied with a fine sprinker. The mixture will also destroy slugs on rose bushes. The substance used is very poisonous, and should be kept in some place where no mistake can be made with it by any member of the family.

—Potash is the mineral that is most needed for the potato crop. But it is much better distributed as a top dressing over the whole surface than applied with the seed potatoes in the hill. The potato roots very early in their growth fill the soil between the rows. When mineral manures are applied in the hill, unless care is taken to mix them thoroughly with the soil, they may eat into the cut seed, and effectually destroy the germ. When used broadcast on the surface there is no danger of this.

—At the rates at which wheat bran always sells for in spring it is quite as profitable for feeding to buy wheat and have it ground whole without bolting. If this makes too heavy a feed some more bran added to keep it from clogging the stomach, or perhaps some oats ground with the wheat may be added. Yet for the nutrition afforded the whole wheat ground makes a cheaper feed than does the bran, and for both horses and cows it can be safely fed with cut hay, cut corn stalks or cut straw.

—Beginners with poultry who desire to keep large flocks should commence with a few and gradually increase. Not only is this the easiest way to utilize the capital to the best advantage, but by raising the hens they can be bred for the purposes desired. When one goes to the market, or on the farms to buy hens there is a liability of bringing this disease and lice on the farm. Any mistake made in the beginning will be difficult to overcome later. About 100 hens per acre are sufficient, as failures occur mostly in attempting to keep to many fowls on a limited area of land.

—Many medicinal plants can be grown with profit, as the demand for some kinds is increasing. Absinthe (wormwood) can be raised as far north as New England, and this country imports it from Europe. Saffron, which sells for \$8 per pound, may be grown in nearly all sections. Peppermint and spearmint feed ready sale, and sage which is well known to every farmer, is imported, frequently selling at \$150 per ton. Then there are horshoof, boneset, mandrake, blood root, pennyroyal, etc., which are regarded as weeds in some localities, all of which are largely used and have a value in market.

—All the necessity for care is not herded when the hen is duly installed in her three weeks' task and is setting faithfully. The Asiatic breeds of fowls, including such crosses as the Plymouth Rock, are so persistent in setting that unless the poulters tempt to eat they may addle the eggs by too much warmth and exclusion of the air. The egg is porous, and the young chick must get all the air it requires through the shell. As hatching time approaches there is less danger of adding the eggs by cold, even if the hen is off some time. The warmth from the chick will keep the egg from getting cold, anyway. Sprinkling the eggs with tepid water is useful where the sitting is too persistent.

—A spraying mixture claimed to be cheaper than Paris green, is composed as follows: Two pounds of arsenic, eight pounds of sal soda and 40 pounds lime, the total cost of the spraying mixture being 70 cents, or 3 cents per barrel as a solution. The quantities mentioned will make 800 gallons of spraying mixture. Dissolve the arsenic by boiling with carbonate of soda in two gallons of water (ordinary washing soda), which mixture can be kept always ready for use. Boil in an old iron pot for 15 minutes, or until the arsenic is dissolved. When wanted for use slake two pounds of lime and add 40 gallons of water. Into this pour a pint of the arsenic mixture. This preparation will not burn the leaves of plants. It makes a milky colored spray, which can easily be seen on the plants, and is not only cheaper than Paris green, but more uniform in strength and fully as efficacious.

—Of 127 seniors and 165 juniors who took the State Normal school examination, at Bloomsburg, only 3 and 4, respectively, failed.

—Subscribe for the WATCHMAN.

Medical. A SUFFERER RELIEVED.

A Tale of Suffering and Subsequent Relief.

From the Press, Columbus, Ohio.

One of the many persons in Columbus, Ohio, who have been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is Miss Jerusha McKinney, of 50 South Centre street. Miss McKinney is well and favorably known, especially in educational circles, as she has been for a number of years, a faithful and progressive school teacher. For some time she has been very ill and the sufferings and tortures endured by her for months have been unusually severe. The tale of her sufferings and the subsequent relief and final cure which she derived from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, aroused considerable agitation among her many friends and others. A reporter was detailed to obtain a reliable account of this marvelous case, and when he called he found Miss McKinney at her comfortable and cozy home where she cheerfully complied with his request. She said: "The first indication that I had that anything was radically wrong with me was about three years ago. I suffered the most excruciating pains in different parts of my body and was almost crazed at times. My sleep was disturbed by horrible dreams and I began to waste away to almost a shadow. To add to my other afflictions the malady assumed a catarrhal turn and I was soon a victim to that horrible as well as disgusting disease. I consulted the family physician who gave me some kind of a nostrum and I was foolish enough to imagine that it benefited me. I followed the advice of the physicians but noticed no perceptible improvement in my condition and was about to despair of ever becoming a strong and well woman again. "Some of my lady friends were calling on me one afternoon and before them I happened to mention my troubles, when one

of them recommended that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I had never had any faith in medicines of that kind and paid but little attention to the suggestion. It was not long after this, however, that I again heard the pills highly recommended, by several persons, and then it was that I decided to give them a trial and purchased one box of the pills. I soon began to notice an improvement in my condition and before the whole box had been taken my health was so much improved, that I was about ready to begin singing the praises of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. "I was not yet thoroughly convinced and decided to wait a while before growing enthusiastic over the results, and had begun on the second box before I was confident that I had at last found a medicine to meet the requirements of my case. I discontinued my calls to the physicians and have left them alone since. I am now as well and strong as I ever was in my life; I am entirely free from all pains and never felt better in my life. I eat regularly and sleep like a babe. No more are my slumbers haunted with fearful dreams and when I retire at night I go to sleep at once. I regard Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People as my salvation, and would recommend them to all ladies troubled as I was. The pills are more than what is claimed for them and anyone giving them a trial will soon come to the same conclusion regarding their merits that I have. "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., for 50c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

Don't Waste Coal. The World is Burning Up its Fuel Supply Too Fast.

The whole system of locomotion is threatened with imminent revolution. The two horses, one of flesh and one of iron, one eating oats and the other coal, find their vocations going away together. Science threatens to burn their carcasses on the same pyre. Electricity offers itself as a locomotive force for the nations. The steam locomotive, vaunted emblem and token of the greatest of centuries, finds itself at the close about to be relegated to the great ash heap of curiosities before which civilization stands laughing. But the thing is not yet certain. We cannot make haste to dig a grave for the locomotive. It may be that the twentieth century will still demand that heavy, clumsy, but very efficient brute whose office it has been for two generations to carry man and his products to the ends of the earth. The substitution of electricity for steam as a motive force on the great railways of the United States, which now seems so imminent, will be, if it comes, the most marvelous single change that has ever occurred among the physics of the civilized life of man.

Oddly enough, the event is held back by one of the caprices of progress. The strength of the locomotive is its imperfection. The application of steam to engineering has cost civilization more dearly than any other flaw in her apparatus. The acceptance of electricity as the one great motive force is strongly impeded by a circumstance which, according to all logical deduction, ought long since to have been obviated. This circumstance lies in the application of heat, or rather in the evolution of heat and its economy in the production of power. Fully four-fifths of all the fuel of the world is thrown away. The 70,000,000 people in the United States are burning up their own most precious resources with an absolute waste of more than 80 per cent of the whole. Victor Hugo called the Parisians for sending annually through the sewers 25,000,000 francs into the sea. What shall we say of the whole world shoveling coal into the roaring throats of 100,000,000 furnaces? There is not an engine anywhere, or ever was, that economizes more than 20 per cent of the fuel which it devours. —John Clark Kidpath in Brooklyn Times.

Train Through a Trestle. Seven Persons are Known to be Dead and the List May Reach 25. KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 26.—The St. Louis express, on the Washburn railway, which left here at 6:30 this evening, plunged through a trestle at Missouri City, Mo., at five minutes after 7 o'clock, carrying down the entire train, with the exception of the rear car Pullman.

The gorge, which a few hours previously was practically empty, had become a raging torrent because of a tremendous down-pour of rain, and the structure was weakened. Seven persons are known to be dead, and the list may reach 25. There were 35 passengers in the chair car, and only a few of these are accounted for.

—Of the thirty-six wealthiest men in the United States, seven made their start in Cleveland, Ohio. These are John D. Rockefeller, William Rockefeller, H. M. Flagler, estate of S. V. Harkness, Oliver H. Payne, W. P. Thompson and H. A. Hutchins. None of these is worth less than \$20,000,000. The wealth of John D. Rockefeller is estimated at \$100,000,000.

Solomon in all his glory never lived as the members of a Legislative investigating committee do, nor had so good a time. In fact Solomon would learn a good deal were he living to-day.

Spuds—Young Harkness seems very pensive to-night. Do you suppose that he has fallen in love? Spatts—Oh, no. He is only breaking in a pair of tight shoes.

Business Notice. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper of every bottle of Castoria. When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

Cyclone's Havoc in the West. One Man Killed and Quantities of Crops Destroyed.

SEDALIA, Mo., June 25.—During a heavy storm this morning some freight cars were blown onto a siding and struck by a passenger train. A man in the car was killed. Crops were utterly destroyed.

FOOT SCOTT, Kan., June 25.—Over six inches of rain fell last night during the storm.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 25.—Hailstones as big as hen eggs fell last night destroying the windows in nearly every building in the city.

RICH HILL, Mo., June 25.—A tornado last night destroyed a set of kilns and a set of furnaces of the Cherokee-Longrow smelting company. The fair grounds buildings were demolished and many business blocks unroofed. The damage to crops will reach thousands.

"You know how you grumble when you wait for me to do a little shopping?" "Yes."

"Well I watched you yesterday and you stood three hours at a corner waiting for baseball returns." —Chicago Record.

Fell Thirty Feet.

Mrs. B. J. Swanger, wife of a South Lebanon farmer, is dying from injuries received in a fall from a cherry tree. She fell thirty feet and is injured internally.

Castoria.

C C A S T O R I A C C A S T O R I A C C A S T O R I A C C C A S T O R I A

FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

DO NOT BE IMPOSED UPON, BUT INSIST UPON HAVING CASTORIA, AND SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

CHAS. H. FLETCHER

IS ON THE WRAPPER. WE SHALL PROTECT OURSELVES AND THE PUBLIC AT ALL HAZARDS.

C C A S T O R I A C C A S T O R I A C C A S T O R I A C C C A S T O R I A

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

New Advertisements.

We are selling a good grade of tea—green—black or mixed at 28c per lb. Try it. SECHLER & CO.

TUBS, PAILS, WASH RUBBERS, BROOMS, BRUSHES, BASKETS. SECHLER & CO.

Lyon & Co. LYON & Co. Dr. Salm.

WARMER WEATHER IS COMING. Provide yourself with comfortable hot weather clothing.

Our prices are right—always lower and our qualities better than our competitors.

Umbrellas. We have again opened a new lot of those 26in. Gloria Silk Umbrellas, natural stick, loop handles or Dresden handles, 85c. 26in. blue Gloria, natural stick handle, 95c. Better quality, tight roll, fancy ivory handles, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75—these qualities are as good values as you can get from other merchants at \$1.00, \$2.00, \$2.50. A very handsome Taffeta Silk 26in. Umbrella, tight roll, at \$2.50, real value \$3.50.

Laces. Just opened another new lot of Fine Laces in French, Valenciennes, Point de Paris and Oriental. Children's Hose. A full line of Hosiery for children in Fast Black, sizes 3 to 9, from 5c. a pair up to 50c. A full line of Russets from 10c. up to 50c.

Parasols. Children's Fancy Parasols 25c. and 75c. A handsome line of Fancy Silk Parasols for ladies in the new novelties—brown, blue, green, at \$1.75, real value \$2.50. Just opened another lot of White Silk Parasols, in plain and ruffled, from \$1.25 to \$2.50—excellent values at these prices.

Organdies. Just opened another lot of Organdies, from 7c. to 25c. We have frequently been told that our styles and patterns are the best in the town. Our 25c. imported Organdy is as handsome as you can buy elsewhere at 50c.

Silk Mitts. A full line of White, Black and Colored Silk Mitts, from 15c. to 50c.

Shoes. Have just opened another lot of Children's Slippers, in tans and ox-bloods, from 50c. up. Have just opened another lot of Ladies' Oxfords, black and colors—from 9c. up. Have just opened another lot Ladies' Shoes, in black and colors, laced or buttoned, the new coin toe, at \$1.25, \$1.40, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50—excellent values at these prices. Are just opening another lot of Men's Shoes, black and colors, in laced or congress, from \$1.00 to \$3.50—all the new toes.

WE HAVE BEEN VERY BUSY IN OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Since the special sale began, and will keep up the great sale of these high values at the low prices. If you have not seen those All Wool Pants at \$1.49 come in before they are all sold. A nobby pattern All Wool Cassimere Pants, real value \$3.50, our price \$2.49. An excellent quality Corduroy Pants, real value \$3.50, our price \$2.50. A full line of the stylish Brown Plaids in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits in All Wool from \$2.50 to \$10.

—Come in and see that we do more than we advertise. The goods we sell possess the qualities that increase and hold the trade.

G. LYON, trading as LYON & CO. BELLEFONTE, PA.

New Advertisements.

EDWARD MCGUINNESS, TAILOR. McClain Block, opposite the Bush House, Second Floor. A Full Line of Spring and Summer Suits is Now Being Shown to Purchasers of Fine Clothing. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. FOR WOMEN ONLY.

ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE.

THE FIDELITY MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION WILL PAY YOU IF DISABLED BY ACCIDENT. Absolute protection at a cost of \$1.00 to \$2.25 per month. If disabled by an accident \$20 to \$100 per month. If you lose two limbs, \$200 to \$5,000. If you lose your eye sight, \$200 to \$5,000. If you lose one limb, \$50 to \$2,000. If you are ill \$40 per month. If killed, will pay your heirs, \$200 to \$5,000. If you die from natural cause, \$100.

You cannot lose all your income when you are sick or disabled by accident. The Fidelity Mutual Aid association is prominently the largest and strongest accident and health association in the United States. It has \$8,000,000 cash deposits with the States of California and Missouri, which, together, with an ample reserve fund and large assets, make its certificate an absolute guarantee of the solidity of protection to its members. For particulars address J. L. M. SHETTERLY, Secretary and General Manager, San Francisco, Cal.

Insurance.

THE UNION MUTUAL LIFE PORTLAND, MAINE. FREED E. RICHARDS, President. J. FRANK LANG, Secretary. ORGANIZED 1818. NEARLY FIFTY YEARS OF SUCCESSFUL PROGRESS AND SQUARE DEALING WITH POLICY HOLDERS.

CONDENSED ANNUAL STATEMENT DEC. 31, 1896. Assets: \$7,039,323.43; Liabilities: 6,331,975.24; Surplus: 707,348.19. Total Payments to Policy-Holders: \$29,225,727.38; Total Insurance in Force: 38,086,843.01.

Our policies are all up to date and have the endorsed cash values—paid up insurance values and protected by the popular Marine non-forfeiture law. Below we give a list of rates according to different ages under popular term plan—computed on a basis of \$5,000 insurance.

Table with 2 columns: Age and Rate. Age 25 \$0.11, Age 35 \$0.15, Age 45 \$0.21, Age 55 \$0.27, Age 65 \$0.39, Age 75 \$0.55, Age 85 \$0.85, Age 95 \$1.25.

These premiums are reducible each year by amount of dividend which may be used towards reducing the cost. J. E. LAWRENCE, Manager. Office over Centre Co. Bank, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Attended by her father, Frank Richardson, Dunlo, Cambria Co., Pa. Suffered for 15 Years With Nervous, Inward and Ear Trouble, Tried a Half Dozen Doctors, and a Pile of Patent Medicines, but Had to go to Dr. Salm to be Cured. For 15 years I have suffered very much with nervous, inward and ear trouble, and my condition grew worse and worse. I tried a half dozen doctors, and piles of patent medicines, to no avail. I went to Dr. Salm, and, thanks to his knowledge as a physician, I consider myself entirely cured. Those pains, which came every month, and the fearful nervous prostration resulting therefrom, has entirely left me and I feel happy once more. Mrs. W. M. JON, New Florence, Westmoreland Co., Pa.