Bellefonte, Pa., Aug. 31, 1894.

ACCOUNTED FOR.

I am not feeling well to-day, But why I cannot see. I had some ice cream 'cross the way, And pancakes home for tea;

I also had some caramels, And sugared almonds too ! And when I met with Tommy Wells A stick of fine tolu.

But I was careful with each one-Too much of none I ate.
It cannot be that penny bun,
And yet the pain is great.

I had six cookies but I've had Six cookies oft before; They've never left me feeling bad, Nor pickles—three or more.

The soda-water couldn't make
Me ill—'twas Billie's treat,
I sort of think this fearful ache
Comes wholly from the heat
—Harper's Young People.

Giant Redwood.

A Remarkable Timber Belt in Southern California .- Felling These Forest Monarchs is a Fine

One of most remarkable timber belts in the world says a San Diego (Cal.) letter to the New York Times, stands in Humboldt and Mendocina counties of this State. It embraces 4,224 square miles, containing 135,000,000,000 feet of timber. With the aid of the microscope, scientist have found the age of some of these trees to be nearly 3,000 years. Some of the fallen trees have remained where they fell for 800 to 1000 years, so it is estimated, with scarcely any deterioration of the wood.

Eastern tourists in California know but little of these redwoods, (Sequoia sempervirens.) They usually see the few mammoth redwoods of Calevaras (Sequoia gigantia,) and go home and tell their friends about this disappearing tribe of giants. The lumber redwoods of Humboldt are less talked about, yet one of its trees will yield over 100,000 abolishing all offices maintained as a feet of boards, and fill a freight train

Felling these, which are 150 to 250 feet high, is a fine art acquired only by have excellent judgment as to the lean He drives a stake 100 or 150 from the bed in direct'line from base to stake, and on that line the tree must fall. An axe kerf is then made on the side where the tree is to fall. The apex of the obtuse triangle made by this kerf points exactly at the distant stake.

The tree is cut one-third through with the axe. On the other side of the tree, opposite the kerf, a saw kerf is started This is done by boring two holes horizontally and driving in wooden pins on which the twelve to twenty foot saw He Pestered His Wife With Praises of His rests until the kerf is sufficiently deep to steady the saw. Broad, thin iron wedges are driven in after the saw to prevent the doomed tree from pinching At each end of this saw "ears" are bolted on, which can be removed and the saw be withdrawn in case of troub-Wedges are made to follow the saw until the wood dividing the saw kerf from the axe kerf is narrowed to a width where wedges can be made to force the tree, with all of its great weight, to lean

in the direction in which it is to fall. The tree is toppled over, and so exact is the chopper's work and calculation that almost invariably the falling trunk drives the stake aimed at when operations were begun. An error in the fall of the tree is likely to cause the tree to break and cost the lumberman more than the chopper's wages for a month—\$125. These virgin forests are so densely timbered that, if cleared at once, there would not be room enough on the ground for the trunks. "Peelers" follow the choppers. With long steel bars, flattened at one end, they pry off the thick bark and burn it. Then comes the cross-cut saw man, who cuts the tree into logs. These are transported to the sawmills by rail, cut into

boards, and shipped to market.

Redwood is so free from resinous matter that it will not burn readily. When firing it chars. The immunity of fire of towns built of redwood lumber is remarkable. Large conflagrations are unknown. This lumber shrinks so very little that it is used by builders in a green state. The beauty of the wood for finishing work is marked, as it frequently has a curly face and also a bird's-eye grain. This red wood promises to be a popular wood in the Eastern

He Knew His Strength.

A Georgia fruit dealer had about his store a man of color who was noted for his honesty. At least, he had been for the six months he had been employed. the season was received, Zeke became worried and nervous, and just before closing for the night he went to the pro-

"I spec', boss, I'ze got ter resign," he said twirling his hat in hand like a

shame-faced boy. "Why, Zeke, what's the matter?" was the surprised response. "I'm satisfied with you, and I thought you were

satisfied with me." "I wuz, boss, 'till terday.'

"What's wrong now?" "I cain't stan hit, boss," he replied

vaguely. "Can't stand what?" "Can't stan de grat tem'tation, boss,' he went on rapidly. "De orringes ain't nothin, ner the bananners, ner the peaches, ner the plums, ner the grapes, ner noner dem. Dem's nothin to a man ob my princ'ples, boss, an 'tain't no tem'tation fer me not ter pick um up when you ain't lookin, but boss, hit am dem yar watermillions wot's rasslin wid dis chile, an dey's gwine to fling him sho. Dem's wot I can't stan, boss, an ef I hain't done resigned my job dish yer very night dar's a commandment gwineter be busted wide open, an I'ze sponsible fer hit. Lemme go, boss,' he pleaded, and to save a good man Zeke was invited to take his pick of the

troit Free Press. Patrons of an Aberdeen, Wash, barbershop are furnished free a game of billiards with each share.

pile anp carry it home with him .-- De-

The First State Convention to Be in Harris- The Welsh Mountain Gang Again Broken Up.

Prominent men of Pittsburg, Brad dock and surrounding country have joined in an address for a convention to be held in Braddock for the organization of a party of reform, in which the word economy is eschewed, and the slogan of which is "a reduction of public expenses." If plans that are already proposed are realized, it will be the greatest thing western Pennsylvania has developed in a political way since the organization of the Republican party in Pittsburg in 1856.

What is proposed as an initial move is a great barbecue, with an ox-roast, speeches by prominent people, steam-boats that will traverse the Monongahela all day and carry thousands of people from every available point, with brass bands galore, and all the other accessories of a great popular demonstration. The National party, proposed some time ago by a Braddock man, is not dead, as has been said. During the last six weeks quiet but effective work has been going on, until now it is an assured thing that a great demonstration by the people will be held there. Up to date \$1.000 has been subscribed by man of standing to carry on the prelimina-

It is the intention to hold primary elections September 1, to elect delegates to a convention in Pittsburg, September 5, to nominate county officers, also to elect delegates to a state convention at

Harrisburg September 10, to nominate state officers In the call for the convention occurs

the following: "We respectfully set forth that the experience of the American people under the political spoils system in such, that, in our opinion, in a formation of a new party as far as practical the honor of, and not the spoils from, office should

be the incentive of office-seeking. "That the platform of the new party should be based upon a reduction in the number of our national and state public offices to the lowest possible point of means for political reward; that the members of congress should be reduced one-fourth of the present number; that the United States senate should be rethe most expert chopper. He must duced one-half, and the senators be elected by the people; that the presidential office should be limited to one of the tree, and other peculiarities which may affect the direction of its fall. our state legislatures reduced to onebase of the tree, and prepares a level fourth the present number; that the salaries of all public officials should be reduced to what they were before the days the salary-grab and back-pay-steal congress; that all questions of tariff, finance and laws governing the civil and business relations of the people should be taken out of politics and relegated to the law-making power."

Not Like His Mother's.

"Beautiful scenery here, is it not?" asked the young man of a solitary traveler whom he found pacing along the seashore. "Well, no, replied the stranger, I

can't agree with you. I think the cessfully executed. He was recaptured, ocean is too small. It is no such ocean but Abe managed to keep clear of the as my mother used to have." then ?

"Oh, yas, vastly superior. What tumbling breakers. What a magnificent sweep of view! What amplitude of distance! What fishing there was But his career was finally wound up in my mother's ocean !" "But the sky is magnificent here, is

it not, sir ?" "Too low and too narrow across the top," replied the stranger.
"I haven't noticed it," said the young

man "Yes." said the stranger, "it is too low and there isn't air enough in it either. Besides it doesn't sit plum over the earth; it is wider from north to south than it is from west to east. I call it a very poor sky. It is no such sky as my mother used to have."

"Pardon me, but did your mother have a special sky and ocean of her own?

Right here an old resident came up and drew the young man aside. 'Don't talk with him," said the old resident. "He is a hopeless lunatic. He is a man who always used to tell his wife about 'the biscuits my mother used to make,' 'my mother's pies,' 'my mother's puddings,' and 'my mother's doughnuts.' The habit grew on him so much that he became a confirmed lunatic.

Big Official Salaries in England.

It is interesting to note that the salary of the late Lord Chief Justice Coleridge was \$40,000 a year, while that of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States is \$10,500. The When the first load of watermelons for difference between the salaries of these two officials is no greater, however, than that between other high officials in England and this country. The Lord Chancellor receives \$50,000 a year while in office and a pension for life of \$25,-000. The Lords of Appeal get \$30,000 and all the other judges \$25,000. The income of the British Attorney General is at least \$60,000 a year, against a salary of \$8000 for the Attorney General of the United States. The latter figure is the salary of our Secretary of State, while all the English Secretaries of State get is \$25,000 a year, and after serving for a certain time they are entitled to \$10,000 a year for life. Altogether it will be seen that the high officers in England are very handsomely paid when compared with those in this country and the bench is about the best paid of all-Boston Herald.

The Old Man's Humble Part.

"What's Dick doing now?" "Well, Dick, he's a doctorin'."

'And John ?" "He's a horse tradin'."

"And William ?"

Tom.

"He's savin' of souls."

"Well, Tom he's sort a politicianin'

aroun'. "And you ?" "Well, I'm sorter farmin' an' a-feedin of Dick, an' John, an' William, an

-Do you read the WATCHMAN.

Abe Buzzard Sentenced.

-All of Its Members Convicted -The Reform ed Outlaw Was the Leader and is Given Eleven Years in the Eastern Penitentiary-The Others Receive Lighter Sentences-The Gang Plead Guilty and Several of the Charges Against Them Are Dropped.

LANCASTER, Aug. 25 .- Ever since the trials of Abe Buzzard and his gang of outlaws was begun on Thursday, it has been pretty certain that they would be convicted.

Abe Buzzard and his chief lieutenant, Dan Weinhold, pleaded guilty to robbery in robbing the station at Cedar Lane, on the Lancaster and Downingtown Railroad; to robbing Miller's Hotel, at Adamstown, and a number of other cases of petty thieving. Abe Buzzard was first called for sentence and before passing it Judge Livingston spoke

shortly to him. The Court then sentenced him to eleven years in the Eastern Penitentiary. The court house was crowded when sen tence was passed, but Buzzard was the coolest man in the building. He was unmoved, as he expected to get at least twenty years.

ABE BUZZARD'S CAREER. Abe Buzzard was pardoned by Govverted, set to work to reform his brother outlaws up in the Ephrata Mountains

is rather a romantic one. From the ing diseases. time he was born in the wilds of the Welsh mountains in 1852 until he was pardoned last year he has run the gauntlet of almost every crime and worried more jail wardens and prison-keepers than any other convict ever behind the

Abelays the blame for his life of crime upon the environments of his childhood and the manner of his bringing up. His father, a dissolute man, was killed in the war, and his mother, left with nine children to rear, set a very poor example to them, as she was sent to jail for robbing a neighbor.

There were seven boys in the family and with Abe as their leader they left home and sought a life in the hills. As they grew in years so they grow in crime and by the time Abe was old enough to vote he was the leader of a gang of outlaws that was the terror of the Welsh Mountains.

His depredations became so bold that the authorities of Lancaster county finally placed a reward upon his head of \$5,000. At one time a posse of deputies from Victoria succeeded in cornering Abe and Lew Crawford, one of his trusty lieutenants. They caught Crawford, but Abe filled John Hull, the leader of the posse, full of buckshot and escaped. Luckily for Abe, Hull did

not die of his serious wounds.

But it was not until 1882 that the daring outlaw was captured in the streets of Ephrata. He was then locked up in the Lancaster jail on a thirteen years' sentence for robbery. His brother Ike received the same sentence, but neither stayed in jail very long. means of a pet canary bird, which Abe trained to carry notes between Ike's cell and his, an escape was planned and suchungry officers of the law who sought Your mother's ocean was superior, him. He immediately returned to his mountain haunts, but found that most of

But his career was finally wound up when he was sentenced to a long imprisonment for horse-stealing and it was during this imprisonment that he became converted and was pardoned. He pursued his evangelical work a little over a year when he fell from paths of grace and into his present cell in the Lancaster Jail.

Abe Buzzard is still a comparatively young man of excellent physique and steady nerves.

Echoes of an Altercation.

"But Antonio cannot possibly have said any such thing !" "I assure you he expressed himself precisely on these terms."

"And I repeat that it is out of the question (getting excited.) Were you present when he said it?" "No. but"-

"Very well, then; I was present when he didn't"'-Motto da Ridere.

--- "I've given a wedding present to every couple that has been married in this town for the last 10 years," said Mrs. Badlinsed, "and all for noth-

ing."
"How is that?" asked her neigh "Why, my daughter, Mary Jane, has just eloped and got married."-New

York Press. -Conductor-Fare, please? Van Pelt-I had a dime when I got

on, but it's gone now. Conductor-I'm not to blame for that.

Van Pelt-Yes, you are; I swallowed it going around the Fourteenth street curve.

The Pope's income amounts to \$2,200,000 yearly, exclusive of special gifts like those of his Jubilee Year. Peter's Pence provide two thirds of the amount, the remainder being the interest of various investments.

-Never drink-"My wife calls me Ducky because I take to water." Old soak—"My wife calls me Camel because I can go so long without it.'

---- Many people neglect every opportunity to improve their own minds in the everlasting efforts to improve the minds of others. - Galveston News.

-The Catholic Total Abstinence Union of the United States has 57,350 members, according to the latest statis-

-If you want printing of any descripton the WATCHMAN office is the place to have it done.

Difficult to Translate.

How the Duchess of Gordon Dumfounded a Pretentious Dandy.

It was the Duchess of Gordon, a clever beautiful Scotch woman, who successfully dumbfounded a pretentious

dandy. He was beside her at a supper party, and in order to gain her good graces. affected a liking for the Scottish tongue, declaring there was not a Scottish phrase he did not under

"Rax me a sprawl o' that hubblyjock," replied the duchess, without changing a muscle of her face. The exquisite looked appalled and then slunk away in confusion, while the commission was performed by a cavalier hailing from the north of the

Tweed. She wanted a turkey wing.

stand.

To lengthen our days,
Is to use Pierce's Purgative Pellets, Sir?
For nine-tenths of the disease of the body begin with constipation or the clogging up of the sluice-ways, through which the impurities of the blood escape so that they are re-absorbed into the system. The Purgative Pellets act gently but thoroughly upon the stomach and ernor Pattison on April 8, 1893, and immediately claiming to have been conthe organs, they open the bowels and restore a natural, healthy digestion. Unequaled in dyspepsia, constipation, of Lancaster county.

The story of his life as told by himself billiousness, piles, or any of the result-

> in England by a veritable marrying boom; the registration of marriages for seven months of the year shows a larger number than in any year since 1883.

chronic diarrhea of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy," says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 60 cent bottles of this remedy for sale by F. P. Green.

-Powdered starch will take the stain out of linen if applied immediately. Tea stains may be removed from a tablecloth by immersing it in a strong solution of sugar for a few minutes and then rinsing it in soft water.

-Ayer's Ague Cure is an antidote for malaria and all malarial diseases, whether generated by swamp or sewer. Neither quinine, arsenic, nor any other injurious drug enters into the composition of this remedy. Warrranted to cure fever and ague.

-You never find a man who owns a diamond scarf pin wearing long whiskers.

-"I'm so nervous"-before taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I'm so well"after taking Hood's. Moral-"Be sure to get Hood's.

Tourists.

Cheap Excursions to the West.

An exceptionally tavorable opportunity for visiting the richest and most productive sections of the west and northwest will be afforded by the Home Seekers' low rate excursions which have been arranged by the North-Western Line. Tickets for these excursions will be sold on Sept. 11th and 25th, and Oct. 9th, to points in north western Iowa, western Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Manitoba, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana and Idaho, and will be good for return pasage within twenty days from date of sale. Stop-over privileges will be allowed on going trip in territory to which the tickets are sold. For further information, call on or address Ticket Agents of connecting lines. Circulars giving rates and detailed information will be mailed free, upon application to W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Chicago

& North-Western Railway, Chicago. Cottolene.

THOSE WHO HAVE A

GOOD DIGESTION

have little sympathy for the dyspeptic. They can eat everything that comes along. While they can eat rich food without fear of the dyspeptic's sad experiences, they nevertheless greatly appreciate la delicate flavor in their pastry.

-COTTOLENE-

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Refuse all substitutes.

Send three cents in stamps to N. K. Fairbank & Co., Chicago, for handsome Cottolene Cook Book, containing six hundred receipts, prepared by nine emi-nent authorities on cooking.

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--- A YEAR ---FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.

The year 1894 has been marked ngland by a veritable marrying a; the registration of marriages for months of the year shows a larnumber than in any year since 1883.

—"I know an old soldier who had nic diarrhea of long standing to been permanently cured by taking mberlain's Colic, Cholera and Dieza Remedy," says Edward Shuma prominent druggist of Minneapomin. "I have sold the remedy in city for over seven years and contity superior to any other medicine on the market for bowel companies. The work of the same teach of the year and contity of the seven years and contity of the seven years and contity of the seven years and contity of the year shows a larnumber than in any year since 1883.

If you want work that is pleasant and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from \$5.00 per day to \$3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. Nothing difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthy, and honor able, and can be done during daytime or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ years ago. You, reader, may do as well; try it. You cannot fail. No capital necessary. We fit you out with something that is new, solid, and sure. A book brimful of advice is free to all. Help yourself by writing for it to-day—not to-Help yourself by writing for it to-day-not to-

E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Central Railroad Guide.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF . . . PENNSYLVANIA. Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN Aug.6. 1894. No. 2 No.4 No.6 No. 5 No. 3 No. 1

7 12 10 12 Ar.....PHILA.....Lv *11 30 8 35 P.M. P. M. A. M. 79 30 3 20 N. York, via Tamq. 7 30 † 4 30 A. M. A. M. (Foot of Liberty St.) P. M. A. M.

attached to Beech Creek R. R. train passing Mill Hall. East bound at 9.52 p. m. West

bound at 8.16 a. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent

BEECH CREEK RAILROAD, N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., Lessee. Condensed Time Table.

-			-	1		-
Exp.	Mail.	AUG 5th, 1894.	Exp.		Mail.	
No. 37	No. 33		No.	30	No.	36
P. M. P. M		Access of the Contract of the	A: M.		P M.	
9 20	12 40	ArMAHAFFEY.Lv	†5		†2	
9 10	12 27	Bower		40		30
8 50	12 05	LvKerrmoorAr	5	58	2	50
8 40	11 55	GAZZAM	6	08	3	00
8 33	11 48	ArKerrmoorLv		15	3	07
8 29		New Millport		21	3	12
8 23		Olanta		28		18
8 17	11 29		6	35	3	26
7 49	11 00	CLEARFIELD	7	02	$\begin{cases} 3 \\ 7 \end{cases}$	55 00
7 31	10 45	Woodland	7	22	7	18
7 25				27		25
7 18			7	32		31
7 08	10 25	Morrisdale Mines		42		42
7 00	10 18	LvMunsonAr	7	50	7	50
6 35 7 20		Lv Ar PHILIPSBURG PHILIPSBURG Ar Lv	8 7	15 30		15 30
7 00	10 18	ArMunsonLv	7	54		55
6 55	10 10	Winburn	7			00
6 38	9 50	PEALE	8	17		20
6 16		Gillintown		37		38
6 09		SNOW SHOE				45
5 19		BEECH CREEK		40		38
5 00		Mill Hall	10	55		57
4 59		LOCK HAVEN 8 Youngdale (Wayne)		12		07
4 48	7 5	Browns	10			1:
4 3		Jersey Shore June.		25		20
4 30	7 4	JERSEY SHORE.		30		2
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P. M.	A. M.			M.		
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	1000	Lv At			1	
†4 3	0	. N. York, via Tamq				••••
		Lv A	r		1 .	

N. York, via Phila. 3 20 \$\frac{1}{27}\$ 30 N. York, via Phila. A M. A. M. *Daily. †Week-days. ‡6.00 p. M. Sundays \$10.10 a. M. Sundays.

Through Pullman Sleeping Car between Dubois, Clearfield, all intermediate points, and Philadelphia in both directions daily, except Sunday, on trains Nos. 33 and 36.

Convergence At Williamsnort with Date.

and Philadelphia in obst directions day, except Sunday, on trains Nos. 33 and 36.

Connections.—At Williamsport with Philadelphia and Reading R. R. it Jersey Shore with the Fall Brook Ry, for points in New York State and the West. At Mill Hall with Central R. R. of Penna. At Munson with trains to and from Philipsburg and with stages for Kylertown. At Philipsburg with Tyrone and Clearfield Division of Penna. R. R. At Clearfield with Buffalo, Rochester and Pitrsburg Ry. At Gazzam, with stages, for Ansonville and Berwinsdale. At Mahaffey with Cambria and Clearfield Division of Penna. R. R. and with Penna. and Northwestern R. R. F. E. HERRIMAN, Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Superintendent. Philadelphia, Pa.

Railway Guide.

DENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES. May 17th, 1894.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.32 a.m. arrive at Tyrone, 6.50 a. m., at Altocna, 7.40 a. m., at Pitteburg, 12.10 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 10.34 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 11.52 a. m. at Altocna, 1.45 p. m., at Pittsourg, 6.50 p: m.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.12 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.35, at Altocna at 7.40, at Pittsburg at 11.30.

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.32 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 6.60, at Harrisburg, 10.30 a. m., at Philadelphia, 1.25 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 10.34 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 11.52 a. m., at Harrisburg, 3.20 p. m., at

Leave Bellefonte 10.34 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 11.52 a. m., at Harrisburg, 3.20 p. m., at Philadelphia, 6.50 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.12 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.35 at Harrisburg at 10.20 p. m., at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.33 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 10.35 a. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 4.28 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 5.25 p. m., at Renovo, 9. p. m.

Leave Bellefonte at 8.43 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven at 9.40 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.33 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven at 9.40 p. m., at Renove, 10.35, leave Williamsport, 12.30 p. m., arrive at Harrisburg, 3.30 p. m., at Philadelphia at 6.50 p. m.

arrive at Harrisburg, 3.30 p. m., at Philadelphia a 6.50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 4.28 p. m.: arrive at Lock Haven, 5.25. p. m.; Williamsport, 6.39 p. m.,
Harrisburg, 10.00 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 8.43 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 9.40 p. m., leave Williamsport, 12.27 a. m., leave Harrisburg, 3.45 a. m., arrive at Philadelphia at 6.50 a. m.

VIA LEWISBURG.
Leave Bellefonte at 6.20 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9.00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11.30 a. m.
Philadelphia, 3.00 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 2.15 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg, 4.47, at Harrisburg, 7.05 p. m., Philadelphia at 11.15 p. m.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

TYRONE & CLEARFIELD. NORTHWARD. | No. 5 | No. 3 | No. 1 | Aug.6. 1894. | No. 2 | No. 4 | No. 6 | Ref. |

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH. Time Table in effect on and after

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD. Schedule in effect November 20th, 1893.

WESTWARD. EASTWARD

111 | 103 STATIONS. A. M. P. M. 9 10 4 55 9 00 4 47 P. M. A. M. 1 58 5 40 .Montandon. 2 08 6 15 ...Lewisburg.. .. Fair Ground .. 2 17 6 23 2 22 6 28 2 31 6 37 2 43 6 50 2 51 6 58 8 52 4 39 8 47 4 35 8 38 4 27 8 25 4 15 8 17 4 07 Vicksburg.....
Mifflinburg.....
Millmont......
Glen Iron..... READ DOWN. 3 11 7 18Cherry Run...... ...Coburn.. 7 55Rising Springs..... 8 09Centre Hall...... 7 06 3 01 7 00 2 54 6 52 2 47 6 47 2 42 6 43 2 37 6 38 2 38 6 28 2 23 8 16Gregg..... 8 23Linden Hall.... 8 28Oak Hall.... 8 16Pleasant Gap... Bellefonte..... 2 15

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAIROAD. Upper End. EASTWARD WESTWARD. Mixed. Nov. 20, 1893. P. M. 4 50Scotia..... 5 07 ...Fairbrook. 5 19 Pa. Furnace 5 25 ...Hostler ... 5 31 ...Marengo.. | 10 46 5 31 ...Marengo. 8 39 3 59 ...
| 10 51 5 35 .Loveville ... 8 35 3 55 ...
| 10 58 5 39 FurnaceRd 8 29 3 49 ...
| 11 61 5 41 Dungarvin ... 8 26 3 46 ...
| 11 10 52 ...W. ark... 8 18 3 38 ...
| 11 26 6 31 Pennington 8 09 3 29 ...
| 11 32 6 12 ...Stover ... 7 58 3 18 ...
| 11 40 6 20 ...Tyrone... 7 50 3 10 ...

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAIL-To take effect June 18, 1894.

WESTWARD EASTWARD. *No $| \uparrow \text{ No. 8} | \uparrow \text{ No. 2} |$ Stations. $| \uparrow \text{ No. 7} | \uparrow \text{ No. 7} | \uparrow \text{ No. 7} | \uparrow \text{ No. 7} |$ P.M. P. M. A. M. Ar. Lv. A.M. A. M. P. M. 6 35 2 45 8 45 Bellefonte 6 30 10 50 4 40 6 28 2 39 8 40 ...Coleville... 6 37 10 57 4 45 6 22 5 2 6 8 37 ...Morris... 6 40 11 07 4 45 16 17 2 28 8 31 ...Mhitmer... 6 50 11 13 4 56 6 14 2 2 8 8 31 ...Hunters... 6 50 11 13 4 56 6 14 2 2 8 8 8 ...Fillmore... 6 53 11 16 5 00 6 09 2 21 8 24 ...Brialy... 7 00 11 22 5 05 6 05 2 18 8 20 ...Waddle... 7 00 11 22 5 05 6 02 2 12 8 18 Mattern Ju 7 08 11 28 5 12 5 49 2 00 8 97 .Krumrine... 7 17 11 40 5 22 5 5 47 1 55 8 04 ...Struble... 7 20 11 44 5 25 5 47 1 55 8 02 ...Univ. Inn... 7 24 11 48 5 28 5 45 1 50 8 00 StateColl'ge 7 25 11 50 5 30 * On Saturday only. ¶ On Monday only. Daily except Sunday.

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F. H. THOMAS, Supt.