

Colleges.

THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE.

Located in one of the most beautiful and Healthful Spots in the Allegheny Region; Unconventional; Open to Both Sexes; Tuition Free; Board and other Expenses very low. New Buildings and Equipment.

- LEADING DEPARTMENTS OF STUDY. 1. AGRICULTURE (Two Courses), and AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY; with constant illustrations on the Farm and in the Laboratory. 2. BOTANY AND HORTICULTURE; the practical and theoretical. Students taught original study with the microscope. 3. CHEMISTRY; with an unusually full and thorough course in the Laboratory. 4. CIVIL ENGINEERING; ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING; MECHANICAL ENGINEERING. These courses are accompanied with very extensive practical exercises in the Field, the Shop and the Laboratory. 5. HISTORY; Ancient and Modern, with original investigation. 6. INDUSTRIAL ART AND DESIGN. 7. LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE; Latin (optional), French, German and English (required), one or more continued through the entire course. 8. MATHEMATICS AND ASTRONOMY; pure and applied. 9. MECHANIC ARTS; combining shop work with study, three years' course; new building and equipment. 10. MENTAL, MORAL AND POLITICAL SCIENCE; Constitutional Law and History, Political Economy, etc. 11. MILITARY SCIENCE; instruction theoretical and practical, including each arm of the service. 12. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT; Two years carefully graded and thorough. Commencement Week, June 9-12, 1895. Fall Term opens Sept. 11, 1895. Examination for admission, June 13th and 14th. For Catalogue or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., President, State College, Centre county, Pa.

Coal and Wood.

EDWARD K. RHOADS,

Shipping and Commission Merchant, --DEALER IN-- ANTHRACITE, BITUMINOUS & WOODLAND C O A L -- GRAIN, CORN EARS, SHELLED CORN, OATS, STRAW and BALED HAY, BUILDERS' and PLASTER'S SAND, KINDLING WOOD, by the bunch or cord as may suit purchasers. Respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public, at --HIS COAL YARD-- near the Passenger Station. Telephone 1312, 36 18

Medical.

SMALL & EASY TO TAKE.

Shedd's little mandrake pills, Constipation, biliousness, sick head ache. Never nauseate. 33-28

WRIGHT'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhoea, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system. 33-40-1y

ELY'S CREAM BALM.—Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. IT WILL CURE. C-A-T-A-R-R-H

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES, COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, HAY-FEVER, ROSE-COLD, DEAFNESS AND HEADACHE. COLD IN HEAD. A particle is applied to each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 40-12-5t 56 Warren Street, New York.

CASTORIA

FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN. CASTORIA PROMOTES DIGESTION, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I used Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALIX ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." Dr. G. C. OSOON, Lowell, Mass.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y. 38-43-2y

Democratic Watchman

Bellefonte, Pa., April 19, 1895.

A Classical Conference.

The conference of educators at Ann Arbor, now going on, is of interest as a large gathering of some of the most earnest educators in the country to discuss the relation of the high schools to the colleges, and to raise in some respect the standard of defense for the classical curriculum at which modern educators have been disposed to turn up their noses for a generation.

The old dispute, not so much with regard to the particular studies as to the systems they represent, arises out of the failure to define the purpose of education. The disposition for a decade or two past has been to regard practical knowledge as most important. For immediate practical results there is no doubt that chemistry is more fruitful than Greek. But after proceeding on the principle that scientific education should crowd out the classics and their attendant branches, the educators of this generation are beginning to perceive, what those of a preceding generation held as a canon, that a purpose of education more important than practical knowledge is the formation of character. The ability to analyze sewage is very valuable, particularly in cities whose water supply is not above suspicion, but it does not necessarily inspire lofty thoughts or deep and accurate reasoning. But the study of Demosthenes on the crown, with the vast trains of thought on political history and social morals which it opens up, can hardly be pursued without inspirations to patriotism and perceptions of the factors which have made republics great and those which have set in action the disintegration of decadence.

Of course, each class of education has its proper sphere. An age which has seen the scientific ardor conquer the most dreaded disease can deny neither the value of scientific research nor the loftiness of its results. But while it is not necessary or possible for an entire nation to be chemists or engineers, it is necessary for a republic to secure the widest spread of that class of knowledge which induces to intelligent interest in public affairs. It is well to have iron ores analyzed and great industries scientifically conducted, but it is much more important to have the whole people know that a nation which lets its policy be swayed wholly by the pursuit of wealth, without regard for justice or the interest of the masses, is starting on the road to the gravest misfortunes. For actual results in maintaining the standard of citizenship it is reasonable to raise the inquiry whether there is anything much more practical than the principles taught in the old fashioned humanities, adopted and applied to modern times.

The conference at Ann Arbor may be the turning point in a reaction from the exclusively scientific trend of educational matters for some years past. If so its results may have a most important bearing on the future of the nation.

Impromptu Maps.

The "cat" and the "pig" books, designed to record people's impressions of those interesting animals, (each person to draw his own without being allowed a glimpse of any one else's work), has an amusing companion in a geography sketch book.

In this, one's friends are to record, in a rapid, off-hand drawing, their best recollections of certain very familiar outlines such as the coast of Massachusetts, or Italy, or North America. To be even fairly correct is difficult and rare, if one is long past daily geography lessons.

The five great lakes of North America is one of the best tasks to set. This to be drawn in outline with at least the larger bays and connections all to be done without seeing, first, any other sketch or map. A correct map should accompany the book for easy reference and comparison with the amateur work. The curiously vague, droll, mental maps that one's friends carry about with them, thus revealed, are funnier than even the sea serpent's portraits in the "sea serpent His Album."

I have known more than one person to stop at a bare "round O" for the first lake which seemed to lead nowhere, the other four having neither shape nor substance in the puzzled artist's vision.

Street Democracy.

What the Little Fellow Would Do if He Were Very Rich.

They were two ragged children standing on the curbstone watching the carriages as they drove up and stopped to let out their occupants.

The street waifs were ragged and dirty, and no doubt hungry, for the basket they carried between them was empty, and the face of the younger of the two was tear-stained.

"They must be awful rich," he said to the girl at his side. "Jimmy," she answered, "d'y'e know wot I'd do if I was rich—as mud, like them? I'd jes set up straight in my carriage, an' if the folks didn't get out of the way I'd run over 'em, so I wud."

"I wouldn't," said Jimmy, slowly and solemnly. "If I wuz rich I wouldn't want no carriage, nor hosses, nor nothin'. I'd go jes't as fast as ever I cud to heaven an' bring me mudder back agen."

He finished with a sob, and the girl looked at him with an air of superior disdain.

"You're a silly," she said, but her voice was soft, and she took his hand in her's as they moved away.

After Information.

"Hold up yer hands!" sternly commanded the footpad.

"I'll throw up one of them," said the soul-looking man, sitting the action to the word. "If you want the other one up you'll have to raise it yourself, I can't say, do you know of anything that's good for rheumatism?"

The candlesticks of the Jewish tabernacle had seven branches, at the end of each being a small cup, the receptacle for oil. The wicks were of linen and depended from the nozzle of the cup.

Arbor Day.

Forestry Commissioner Makes Some Timely Suggestions on Spring Tree Planting.

In a letter on "Arbor Day Professor J. T. Rothrock, who knows and loves trees and has the reforestation of the State deeply at heart gives the following advice.

Probably the trees planted on Arbor Days will not go far towards the reforesting of the State. No doubt many of them perish or are dwarfed by bad planting and subsequent neglect. The object of the day is attained if what is said and done inculcates in young minds an abiding interest in trees and tree propagation. The hope of American forestry depends on the children. The generation which destroyed the trees or stood by in apathetic indifference while they were being wantonly exterminated cannot be depended upon to take a vital interest in the reforestation of our denuded hill sides. The children must be won to the support of this cause, and Arbor Day serves its purpose if it makes tree lovers of the children and leads them to take thereafter an intelligent interest in trees, their propagation and their preservation.

The tree planting of Arbor Day is nevertheless important in the aggregate, and what is worth doing at all is worth doing well, especially as its results may remain for many years to prove the wisdom or the folly which presided at their birth. The tree planting of Arbor Day ought to be well done and the trees should be of the kinds most suitable to the situation. Too close planting is a common vice. A tree must have room for its development if it is to be symmetrical. Mishapen trees should be removed and trees mutilated by excessive pruning are eyesores and worthless lumberers of the ground and should be removed. On narrow streets it would be well to have trees alternate with each other on the two sides of the street instead of being directly opposite. On the same side the intervals between the trees that are allowed to reach their full development should not be less than fifty feet.

Kinds of trees to plant! This is a variable element in the arbor day of a State so large as ours. While it is true that our native trees should, as a rule be chosen before those of foreign origin, because they are more enduring here, it is also true that for city planting perhaps on the whole the best tree is the Oriental plane. Our American elm, in spite of the fact that in some years it is infested with certain loathsome associates, is nevertheless a favorite and suitable tree for city planting. But get rid of the silver maples. The black variety of the sugar maple is by all odds better. Why do not the beautiful flowering dogwoods appear more prominently in our parks than the introduced magnolias which have become almost common. For reasonably open spaces in the cities and towns the red or water birch is a very suitable tree with a well marked character, and which though it resembles the elm in its size and form, has been neglected up to this time. For the country, or where profit is in mind, one would do well just now to give attention to our native nut trees. It is very certain that they will, from this on, receive more care and culture than has ever been given to them.

They are hardly less attractive than the introduced magnolias which have become almost common. For reasonably open spaces in the cities and towns the red or water birch is a very suitable tree with a well marked character, and which though it resembles the elm in its size and form, has been neglected up to this time. For the country, or where profit is in mind, one would do well just now to give attention to our native nut trees. It is very certain that they will, from this on, receive more care and culture than has ever been given to them.

Old Superstitions.

Cut your nails on Monday, cut them for news Cut them on Tuesday, a pair of new shoes; Cut them on Wednesday, cut them for luck; Cut them on Thursday, cut them for wealth; Cut them on Friday, cut them for woe; Cut them on Saturday, a journey you'll see; Cut them on Sunday, you'll get them for evil. For all the next week you'll be ruled by the devil.

Marry Monday, for wealth; Marry Tuesday, for health; Marry Wednesday, the most day of all; Marry Thursday, for crosses; Marry Friday for losses; Marry Saturday, pride shall have a fall; Marry Sunday, and one day you'll wish it undone.

Born on a Monday, fair of face; Born on a Tuesday, full of God's grace; Born on a Wednesday, merry and glad; Born on a Thursday, sour and sad; Born on a Friday, golly given; Born on a Saturday, work for a living; Born on a Sunday, never shall want; So there's the week and the end on't.

Sneeze on a holiday, you sneeze for danger; Sneeze on a Tuesday, you'll kiss a stranger; Sneeze on a Wednesday, you sneeze for a letter.

Sneeze on a Thursday, something better; Sneeze on a Friday, you sneeze for sorrow; Sneeze on a Saturday, your sweetheart or the devil.

Sneeze on Sunday, your safety seek--The morrow will have you the whole of the week.

Opposition to the New Woman.

The physician was surprised to find the head of the household at the door with a shotgun. "Why, what's the matter?" stammered the doctor.

"That there medcine you give my wife, she says, is makin' her feel like a new woman. And I want you to understand that no new woman business goes in this house. Fast thing I know, she'll be out makin' speeches."

Scarce at That Price.

Countryman (in dime museum)—What's your specialty friend?

Friend—"I'm the man who can pass a door with the legend 'Paint' on it without daubing it with the index finger to see it's dry."

Countryman—Gosh! how much d'y'e knit a week?

Friend—Thousand dollars; same's all the rest.

Went to an Oculist.

"Did you go to that fashionable oculist as I suggested?"

Near-sight—"Yes." He examined my eyes and gave me a piece of paper showing the sort of glasses I needed."

Friend—"Why don't you get the glasses?"

Near-sight—"No money left."

The White House of the Confederacy is now used for a colored school house.

The telephone industry escapes public attention and fails to figure in the commercial calculations of the day, like all new things and enterprises, and yet the extent of the systems is very startling. Statistics presented at a meeting of the American Bell Telephone Company in Boston the other day, show that up to December last 582,506 instruments were in use, a gain of 16,015 over the previous year, and a gain of 256,932 in ten years.

On the first day of January, 1895, there were 867 exchanges, 572 branch offices and 396,674 miles of wire in operation in this country alone. Of this amount 232,008 miles of wire were on poles, 14,525 on buildings, 1,856 submarine and 148,285 underground. There was expended during the year on extensions and apparatus the sum of \$4,138,000, and the total investment in telephone property in the United States is given at \$77,500,000. These are stupendous figures whose significance covers the trade, commercial, professional and industrial life of a great country, and accounts for an industry now an absolute necessity.

Secretary of Agriculture Morton has begun to investigate the rise in the price of meat, and his agents are engaged procuring statistics to show what diminution, if any, there is in the cattle supply of the United States for the year 1895. They are also to inquire if any trust is putting up the price of meat. The secretary evidently believes personally, judging from what appears in an interview, the primary cause of the increased price is that the supply is decreasing, while the demand is increasing, and he says that the four great slaughtering points, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis and Omaha, are falling off in their supply to the market. It will probably be found that a trust has little to do with the advance. It is not impossible for a trust to be the secondary cause, but the primary one will undoubtedly be found in a combination of natural conditions—the drought through the west last year, followed by a short crop and grazing crop, and the exceptionally severe winter just ended.

Use of breads abuse. In these days when horses are almost outnumbered by steeds of steel the cyclist is very liable to ride a good thing to death. The exercise frequently becomes, in a literal sense, too hearty. During rapid work the beats of the heart rise under the overpressure to from 200 to 250 throbs a minute. Sir Benjamin Ward Richardson, one of the most eminent authorities on physical matters in Europe, fittingly cautions wheelmen in these words: "In long and severe competitions of cycling the heart gets unduly active, the arteries become unduly extended, the elastic tissue of the arteries and of the body generally loses its spring, and then the body becomes prematurely old and broken." Sir Benjamin is himself an enthusiastic cyclist; and his caution is a plea on behalf of true cycling, lest it be brought into unmerited disrepute.

NOTHING VENTURE, NOTHING HAVE.—Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont. It is the medicine above all others for catarrh, and is worth its weight in gold. I can use Ely's Cream Balm with safety and it does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

HOW A CENT WILL SAVE MANY DOLLARS.—Drop a penny postal card to Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburgh, largest General Merchandise house in the country, and get in return, free of charge, their new Fashion Catalogue, making it just as easy for you to do your shopping by mail and save just as much money on your purchase as though you lived in Pittsburgh.

South America has the greatest unbroken extent or level surface of any country in the world. The Llanos of the Orinoco are so flat that the motion of the rivers can scarcely be detected over an area of 200,000 square miles.

About Hood's Sarsaparilla—it expels bad humor and creates good humor. A battle for blood is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and it is always victorious in expelling foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other blood diseases.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently on the bowels and liver.

"I believe I should like to be cremated after I die," remarked Mr. Greatcets. "I always supposed," said Mrs. Hashcroft, "that you would want to be stuffed." "Thus it was that she lost a boarder."

Ayer's Hair Vigor has no equal in merit and efficiency, as a hair dressing and for the prevention of baldness. It eradicates dandruff, keeps the scalp moist, clean and healthy, and gives vitality and color to weak, faded, and gray hair. The most popular of toilet articles.

"Mamma, is it true that they wear snowshoes in Alaska?" "Certainly, Teddie."

"Don't they melt when they get in the house?"

The joint circulation of the American and British Foreign Bible societies has passed the round number of 200,000,000 copies, and the receipts have aggregated \$84,000,000.

The most sensitive nerves are in the nose, tongue and eyes, because in these organs the greater sensitiveness is needed than in any other part of the body.

Teacher—What made Xenophon famous? Willie Doo—Spellin' his name so no one could pronounce it.

Those who never read the advertisements in their newspapers miss more than they know. Jonathan Kenison of Bolan, Worth Co., Iowa, who had been troubled with rheumatism in his back, arms and shoulders read an item in his paper about how a prominent German citizen of Ft. Madison had been cured. He procured the same medicine and to his own words: "It cured me right up." He also says: "A neighbor and his wife were both sick in bed with rheumatism. Their boy was over to my house and said they were so bad he had to do the cooking. I told him of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and how it had cured me, he got a bottle and it cured them up in a week. 50 cent bottles for sale by F. P. Green.

Ex-Senator William M. Everts is seventy-seven, and is very feeble. For a month or more his health has been failing, but he is still able to walk a block or less in the vicinity of his house when the weather is pleasant.

If a great man dies in this degenerate age he will get a good obituary send-off, but the picture that goes with it in the average paper is sufficient to cause regret that he ever died at all.

Medical.

HOOD'S IS GOOD AND GREAT IT CURED CATARRH, DYSPEPSIA, ETC.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has done me more good than any physician. I had catarrh and dyspepsia 20 years, and tried different remedies and perscriptions without benefit. The doctors told me

I COULD NOT LIVE.

One day after reading the wonderful cures effected by Hood's Sarsaparilla, I resolved to try one bottle! It did great and good work so I continued, and after taking four bottles it is with joy and gladness that I write that I am perfectly cured

AND AM A WELL MAN TODAY.

My wife was troubled with nervousness and a general tired feeling. She could not walk any distance or do any heavy work.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA CURES

Her rest was broken at night. She has taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and now she can do any ordinary work without trouble, sleep soundly, and go about without being over-fatigued. We know it is a splendid tonic." J. M. SLAYTON, 842 Cottage St., Meadville, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c. per box. 41 14

Wall Paper Store.

WALL PAPER BOOM! S. H. WILLIAMS' 117 HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

The Same Old Place Where we have been for thirty years, and notwithstanding the fact that wall paper is advertised to be sold at cost elsewhere we will still continue to sell Latest Styles of WALL PAPER in Newest designs and Colorings, fresh from the factory at prices that knock the bottom out of old goods at old and higher cost prices.

We quote the following prices which will stand from now until July 1st, 1895. Brown Backs.....4, 5 and 6 cts per piece White Backs.....6, 8 " 10 " " Golds and Glimmers.....8, 10 " 12 " " Bronzes.....10, 12 " 15 " " Golds and Flitters.....15 and 20 cts and upward Embossed Golds.....20 and 25 cts to \$1.50 Light Weight Felts.....12 and 15 cts Boston Felts and Ingrains.....15, 25 and 30 cts Window Shades with Spring Rollers at 18, 25 and 50 cts.

As it is the intention of the citizens of Bellefonte to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the town in June next we will be glad to do what we can in the way of PAINTING, PAPER HANGING,

And all Kinds of Interior Decorating that will improve the appearance of our homes before that time comes. We keep in stock a large line of Window Shades, Extra Wide Shades and Store Shades a Specialty. Room and picture moulding in great variety, curtain poles, fixtures, pictures frames made to order.

With thirty years experience and a dozen good practical painters and paper hangers, the largest and finest stock of wall paper ever brought to Bellefonte, we can say to our many old customers that we thank you for your liberal patronage in the past and hope to serve you in the future. And to those who have not dealt with us we simply ask you to come in and see what we can do for you. Prices and samples sent by mail on application. 49 4

New Advertisements.

FARM FOR SALE.—A most excellent farm of 175 acres well located, good buildings, plenty of water, well fenced and within a few rods of railroad station, can be purchased at a bargain by applying to JOHN P. HARRIS, 1st Nat. Bank Bellefonte, 33 46 ft.

COW AND POULTRY FOOD.—COTTON, GLUTEN AND LINSSEED . . . MEAL FOR COW FEED. Baled hay and straw. Prepared poultry food. Crushed oyster shells to make hens lay eggs. McCALMONT & CO. Bellefonte, Pa 27 49

Attorneys-at-Law.

JAS. W. ALEXANDER.—Attorney at Law Bellefonte, Pa. All professional business will receive prompt attention. 36 14

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Winding Building, north of the Court House. 14 2

J. M. KEICHLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's new building. 19 40

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER. HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office No. 14 North Allegheny street. 28 13

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building, north of Court House. Can be consulted in English or German. 29 31

W. C. HEINLE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Hale building, opp. Court House. All professional business will receive prompt attention. 30 16

J. W. WEIZEL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office No. 11 Gridler's Exchange, second floor. All kinds of legal business attended to promptly. Consultation in English or German. 30 13

Physicians.

W. S. GLENN, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, State College, Centre county, Pa. Office at his residence. 35-41

A. HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office 20 N. Allegheny street. 11 23

DR. J. L. SEIBERT, Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office on North Allegheny street, near the Episcopal church. 29 20

H. K. HOY, M. D., Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat treated. Eyes tested, Spectacles and Eye Glasses furnished. Rupture treated by a new and original method, cure guaranteed. Office 23 West High street, Bellefonte, Pa. 32 18

DR. R. L. DARTT, Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office in residence No. 61 North Allegheny street, next to Episcopal church. Office hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone. 32 45

DR. R. L. DARTT, of Bellefonte, Pa., has the Brinkerhoff system of Rectal treatment for Hemorrhoids, Piles, Fistulas and other Rectal diseases. Information furnished upon application. 30 14tf

Dentists.

J. MORE WARD, GRADUATE OF BALTIMORE DENTAL COLLEGE. Office in Garman's Stone Block High street, Bellefonte, Pa. 34 11

Bankers.

JACKSON, CRIDER & HASTINGS, (Successors to W. F. Reynolds & Co.), Bankers, Bellefonte, Pa. Bills of Exchange and Note Discounted; Interest paid on special deposits Exchange on Eastern cities. Deposits received. 17 38

Insurance.

J. C. WEAVER.—Insurance Agent, began business in 1873. Not a single loss has ever been contested in the courts, by any company while represented in this agency. Office between Jackson, Crider & Hastings bank and Garman's hotel, Bellefonte, Pa. 34-12.

GEO. L. POTTER & CO., GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS, Represent the best companies, and write policies in Mutual and Stock Companies at reasonable rates. Office in Furst's building, opp. the Court House 22 5

Hotel.

TO THE PUBLIC. In consequence of the similarity to the names of the Parker and Potter Hotels the proprietor of the Parker House has changed the name of his hotel to

COAL EXCHANGE HOTEL.

He has also repapered, repainted and otherwise improved it, and has fitted up a large and tasteful parlor and reception room on the first floor. WM. PARKER, Philadelphia, Pa. 32 17

CENTRAL HOTEL,

MILESBURG, PA. A. A. KOHLBECKER, Proprietor.

This new and commodious Hotel, located opposite the depot, Milesburg, Centre county, has been entirely refitted, repapered and repolished throughout, and is now second in none in the county in the character of accommodations offered the public. Its table is supplied with the best the market affords, its bar contains the purest and choicest liquors, its stable has attentive hostlers, and every convenience and comfort is extended its guests.

Through travelers on the railroad will find this an excellent place to lunch or procure a meal, as all trains stop there about 25 minutes. 24 24

Watchmaking--Jewelry.

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY

.....and.....

SILVERWARE, ETC. AT OR BELOW COST.

A CHANGE IN THE BUSINESS TO OCCUR MARCH 15th, MAKES A REDUCTION OF STOCK NECESSARY. THIS OFFERS YOU A GREAT OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE FIRST CLASS GOODS AT LOW PRICES. THIS SALE WILL CLOSE MARCH 15th.

F. C. RICHARD.