

State College.
THE PENN. STATE COLLEGE.
Located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots in the Allegheny Region; Un-denominational; Open to Both Sexes; Tuition Free; Board and other Expenses Very Low. New Buildings and Equipments.
LEADING DEPARTMENTS OF STUDY.
1. AGRICULTURE (Two Courses), and AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY, with constant illustration on the Farm and in the Laboratory.
2. BOTANY AND HORTICULTURE; theoretical and practical. Students taught original study with the microscope.
3. CHEMISTRY with an unusually full and thorough course in the Laboratory.
4. CIVIL ENGINEERING; ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING; MECHANICAL ENGINEERING. These courses are accompanied with very extensive practical exercises in the Shop and the Laboratory.
5. HISTORY: Ancient and Modern, with original investigation.
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11. MILITARY SCIENCE; instruction theoretical and practical, including each arm of the service.
12. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT; Two years carefully graded and thorough. Commencement Week, June 14-17, 1896. Fall Term opens Sept. 9, 1896. Examination for admission, June 18th and Sept. 8th. For Catalogue of other information, address:—
GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL. D., President, State College, Centre county, Pa.
27-28

Democratic Watchman

Bellefonte, Pa., May 29, 1896.

An Unmitigated Steal.

While Republicans never cease, when Democrats are in power, charging them with extravagance, they lose their keenness as watch dogs of the treasury when they themselves are in control. A case in point is now at hand. The bill, providing annual clerks for members of Congress, will require an expenditure of \$427,000 each session, and double that for two years; and the bill provides the money shall be paid to the Congressmen, and by them paid to the clerks. But why are not these clerks put on the pay roll? This would prevent Congressmen putting any of the money in their own pockets as they are charged with doing. If the appropriation is meant to pay the clerks, there could be no harm in putting their names on the pay roll, and having them paid as other employes of the House are; but if it were intended that Congressmen should rob a part of the clerks' salary and charge the government \$1,000 a year for what costs them \$300 or \$500, they are pursuing the proper course. A Washington correspondent, interested in this waste of public money says: "The House of Representatives is becoming prodigal in a selfish manner. The passage of a bill providing annual clerks for members of the House will necessitate an annual expenditure of \$427,000. The reprehensible feature of this extravagance is the provision that the money shall be paid to the Congressmen, and by them paid to the clerks, instead of putting the clerks on the pay roll. It is an open secret that very many of the Congressmen draw the full amount of \$100 per month, and pay their clerks or stenographers as little as possible. One Congressman living at a prominent hotel in Washington, who draws \$100 per month during the session, employs a bell boy, who writes shorthand, to typewrite his letters at ten cents each, the aggregate per month being about \$35. Thus the Congressmen pockets about \$600 per annum, in addition to his regular salary. The appropriation for annual clerks is an unmitigated steal from the public treasury." This is a leak that should be stopped in some way, and would be if people thoroughly understood it.

Not a Statesman.

McKinley Has Little Except His Tariff Views to Recommend Him.
Senator Cullom thinks McKinley is less qualified for the office of president than any other conspicuous candidate.
Possibly Senator Cullom's views may be somewhat colored by the fact that McKinley is making considerable inroads upon the Illinois delegation but nevertheless there are many people who agree with the man who looks something like Lincoln.
The fact is that ex-Governor McKinley has never given any special evidence of statesmanship. The legislature for which he is chiefly noted—the McKinley bill—was repudiated by the American people with as much emphasis as any legislation of recent years. In fact many prominent protectionists think the bill was bunglingly and injudiciously drawn up.
As governor of Ohio McKinley did not add to his reputation. In fact many people of Ohio do not hesitate to say among themselves that in executive qualities their late governors showed himself deficient. McKinley did not make a great governor of Ohio.
No campaign of shouting at Columbus and fat frying later on can make a candidate really great. Major McKinley is an amiable and well intentioned man, but there is much presidential timber of sounder quality in his party than he.—Boston Globe.

General Weyler's Tobacco Edict.

General Weyler's edict against the exportation of tobacco will seriously affect American merchants as well as Cuban planters. It seems to have been framed with a double end in view. First, by postponing the carrying into effect of the proposed embargo for several days it will enable a few governmental favorites at Havana who have stocks on hand ready for export to extort exorbitant profits from impatient purchasers; and secondly, and then by cutting off foreign competition, will place the Cuban planters who have not been able to bring their crops to market at the mercy of a small ring of manufacturers.
The imports of Havana leaf tobacco into this country in 1895 amounted to nearly 26,000,000 pounds, and it remains to be seen whether a despotic Captain General will be permitted to lay an embargo upon our trade in a time of peace and indifference of treaties of amity and commerce. An embargo is strictly a war measure, and implies the existence of a conflict between two legitimate belligerents—a state of affairs which the Spanish authorities in Cuba have persistently asserted does not exist.

Damage to Trees by Electric Wires.

It is a question whether the stringing of electric wires in cities and villages will not destroy a large proportion of the trees. Complaint is made in several cities that where the wires pass through the foliage the trees in nearly every instance have died, presumably from the effects of the electric current. It has been noticed also that the death of the trees almost invariably follows a season of rain, when the wet leaves are good conductors of electricity and carry it from the wires to the trees. In some cases the death of trees has been caused by wires supposed to be thoroughly insulated, the covering having been rubbed off the wires by the friction of the branches when moved by the wind. The evidence that the trees have been killed by electricity is furnished by the fact that in numerous instances the trees through which the wires pass died in an hour during a storm, while those standing a few feet from the wires were uninjured. These results will raise the question as to the liability of electric light companies for the damage caused by the killing of shade trees.—*Scientific American.*
Reduced Rates to Democratic National Convention.
For the Democratic National Convention, to be held at Chicago, Ill., July 7, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell on July 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th, excursion tickets to Chicago and return at a single fare for the round trip.
These tickets will be good for return passage until July 12th, inclusive.
For specific rates, sleeping car accommodations, and time-tables apply to nearest ticket agents.
Cooper produced his best tales when a young man. He always believed his first, written when he was about 20, was his best.

The Fox that Jackson Feared.

How It Was Vanquished by a Captain Who was a Total Abstemious.

"About daylight of the day before the second battle of Manassas," said the Confederate officer at a recent reunion of the blue and the gray. "I was ordered to report to Gen. T. J. Jackson, with a detail of 100 men, for special orders. I went out one to headquarters and presented the orders I had received. Gen. Jackson came out, and beckoning me to follow him, rode some fifty yards from his staff and then turned to me and halted.
"Captain, do you ever use liquor?" he asked.
"No, sir," I replied.
"A smile lit up his rugged face as he said, 'I sent for a special detail of 100 men under command of an officer who never used spirituous liquors. Are you that man?'"
"Yes, sir," I said, 'I was detailed on that account.'
"Well, then," he continued, 'I have an order to give upon the execution of which depends the success of the present movement and the result of the battle soon to be fought.'
"If to keep sober is all that is needed, General, you may depend upon me," I said.
"No," he answered, 'that is not all; but unless you can resist temptation to drink you cannot carry out my orders. Do you see that ware-house over there? pointing to a large building a little way off. 'Take your command up to that depot, have the barrels of bread rolled out, and sent down to the railroad track, so that my men can get it as they pass, and then take your picked men into the building and spill all the liquor there; don't spare a drop, nor let any man taste it under any circumstances. This order I expect you to execute at any cost.'
"He turned, and was about to ride back to his staff, when I called hastily: 'One moment, General! Suppose an officer of superior rank should order me under arrest, and then gain possession of the ware-house?'"
"Coming up close to me, and looking me through and through, as it seemed to me, he said, with a look of solemnity that I never shall forget:
"Until I believe you in person you are exempt from arrest except upon my written order. I fear that liquor more than Pope's army," he added, as he rode rapidly away.
I took my men down to the ware-house, which had become so important, and there a guard around it, placing five men at each entrance, with orders neither to allow any one to enter, nor to enter themselves.
The next thing was to roll out the bread, which we did. Just as we were finishing that task I was called to one of the entrances to find a general officer with his staff demanding that the guards should either allow him to enter or bring him out one liquor. Of course I refused to comply with the command upon which he ordered to level their guns and make ready.
This made the General halt, in spite of his thirst, and hold a consultation with his officers. They concluded to try persuasion, since they could not get what they wanted by force. But they found that method of no more avail than the other. Then they demanded to know my name and what command I belonged to, and threatened to report me for disobedience.
I should never have yielded, and whether they would have pushed things to an extremity, in their raging desire for the liquor. I do not know; but just at that moment Gen. A. P. Hill came galloping up with his staff and naturally wanted to know what was the trouble. I explained the situation, which the quick-witted General took in at once, and ordered the thirsty squad off.

Just Be Pleasant.

There are some people who remind you of a chestnut burr. They appear to have batteries of prickly points trained on all sides to warn one against any but an armed approach. There are knights not only of the sorrowful but of the "Don't touch me." Their motto seems to be "Don't touch me." Their manner chills the most ardent desire to become upon good terms with them. They warn off all approaches as an iceberg does a ship full of people. And yet their exterior may do their real feelings great injustice. In reality they may have a heart which longs for friendship and sympathy which they are denied by their unfortunate outward demeanor. Like the boy who persists in spite of stuck fingers in opening the prickly burr and is rewarded by obtaining the succulent chestnut, so he who persists in getting beyond the outward and forbidden aspect of the people under discussion will often be astonished at the wealth of human affection he will discover.

By being pleasant we do not mean that a man shall go through life with a silly smirk and insincere smile upon his countenance. Nothing is really more repelling to the thoughtful mind than to witness such because the stamp of insincerity is too clearly revealed. But one can be pleasant in his demeanor without being hypocritical. If a stranger, for instance, asks you a question, the tone and manner of your reply will at once convey to him whether you are willing and gratified to be of service to him or not and make him decide if it is worth while for him to attempt to continue the conversation. A gruff monosyllabic answer will often prevent an intimacy which might prove very profitable to the man who delivers it.

Some people have a habit of preventing and destroying friendships by simply taking exception to every proposition advanced in their hearing by anybody else. They do this it seems, for the sake of arguing or being contrary. These discussions settle nothing as to the real merits of the case, and have no value whatever, for the amount of ignorance they develop is as a rule appalling, but they do develop heat and passion and ill feeling. A man who wants to be on good terms with his fellows can easily turn these unfriendly arguments into a peaceful talk without surrendering any of his views, if he will go about it in the right way. If he will just try real hard to be pleasant he will find that his people will cease to be so disagreeable and so undesirable as he had supposed them to be, when he himself was doing his best to be unpleasant.

"If you eat what you like, and digest it, you will surely be strong and healthy." But if you don't digest it, you might almost as well not eat it at all; for good food you don't eat, you just don't nourish it?
If you find that you can't digest it, there is a simple help for your stomach.
It is Shaker Digestive Cordial, made by the Shakers of Mount Lebanon. It has never failed to cure the worst case of indigestion.
Strength and health come from the food you eat, after it has been digested and has gone into the blood.
The best tonic is digested food. The best aid to digestion, Shaker Digestive Cordial.
If you have acid eructations, nausea, headache, wind, dizziness, offensive breath, or any other symptoms of dyspepsia, Shaker Digestive Cordial will cure you.
At druggists. Trial bottle 10 cents.

RESULTS TELL THE STORY.—A vast mass of direct, unimpeachable testimony proves beyond any possibility of doubt that Hood's Sarsaparilla actually does perfectly and permanently cure diseases which impair blood. Its record of cures is unequalled and these cures have often been accomplished after all other preparations had failed.
Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache.
Well Matched.
"Do you think that we shall suit each other?"
Splendidly! You possess a very fine loud voice and she is terribly hard of hearing.—*New York World.*
Are you ever annoyed by a buzzing or roaring sound in your head? Have you difficulty in hearing distinctly? Are you troubled with a continual dripping of mucus, irritating the throat, and causing you to cough? Is your breath unpleasantly affected and accompanied with bad taste? Is your hearing less acute? If so, you have catarrh and should at once procure a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, the best known remedy. The Balm will give instant relief.

Do not be deceived by cheap imitations. Hood's Sarsaparilla is made in the United States. All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have such an abiding confidence in it, and buy it almost to the exclusion of all other Sarsaparilla and blood purifiers.
HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1.
Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c. 41-20
FAT FOLKS REDUCED!
PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL.
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907 Broadway, N. Y. City.
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New Advertisements.
FINE TABLE SYRUPS. NEW-ORLEANS MOLLASSES. PURE MAPLE SYRUP, IN ONE GALLON CANS, AT \$1.00 EACH.
SECHLER & CO.
Fine Job Printing.
FINE JOB PRINTING
—A SPECIALTY—
AT THE
WATCHMAN'S OFFICE.
There is no style of work, from the cheapest Dodger* to the finest.
—BOOK-WORK.—
that we can not do in the most satisfactory manner, and at
Prices consistent with the class of work. Call at or communicate with this office.

Reduced Rates to Republican National Convention.
For the Republican National Convention to be held at St. Louis, Mo., June 16th, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell on June 11th, 13th, 14th, and 15th, excursion tickets to St. Louis and return at a single fare for the round trip.
These tickets will be good for return passage until June 21, inclusive.
For specific rates, sleeping car accommodations, and time tables apply to nearest ticket agent.
Reduced Rates to Democratic National Convention.
For the Democratic National Convention, to be held at Chicago, Ill., July 7, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell on July 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th, excursion tickets to Chicago and return at a single fare for the round trip.
These tickets will be good for return passage until July 12th, inclusive.
For specific rates, sleeping car accommodations, and time-tables apply to nearest ticket agents.
Cooper produced his best tales when a young man. He always believed his first, written when he was about 20, was his best.

Attorneys-at-Law.
JAS. W. ALEXANDER—Attorney at Law Bellefonte, Pa. All professional business will receive prompt attention. Office in Hale building opposite the Court House. 36 14
D. F. FORTNEY—Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Woodring's building, north of the Court House. 14 2
HASTINGS & REEDER—Attorneys at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office No. 14, North Allegheny street. 28 13
N. B. SPANGLER—Attorney at Law, Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office in the Eagle building, Bellefonte, Pa. 40 22
H. S. TAYLOR—Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office No. 34, Temple Court, fourth floor, Bellefonte, Pa. All kinds of legal business attended to promptly. 40 49
JOHN KLINE—Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building in German. Can be consulted in English or German. 29 31
W. C. HEINLE—Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Hale building, opposite Court House. All professional business will receive prompt attention. 30 16
J. W. WETZEL—Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office No. 11, Cridler's Exchange, second floor. All kinds of legal business attended to promptly. Consultation in English or German. 30 4

Physicians.
THOS. O. GLENN, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Boalsburg, Pa. 41 3
W. S. GLENN, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, State College, Centre county, Pa., Office at his residence. 35 41
A. HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office No. 29, N. Allegheny street. 11 23
Dentists.
J. E. WARD, GRADUATE OF BALTIMORE DENTAL COLLEGE, office in Cridler's Stone Block, High street, Bellefonte, Pa. 34 11
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JACKSON, CRIDER & HASTINGS, (Successors to W. F. Reynolds & Co.) Bankers, Bellefonte, Pa. Bills of Exchange and Notes Discounted. Interest paid on special deposits; Exchange on Eastern cities. Deposits received. 17 39
Insurance.
J. C. WEAVER—Insurance Agent, believes in business in 1878. Not a single loss has ever been contested in the courts, by any company while represented in this agency. Office between Jackson, Crider & Hastings bank and Garman's hotel, Bellefonte, Pa. 34 12
GEO. L. POTTER & CO., GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS, Represent the best companies, and write policies in Mutual and Stock Companies at reasonable rates. Office in Furst's building, opp. the Court House. 22 5
Hotel.
CENTRAL HOTEL, MILESBUURG, PA.
A. A. KOHLER, Proprietor.
This new and commodious Hotel, located opp. the depot, Milesburg, Centre county, has been entirely refitted, furnished and replenished in the most complete manner. It is now second to none in the county in the character of accommodations offered to the public. Its table is supplied with the best market affords, its bar contains the purest and choicest liquors, its stable has attentive hostlers, and every convenience and comfort is extended to its guests.
Through travelers on the railroad will find this an excellent place to lunch or procure a meal, as all trains stop there about 25 minutes. 34 24
Nurseries.
WANTED—ENERGETIC MEN to solicit orders for our hardy Nursery Stock. Expenses and salary to those leaving to go to other parts of the country will be paid. Permanent Employment. The business easily learned. Address THE R. G. CHASE CO., 149 S. PENN. SQUARE, Philadelphia. 40 35 1y.

Beautiful Legend of the Pretty Lilies.
Lilies of the valley in France are called "virgin tears" and are said to have sprung up on the road between Calvary and Jerusalem on the night following the crucifixion.
Medical.
SALES TALK
Hood's Sarsaparilla has enjoyed public confidence and patronage from the beginning to a greater extent than was ever accorded any other proprietary medicine, because it possesses greater merit and produces greater cures than any other. These are facts easily proven, if you are interested, by asking any dealer in the United States. All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have such an abiding confidence in it, and buy it almost to the exclusion of all other Sarsaparilla and blood purifiers.
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