Democratic Watchman.

Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 20, 1895.

Sketches of Our Candidates

List of the Nominees of the Williamsport Democratic Convention, and a Sketch of Their Careers—Several Notable Names.

Benjamin F. Meyers, of Harrisburg, the Democratic nominee for State Treasurer, is a native of Somerset county and is about 65 years of age. He is a printer and was for years proprietor and editor of the Harrisburg *Patriot*. Mr. Meyers is one of the best known Democrats of the State, and is the recognized leader of the party in Dauphin county. He served one term in Congress, and was also postmaster at Harrisburg under Cleveland. Since he sold the *Patriot* Mr. Meyers has been engaged in the street railway business and has large interests in that direction.

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Judge Christopher Magee was born in Pittsburg, and is the last of one of its oldest families. He graduated with the honors of his class and entered upon the study of law in the office of the late Judge Sharswood and Hon. William M. Reid, of Philadelphia. He served as a member of the Legislature before entering fairly upon his legal career, associated with the late Judge John H. Bierly. He was appointed to fill a vacancy on the bench of Allegheny county in 1884 by Gov. Robert E. Pattison and was elected to succeed himself by a vote which was little below that of James A. Beaver for Governor.

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Peter P. Smith of Lackawanna, was born in Wayne county, June 2, 1851. He was admitted to the Wayne bar in 1874 and elected district attorney in 1875. In 1887 he removed to Scranton, where he built up a large practice. In 1892 Gov. Pattison appointed him to the bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Connelly. He was nominated by the Democratic party for the full term, but was defeated at the election by a small majority. Judge Smith is a man of marked ability and is regarded as a high authority on constitutional law.

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Judge Oliver Perry Bechtel, of Schuylkill was born in Northumberland county, January 31, 1842. He was a school teacher in early life, but studied law with Francis W. Hughes, formerly Attorney General of Pennsylvania, and was admitted to the bar in 1866. In 1873 he was elected to the State Senate, serving three years. He was elected judge of Schuylkill county in 1887, and re-elected by the largest majority ever given any candidate in that county. Judge Bechtel is regarded as one of the ablest Common Pleas judges in Pennsylvania.

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Judge Harmon Yerkes, of Bucks county, is a native of that county and is 52 years of age. He was elected district attorney of Bucks county for two terms, and in 1873 was elected to the State Senate, and re-elected in 1876. In 1883 he was the Democratic nominee for judge in Bucks, defeating Judge Rowe, then on the bench. He was re-elected in 1893, defeating Gen. B. F. Fisher, of Chester county, who was the Republican nominee. Judge Yerkes was a prominent figure in the State Senate and has a distinguished reputation as a judge.

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Charles H. Noyes is a native of Michigan, but has spent nearly all of his life in Warren county. He is 44 years old, strikingly handsome, and popular at his home. He carried his county for Senator in 1884, but was defeated in the district by J. W. Lee. He was elected judge of the Warren-Forest district in 1890. He is married and has two children. He gained considerable notoriety some few years ago when he appeared as chief counsel for J. M. Guffey in his suit against E. M. Hukill in the court of West Virginia. The suit involved over $150,000 and was won by Guffey.

—

James Sharp Moorhead was born on a farm near Indiana, Pa. He is 48 years old, and has spent all his legal life at the Westmorelaud court, for he is regarded as a brilliant lawyer and is the attorney for about all the corporations in his neighborhood. He has a large and happy family and is fairly well off. At his home he is strong with Republicans and Democrats. He is somewhat of a churchman.

THE PLATFORM ON WHICH THEY STAND.

The following is the platform adopted at the recent convention in Williamsport:

First—The Democratic party, in State convention assembled, hereby renews its allegiance to, and declares its faith in, the principles of Democracy as formulated by Jefferson and illustrated by Madison, Monroe, Jackson and Cleveland. It congratulates the American people upon the first fruits of the Democratic administration which inherited from its Republican predecessor a bankrupt treasury and unwise financial legislation, impaired public credit and widespread disaster, and which, under the sagacious, courageous and patriotic leadership of its great President, Grover Cleveland, led the people out of the slough of despondency to the high ground of substantial and increasing prosperity. We challenge the fairness of our countrymen and ask that the Democratic party now receive the benefit of that renewed prosperity whose welcome note is heard on every side.

Second—The enactment of the Sherman purchase act and the McKinley tariff law found, as acurately predicted by Mr. Cleveland, their results in bankrupt railroads, closed factories, ruined farms, abandoned fields, impaired national credit and general disaster. The repeal of such iniquitous legislation and the substitution of more modern tariff laws have found their immediate results in the resumption of business and the restoration of the national credit.

Third—As vindicating the principles of tariff reform, to which the Democracy is unalterably pledged, we challenge especial attention to the fact that such prosperity and the consequent material increase of wages has been most pronounced in the industries whose existence our opponents claimed was dependent upon high tariff duties. The gloomy prediction that the iron and steel industries of Pennsylvania would be destroyed by a reduced tariff has been contradicted by their present unexampeled prosperity.

Fourth—We invite the attention of the wage earners to the fact that the present voluntary increase of wages of those employed in the manufacturing industries amounting to not less than $250,000,000 was absolutely unknown under the McKinley tariff act. To prevent the reactionary legislation threatened by the Republican party of Pennsylvania in their recent State convention, which would again depress business by destroying faith in the present conditions, we invite our fellow countrymen throughout the land, irrespective of party, so to act together as to insure by the election of a Democratic President in 1896 the maintenance of the present prosperity.

Fifth—We especially reaffirm so much of the platform of the last Democratic National convention as calls for the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country; but the dollar of coinage of both metals must be of intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted by international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metels and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the payment of debts. We believe that such parity could not be maintained by the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and we are therefore opposed to any legislation looking to that end.

Sixth—We arraign and condemn the present State administration, both in the executive and legislative branch of the government, for its refusal to reapportion the State in accordance with the mandates of the Constitution; for its profligate waste of public money; for its creation of private awards and useless public offices; for its degradation of the public service in factional contests; for its unnecessary increase of official salaries to the detriment of the many deserving charities of the State; for its legislation favorable to the interests of corporations and monopolies.

Seventh—we challenge comparison between this State administration, which has been so faithless to its pledges, and the wise economical and honest administration of Robert E. Pattison, which, in the stainless purity of its record, silenced partisan malignity, and justly merited and received the almost universal approbation of this Commonwealth.

Eighth—We especially invite the sober consideration of the people of this State to the remarkable factional struggle in the Republican party, a struggle, which involved no principle or public policy, but simply the supremacy of contending factional leaders. The worst arraignment at our hands of Republican misrule falls short of what representative Republican newspapers and leaders testified of each other. The admitted prostitution of the public service the invocation of corporate influences, the misuse of judicial appointments and the consequent prostitution of the judiciary, the corrupt use of money in the purchase of delegates, the attempted terrorism at Harrisburg by men of the most abandon-type, marks the high water mark of political debauchery. It but needed to complete its infamy the transparent hypocrisy, which led a convention thus constituted to adopt with laughter, resolutions condemning the the very methods by which its delegates had been selected. Such condemnation of "the growing use of money in politics," the corporate control of the Legislature, municipal councils, political primaries and elections, the enslavement of public officers and employes, favoritism in granting contracts and the granting of exclusive franchises in public necessities, while valuable as evidencing the truth of the accusations of the Democratic party in the last quarter of a century, yet coming from the very source which is responsible for these evils, constitutes the crowning insult to the intelligence of a forbearing and long suffering people.

A Chance for Democracy.

If the Democrats of Pennsylvania stand together for the ticket they selected on Wednesday, there is good reason to believe they can land three or four of their candidates for the Superior Court as winners. As every one knows, who has any knowledge of the undercurrents of political movement in Pennsylvania at the time, the harmony established at Harrisburg between the Republican factions is superficial. Behind the harmony there are hardly masked and inveterate hatreds. The men whose schemes were frustrated and whose ambitions were balked by the success of Senator Quay care much less for success under his leadership than for immediate revenge. The nominees on the Republican ticket, with but one or two exceptions, were the open or secret opposers of the man to whom they owe their nominations. Their places were flung at them because the victor had no use for the baubles or disdained to make a new distribution. In this situation neither of the factions has any special interest in the result, and an opportunity is opened to the Democracy to take advantage of their mutual mistrust.

The Democratic candidates for the Superior Court can strengthen their position before the people by getting together, sending a joint letter of acceptance and agreeing to refuse the acceptance of their salaries in case the Legislature shall hereafter abolish the Court. This will make specific the general denunciation in the platform of both parties of the creation of new offices and Republican extravagance. It will show that Democrats, at least, know how to live up to the standard of their public professions.

Having an incomparably better ticket and better position than the divided and self-accused opposition, there is every inducement to Democratic unity in Pennsylvania and every prospect of success.

——Judge B fell down a flight of stairs, recording his passage in bumps on every stair until he reached the bottom. A servant ran to his assistance, and raising him up, said: "I hope your Honor is not hurt?" "No," said the Judge, sternly, "my honor is not hurt, but my head is."

Centre County School Statistics For the Year Ending June 1895.

Districts.	Number of Taxables.	Total amount Taxes Levied.	State Appropriations.	No. Schools.	Length of Terms.	No. of Teachers holding high grade Cer-tificates.	Number of Pupils Enrolled.	Per centum of Attendance.	Mills levied for School Purposes.	Mills levied for Building Purposes.	Wages.
Bellefonte	1224	10545.39	4347.65	15	9	13	767	91	7	.....	$30 to $133⅓
Benner	388	1244.24	1378.18	7	6	.....	232	81	2	.....	32.50
Boggs	622	1708.11	2220.00	13	6	2	531	85	4	.....	30 and 32
Burnside	151	424.55	547.00	4	6	.....	124	76	4		3 35
Centre Hall	185	723.33	660.67	8	8	1	118	90	6	.....	32 and 50
College	569	1384.45	2021.09	10	6	2	407	85	1½	.....	30
Curtin	170	1000.00	610.84	5	6	1	196	86	7		3 32 and 35
Ferguson	541	2005.85	1921.63	15	6	1	475	83	2½	.....	28
Gregg	647	2149.74	2323.00	14	6	2	476	83	2½	.....	27 to 55
Haines	511	1502.71	1829.28	10	7	4	462	76	2	.....	28 to 32
Half Moon	212	1570.01	763.68	6	6	.....	181	79	3		2 30
Harris	331	1309.28	1186.37	6	6	1	229	82	3	.....	30 and 45
Howard Boro	212	755.70	756 58	4	7	3	158	89	6	.....	28 to 40
Howard	315	886.00	1133.09	7	6	1	249	84	4	.....	30
Huston	235	770.10	848.93	5	6	.....	212	62	6	.....	26
Liberty	408	1140.31	1459.87	9	6	2	301	83	4	.....	30 and 45
Marion	186	755.68	674.88	5	6	.....	168	83	2	.....	30 and 33
Miles	541	2412.32	1921.63	10	7	4	360	85	3		1 26 to 40
Milesburg	210	750.00	763.63	3	7	2	128	81	6½		1 34 to 42.50
Millheim	260	910.88	930.62	4	7	.....	215	83	4		1 30 to 50
Patton	294	658.34	1047.84	5	7	1	250	75	1½	.....	30
Penn	381	970.88	1363.97	6	6	1	236	79	1	1	28 and 30
Philipsburg	1120	9619.21	3992.45	15	9	14	852	96	14	.....	45 to 166⅔
Potter	581	2267.67	2070.82	15	6	6	446	89	2½	.....	24 to 32
Rush	656	2781.50	2330.11	16	8	3	513	85	10		2 35 to 45
Snow Shoe	492	1850.41	1754.68	11	7	4	494	77	4		4 25 to 50
South Philipsburg	182	501.14	667.78	2	8	1	112	90	10	.....	40
Spring	808	3869.95	2870.02	19	6	4	677	82	3	1	27 to 35
Taylor	163	842.68	578.98	5	6	.....	158	73	10	.....	26 and 28
Union	254	882.66	937.73	6	6	1	260	88	5	.....	30 and 35
Unionville	150	723.21	539.90	3	7	1	104	90	9	.....	30 to 40
Walker	423	2025.80	1502.50	9	6	3	355	85	3½	.....	30
Worth	258	602.96	937.73	6	6	.....	257	76	3	3	30 and 35
	13680	61545.06	48993.13	273	66	78	10703	83	4.7	.7	

NOTE—The amount of the state appropriation due each district is based upon the number of resident taxables, as certified by the county commissioners, and is paid on the receipt at the Department of Public Instruction of the certificate of the president and secretary, approved by the county superintendent, that the schools have been kept open, "according to law, &c." In seventeen districts the state appropriation exceeds the money raised by local taxation, and the most of these districts have the minimum length of term, —six months and wages below the average. The number of provisional certificates granted considerably exceeded the number of teachers employed who hold such certificates. This condition showed one the necessity of raising the standard somewhat, and I acted accordingly in the examination work for the current year.

In the year included in the above statistics, seventy-seven applicants were rejected, whereas over one hundred failed to qualify for the current year.

Of the 275 teachers employed, 197 hold provisional certificates 28 have professionals—33 have permanent certificates—and 17 have State Normal diplomas. 13 of the above number are graduates of Colleges, and 37 had no previous experience.

C. L. GRAMLEY,
County Superintendent.

A Unique Instance of Devotion.

"Tommy was a disreputable little fellow when he first made his appearance at the mission," said an East Side worker. "He is not a thing of beauty to-day, but there is a decided change in his favor since he gave up his street companions. He is perfectly devoted to us, and shows his appreciation of the only kindness he has ever known by wishing to 'do things' for us continually. He sweeps the street and goes on errands for us occasionally, and to show how thoroughly in earnest he is to help us and to save a cent for us if he can, let me tell you a story.

"Tommy came to the mission the other day, after his work was done, to see if we wanted anything done. It was one of the warmest days we have had and Tommy looked exceedingly warm and not overclean.

"'Yes, Tommy,' I said to him, 'here's a letter for our pastor which I want mailed at once, and here is a dime, with which buy a special delivery stamp and put it on the letter.'

"Tommy said he knew what to do, and hurried away. Hours later he returned, much warmer than when he left the place, less clean by several degrees, and all he was a dissolving view in neutral tints. In his left hand he held the dime which I had given him, and between finger and thumb in the right hand he held what seemed a patch of discolored pulp.

'Here, Miss,' he said, extending his left hand, 'is the ten cents. I didn't have nothing to do, so I just carried the letter there, and here,' advancing the pulp-like bit which he held in his right hand, 'is the stamp that was on the letter, I licked it off."

"There may be better, grander and more aesthetic ways of showing devotion to a cause," said the story-teller, "but there certainly could be nothing more expresive of sincerity than Tommy with his licked-off stamp."

A Cheeky Little Lamb.

The Rev. Dr. Meredith, a well known clergyman, tries to cultivate friendly relations with the younger members of his flock. In a recent talk to his Sunday school he urged the children to speak to him whenever they met.

The next day a dirty faced urchin, smoking a cigarette and having a generally disreputable appearance, accosted him in the street with:

"Hullo, doctor!"

The clergyman stopped and cordially inquired:

"And who are you, sir?"

"I'm one of your little lambs," replied the boy, affably. "Fine day."

And, tilting his hat on his head, he swaggered off, leaving the worthy divine speechless with amazement.—*Pearsan's Weekly.*

NEW JERSEY GRAPE JUICE SENT TO EUROPE.—Mr. Speer, of New Jersey, has a reputation extending over the world as being a reliable producer of Oporto Grape Juice and Port Wine. His Oporto Juice and Port Wine are ordered by families in Dresden, London and Paris for their superior medicinal virtues, and blood making quality, owing to the iron contained in the soil in which the vines grow.

——With an advance of four dollars a ton in the price of steel rails, railway building will become decidedly more expensive than it would have been last year. Confidence is a wonderful thing.

——You can't get rich by gaining the $500 reward offered by Dr. R. V. Pierce to any person finding a mineral poison or injurious drug in his "Pleasant Pellets"—for there's no such thing in them. But you can get well—and health is the first step towards fortune—by taking the "Pellets" whenever troubled with biliousness, constipation, indigestion, jaundice and other derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

——The peanut trust is broken. No wonder the country fairs through the State are such a success this off year.

——Those of the colored people of the South who want to leave their native land ought to be able to find some country more acceptable than Mexico or Liberia. What would they think of Europe, in some parts of which there is plenty of room for settlers? Within a quarter of a century we have got from the countries of Europe about ten million immigrants, the loss of whom must have created many vacancies which our dissatisfied negroes might fill. Could not a half million of them get a chance to make a living in England, which is said to be free from color prejudice, and as many more in several of the other European countries lying between the Atlantic Ocean and the Ural Mountains? It would not be reciprocity for any European country which sends people here to refuse to admit people from the United States.

We do not want our colored friends to go away but those of them who are bound to go anyhow may find it as well to strike for Europe as for any part of Africa or Mexico.—*The Sun.*

——The annual address of the president, Hon. John Wanamaker, will form the principal feature of the opening session on Tuesday evening, October 8, of the 31st annual convention of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School association at Williamsport, Pa. Mr. Wanamaker is so well known as a Sunday-school superintendent and excellent speaker that no doubt there will be scarcely an inch of extra room available at the opening meeting of the convention. Added to this are the general arrangements that have been planned with great care and abundant fertility of resources, under the able leadership of General Chairman of the Committee Mr. T. M. B. Hicks of Williamsport. There is certain to be a very large attendance. Further particulars concerning the convention can be obtained by addressing the secretary, Dr. C. J. Kephart, Annville, Pa.

——Doctors prescribe Laxol because it has all the virtues of Caster Oil and is palatable.

New Advertisements.

FOR RENT.—Good seven room house on Allegheny street, Bellefonte Apply to E. BROWN, Jr.
40-13

WANTED BY THE CHASE NURSERIES ENERGETIC MEN to solicit orders for our hardy Nursery Stock. Expenses and salary to those leaving home, or commission to local agents. Permanent Employment. The business easily learned. Address The R. G. CHASE CO., 1430 So. Penn Sq., Phila
40-35-1y.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Bellefonte Gas Company for the necessary quantity of coal to supply the Steam Heat Works for the season of 1895-'96. All bids for the same to be in the hands of the Secretary on or before 12 o'clock noon, Wednesday, Sept. 25, 1895: The company reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
JOHN C. MILLER, Secretary.
40-36-2t.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Estate of Edward Wellington, deceased, late of Bellefonte borough.
Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned.
KATE WELLINGTON,
20-36,61* Bellefonte, Pa.

NOTICE.—In persuance of the provisions of the 11th Section of the Act of Assembly of May 24, 1871, and also Act of Assembly of 1889, relative to catching fish in any of the streams of the Commonwealth of Penna. by means of fish baskets, eel wires, kiddles, brush or facine nets, or any permanently set means of taking fish. All of which are declared common nuisances by said Act of Assembly. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Sheriff of Centre county, that such contrivances are known to exist in certain streams in Centre county, and the owners or managers of said contrivances are hereby ordered and directed to dismantle the same so as to render them no longer capable of taking or injuring the fishes of said stream, and if at the expiration of ten days, from the publication of this notice the same are still known to exist, they will at once be demantled in accordance with the provisions of the said 11th Section of the aforesaid Act of Assembly.
JOHN P. CONDO,
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Sheriff.
Sept. 12 1895. 40-36-

New Advertisements.

DIVORCE NOTICE.—

Ida R. Ardery, Libellant, vs. P. G. M. Ardery, Respondent, } In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county. No. 64 Jan. Term. 1885.

Please take notice that the undersigned was appointed a commissioner by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, to take the testimony of witnesses in the above stated case and report the same to Court; and that he will have a meeting at his office in Crider Excharge, Bellefonte Pa., on Saturday the 5th of October, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of his appointment, when and where all parties interested can be present if they see fit.
N. B. SPANGLER,
40-36-3t Commissioner.

COURT PROCLAMATION.
SPECIAL TERM.—Whereas the Hon. John G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the County of Centre, and the Hon. C. A. Faulkner and the Hon. Benj. Rich, associate judges, in and for said county, having issued their precept bearing the date the 26th of August, 1895, to me directed, for holding a special term of the Court of Common Pleas, for the said county of Centre, notice is hereby given that the said special term of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer, Terminer and General Jail delivery, Quarter sessions of the peace and orphans court of Centre county will convene on the 2nd Monday of October, being the 14th day of October, 1895, upon which said court all jurors summoned to attend are hereby required to attend.
Given under my hand at Bellefonte, the 26th day of August, 1895, and the one hundred and eighteenth year of the independence of the United States.
JOHN P. CONDO,
40 35 Sheriff.

Tourists.

A Golden Harvest.

Is now assured to the farmers of the West and the Northwest, and in order that the people of the more Eastern States may see and realize the magnificent crop conditions which prevail along its lines, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y has arranged a series of three (3) Harvest Excursions for August 29, September 10 and 24, for which round trip excursion tickets (good for return on any Friday from September 13 to October 11 inclusive) will be sold to various points in the West, Nothwest and Southwest at the rate of about one fare.

For further particulars apply to the nearest coupon ticket agent or address John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. Williamsport, Pa.

Central Railroad Guide.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF . . . PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down No. 5	No 3	No. 1	May. 13, 1895.	Read Up. No. 2	No.4	No.6
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Lv Ar.	a. m	p. m.	p. m.
†8 15	†3 33	†7 40	BELLEFO'T	10 20	6 10	10 47
8 29	3 47	7 54	... .Nigh	10 07	5 57	10 32
8 35	3 53	8 00	.. ..Zion	10 01	5 51	10 27
8 40	3 58	8 05	..Hecla Park	9 56	5 46	10 22
8 42	4 00	8 07	....Dunkles	9 54	5 44	10 20
8 46	4 04	8 11	HUB'.ERS'G	9 50	5 40	10 17
8 50	4 08	8 15	.Snydertown	9 46	5 37	10 13
8 52	4 10	8 17	.....Nittany	9 44	5 35	10 10
8 54	4 12	8 19	.....Huston	9 42	5 33	10 08
8 56	4 14	8 21	....LAMAR	9 40	5 31	10 05
8 58	4 17	8 23	.Clintondale	9 37	5 29	10 03
9 04	4 22	8 28	Krider's S'n'g	9 32	5 24	9 57
9 10	4 28	8 34	.Mackeyville	9 26	5 18	9 51
9 17	4 34	8 40	Cedar Springs	9 20	5 12	9 44
9 19	4 36	8 42	.....Salona	9 18	5 11	9 43
9 25	4 43	8 50	MILL HALL	†9 12	†5 05	†9 37
P. M.	A. M.		Lv. Ar.	A. M.		P. M.
† 9 37	†9 12		.....MILL HALL	8 13		5 05
10 05	9 40		..Jersey Shore Junc.	7 45		4 35
10 45	10 12		.WILLIAMSPORT	†7 05		†4 00
P. M.	A. M.		Ar. Lv.	A. M.		P. M.
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.		P. M.
*11 15	†10 30		Lv..WIL'MSP'T..Ar	6 55		2 40
	P. M.					
7 12	5 08		Ar.....PHILA.....Lv	*11 30		8 35
	6 45		N. York, via Tamq.			
‡9 30	7 25		.N. York, via Phila. (Foot of Liberty St.)	‖7 30		†4 30
9 25	7 00		.....Atlantic City	9 30		6 30
A. M.	P. M.			P. M.		A. M.

* Daily, † Week Days ‖6.00 P. M. Sunday ‡10.10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia and New York SLEEPING CARS attached to Beech Creek R. R. train passing Mill Hall, East bound at 9.37 p. m. West bound at 8.13 a. m. Pullman Parlor Cars on Day trains between Williamsport and Philadelphia.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

BEECH CREEK RAILROAD,
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., Lessee.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Up. Exp.	Mail.	MAY 12th, 1895.	Read Down. Exp.	Mail.
No. 37	No. 33		No. 30	No. 36
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
	1 35	Ar.....PATTON....Lv		† 3 50
	1 14	.....Westover		4 12
9 25	12 50	.....MAHAFFEY	† 5 00	4 35
9 00	12 15	Lv....Kerrmoor....Ar	5 28	5 05
8 50	12 05	.....GAZZAM	5 38	5 15
8 43	11 58	Ar....Kerrmoor....Lv	5 45	5 22
8 38	11 53	.....New Millport	5 50	5 27
8 32	11 46	.....Olanta	5 58	5 33
8 25	11 37	.....Mitchells	6 06	5 39
8 05	11 18	...Clearfield Junc... Lv Ar	6 26	5 57
7 55	11 10	....CLEARFIELD	6 35	{6 05 / 6 45}
		Ar Lv		
7 45	11 01	...Clearfield Junc...	6 45	6 57
7 35	10 53	.....Woodland	6 53	7 09
7 30	10 47	.....Bigler	6 58	
7 23	10 42	.....Wallaceton	7 03	7 23
7 15	10 32	.Morrisdale Mines	7 12	7 33
7 07	10 22	Lv.....Munson....Ar	7 20	7 40
		Lv Ar		
6 40	9 55	...PHILIPSBURG	7 45	8 05
7 23	10 40	...PHILIPSBURG	7 00	7 23
		Ar Lv		
7 05	10 17	Ar.....Munson....Lv	7 22	7 40
6 40	9 53	.....PEALE	7 45	8 05
6 20	9 33	.....Gillintown	8 06	8 23
6 13	9 25	.....SNOW SHOE	8 12	8 30
5 20	8 26	...BEECH CREEK	8 59	9 24
5 05	8 13	.....Mill Hall	9 12	9 37
4 58	8 07	... LOCK HAVEN	9 18	9 43
4 47	7 58	Youngdale (Wayne)	9 27	9 52
4 35	7 45	Jersey Shore Junc.	9 40	10 05
†4 00	†7 05	.Lv W'MSPORT Ar.	10 12	10 45
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
P. M.	A. M.	Phila. & Reading RR	A. M.	P. M.
†2 40	*6 55	Ar W'MSPORT Lv.	†10 30	*11 15
†8 35	*11 30	Lv...PHILAD'A...Ar	5 08	7 11
†4 30		Lv..N Y via Tam..Ar	6 45	
	‖7 30	Lv.N Y via Phila.Ar	7 25	‡9 30
A. M.	P. M		P. M.	A. M.

*Daily. †Week-days. ‖6.00 P. M. Sunday ‡10.55 A. M. Sunday.

THROUGH PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPING CAR between Clearfield, & Philadelphia daily, except Sunday on trains Nos. 36 and 33.

Through coach to New York, and through Pullman Buffet Parlor cars to Philadelphia on train leaving Williamsport 10.30.

CONNECTIONS.—At Williamsport with Philadelphia and Reading R. R. At Jersey Shore Junc. with the Fall Brook Ry. At Mill Hall with Central R. R. of Penna. At Philipsburg with Pennsylvania Railroad. At Clearfield with Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railway. At Mahaffey and Patton with Cambria & Clearfield. Division of Pennsylvania Railroad At Mahaffey with Pennsylvania & Northwestern Railroad.

A. G. PALMER, Superintendent. F. E. HERRIMAN, Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Philadelphia, Pa.

Railway Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.
May 20th, 1895.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.26 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 6.40 a. m., at Altoona, 7.40 a. m., at Pittsburg, 12.10 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 10.09 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 11.25 a. m., at Altoona, 1.45 p. m., at Pittsburg, 6.50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 5.15 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.33, at Altoona at 7.40, at Pittsburg at 11.30.

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.26 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 6.40, at Harrisburg, 9.30 a. m., at Philadelphia, 12.17 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 10.09 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 11.25 a. m., at Harrisburg, 2.40 p. m., at Philadelphia, 5.47 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 5.15 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.33 at Harrisburg at 10.20 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.28 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 10.30 a. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 4.50 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 5.49 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte at 8.41 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven at 9.40 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.28 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 10.30, leave Williamsport, 12.35 p. m., arrive at Harrisburg, 3.20 p. m., at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 4.50 p. m.: arrive at Lock Haven, 5.49. p. m.; arrive 6.45 Williamsport leave 7.00 p. m., Harrisburg, 10.00 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 8.41 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 9.40 p. m., leave Williamsport, 12.25 a. m., arrive Harrisburg, 3.22 a. m., arrive at Philadelphia at 6.52 a. m.

VIA LEWISBURG.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.20 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9.00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11.30 a. m., Philadelphia, 3.00 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 2.15 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg, 4.47, at Harrisburg, 7.10 p. m., Philadelphia at 11.15 p. m.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

Westward. Mail.	Express.	Day Express.	Express.	May 20, 1895.	Eastward. Mail.	Express.	Day Express.	Express.
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	Arr. Lv.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.
6 33	11 25		6 40	...Tyrone	8 10		3 34	7 25
6 27	11 19		6 34	..E. Tyrone	8 16		3 40	7 31
6 23	11 15		6 30	.....Vail	8 20		3 44	7 35
6 19	11 11		6 26	Bald Eagle	8 24		3 48	7 39
6 13	11 05		6 20	.....Dix	8 30		3 54	7 45
6 10	11 02		6 17	... Fowler	8 33		3 57	7 48
6 08	11 00		6 15	... Hannah	8 35		3 59	7 50
6 06	10 52		6 08	Pt. Matilda	8 42		4 06	7 57
5 52	10 44		6 01	...Martha	8 49		4 13	8 04
5 44	10 36		5 53	....Julian	8 58		4 22	8 13
5 35	10 27		5 44	.Unionville	9 07		4 31	8 22
5 28	10 20		5 37	...S.S. Int	9 15		4 39	8 30
5 25	10 17		5 34	.Milesburg	9 18		4 42	8 33
5 15	10 09		5 26	.Bellefonte	9 28		4 50	8 41
5 02	9 57		5 14	..Milesburg	9 41		5 02	8 53
4 54	9 49		5 07	....Curtin	9 49		5 10	9 01
4 50	9 45		5 03	..Mt. Eagle	9 53		5 14	9 05
4 44	9 39		4 57	...Howard	9 59		5 20	9 11
4 35	9 30		4 48	.Eagleville	10 08		5 29	9 20
4 32	9 27		4 45	Bch. Creek	10 11		5 32	9 23
4 21	9 16		4 35	.Mill Hall	10 22		5 43	9 34
4 19	9 14		4 33	Flemington	10 24		5 45	9 36
4 15	9 10		4 30	Lck. Haven	10 30		5 49	9 40
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.		P. M.	P. M.

TYRONE & CLEARFIELD.

Northward. Express.	Express.	Day Express.	Mail.	May 20, 1895.	Southward. Express.	Express.	Day Express.	Mail.
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	Lv. Ar.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M
7 30		3 15	8 20	...Tyrone	6 35		11 20	6 12
7 36		3 21	8 26	.E. Tyrone	6 29		11 14	6 06
7 38		3 23	8 28	..Tyrone S.	.....		11 12	6 04
7 41		3 26	8 31	.....Vail	6 25		11 09	6 01
7 51