

Democratic Watchman

Bellefonte, Pa., Oct. 12, 1894.

OCTOBER.

Ouzes and skies and clouds of June,
And flowers of June together.
Ye cannot rival for one hour
October's bright blue weather;
When lo! the bumble-bee makes haste,
Belated, thrills the vacant,
And goldenrod is dying fast,
And lanes with grasses fragrant;
When on the ground red apples lie
In piles like jewels shining,
And redder still on old stone walls
Are leaves of woodbine twining;
When all the lovely wayside things
Their white-winged seeds are sowing,
And in the fields, still green and fair,
Late afternoons are growing;
When springs run low, and on the brooks,
In idle, golden freighting,
Bright leaves sit noiseless in the hush
Of woods, for winter waiting;
When comrades seek sweet country haunts,
By two and two together,
And count like miners, hour by hour,
October's bright blue weather.
Ouzes and skies and flowers of June,
Count all your boasts together.
Love loveth best of all the year,
October's bright blue weather.
—Helen Hunt Jackson.

The Work of Dust.

Dust has a very large share in nearly all the phenomena of earth's atmosphere. It is what makes the clear sky appear blue; and when we look up into the sky we see the dust in the atmosphere illuminated by the sun. There is nothing else before us that can permit the light to reach the eye. Light goes invisible, straight through all gases, whatever their chemical composition. The dust catches it, reflects it in every direction, and so causes the whole atmosphere to appear clear, in the same way that it makes the sunbeam visible in the darkened room. Without dust there would be no blue firmament. The sky would be as dark or darker than we see it in the finest moonless nights. The glowing disk of the sun would stand immediately upon the dark background, and the same sharp contrast would prevail upon the illuminated surface of the earth—blinding light where the sun's rays fall and deep black shadows where they do not. Only the light of the moon and the stars, which would remain visible in the daytime, would be able to temper this contrast in a slight degree. The illumination of the earth's surface would be like that we see with the telescope on the lunar landscape; for the moon has no atmospheric envelope that can hold floating dust. We then owe to dust the even moderately tempered daylight, adapted now to our eyes; and it is that which contributes most to the beauty of our landscape scenery.

But if dust makes the sky appear clear, why is the color of the sky blue? Why does dust, of the different constituents of white sunlight, reflect the blue rather than the green, yellow and red? This fact is connected with the size of the dust particles. Only the finest dust settles so slowly that it can be spread everywhere by means of the air currents and can be found constantly in all strata of the atmosphere; and special importance can be ascribed only to these finest particles. The coarse parts soon fall to the ground. Let us consider the fine mechanism of light, the extremely short other waves which determine its existence. These waves, although they are of even less than microscopic size, are not all equally long. The shortest are those that give blue light, while all the other colors are produced by longer waves. The fine atmosphere dust contains many particles which are large enough to reflect the short blue ether waves, fewer than can reflect green and yellow, and still fewer large enough to reflect the long red waves. The red light, therefore, goes on almost without hindrance, while the blue is more liable to be diverted, and thus to reach the eye. A similar phenomenon may be observed on a larger scale on water which is roughened with waves of different lengths, and on which pieces of wood are floating. The pieces of wood stand in the same relation to the water waves as the dust particles to the ether waves. The great long waves pass the blocks undisturbed, only rocking up and down; while the finer ripples of the water are turned back, as if the blocks were firm walls.

The finest dust thus appears blue. There is much coarse dust in large towns, when the sky over them is often gray, while only the finest, blue dust is carried up in the country. The dust is also variously assorted at different heights above the surface of the earth. The coarser dust will be found at the lower levels, where it is produced. On mountains we have most of the dust beneath us, while the rarefied air can sustain only the finest floating particles. Hence the sky on high mountains is clear and deep blue, even almost black, as if it were without dust. Only when we look at the lower strata, toward the horizon, does the color pass into gray.

Why is the sky in Italy and the tropics of a so much deeper blue than that of Western Europe? Is the dust there finer? It is really so; not that a finer quality of dust is produced there, but because in the moist climate of the North Sea countries the dust cannot float long in the air without being charged with water and made coarser, while in warmer countries water exists in the air as vapor and does not become condensed as a liquid on the dust. Only when it is carried by the air currents into the higher strata and is cooled there does it thicken into clouds. With this we come to the most important function of dust in our atmosphere—the part which it has in the function of rain, by reason of vapors condensing upon it. It can be affirmed with certainty that all the water which the sun causes to evaporate on the surface of the sea and on the land is condensed again on dust, and that no rain drops fall unless it had a particle of dust as its primary nucleus. Without dust there would be no condensation of water in the air—no fog, no clouds, no rain, no snow, no showers. The only condensing surface would be the surface of the earth itself. Thus the trees and plants and the walls of houses would begin to trickle whenever cooling began in the air. In

winter all would be covered with a thick icy crust. All the water which we are accustomed to see falling in rain pours or in snow would become visible in this way. We should at once feel on going out of doors that our clothes were becoming wet through. Umbrellas would be useless. The air, saturated with vapor, would penetrate the interior of houses and deposit its water on everything in them. In short, it is hard to conceive how different everything would be, if dust did not offer its immeasurable extent of surface everywhere to the air. To this we owe it that the condensation of water is diverted from the surface of the earth to the higher, cooler atmospheric strata.—*Popular Science Monthly, from Die Gartenlaube.*

It hardly necessary to advise Democrats to vote for William M. Singler, for they cannot do anything else. When such a man as he is compared with an ordinary politician like Hartings, the contrast is so marked that words would be quite useless in emphasizing the difference: The Democrats have a right to be proud of Singler. Such a candidate for governor so well equipped in every way for the discharge of the duties of the gubernatorial office, has not been presented to the people for suffrages in the past generation and more. He has had practical experience and his life shows that he has profited by it. He is believed to have inspired the policy of his paper, the Philadelphia Record, and there can be found a better exposition of fearless and correct principles than in that journal? He is a workingman himself and always has been. He is a printer and also a farmer and in both pursuits he takes a keen interest. It is nothing to his discredit to add that he is interested in corporations. They are a benefit to the commonwealth, especially when their affairs are conducted by such an honest man as Singler. Thus we see that our candidate for governor is interested in many things. He is at the same time a workingman and a capitalist, a farmer and also a worker in the industries of Philadelphia. From what the public knows of him it is evident that he could not be made the tool of any special interest, for if there is one man in the state to-day who thinks and acts for himself that man is William Singler. He believes in individual freedom for himself and for others and is one of the strongest opponents of that spirit of paternalism, which if carried out to its logical extreme would result in a despotic government or a communistic state. Mr. Singler does not seem to have ever acquired the faculty of using words to conceal his thoughts. What he believes that he says and his notable bluntness of utterance manifested itself quite conspicuously not long since. If he should be chosen to fill the office of governor every law on the statute books would be enforced or he would know the reason why and the people and politicians would soon understand that there was no one in the government in fact as well as in name. With his other good qualities he is also a tariff reformer exceeded in his devotion to the cause by none in Pennsylvania or elsewhere.—*Altoona Times.*

Secrecy of Wrapping Paper.
The United States is probably the only country in the world where a luxury is not made of wrapping paper. In army taxed, monarchy oppressed Germany the well filled leaves from the children's copy books are used in France for every line of small goods. In trade fruits, dairy products and foods from the delicatessen shops are done up in green leaves. The baker, butcher and little shopkeeper uses copies of old newspapers. In China and Japan where paper is cheap and as beautiful as silk, the baker and pastry maker spreads out the tarts, jelly rolls, rice cakes and sweetmeats on cypress branches.—*New York World.*

THE PORT'S SOLLOQUY.
"Kiss" rhymes to "bliss," in fact as well as verse.
And "pill" with "pill," and "worse," with "hearse."
In fact and verse, we find "complete recovery."
Rhymes best with "Golden Medical Discovery."
For driving out scrofulous and all other taints of the blood, fortifying the constitution against lung-scurf and consumption, for strengthening the digestive organs and invigorating the entire system by sending streams of pure blood through all the veins—there is nothing equal to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the only guaranteed Blood, Liver and Lung remedy sold.

The latest reports from the war in the Orient say the Chinese are on the run, and will not stand and fight their foe. The victorious Japanese have captured the city of Wido, only 145 miles from Moukden, the sacred capital of the great province of Manchuria with its population of 22,000,000. At Moukden there are said to be treasures amounting to \$1,680,000,000. The Chinese troops are represented to be in a sadly demoralized condition, and both mutinous and starving.

A Memphis man, whose ruling passion for angling was strong in the deathly lass for a while containing this direction: "All my fishing rods and tackle, except a line and a few hooks, to be buried with me, in order that, if there is any fishing in the other world, I will be provided with tackle to enjoy the sport, which has afforded me much delight in the present mode of existence." So, says a fisherman who has been entitled to his "portion in the lake."

Every mother should know that croup can be prevented. The first symptom of true croup is hoarseness. This is followed by a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given freely as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the cough has developed it will prevent the attack. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by F. P. Green.

Caller.—"Wonder if I can see your mother, little boy? Is she engaged?" Little Boy. "Engaged? Whatcher givin' us? She's married."

National Finances.

How Harrison's Administration Depleted the Treasury. Surplus Scattered and the Government Saddled With Increased Expenditures. Proficiency and Wastefulness the Rule. The Present Condition.

The condition of the national treasury has been most unsatisfactory for two years past. When President Cleveland was inaugurated on the 4th of March, 1893, the treasury was literally bankrupt. The claims due from the government at the time, and which should have been paid promptly, aggregated over \$30,000,000 more than the resources of the treasury, and Secretary Foster on the day that he retired from office declined to issue a draft for some \$2,000,000 that was long over due, simply because he had not the means to pay it. Such was the official legacy left to the Cleveland administration by President Harrison.

The contrast between the condition of the treasury when Harrison was inaugurated on the 4th of March, 1889, and the condition of the treasury when Cleveland entered his second term four years later is not forgotten by the people. When Cleveland retired to be succeeded by Harrison, he left a clear surplus in the treasury of over \$60,000,000, and in estimating that surplus his secretary of the treasury did not embrace government deposits to the credit of disbursing officers which always amount to some millions, or subsidiary coins, which usually aggregate from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000, and which cannot be used in the payment of government obligations. Thus more than \$60,000,000 of surplus was entirely dissipated by the Harrison administration and a trust fund of \$55,000,000 held by the government for the redemption of bank notes was covered into the treasury by act of congress, thus increasing the debt of the government to that extent, as the sum was transferred to the general treasury fund to save the treasury from bankruptcy.

This was not only the clean surplus of over \$60,000,000 expended, but the \$55,000,000 of trust fund violently seized and expended also. Since that time bank notes have been redeemed out of the treasury, and thus \$55,000,000 were added to the debt of the government during the Harrison administration without the public realizing the fact. It was, in plain English, a forced loan by the government, and yet with all these combined resources from surplus and a forced loan Harrison retired from the presidency, leaving the treasury literally bankrupt.

If the evil of the Harrison administration had stopped with simply bankrupting the treasury by expending its surplus and a forced loan of some \$55,000,000, the country could have speedily recovered from the disaster. The Fifty-first congress, that was Republican in both branches and in harmony with President Harrison, not only scattered the surplus by profligacy, but it created fixed and permanent expenses of the government for future congresses to meet amounting to from \$50,000,000 to \$70,000,000 annually. Thus the Harrison administration exhausted the surplus of over \$60,000,000, exhausted a forced loan of some \$55,000,000 and then loaded the government with from \$50,000,000 to \$70,000,000 of permanent annual expenditures by the creation of offices, the increase of pensions and general wastefulness. Such is the record of the administration that preceded Cleveland's return to power in March, 1893.

Soon after the inauguration of the present administration our financial trouble culminated, resulting from the purchase of silver and the general degradation of our financial system inaugurated by a strictly partisan measure known as the Sherman silver purchase bill, which was opposed solidly by the Democrats and passed by the Republican party vote. The financial revolution was the beginning of business paralysis and industrial distress throughout the land, and good men of all parties rose up in every state and in both houses of congress to rescue the national credit by the repeal of the Sherman law, which was a strictly Republican partisan measure when it was passed. The general paralysis of business and trade that resulted from financial disturbance and the natural distrust and hesitation which always attend tariff revision greatly reduced the national revenues, while the increased expenditures fixed by the Republican congress remained, and the treasury has been severely strained during the present administration.

With all its strain, however, the government has used a single loan of \$50,000,000, and that is over \$10,000,000 less than the surplus left the Harrison administration when Mr. Cleveland retired, while the reduction of the gold reserve does not amount to the forced loan paid under Harrison's administration by the appropriation of the bank trust fund.

From these facts it would seem that those who criticize the present administration for the condition of the treasury must lately history, and those who are wise will frankly confess that the condition of the treasury existing conditions, than it was under the preceding administration. The people who pay the taxes will be entirely honest on this subject sooner or later, and politicians would act wisely by being honest at once.—*Philadelphia Times.*

Unique Advertising.
A tale is told of Robert Bonner and his belief in advertising. One day he engaged a whole page of a newspaper and repeated a two line advertisement upon it over and over again. It must have been repeated 5,000 times upon the page in the smallest type.
"Why do you waste your money, Robert?" asked a friend. "I noticed that same line so often. Would not half a page have answered your purpose?"
"Half a page would never have caused you to ask the question," replied Mr. Bonner. "At least five people will ask that to every line, was the way I figured it!"—*New York News.*

LIFE IS MISERY.—to many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy so good as Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.
Hood's Pills cure all liver ills.

Over 1,000,000 children are enrolled in the schools of Pennsylvania. The property used in carrying on these schools is over \$40,000,000. Over \$14,000,000 a year is expended upon them. The state makes an appropriation of \$5,500,000 a year for them.

Don't!—If a dealer offers you a bottle of Salvation Oil without wrapper or label, or in a mutilated condition, don't touch it—don't buy it at any price, there is something wrong—it may be a dangerous or worthless counterfeit. Insist upon getting a perfect, unbroken, genuine package. Be on your guard!

There are between 300 and 400 women apothecaries in the United States, and heit said to their credit they are rarely charged with making mistakes and never with permitting winking at their soda fountains.

A fine head of hair is an indispensable element of beauty. Ayer's Hair Vigor maintains youthful freshness and luxuriance, restores to faded and gray hair its original color, prevents baldness, removes dandruff and cures scalp diseases. It gives perfect satisfaction.

Wife—The doctor thinks you have enlargement of the heart. Husband—I thought he must imagine I had something of the sort by the size of the bill he sent in.

Tourists.

Cheap Excursions to the West.
An exceptionally favorable opportunity for visiting the richest and most productive sections of the west and northwest will be afforded by the Home-Seekers' low rate excursions which have been arranged by the North-Western Line. Tickets for these excursions will be sold on Sept. 11th and 25th, and Oct. 9th, to points in north-western Iowa, western Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Manitoba, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana and Idaho, and will be good for return passage within twenty days from date of sale. Stop-over privileges will be allowed on going trip in territory to which the tickets are sold. For further information, call on or address Ticket Agents of connecting lines. Circulars mailed gratis and detailed information will be mailed free, upon application to W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Chicago & North-Western Railway, Chicago.

Miscellaneous Advs.

THE ART AMATEUR.
Best and Largest Practical Art Magazine
(The only Art Periodical awarded a medal at the World's Fair.)
Invited to all who wish to make their living by art or to make their home beautiful.
FOR 10c, we will send to any one mention-10c. In this publication a specimen copy, with superb color plates (for copying or framing) and 8 supplementary pages of designs (regular price, 35c). For 25c, we will send also "Painting for Beginners" (90 pages).
MONTAGUE MARKS, 25 Union Sq., N. Y. 39-19-ly.

Cottolene.
Those who have a little sympathy for the dyspeptic. They can eat everything that comes along. While they can eat rich food without fear of the dyspeptic's sad experiences, they nevertheless greatly appreciate a delicate flavor in their pastry.

GOOD DIGESTION.
BEECH CREEK RAILROAD.
Condensed Time Table.

Philadelphia and New York. Sleeping Cars attached to Beech Creek R. R. train passing Mill Hall, East bound at 9:52 p. m. West bound at 8:16 a. m.
J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BECH CREEK RAILROAD.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co., Lessee.
Condensed Time Table.

READ UP	READ DOWN
Exp. Mail. AUG 5th, 1894.	Exp. Mail.
No. 37 No. 33	No. 30 No. 36
9:20 12:40 A. T. MAHAFFEY Lv	5:30 9:25 A. T.
9:10 12:27 Bower.....Lv	5:40 9:20
8:50 12:05 Kettner.....Ar	5:58 9:20
8:40 11:55 GAZZA.....Lv	6:08 9:00
8:30 11:45 Kettner.....Ar	6:15 9:07
8:20 11:35 New Millport.....Lv	6:21 9:07
8:10 11:25 Oants.....Ar	6:28 9:07
8:00 11:15 Mitchell.....Ar	6:35 9:07
7:49 11:00 CLEARFIELD.....Lv	7:02 9:00
7:31 10:45 Woodland.....Ar	7:22 9:00
7:25 10:39 Woodland.....Lv	7:27 9:00
7:15 10:29 Woodland.....Ar	7:37 9:00
7:08 10:25 Morrisdale Mines.....Lv	7:42 9:00
7:00 10:15 Munson.....Ar	7:50 9:00
6:35 9:50 PHILIPSBURG.....Lv	8:15 8:15
7:20 10:38 PHILIPSBURG.....Ar	7:30 9:00
6:15 9:32 Hilltown.....Ar	8:08 8:08
6:05 9:20.....Ar	8:17 8:29
6:09 9:24 SNOW SHOE.....Lv	8:44 8:45
5:19 8:30 BEECH CREEK.....Ar	9:40 9:38
5:09 8:25 Mt. Hall.....Ar	9:59 9:52
4:59 8:07 LOCK HAVEN.....Ar	10:02 9:57
4:48 7:58 Youngdale (Wayne).....Ar	10:12 10:07
4:43 7:53 Youngdale.....Ar	10:17 10:12
4:35 7:45 Jersey Shore Junr.....Ar	10:25 10:20
4:30 7:40 JERSEY SHORE.....Ar	10:30 10:25
4:20 7:30 W. WMSFPORT.....Ar	11:00 11:03
P. M. A. M.	A. M. P. M.
7:40 9:55 Ar WMSFPORT.....Lv	10:35 10:15
7:35 9:50 Ar PHILAD'A.....Lv	10:12 7:12
7:30 9:45 Ar PHILAD'A.....Lv	(Reading Terminal)

Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
CHICAGO, ILL., and
138 N. Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
39-21-40-ly.

Fine Job Printing.

FINE JOB PRINTING.
—A SPECIALTY—
WATCHMAN OFFICE

There is no style of work, from the cheapest to the finest.
—BOOK WORK—
Prices consistent with the class of work by calling or communicating with this office.

McAlmont & Co.

THE MCCORMICK.

The McCormick Harvesting Machinery commanded the best and highest premiums, over all others, at the World's Fair, any statement to the contrary notwithstanding.

The McCormick Steel Binding Harvester has no competitor, as to merit and durability.

BINDER TWINE.

Manila 10 cents per pound by the bale
Standard 9 cents per pound by the bale
Sisal 8 cents per pound by the bale

One cent per pound discount on early orders.

We propose to prepare binder twine, proof against grasshoppers.

REAPER SECTIONS.

Reaper Sections 8 cents each or 90 cents per dozen for the McCormick, Champion, Deering, Johnson, Obsolete and Wood Mowers and Harvesters.

SELF DUMP HAY RAKES.

Self Dump Hay Rakes of the best make for \$10.50. Hand Dump Hay Rakes at lowest prices.
The Keystone Hay Loader, the favorite. Also Side Delivery Hay Rake.

FERTILIZERS.

McAlmont & Co's. Champion \$25.00 Ammoniated Bone Super Phosphate, as well as the Liebig High Grade Acid Phosphate have returned more value for their cost to the farmer, than any other fertilizer ever sold in Centre County. They are the highest grade goods at the very lowest prices.

We invite farmers to call and examine our goods before purchasing.
McALMONT & CO.
Bellefonte, Pa.

Central Railroad Guide.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN	READ UP
No. 5 No. 3 No. 1	No. 2 No. 4 No. 6
Aug. 6, 1894.	Aug. 6, 1894.
P. M. A. M. A. M. Lv. Ar.	P. M. A. M. P. M. Ar. Lv.
7:30 9:15 8:20 BELLEFONTE.....Ar	7:30 9:15 8:20 BELLEFONTE.....Lv
7:30 9:15 8:20 Tyrone.....Ar	7:30 9:15 8:20 Tyrone.....Lv
7:51 9:36 8:31 Valley.....Ar	7:51 9:36 8:31 Valley.....Lv
7:55 9:36 8:32 Vancocoy.....Ar	7:55 9:36 8:32 Vancocoy.....Lv
8:04 9:49 8:44 Garrettsville.....Ar	8:04 9:49 8:44 Garrettsville.....Lv
8:11 9:49 8:44 Pleasant Mt.....Ar	8:11 9:49 8:44 Pleasant Mt.....Lv
8:16 9:56 8:51 Summit.....Ar	8:16 9:56 8:51 Summit.....Lv
8:18 9:58 8:53 Unionville.....Ar	8:18 9:58 8:53 Unionville.....Lv
8:21 9:58 8:53 Mt. Pleasant.....Ar	8:21 9:58 8:53 Mt. Pleasant.....Lv
8:26 9:58 8:53 Boynton.....Ar	8:26 9:58 8:53 Boynton.....Lv
8:26 9:58 8:53 Boynton.....Ar	8:26 9:58 8:53 Boynton.....Lv
8:41 10:19 9:14 Steierson.....Ar	8:41 10:19 9:14 Steierson.....Lv
8:46 10:29 9:44 Philadelphia.....Ar	8:46 10:29 9:44 Philadelphia.....Lv
8:52 10:39 9:44 Graham.....Ar	8:52 10:39 9:44 Graham.....Lv
8:54 10:41 9:46 Ball.....Ar	8:54 10:41 9:46 Ball.....Lv
8:56 10:43 9:48 Wallingford.....Ar	8:56 10:43 9:48 Wallingford.....Lv
9:06 10:44 9:48 Bigler.....Ar	9:06 10:44 9:48 Bigler.....Lv
9:14 10:44 9:48 Woodland.....Ar	9:14 10:44 9:48 Woodland.....Lv
9:15 10:45 9:48 Barrett.....Ar	9:15 10:45 9:48 Barrett.....Lv
9:24 10:50 9:48 Leonard.....Ar	9:24 10:50 9:48 Leonard.....Lv
9:30 10:56 9:48 Clearfield.....Ar	9:30 10:56 9:48 Clearfield.....Lv
9:35 11:03 9:48 Riverport.....Ar	9:35 11:03 9:48 Riverport.....Lv
9:47 11:10 9:48 Sunnyside.....Ar	9:47 11:10 9:48 Sunnyside.....Lv
9:58 11:22 9:48 Curwensville.....Ar	9:58 11:22 9:48 Curwensville.....Lv
P. M. A. M. A. M.	A. M. P. M. A. M.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH.

Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 20, 1893.

Leave Snow Shoe, except Sunday.....3:00 p. m.
Arrive in Bellefonte.....4:49 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, except Sunday.....8:57 a. m.
Arrive in Snow Shoe.....10:23 a. m.

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 20th, 1893.

WESTWARD	EASTWARD
111 103	114 112
P. M. A. M.	A. M. P. M.
1:58 5:40 Montandon.....Ar	9:10 4:55
2:08 6:15 Fair Ground.....Ar	9:20 4:47
2:17 6:23 Fair Ground.....Ar	9:30 4:39
2:22 6:28 Vicksburg.....Ar	9:47 4:35
2:31 6:37 Millbinton.....Ar	9:58 4:27
2:40 6:50 Glen Iron.....Ar	10:08 4:15
3:11 7:18 Cherry Run.....Ar	7:57 3:45
3:30 7:38 Coburn.....Ar	7:38 3:30
3:47 7:55 Rising Springs.....Ar	7:30 3:14
4:01 8:09 Centre Hall.....Ar	7:06 3:01
4:07 8:15 Gregg.....Ar	7:00 2:54
4:15 8:23 Tyrone.....Ar	6:50 2:42
4:18 8:28 Oak Hall.....Ar	6:47 2:47
4:22 8:32 Lemont.....Ar	6:43 2:37
4:27 8:37 Dale Summit.....Ar	6:37 2:32
4:30 8:40 Pleasant Gap.....Ar	6:28 2:28
4:45 8:53 Bellefonte.....Ar	6:20 2:15
P. M. A. M.	A. M. P. M.

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.

Upper End.

WESTWARD	EASTWARD
P. M. A. M.	A. M. P. M.
10:10 4:50 Scotia.....Ar	9:20 4:40
10:19 5:07 Fairbrook.....Ar	9:30 4:40
10:28 5:15 Furness.....Ar	9:51 4:45
10:40 5:25 Hostler.....Ar	8:45 4:05
10:46 5:31 Marengo.....Ar	8:39 3:55
10:55 5:35 Lovelle.....Ar	8:35 3:55
10:58 5:39 Furness Rd.....Ar	8:29 3:49
11:01 5:41 Pangargin.....Ar	8:26 3:46
11:04 5:43 W. Ark.....Ar	8:18 3:38
11:26 5:01 Pennington.....Ar	8:09 3:29
11:32 5:12 Stover.....Ar	7:58 3:18
11:40 5:20 Tyrone.....Ar	7:50 3:10
P. M. A. M.	A. M. P. M.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

To take effect June 18, 1894.

WESTWARD	EASTWARD
No. 12 No. 8	No. 1 No. 7
No. 12 No. 8	No. 1 No. 7
P. M. A. M.	A. M. P. M.
6:38 2:45 8:45 Bellefonte.....Ar	10:50 4:40
6:38 2:39 8:40 Coyleville.....Ar	9:51 4:45
6:25 2:15 8:28 Morris.....Ar	8:40 4:45
6:22 2:38 8:25 Whitmer.....Ar	6:44 4:07
6:14 2:28 8:31 Hunters.....Ar	6:50 4:11
6:14 2:28 8:28 Fillmore.....Ar	6:51 4:05
6:05 2:21 8:24 Braily.....Ar	7:00 4:22
6:05 2:18 8:20 Wadley.....Ar	7:05 4:25
6:02 2:12 8:18 Mattoon.....Ar	7:08 4:28
5:46 2:00 8:07 Krum	