

# Democratic Watchman

Terms 2.00 A Year, in Advance

Bellefonte, Pa., Feb. 8, 1895.

P. GRAY MEEK, - - - EDITOR

Democratic County Committee for 1895.

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" S. W.	J. J. Howley.
" W. W.	D. J. Meyer.
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Howard Boro.	J. C. Neill.
Mifflin Boro.	Samuel Weiser.
Milheim	W. H. Eason.
Unionville Boro.	J. C. Phillips.
South Phillipsburg Boro.	J. W. Lutz.
Phillipsburg Boro. 1st W.	J. W. Lutz.
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" 3rd W.	S. M. Graham.
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College E. P.	I. J. Dreess.
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Haines, W. P.	W. T. Winkelblech.
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Harris	Charles Frazee.
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Marion	J. J. Hoy.
Miles, E. P.	Ira C. Smith.
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Spencerville E. P.	Lawrence Redding.
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Spring	Thomas M. Barnhart.
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Union	Samuel Endicott.
Walker	Sol Peck.
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H. S. TAYLOR, N. B. SPANGLER, Chairman.	Secretary.

## Questionable Economy.

It is announced with a considerable flourish, as an indication of an economical disposition, that Governor HASTINGS is opposed to junkets. He is going to put his foot down on bills that provide appropriations for legislative committees that go out to inspect institutions, and for other alleged purposes of investigation, resulting in what are usually called legislative junkets.

This is his reported intention, and if it is so some public money that otherwise would be squandered will be saved, but what is he going to do with the bills that propose to enlarge the State expenses by creating new and unnecessary officers, and increasing the salaries of members and other officials who are already abundantly compensated for their service? Such bills have been offered and are likely to be passed by a reckless and profligate Legislature, and if they are not vetoed by Governor HASTINGS his economizing on junkets will look very much like saving at the spigot and allowing the waste to go on at the bung-hole.

## Are You Thinking About the County Poor House?

The time is near at hand when the voters of the county will be called upon to decide as to whether we are to have a county home for our poor or continue keeping paupers as they are kept at present.

The question is not at all one of policies and should not be looked upon as such by the voters. It is purely one of business. If you think your interest would be best served by having a county poor house, then you should vote for it, but if the contrary should be the case you should naturally vote against the measure.

## All Hope Abandoned.

*Ex-Czar Reed's Substitute Has Killed the Administration Bill—His Partisan Objections.—Hopes to Keep the Question Alive for the Next Campaign.—Truckling to the Silver Men.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The final effort that can be made in this congress to do something for the relief of the treasury was begun in the house to-day when the Springer bill, based on the president's recommendations, was taken up for discussion. From its first introduction little doubt was felt the house would pass it, and in the last few days, owing to its unanimous endorsement by business men, strong hope arose in many quarters that it might be forced through the senate. This hope was based altogether on the expectation that the sound-money Republicans in both houses would heed the appeal of the president and the great commercial bodies of the country, and throw partisan consideration aside, join with the sound-money Democrats to put the treasury on a safe basis.

But the action of Mr. Reed at the outset of the house debate to-day in offering a substitute bill, and the speech made in taking this action, have practically destroyed all hope that any sort of a bill can be got through either house or senate at this session. This is the judgement of Speaker Crisp, as imparted to a friend this evening. It is also the judgement of most people here who noted the effect of the day's events in the house.

Had Reed desired to put partisanship aside for the moment and given his support to the Springer bill, which business men from Boston to San Francisco have indorsed, the Republicans almost solidly would have voted for it, and it would have passed the house at least. But Reed would not do this. His real reason is contained in a sentence in a speech he made to-day, which was to the effect that the reform of our currency system cannot be accomplished at this time at the dictation of any one man, but must be done sometime in the future by the general consensus of all the people. In other words, Mr. Reed, like the silver men, but for somewhat different reasons, relegates the financial question to the campaign of 1896. In the meanwhile Mr. Reed will try to avoid doing anything that might offend the silver men, as he does now in refusing to support the Springer bill, and trusts that he may get the presidential nomination next year without having committed himself too far one way or the other.

The result of Reed's action in offering his substitutes and of his attitude as revealed in his speech will be not only to divide the Republican vote between the two measures, but to increase Democratic divisions as well. Quite a number of Republicans will refuse to follow Reed, as they believe the Springer bill is the thing for the emergency. Among these are several from Pennsylvania, particularly the Philadelphia members, whose business constituents without regard to party vigorously demand legislation on the lines of the president's recommendations. Both General Bingham and Representative Reyburn stated frankly this afternoon that they favored the Springer bill instead of the Reed substitute, and would vote for the former. It is, they declared, a measure that completely meets the emergency, and not a half-way arrangement or makeshift.

While it would seem the Pittsburgh business interests are quite as much concerned in the passage of the Springer bill as those of Philadelphia, both Messrs. Dalzell and Stone will follow the lead of the ex-speaker and speaker-to-be and support the Reed substitute. They may, however, vote for the Springer bill if the substitute is defeated. But this will not help matters, for the divisions and complications growing out of the introduction of the substitute will have made the passage of any measure impossible.

## Queen Lili Jailed.

*She Was Concerned in the Recent Uprisings—Hawaii's Late Ruler May Be Exiled For Her Unfortunate Complicity With the Rebel Leaders—The Arrest Quite a Surprise at Washington and London.*

AUCKLAND, N. Z., Feb. 3.—Advices received here from Honolulu, under date of January 19, announce that ex-Queen Liliuokalani has been arrested on the charge of complicity with the insurgents in the recent rebellion. In addition all the insurgent leaders have been taken into custody, and are being tried by court-martial. Three of the leaders pleaded guilty of treason. Martial law is maintained.

The rebellion against the Republic of Hawaii turned out to be a complete fiasco. After the first engagement the rebels scattered, and some time later Wilcox, Mowlin, Butelmann and others of the leaders of the insurrection were captured and tried for treason before a court-martial.

Shortly after Queen Liliuokalani was arrested her house was searched, and in it were found stores of arms and dynamite bombs. The arrests referred to have resulted in the restoration of order in Hawaii.

Later advices, dated January 27, say that quite a quantity of arms imported for the use of the rebels have been seized, in addition to those found in the house of the ex-queen. Messrs. Savins, the importers of the arms, have been fined.

## Picking Up The Elbe's Wreckage.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The skipper of the smack Delta which arrived at Lowestoft today, saw a small boat and a human body floating in the North Sea about forty miles south east of that port.

Other skippers who came in today say they passed the doors, furniture, spars and boxes. Six life boats and three life boat tanks have been picked up on the Suffolk coast. The body and the wreckage are undoubtedly from the ill-fated steamer Elbe.

## Hot Fighting.

*A Fierce Struggle at Wei Hui Wei.—The Chinese Peace Envoy Not Properly Accredited.*

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The Central News correspondent in Hiroshima telegraphs under today's date: "Premier Count Ito and Viscount Matsu, minister of foreign affairs had a second interview with China's peace envoys yesterday afternoon.

The main object of the meeting was to exchange credentials. The ministers found the credentials of the envoys to be imperfect and to leave them absolutely powerless to conduct binding negotiations.

They refused at once to continue negotiations and requested the envoys to leave the country as soon as possible. The envoys will sail tomorrow on the steamship Owarimaru for Nagasaki, where they will await the arrival of the mail steamship for China.

They will be accompanied until they depart, by the inspector general of police and several assistant inspectors, who will prevent any hostile demonstrations on the part of the people.

The parliamentary resolution to approve all war expenditures, regardless of amount and date, is prefaced with the declaration that the objects of the war have not been realized yet."

The Central News correspondent in Wei Hui Wei telegraphs under the date of February 1, via Taliens-Wanko: "The Chinese warships were much damaged in yesterday's fight. After the Palmyras forts capitulated the Japanese turned the captured guns against the Chinese warships, hitting them repeatedly and forcing them to change their position.

A violent snow storm in the afternoon of January 31, compelled the Japanese fleet to remain inactive and thus frustrated the Japanese plan to bring on a general naval engagement. The Japanese still hold the entrance to the harbor."

A Central News despatch sent from Hai Chong on Friday says that Viceroy Liu Kung Ti has arrived at New Chwang and will assume supreme command of the Chinese operation in Manchuria. General Nodzu, the Japanese commander, expects to be attacked to-morrow or Tuesday. His spies report that there are about 50,000 Chinese troops in the neighborhood of Yeng Kow and New Chwang.

## HARD FIGHTING.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—A despatch sent today by the Central News correspondent in Che Foo says:

"The Japanese have captured the island of Ling Kung Tan, the last stronghold of the Chinese at Wei Hui Wei. The bombardment was terrific and lasted for hours. The Chinese answered it with unusual spirit, but many of their guns were disabled early in the engagement.

Towards the close of the bombardment six Japanese ships landed marines who captured the batteries. The fighting was severe and many were killed and wounded on each side.

As this despatch is sent the two fleets are hotly engaged.

## Ward McAllister Dead.

*The New York Society Leader Succumbs to Grippe After Only a Week's Illness—How He Became a Leader in the Exclusive Set at New York, Newport and Saratoga. His Ancestors Were Society Leaders in the Time of Washington.*

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Ward McAllister, the society leader, died at his home, 16 West Thirty-sixth street, this city, last night at 7:30 o'clock. At the time of his death he was attended by his wife and his daughter, his son and his brother, Rev. Francis Marion McAllister.

Mr. McAllister was attacked a week ago with the grippe, but no serious symptoms developed until 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning, when he became suddenly worse. He became unconscious at 10:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and remained so until 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, when he recovered consciousness, which continued until his death.

He became unconscious again at 10:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and remained so until his death.

Samuel Ward McAllister was born 64 years ago in Savannah, Ga. He prided himself upon his southern birth, the length of his ancestry and his social success. His ancestors were great leaders in the time of Washington. For eighteen years he lived in Savannah. With his seventeenth century ideas of social exclusiveness he acquired the knowledge and belief which eventually controlled the doors of metropolitan society.

Leaving Savannah he settled at Newport, R. I., and made the fashionable personal popularity of that place. He was a leader of modish folk by nature and training. It was at Newport that he originated picnics which made him famous. Though rarely boastful, he used to say that the food served on those occasions could not be matched in the world.

To him wines were as plain as water in a book. He knew their history, the philosophy of them and their worth to the fraction of a dollar. He knew the rare vintages, and could tell on the ends of his fingers the few private houses everywhere they could be found.

Professionally Mr. McAllister was a lawyer, a graduate of Yale. He went to San Francisco in 1852, but returned east soon after and married Miss Sarah Gibbons, a lady of wealth and good position. Then it was that he settled in Newport.

The Astors, Chanlers, Samuel Ward, Marion Crawford, Amelie Reves, Julia Ward Howe, the Boston Appletons and Princes, the Paterson Bonapartes and the Massachusetts Parkers were all his relatives.

## Tax Collectors After Hetty Green.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The skipper of the smack Delta which arrived at Lowestoft today, saw a small boat and a human body floating in the North Sea about forty miles south east of that port.

Other skippers who came in today say they passed the doors, furniture, spars and boxes. Six life boats and three life boat tanks have been picked up on the Suffolk coast. The body and the wreckage are undoubtedly from the ill-fated steamer Elbe.

## Dealing Out Spoils.

*Railroading Bills That Make Big Expenditure—A Beneficiary Watching Senators From a Cloak Room Door.*

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 3.—The Record's Harrisburg correspondent this morning says: "The work done by the legislature so far during the present session indicates that the Republican leaders are making a determined effort to get all the important measures in which they are interested through early, so that none may be lost in the rush and excitement of the closing days.

At the same time, it is intimated in certain quarters that after all the bills in which the leaders are interested have been forced through, the legislature may be suddenly adjourned, leaving the hundreds of bills of all descriptions and covering hobbies of every variety, to die a natural death either in committee or among the great mass on the calendar which is never reached for consideration.

Nothing could better illustrate this determination to force things than the tactics employed in the bills creating the new office for which favored Republican leaders have been slated. The banking bill was rushed through so rapidly under the lash of the Senate Chairman Gilkeson, who was continually on the floor, that it could not even be held up long enough to add an amendment proposed by Mr. Clarence, to exempt building and loan associations from certain provisions.

Those managing the bill agreed that the amendment ought to be added, but did not want to lose the necessary time, so that the amendment was introduced as a new bill to amend a bill which had not yet gotten out of the House."

The bill creating the new office of custodian of public grounds and buildings, for which John C. Delaney is slated, was rushed through the Senate with equal disregard of caution or warning from senators like General Gobin, C. C. Kauffman and others. Delaney himself was on deck, and from the doorway of the Senate library had his eye on every senator who it was thought might flinch.

General Gobin did not spare words in calling attention to the extravagance of the proposed measure which cost the state \$7700 for exactly the same services which were now secured for \$1400. Every objection, however, found Senator McCarroll on the floor pleading for the poor office-seeker, and painting wonderful pictures of the great mass of work which would greet the new official upon his entrance on the duties of the new \$3000 job.

## No Popular Loan.

*The Coming Issue of Bonds Will be Placed Entirely in London.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The cabinet was in session to-day from before 10 o'clock until after 2:45. It is understood always the only subject of discussion was the pending bond issue. Several prominent New York bankers are here, among them P. Pierpont Morgan, and while they have not seen either the president or Mr. Carlisle, their views were conveyed to the president to-day. It is believed no final action has been determined upon. It is understood negotiations with representatives of London bankers are now in progress, with indications of an early consummation.

There is no longer any expectation of a popular loan to be placed in this country, as is the event the experience of the last few months would be repeated, and the gold reserve again depleted. The purpose of the administration is to place the entire issue of bonds with London bankers, who would pay them out.

*Pennsylvania Railroad's Tour to the Golden Gate.*

*The Coming Issue of Bonds Will be Placed Entirely in London.*

APRIL 20 and March 20, 1895.

Detailed itinerary will be sent on application to Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York, or Room 411, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

## Kittanning Doomed.

*Kittanning, Feb. 4.—Arthur Kirk, of Pittsburg, who superintended the dynamiting of the ice gorge for the Ford City Company, believes Kittanning will be swept away by the expected flood.*

*He was here Sunday evening soliciting subscriptions to continue tunnel cutting to save this town. Citizens refused contributions. Mr. Kirk was disappointed and says Kittanning deserves its immediate destruction.*

*Explosions of dynamite on the gorge shattered windows and shook so many houses at Rapton and Manorville, that the Plate Company may be sued for damages. Blasts two miles away shook houses here yesterday.*

## Eight Men Frozen to Death.

*DULUTH, Feb. 3.—It is reported that eight men have perished in the unexploded gold regions along the Seine River. They are William Mackey*