

Farm Notes.

—America provides more sources of phosphates than any other country. Immense deposits are being worked in Florida. South Carolina and Tennessee, while the amount of basic slag, produced during the conversion of iron into steel, is very large. Bones also serve as a source and the supply of bones is still great, although they have been resorted to for many years past. In proportion to value received, therefore, the phosphates are perhaps the cheapest forms of fertilizers that can be procured, and as they enter into the composition of all plants they exert a marked benefit on all crops. Much however, depends on their solubility, but as the benefits are lasting, and future crops may procure a supply of plant food from that stored in the soil at present, there is but little liability of loss from the use of phosphates, whether they are applied in the shape of the more soluble superphosphate or in a finely divided condition.

FORMS OF PHOSPHATES.

The object in procuring phosphates is to secure the phosphoric acid, and the farmer derives the most immediate benefit when it is readily available, or in a state of solubility. There are at least three forms of phosphates, first, the "tri-calcic," or "three limed" phosphate, which is composed of three parts of lime in a state of combination with one part of the acid, and it is mostly in this form that it exists in the phosphate rock or natural condition, being insoluble, but usually very finely ground. Second, is the "bi-calcic," or two limed phosphate, in which there is a combination of two parts of lime with one part of phosphoric acid, which, though insoluble in water, is soluble in weak acids, or in water containing carbonic acids, or the salts of ammonia. It is the "reverted" form, which means that it has been soluble, but has reverted to an insoluble form. It is considered sufficiently available and soluble to apply for quick results on crops. The "mono-calcic" or one-lime phosphate is composed of equal parts of lime and phosphoric acid, with two parts of water. This form of phosphate is soluble in water. Phosphates are also changed into sulphates by sulphuric acid, the phosphoric acid being set free and thus being rendered soluble.

USE PHOSPHATES IN THE FALL. The fall is an excellent period of the year for using phosphates, as they may be applied in the finely divided form particles, and slowly give off their particles, being available in the spring. If applied in the spring, however, the more soluble forms should be preferred. For all kinds of grain crops they show a marked effect, and may be applied on wheat land, in the fall, with benefit. None of the phosphates contain nitrogen or potash, except bones, which contain nitrogen, but no potash. It may be safely claimed that there is no crop grown that does not respond to the use of the phosphates, and they are more lasting in their effects on the soil than any other class of fertilizers.

—It is not costly to add ornamental plants to the farm, and the farm will have a more attractive appearance when a few vines are grown on the dwelling and out-buildings. A hop vine, Virginia creeper, honeysuckle, or even a morning glory, will make a great difference in appearance. The most beautiful farms are those where all the buildings are made to appear as if given extra care and attention.

—While the low price of wheat and the large production is not encouraging to farmers, yet the corn crop is usually three times as large as that of wheat, and farmers continue to make corn a specialty. They do not seek new markets for corn, but sell it in the shape of beet, butter, milk and wool, and yet there is but little mentioned regarding the corn crop as not paying.

—The farmer should study how to produce at the lowest cost and how to sell to the best advantage. His mistakes should serve to guide him against repeating them, and where a farmer has had years of experience his knowledge thus gained should be as valuable as the capital. A record of the operations of each year, for reference, would be found invaluable later on.

—A house for tools and farm implements should be provided. It is paying heavy interest on capital when valuable instruments are exposed to the weather. The iron parts become rusty and the wood warps, the result being that the implement will never again give satisfaction. Keep all implements clean and well oiled.

—Roses, trees and shrubbery will not thrive on the edges of a grass plot. The grass deprives them of plant food, and prevents growth. They should be set out on a clean location, and well worked with a hoe several times.

—Always use lime when plowing under green manure, as the effect will be to more quickly decompose the green material, while the lime exerts a mechanical and chemical effect on the soil.

—Never waste wood ashes. Save every pound, and use them on the orchard land. Corn cobs are very rich in potash, and the ashes of such should be saved carefully.

—When the new crop is harvested do not begin to feed it out until the whole of the old supply has been consumed. There is quite a difference in new and old corn.

—When wheat is valued at a low price do not forget that the straw is also an item that is entitled to add something to the value of the wheat crop.

Concerning Forbearance.

What should be one's attitude toward one with whom he disagrees? Should the hostility which one feels toward certain practices or opinions extend to the man who embraces them? Not necessarily. Doubtless he possesses some lovable traits apart from his ideas and he usually has as good a right to the matter as we have to ours. Many persons cannot separate between the man and his views. They hate the latter, therefore they hate the man. Or they hold to their own convictions so tenaciously and cherish them with such a warmth of affection that whoever antagonizes them is pretty certain to incur their bitter resentment. Reason does not always rule. Passion and prejudice have a great deal to do with the conduct of life.

Those who are old enough to remember the bitterness that existed between members of the two great political parties during the war and immediately thereafter will understand to what lengths the passion will lead good men. As compared with those days the dividing line between parties has disappeared. Then men who differed in their politics hated each other and often ignored the existence of the other. Now they laugh over their political differences, which are not allowed to interrupt their friendship or to interfere seriously with any of the gracious amenities of life.

It is earnestly wished that this spirit of mutual forbearance which is now to the front in political matters would be permitted to rule in all the affairs of this life. None of us will pass this way again and few of us will carry any long time on the way. Why should misunderstandings, jealousies, quarrels, resentments, lead us to attempt to injure each other and thus embitter our own lives? Why not hold steadfastly to the views in which we believe, urging their adoption earnestly, but still conceding to others the same rights of free thought and free speech which we claim for ourselves? Why not cultivate the art of friendship, even with the bitterest foes of the things in which we most steadfastly believe?

The late Rev. Dr. Alexander Clark, who was editor of the Methodist Recorder, Pittsburg, at the time of his lamented death, was a man of a singularly devout temper and possessed a very sweet spirit. He believed most heartily in the truths of the Christian religion, which he preached in the pulpit and through his paper. Robert G. Ingersoll is a person of another sort. We need not describe him. Yet the preacher and the pagan were warm friends, cherishing a genuine affection for each other, and when Dr. Clark died the pagan orator paid a beautiful tribute to his memory and dropped an honest tear upon his grave. Dr. Clark hated the noxious views promulgated by Ingersoll, but he loved the man. Ingersoll did not believe in the reality of the faith professed by Dr. Clark, but he recognized the preacher's manliness, his sincerity and his unselfishness and was drawn to him.

Because we do not like a man's ideas, because we believe he holds to vicious and erroneous doctrines, that is no reason why we should hold him at arm's length; why we should pass him by with averted eye; why we should attempt to do him personal injury. This is not to say that we are to receive into our homes or to welcome with open arms the vile and the unclean; by no means. Even for the latter we should entertain a yearning and a sympathetic pity, but we should confine them to the moral pest-house until they can be given a discharge with a clean bill of health. But it is to say that the man who is in other respects a good citizen, faithfully and honestly discharging his daily tasks, should not be ostracized and persecuted and slandered and insulted simply because he does not view the world and all things therein through our spectacles. As we all need charitable forbearance, we should fail not to exercise it.—Altoona Tribune.

Who are "Americans?"

"The term American to us is a very simple thing. It means a citizen of the United States," says an ex-United States Minister. "Abroad, however, that is quite a limited sense, and one which is rarely used except by citizens of this country. If you speak of an American in Paris or London, and in American society, of course, it is usually taken that you mean a citizen of the United States. But outside of this circle of our traveling people the term embraces Canadian, Mexican, Central American and South American. To merely say that you are an American is about as indefinite in most of the countries of Europe as it could well be. More so, in fact, than in any other nationality that can be named. An "American" is not, in fact, a nationality, because it embraces a citizen of several nations. This is calculated to take the conceit out of us upon our first experience abroad. It is a good deal like one's experience in lower Italy, the most traveled parts of Switzerland and Germany, where an American is simply "Anglais"; that is, considered indiscriminately with the Englishman. The chances are if we attempt to reduce our nationality to a more definite basis the foreigner will scarcely understand the difference between the Central American, South American, Canadian, and the citizen of the United States."

A Difference.

Little sister—"You'll make yourself snub-nosed if you push the washrag up your face that way. Why don't you wash down?" Little brother—"I wasn't told to wash down, I was told to wash up."

"Good thing the ends of a beer keg are separate as they are." "Why?" "If they weren't they'd be fighting all the time." "They would?" "Sure. They're always at larger heads as it is."

AN AWFUL TRAGEDY!—Thousands of lives have been sacrificed, thousands of homes made desolate by the fatal mistake of the "old-school" physicians, still persisted in by some, notwithstanding the light thrown upon the subject by modern research, that Consumption is incurable. It is not. Consumption is a scrofulous disease of the lungs, and any remedy which strikes right at the seat of the complaint must and will cure it. Such a remedy is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a certain specific for all scrofulous complaints. It was never known to fail if given a fair trial, and that is why the manufacturers sell it under a positive guarantee that if it does not benefit or cure, the money paid for it will be refunded. The only lung remedy possessed of such remarkable curative properties as to warrant its makers in selling it on trial.

—There is a street car war on in Savannah, Ga., and fares have been put down to the point that people ride even if they have but a couple of squares to go. The charge is one cent for short trips and three cents for very long ones. The president of one of the companies is threatening to make a uniform charge of one cent.

"I know an old soldier who had chronic diarrhea of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Edward Shum-pik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 60 cent bottles of this remedy for sale by F. P. Green.

—Smith-Jones—"How do you manage to keep up your mental energy so well?"

—Smith-Brown—"My wife gives me a piece of her mind every morning before I start to work."

—He—"If I should propose to you, what would be the outcome?" She—"It would depend entirely upon the income. —Press Etchings

—It was Samuel J. Tilden's idea that there were two forces in politics—the old men, who do the grunting and the young men who do the lifting." The marked abatement of complaining utterances from the New York Democracy is a sign that the lifters have gone to the front and taken hold of the canvass in the Empire State.

—Irate Husband—"I wish you were somewhere where I could never see you again." Patient Wife—"Well, that's equivalent to wishing I were in heaven. Thanks!"—Truth.

—Partial returns from the principal counties in the state show that the Democratic nominees for judges of the supreme court have defeated the Republican-Populist fusion ticket for judge by good majorities.

—If some wide-awake photographer would take a picture of the sun the next time it shines he might make a fortune selling reprints to people anxious to know just what that planet looks like; it has been so long since one could get a good square look at it, you know.

Printing.

FINE JOB PRINTING.

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—AT THE WATCHMAN OFFICE—

Business Notice.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she became a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria. 38-43-29

Medical.

RUN DOWN WITH

DYSPEPSIA

STOMACH LIVER AND HEART AFFECTED.

Almost in Despair but Finally cured by Taking.

AYER'S PILLS

"For fifteen years, I was a great sufferer from indigestion in its worst forms. I tested the skill of many doctors, but grew worse and worse, until I became so weak I could not walk fifty yards without having to sit down and rest. My stomach, liver, and heart became affected, and I thought I would surely die. I tried Ayer's Pills and they helped me right away. I continued their use and am now entirely well. I don't know of anything that will so quickly relieve and cure the terrible suffering of dyspepsia as Ayer's Pills."—JOHN C. PAITCHEAD, Brodie, Warren Co., N. C.

AYER'S PILLS

Admitted for Exhibition

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

New Advertisements.

AN EYE SPECIALIST

H. E. HERMAN, & CO., Limited.

Formerly with

QUEEN A. CO., OF PHILADELPHIA.

AT W. T. ACHENBACH, JEWELER,

BELLEFONTE,

SATURDAY, AUG. 18th,

From 8:30 a. m., to 5:30 p. m.

There is no safer, surer, or cheaper method of obtaining proper relief for overstrained and defective eyesight, headache, and so forth, than to consult this specialist. The happy results from correctly fitted glasses are a grateful surprise to persons who have not before known the real profit to themselves in wearing good glasses. No charge to examine your eyes. All glasses are guaranteed by H. E. Herman. 38-43-19

Printing.

Sechler & Co.

SECHLER & CO.—\*

GROCERS—BUSH HOUSE BLOCK.

—O—

—HEAD QUARTERS FOR—

FINE GROCERIES, TEAS,

SPICES AND FRUITS

—X—

IN TEAS we have Oolong, Gun-Powder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Japan English Breakfast, and our Fine Blended Tea is something that will please any one who appreciates a cup of Royal Tea.

IN SPICES, Cinnamon, Cloves, Allspice, Nutmeg, Mace, Ginger, Cayenne Pepper, Mustard all strictly pure goods.

IN COFFEES AND CHOCOLATE, Mocha—genuine, Java—Old Government, Rio—Finest Brazilian. All excellent quality and always fresh roasted. Baker's Premium Chocolate and Breakfast Cocoa, Van Houten's Cocoa, Wilbur's Chocolate, and German Sweet Chocolate.

IN COOKING EXTRACTS we keep a line of Joseph Burnett & Co's, (Boston) goods, they are the finest we can find, also a line of Knight's extracts.

BEANS, California Limas, New York Marrow and Pea Beans, dried Green Peas.

RICE New Crop Carolina Head Rice.

DOMESTIC CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, TOMATOES, Cabbage, Home and Worthington Brands—Corn, Peas and Mountain Brands.—CORN GRANULES, Lima Beans and Succotash, Dew Drop brand, GREEN PEAS, Early June, Scottish chief and Ceelia brands. PINK APPLE sliced and graded, Strawberries and White Cherries, Dew Drop brand. Boston Baked Beans.

CALIFORNIA CANNED FRUITS, Yellow Crawford, Lemon Cling, and White Heath Peaches, White Cherries and Apricots.

IMPORTED VEGETABLES AND FRUITS, French Peas and Mushrooms, Preserved Cherries, Strawberries, Brandy Cherries and Crosse Blackwell's Jams all in glass.

MISCELLANEOUS, Pure Maple Syrup, Honey strained and in combs, Plum Pudding, Armour's Corned Beef Potted Tongue and Ham, Condensed Milk, Dunham's Shred Cocoa nut, Rich Mild Cream Cheese, Small Family Cheese, Bradford County Dairy Butter. Buckwheat Flour, Corn Flour, Gluten Flour, Vienna Flour. Fine Confectioners and Cut Loaf Sugars Extra Fine New Crop New Orleans Syrup, Pure White Sugar Table Syrup, Pure Cider Vinegar.

NUTS, Princess Paper Shell, California and Borden Almonds, Assorted Nuts, English Walnuts, Pecans extra large, Cream Nuts, Fresh Roasted Peanuts, Cocoa Nuts extra quality.

IN CONFECTIONARY, we have Fine Mixtures, Cream Chocolates, Roast Almonds, Cream Dates, Ros and Vanilla, Jordan Almonds, French Glace Fruits, Fine Chocolate Caramels, Chocolate Marsh Malloes, Cocoa Nut bonbons, Chocolate, Madros, Lozenges, Clear Toys, and a large assortment of fine goods in this line all carefully selected.

FRANCO AMERICAN SOUPS, French Bouillon, Consomme, Ox Tail, Mock Turtle, Mulligatawny, and Terrapin.

OLIVE OIL, S. Rea & Co's 1/2 Pint, Pints and Quarts. The finest analysts in the World pronounce it pure.

PICKLES IN GLASS, Crasse & Blackwell's Chow Chow, Gherkins, Mixed, White Onions, Cauliflower, Picatilli, and Walnuts.

CEREAL GOODS, Oat Meal, Rolled Oat, Cracked Wheat, Pearl Barley, Breakfast and Dinner Hominy, Macaroni and Vermacelli.

MEATS, Fine Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon and Dried Beef, White Rose Lard.

GREEN FRUITS, Florida Oranges, Messina Lemons, White Almeria Grapes, Catauba Grapes, and Jersey Cranberries.

CURED FRUITS, Evaporated California Pared and unpared Peaches, and Apricots.

RAISINS, Imperial Cluster, Fine Layers, Ondaras, Valencia, Sultana and California Seedless and Loose Muscels.

FISH, New Mackerel very fine, Codfish boneless and evaporated, SALMON, Magnolia, Astoria and Glacier brand Hoeg's Speed Salmon, Shrimps, Lobsters, Crab Meats and Speed Oysters Sardines, French 1/2, and 1/4 Boneless.

SECHLER & CO.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Saddlery.

SCHOFIELD'S NEW

HARNESS HOSUE

We extend a most cordial invitation to our patrons and the public, in general, to witness one of the

GRANDEST DISPLAY OF

Light and Heavy Harness

ever put on the Bellefonte market, which will be made in the large room, formerly occupied by Harper Bros., on Spring street. It has been added to my factory and will be used exclusively for the sale of harness, being the first exclusive salesroom ever used in this town, as heretofore the custom has been to sell goods in the room in which they were made. This elegant room has been refitted and furnished with glass cases in which the harness can be nicely displayed and still kept away from heat and dust, the enemies of long wear in leather. Our factory now occupies a room 16x74 feet and the store 20x60 added makes it the largest establishment of its kind outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburg.

We are prepared to offer better bargains in the future than we have done in the past and we want everyone to see our goods and get prices for when you do this, out of self defense you will buy. Our profits are not large, but by selling lots of goods we can afford to live in Bellefonte. We are not indulging in idle philanthropy. It is purely business. We are not making much, but trade is growing and that is what we are interested in now. Profits will take care of themselves.

When other houses discharged their workmen during the winter they were all put to work in my factory, nevertheless the big (2) houses of this city and county would send us if we compared ourselves to them, but we do not mean to be so odious, except to venture the assertion that none of them can say, as we can say "NO ONE OWES US A CENT THAT WE CAN'T GET." This is the whole story.

The following are kept constantly on hand. 50 SETS OF LIGHT HARNESS, prices from \$8.00 to \$15.00 and upwards. LARGE STOCK OF HEAVY HARNESS per sets \$25.00 and upwards, 500 HORSE COLLARS from \$1.50 to \$5.00 each, over \$100.00 worth of HARNESS OILS and AXLE GREASE.

\$400 worth of Fly Nets sold cheap \$150 worth of whips from 10c to \$2.00 each, Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Sponges, Chamois, RIDING SADDLES, LADY SADDLES, Harness Soap, Knee Dusters, at low prices, Saddlery hardware always on hand for sale. Harness Leather as low as 25c per pound. We keep everything to be found in a FIRST CLASS HARNESS STORE—no change, over 20 years in the same room. No two shops in the same town to catch trade—NO SELLING OUT for the want of trade or prices. Four harness-makers at steady work this winter. This is our idea of protection to labor, when other houses discharged their hands, they soon found work with us.

JAS. SCHOFIELD, Spring street, Bellefonte, Pa. 33 37

Illuminating Oil.

CROWN ACME.

THE BEST BURNING OIL THAT CAN BE MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

It gives a Brilliant Light. It will not Char the Wick. It has a High Fire Test. It does Not Explode.

It is without an equal

AS A SAFETY FAMILY OIL.

We stake our reputation as refiners that

IT IS THE BEST OIL IN THE WORLD.

Ask your dealer for it. Trade supplied by

THE ATLANTIC REFINING CO.

Bellefonte Station, Bellefonte, Pa.

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Miscellaneous Advs.

EVERY MAN whose watch has been rung out of the bow (ring), by a pick-pocket,

EVERY MAN whose watch has been damaged by dropping out of the bow, and

EVERY MAN of sense who merely compares the old pull-out bow and the new

will exclaim: "Ought to have been made long ago!"

It can't be twisted off the case. Can only be had with Jas. Boss

Filled and other cases stamped with this trade mark—

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet.

KEYSTONE WATCH CASE CO.,

39-31-46 Philadelphia.

Fine Job Printing.

FINE JOB PRINTING

—A SPECIALTY— AT THE WATCHMAN OFFICE.

There is no style of work, from the cheapest Dodger" to the finest

—BOOK-WORK— but you can get done in the most satisfactory manner, and at

Prices consistent with the class of work by calling or communicating with this office.