

Democratic Watchman

Terms \$3.00 A Year, in Advance

Bellefonte, Pa., June 23, 1895.

P. GRAY MEEK, Editor.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Prothonotary.—W. F. SMITH, of Penn Twp.
For District Attorney.—W. J. SINGES, of Bellefonte.

General Beaver Appointed to the Appellate Court Bench.

Governor HASTINGS sent official notification to Gen. JAMES A. BEAVER, on Wednesday morning, to the effect that he had been appointed one of the new appellate court judges. An acceptance was immediately telegraphed to Harrisburg, so that after July 1st, when the law establishing the new court becomes operative, General BEAVER will become a member of the new judiciary.

The appointees will meet at Harrisburg this afternoon to organize the State into districts which will be contiguous to the five cities in which the court will sit, viz: Philadelphia, Scranton, Harrisburg, Williamsport and Pittsburg. The provision of the law makes it necessary for the entire court to sit together in each city and the judges are to elect their own presiding officer. The term is for ten years at a salary of \$7,500 per annum.

While the term of this appointment will last from July 1st to January 1st, only, it is understood that the next Republican convention will place all of the appointees in nomination for the regular election in the fall. Whether this understanding will become the fact remains to be seen. The friends of Mr. QUAY claim that the Governor has appointed none but his own personal friends to these positions, in order that he can use them as clubs over the QUAY people in the fight that is now on between the two factions in the Republican party. Should this surmise prove true it is not improbable that the QUAY faction will turn in at the State convention and try to defeat the nomination of any of the appointees announced. This will be part of the revenge the boss will take on HASTINGS if he succeeds in his fight against the administration.

We Are Squelched?

Under the caption "Astonishing Ignorance" the *Gazette* undertook to elucidate for the WATCHMAN's benefit, in its last week's issue. It got very mad because we questioned the truthfulness of editor HARTER's Decoration day declaration "that the war-time President had offered to settle the trouble without a fight by paying for the slaves." And republished a long editorial from the Philadelphia *Times*, of May 15th, in substantiation of its editor's statement.

Not one clause can be found in the article the *Gazette* offers as reference wherein it is stated that President LINCOLN offered to settle, nor have historians ever presumed to make such an untruthful statement. The *Times* editorial behind which Mr. HARTER tries to hide is nothing more than a recapitulation of the HAY and NICOLI biographies of LINCOLN that ran in the *Century* magazine some time ago, which the editor of the *Gazette* evidently does not consider "current literature" since he bases his requirements on a daily newspaper.

Neither Colonel HAY nor Mr. NICOLI, who are accepted as the authentic biographers of Mr. LINCOLN, ever stated that he had made a proposition to the South looking to the remuneration of the South for the slaves at issue. Both concurred, however, in the belief that Mr. LINCOLN favored compensated emancipation, though neither one of them were positive enough in that to fix it as a historical fact.

The *Gazette* shysters out of its dilemma by referring to an article in which its claims are not to be found and then displays its calibre by resorting to school boy or Snyder county, it is hard to distinguish which, tactics to make an argumentation.

The WATCHMAN never said that Mr. LINCOLN did not favor compensated emancipation. It simply took exception to Mr. HARTER's statement that he "had offered to settle the trouble without a fight by paying for all the slaves." He never made such an offer and Mr. HARTER's own reference article will show it.

We don't want to bring about a collapse in the editorial department of the *Gazette*, but we are bound to run this pointer into his balloonship, its editor.

If you want printing of any description the WATCHMAN office is the place to have it done.

Preparing for a Straddle.

Never did a more contemptible set of dodgers and straddlers get together than assembled at Cleveland last week under the name of a convention of Republican leagues.

It was expected that they would give expression to the principles that would form the basis of the Republican claim to popular support, but they shirked everything that could bear a resemblance to an intelligible declaration concerning the issue that is likely to be the leading one in the next presidential and congressional contests, and which is now enjoying so much of the public thought.

The cowardly negative of the Silver question by the Republican leagues foretells the straddling of that issue by this party in the coming national campaign. Evident deception was intended by the declaration that on the money question the line of the national party platform of 1892 should be followed, for the expression of the party platform in that issue two years ago was so worded that it could be differently interpreted. Its intention was to mislead, and that will again be the intention of those who will insert the currency plank in the Republican platform next year.

The leagues in expressing themselves favorable to a system of bimetallicism sanctioned by international agreement, merely paltered with the question by substituting a future and doubtful contingency for a present and urgent issue. What the American people want, and what concerns them now, and no doubt will concern them a year hence, is the determination of the currency question by the action of the people of this country and not by the decision of foreign nations.

The leagues sneaked out of making a declaration as to how this party will act in this issue, and prepared for the perpetration of a straddle.

Getting Their Just Reward.

The Philadelphians are reaping the just fruits of their folly in keeping in office the political ringsters who live and grow rich on the spoils of the city treasury.

At the last municipal election there was a chance to turn these rascals out and the reason why it should be done was fully demonstrated to the city voters; but the Republican majority fanatically determined to support the machine nominations, and by an increased majority gave the municipal thieves a further lease to continue their plunder.

Now the city councils are selling out everything in the way of franchises and privileges to a combination of street railway and electric light monopolies. The streets are handed over to their use, without the least regard to the rights of the public, and with no effort to protect the private interest of the citizens.

Measures are being taken in councils looking towards the wrecking of the city's gas works, worth \$25,000,000, by refusing to keep them in repair, and so depreciating them that they may be gobbled up at a nominal price by a ring of politicians and speculators, who will thus be enabled to control both the gas and the electric lighting of the city.

There will be millions in it for those who are in the ring. The councilmen will of course get their pay for the part they take in this spoliation of the city, and the citizens will receive their just reward for having been fools enough to put and keep such rascals in office.

Death of Henry H. Houston.

Henry H. Houston, the well-known financier prominently connected with many large corporations, including the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, of which he was a director, died of heart failure early on Friday morning at his home, Wissahickon Heights. He had been driving during the evening, and returning home retired early, leaving his wife in the parlor with some friends. An hour later Mrs. Houston found him lying in an unconscious condition, breathing heavily, and at once summoned Dr. Woodward, her son-in-law, who was visiting her, and several members of the family. All efforts to revive him proved unsuccessful, and he died of heart failure, apparently without pain, soon afterwards.

Mr. Houston was born near Wrightsville, Pa., October, 1820, and his early life was spent in that locality. The family of which he was a member traced its lineage to Scotland in the days of Edward I, of England, when the clan Houston was active in the support of Wallace.

The younger sons of the original family early in the seventeenth century emigrated to the north of Ireland, and from thence a portion of the family came to Pennsylvania between 1725 and 1730 and settled in Lancaster county. From them branched the Houstons of Virginia and Tennessee, and the famous General Sam Houston, of Texas.

Twenty Per Cent Increase.

Big Advance for Weavers in the Woodstock Woolen Mills.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., June 25.—J. Morton Brown, manager of the Woodstock woolen mills to-day notified his loom weavers that beginning with to-day an increase of 20 per cent had been made in their wages.

Reduced Rates to the Seashore.

Every one, old and young, needs rest and recreation at some time during the heated summer term, and where can it be obtained better than at the seashore?

No other place can compare with southern New Jersey in seaside resorts, either in point of number or excellence. Atlantic City is the most popular resort in America, and Cape May, Sea Isle City, and Ocean City do not fall far short of Atlantic City's high standard.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, whose object always is to give its patrons the cheapest rates compatible with good service, has arranged for a series of excursions to the seashore, similar to those which were so popular last season. The excursions will leave Pittsburg July 18, and August 1, 15, and 29, and the rates will be as follows: Pittsburg, Uniontown, Conneville, Scottdale, Greensburg, Butler and Latrobe, \$10; Johnstown, \$9.25; Cresson, \$8.50; Altoona, \$8; Tyrone, \$7.65; Clearfield, \$8.90; Bellefonte, \$8.65; Bedford, \$6.50; Huntingdon, \$7.10; Mifflin, \$6.55; proportionate rates from other points.

The tickets will permit of a stay of nearly two weeks, and a choice of either of the seashore points named above will be allowed. A special train of parlor cars and day coaches will leave Pittsburg on each of the above mentioned dates at about 8.50 a. m.

For detailed information in regard to rates and time of trains apply to ticket agents, Mr. Thomas E. Watt, District Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, or to Tourist Agent, Room 411, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Williamson Appointed.

He Will Be the Judge in the New Huntingdon-Mifflin District.

HARRISBURG, June 24.—The Governor has appointed ex-Senator W. McKnight Williamson, of Huntingdon, president judge of the new Huntingdon-Mifflin district. William McKnight Williamson Esq., who received the telegraphic announcement this evening of his appointment by Governor Hastings, as president judge of the new judicial district, composed of Huntingdon and Mifflin counties, is a son of the late Rev. McKnight Williamson, and was born in Juniata county June 29, 1840. He was educated at Millwood academy, Shade Gap, this county, and read law in the office of his brother-in-law, Wm. H. Woods Esq., being admitted to practice here January 17, 1865. He immediately entered into partnership with his preceptor and continued in that relation until his appointment to the office of prothonotary by Governor Hartman on November 22, 1877, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Lewis M. Stewart. He was nominated and elected to the same office in 1878, and again in 1881, but suffered defeat in 1884. Since that time he has served one term as State Senator from the Huntingdon-Franklin district. With the exception of the time spent at Harrisburg since 1884 he has been actively engaged in the practice of law.

Mr. Williamson's appointment was expected by those in touch with the political situation. One of his ardent supporters was George B. Orady Esq.

Salisbury Names Terms.

He Will Form a Ministry Only on Condition That Public Expenditure Estimates Are Granted and His Cabinet Members Are Not Opposed for Re-Election.

LONDON, June 24.—Sir William Vernon Harcourt to-day announced in the House of Commons that the Rosebery ministry had resigned, having been voted lack of confidence. Mr. Balfour regretted that the government had not dissolved Parliament instead of resigning.

In the House of Lords Premier Rosebery said his ministry would hold office only until their successors were appointed.

Lord Salisbury will accept the premiership only on condition that the Liberal leaders agree to not oppose his government's getting the necessary estimates for public expenditures before the dissolution of Parliament, and that no member of the cabinet which he forms shall be opposed for re-election upon taking office.

Lord Rosebery, upon consultation with his colleagues, found that several of them were unwilling to make these concessions, but negotiations are in progress which, it is believed, will tend to an agreement on the part of the Liberals.

Despite his physician's orders, Mr. Gladstone, who arrived to-day from Kiel, held a conference with Lord Rosebery to-night, which lasted until 11 a. m. It's import is unknown.

Boom at Youngstown.

An Advance in Wages—All Mills Running Steadily.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., June 25.—The Lloyd Booth company has notified its employes, both machinists and foundrymen, that wages will be advanced 10 per cent.

The Brown-Donnell iron company is crowded with orders to an extent unequalled in the history of the plant, many heavy orders being received for structural iron. The large production has taxed its warehouse facilities to such an extent that large additions will be needed to care for the output until it can be arranged for shipment. The other mills through the valley report an equally prosperous condition of affairs.

Will Resume this Fall.

The Wellman Iron and Steel Works in Delaware County.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—The Wellman iron and steel works, at Thurlow, Delaware county, which have been idle for two years, will resume operations in the fall under the reorganization plan. The concern will be known as the Wellman steel company. The reorganization provides for an issue of \$500,000 preferred and \$500 common stock, part of which has already been paid in.

Quay Opposed by Hastings.

The Governor Antagonizes the Senator in the Contest for Supremacy. Hastings Favors Gilkeson. He Wishes to Have Him Re-elected for the Chairmanship of the State Committee. The Governor Will Be a Candidate for Delegate from Centre County and Aspires to the Permanent Chairmanship of the State Convention.

HARRISBURG, June 24.—Governor Hastings has come out squarely against Senator Quay in the contest for party supremacy.

When asked to-night whether or not he would be a delegate in the next Republican state convention, the governor said he would be a candidate for a delegate in the convention from Centre county; that he had received a number of requests from his friends in different parts of the state asking him to permit the use of his name for permanent chairman of the convention; that he had replied to them stating that he would be pleased to be honored with the position of permanent chairman of the state convention to be held Aug. 28, if the convention chose to pay him that compliment.

He further stated that he was in favor of the re-election of Colonel Gilkeson as chairman of the state committee; that in the last presidential campaign Pennsylvania gave 63,747 Republican majority; at the election the following year 133,146 majority; under Colonel Gilkeson's leadership, Galusha A. Grow received 187,838 majority, and at the last election, under his leadership, the Republican majority was increased to over 241,000. Colonel Gilkeson is a clean and thoroughly honest man, a skillful and successful leader, and "I hope," said the governor, "he will not be repudiated by the Republicans of the state merely because he is a part of the present state administration."

The governor said that the only reason that he could think of why certain leaders of the party were making war upon him was because he had favored making congressional, senatorial and legislative apportionments, in compliance with the mandates of the constitution, and that he presumed, because of that stand, those who oppose the apportionments now proposed to make a personal fight upon him. "The war made upon Colonel Gilkeson is a war in disguise," said the governor. He was satisfied that it was directed at his administration because of his attitude toward the apportionment question.

Senator Quay was not able to call on the governor to-day owing to a lame foot, but, when he received a note from the governor this afternoon saying that he had heard of his injury and would be pleased to call to pay his respects, Senator Quay replied that he would have called on the governor, but could not by reason of his lameness.

The governor called with Attorney General McCormick about 6 o'clock and during the talk the governor told the senator that he was for Colonel Gilkeson for another term as chairman of the state committee. Just what else was said neither party would divulge. Senator Quay was shown the interview with the governor, but beyond saying that if the governor wanted to be presiding officer he should have no opposition, would not be quoted.

Index of Trade Revival.

Mints Kept Busy Turning Out Money for Retail Business.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Among the steadily multiplying signs of the new boom in all branches of business there is none more gratifying than the heavy increase in the demand for subsidiary and minor coin which is reported by Mr. Preston, the director of the mint. With the exception of the Philadelphia mint, all the mints of the country are now given up to the coining of subsidiary silver to meet this demand. According to law, the minor coins, nickels and cents must be minted at Philadelphia, and the mint at that place is now taxed to the utmost to supply the growing demand for small change from banks, merchants and employers of labor in all parts of the country. This demand more surely than anything else, demonstrates the briskness of retail trade, and shows that manufacturers are finding a ready market for the products of their mills and factories.

Fifteen Per Cent. Raise.

Good News to Employees of the Johnson Steel Company.

LORAIN, O., June 25.—The Johnson steel company posted notices to-day of a 15 per cent. increase in wages to the men in the converting mill, dry house and machine shops, in all about 200. The men in the shape mill had their wages raised last week. The increase is entirely voluntary on the part of the company. There will be an advance in all departments by July. The mill is rushed with orders, and every branch is running to its fullest capacity.

Higher Wages in Prospect.

Oleynville Weavers Return to Work With a Bright Outlook.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 25.—Most of the weavers in the Fletcher mills, at Oleynville, returned to work to-day after being assured they would not be black-listed or discriminated against by the management. No promise of an advance in wages was made, but it was agreed that if the price of goods advanced wages would be increased. The weavers expect a raise by July 13.

Quay Wants to be State Chairman.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—Senator Quay last evening announced his position in the contest between himself and his opponents in the party in the following terms: "I am a candidate for chairman of the Republican state committee and ask all my friends in Pennsylvania to stand by me at this time. I will mention my reasons for this step on the floor of the state convention."

—Read the WATCHMAN.

Strikers Show Fight.

The Italians at Mahaffey Prevent Willing Hands from Working.

MAHAFFEY, Pa., June 25.—The strike of the laborers engaged in grading the Pittsburg and Eastern railroad has become general. This morning three gangs of Austrians were put to work, but they were driven out of the cuts by Italians armed with clubs and zinc pipe. They took refuge in the shanties, where the Italians are keeping guard over them. To-night 500 strikers are marching the streets to intercept the men who desire to go to work.

Working a Full Week.

Pennsylvania Collieries are Now Running on Full Time.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., June 25.—The Reading mines in the Shamokin district will be worked six days this week, for the first time in many months. All of the Pennsylvania collieries are running on full time.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

PAWNEE BILL'S GREAT COMBINED SHOWS COMING.—A new and desirable era has been inaugurated for the fortunate blending of these great combined shows. What the Pawnee Bill show is and what it has been for the past 12 years is so patent to everybody, that it is like gilding refined gold and painting the lily to descant on its well-known superiority. Nothing then can be more meritorious and attractive than its limitless wealth of consolidated marvels; and as space is limited, we can therefore only give a brief outline. First we would call attention to Major Gordon W. Lillie (Pawnee Bill), the white chief of the Pawnee, and late hero of Oklahoma; with 100 genuine Indians, brave cow boys, noted scouts and trappers, including Gray Eagle 2nd, chief of the Sioux Indians, and several of his tribe, including Red Cloud, Spotted Tail and several squaws and paposes; also bands of Mohave and Digger Indians. Special attention is called to Miss May Lillie, champion horseback rifle shot of the world; Dot Pullman, in her wonderful performance on the revolving globe; wonderful feats of horsemanship by Senor Jose Valasquez, riding and driving 35 flying horses at one time; a herd of buffaloes and wild Texas steers; thrilling hippodrome races by genuine Mexicans, including chariot races, hurdle races, standing races and all kinds of comical races. 40 first class performers, 10 beautiful senoritas and a host of others. Come early, and see the grand street parade, bands of music, wild beast cavalcade; also a grand, free performance, worth coming miles to see—It costs you nothing. The price of admission has been placed within the reach of all. Making it the cheapest and best show on earth. Remember, the price has been reduced. One 25 cent ticket admits to all departments of the big show that will exhibit at Bellefonte on Wednesday the 10th.

JULY TO BE COOL AND RAINY.—SAYS MR. HICKS.—"My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from the 25 to the 29th, and the next will reach the pacific coast about the 29th, cross the west of Rockies country by the close of the 30th, the great central valleys July 1 to 3 and the eastern States about the 4th.

Average rains may be expected through the central portions of the United States, leaving a deficiency in the extreme north west of Rockies country about June 29, great central valleys July 1 and eastern States July 3. A cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about the 2d, great central valleys July 4 and eastern States about the 6th.

The cool wave will inaugurate an extended cool period and what is herein designated as the cool half of the month. Each month is usually divided into about two weeks of cool and two weeks of warm weather, and the difference in the average temperature of those two periods is almost universally of a radical type. It is of great importance to know when these warm and cool periods will occur.

Each of these twelve to fifteen days warm periods has two storm waves, two warm waves and two cool waves, and each of the twelve to fifteen days cool periods has the same.

Most rains fall during the cool periods and the evaporation and drought symptoms are experienced during the warm periods.

I challenge the world in making long-range forecasts of the warm and cool periods, and whoever tests the accuracy of these bulletins in forecasting these periods will find the forecast, in that respect, wonderfully correct.

The rain belt for July appears to extend from Denver to Philadelphia, leaving large areas of drought in the direction of Charleston and Key West and from Chicago and Davenport toward the northwest.

General forecasts for July and temperature forecasts for the coming winter will be published in my next bulletin. I believe my calculations for the coming winter to be reliable, and they are of a most important character. It will be a remarkable winter as to temperature."

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THE BAND TOURNAMENT AT PHILIPSBURG LAST WEEK.

—The fourth annual tournament of the northern Pennsylvania and western New York band association was held at Philipsburg, Thursday and Friday of last week. The weather was very much against a successful meeting, but the large crowd of visitors to the town found as much amusement as could be expected under the circumstances.

The bands held their convention in the town hall Thursday afternoon. Nine bands were represented, viz.: Reynoldsville, DuBois Volunteer, DuBois Excelsior, Osceola P. O. S. of A., Osceola Military, Hawk Run, Clearfield, Houtzdale and Philipsburg International. Thomas Byron, president of the association, called the meeting to order and Wright Riley, secretary, recorded the minutes. Clearfield was decided upon as the next place of meeting, in June, 1896, and the following officers were elected: Harry T. Bridge, of Clearfield, president; G. W. Gulich, of Clearfield, secretary; Alfred Mitchell, of Clearfield, treasurer. In the absence of L. S. Fisk, the musical director elected last year, Wright Riley was appointed to direct the Philipsburg contest, and John Fuge, of Houtzdale, was elected musical director for the next contest.

The sports at the driving park Thursday afternoon were spirited and interesting and drew a very large crowd. In the running horse race there were four entries, viz.: Stultz's Storyteller, of Houtzdale; R. N. Shaw's Sam Walton, of Clearfield; Heppburn's Teddy, of Jersey Shore; Carlisle's T. J., of DuBois, and Pigeon's Holiday, of Houtzdale. The horses won in the order named. Sam Walton took the first heat in 54 and Storyteller the second and third in 54. Holiday went lame in the first heat and was withdrawn.

Arlie Rappalee won the one-half mile bicycle race in 1.18; Ed Jones second.

The road race for trotters and pacers had four entries—Watson's Prince, of Tyrone; H. K. Grant's Cloe, of Philipsburg; Carlisle's Tommy, of DuBois, and Higgins' Stella H. of Madera. Prince won the race (three heats) in 2.49; 2.48, 2.49.

The 100 yard foot race was won by Butler in 10 1/2 seconds; Jeffries, second; Parker third; Potts, fourth.

The 200 yard dog race had eight entries, which ran in groups as follows, winning in order named: First group—Parker's Star, 13 seconds; Morgan's Fly. Shirt's Joe. Second group—Morgan's Bess, 12 1/2 seconds; Stevenson's Nellie; Ashcroft's Dye. Third group—Ashcroft's Rice, 14 seconds; Marsden's Sweep.

The one mile open bicycle race was won by Rappalee in 2.59.

The Friday's entertainment was practically spoiled by a steady down pour of rain though at noon all of the bands played a quickstep in front of the Passmore house, on Front street, for a \$10 prize offered by James Passmore. It was won by the Philipsburg band. All the bands then marched out to the driving park for the contest. There they played their selections while the rain was pouring down into their horns.

Mr. W. H. Amstead, of New York, editor of the *Metronome* was the adjudicator, and sat in a closed carriage all the while the bands played. His decision gave the Volunteer hose Co., band of DuBois first prize of \$150. The Houtzdale band second prize of \$75. The Excelsior band of DuBois third prize of \$40. The Osceola Military band fourth prize of \$25 and the Clearfield band fifth prize of \$10.

The rain had been too much for the races that were booked as the next feature on the program and they were all declared off with these exceptions: The finale in the dog race was won by T. Morgan's Bess. Jack Parker won the 200 yds foot race and Mills won the sack race.

—The McCormick mowers, self-binding harvesters all steel and the best quality of binder twine. McCalmont & Co.

Visited the San Francisco.

KIEL, June 23.—Emperor William to-day visited the American cruiser San Francisco.

Books, Magazines Etc.

The July *Forum* will contain a striking article by Dr. Max Nordau, author of "Degeneration" on "Society's Protection against Degeneration"—the first contribution that he has made to an American publication, Judge George F. Edmunds and Edward B. Whitney, Assistant Attorney-General, will discuss respectively the Salutory Results and the Political Dangers of the Income Tax Decision. Mr. Whitney's article shows that the decision may not by any means be the end of the matter.

Marriage.

GOEHEEN-GRAY.—Married June 20th, by Rev. A. W. Guyer at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. Arthur O. Goheen, of Tyrone, to Miss Mary E. Gray, of State College, Pa.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the Bellefonte P. O. June 24, 1895. Arctic Springs Hotel, D. M. Bloom, Annie Broim, John Broim (?), C. H. Cross, J. J. Cook, C. H. Eichbaum, John Fletcher, Grand Harvey, E. S. McNane, J. H. Miller, N. G. Rags, Isabelle Ryan, W. Shine, E. C. Shaffer, Tix T.—Mrs. Thos. Teeling, N. Gary Wheatley.

When called for please say advertised. DAVID F. FORTNEY, P. M.