

Terms 2.00 A Year, in Advance

Beilefonte, Pa., Jan. 19, 1894.

P. GRAY MEEK.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. For Congressman at-Large. JAMES D. HANCOCK of Venange Co.

Lawless Punishment.

It is rather a slur on the civilization of this country, and a discouragement to those who believe in a strict observance and orderly enforcement of the law, that it should be announced in the newspapers that on the same day a man charged with murder was lynched, in Ohio, and another, for a like alleged offense, met with similar capital punishment administered by the mob in the same lawless and irregular way, in Indiana. This happened on the 12th inst.

This lawlessness is brought nearer home to us by the fact that in the same week a mob was with difficulty restrained from lynching a man in New Castle, this State, on the accusation of having attempted to murder two women in their room at night.

It is really alarming to see how the disposition to take the law in their own shands is growing among the American people. In none of these cases was the offense of a character that could not have been satisfactorily treated by the regular operation of the law. In no case does criminal punishment require the action of the mob. When any other than the regular legal means are employed anarchy is introduced in the administration of

The disposition to dispense with courts and juries in the treatment of offenders is frightfully on the increase. Some years ago it was confined to and excused in the rougher regions of the West and South, where the machinery of the law was slow and uncertain. But when it shows itself in States abundantly supplied with courts and all the other appliances for the regular enforcement of legal ordinances, a terrible demoralized condition of public order is displayed, which, in addition to the assertion of a better public sentiment, imperatively requires legislative action for its correction.

Mr. Carnegie's Sagacity.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the great steel manufacturer, is a man who evi dently knows when he has enough. market, which excessively high duties on steel have given the manufacturers lation would bring. of that article, he has been enabled to command an exceedingly high price, for his product, as have all the other steel makers, and on account of this advantage he has become immensely

Now when it is proposed to reduce the duty on steel, which will limit the monopoly encouraged by the McKin-LEYITES, Mr. CARNEGIE is reasonable enough not to kick. He does not join in with the calamity howl. He knows that the profits of his business will still remain large and he is not avaricious enough to want the immense profits of an excessive tariff to continue for ever. In this respect he differs from the industrial hogs who want their troughs to be always overflowing with the rich swill of monopoly.

He therefore does not oppose the WILSON tariff bill. He believes that 000 majority that was given against us the steel industry will enjoy sufficient prosperity under it, and he gives it as his opinion, that in this condition of the industrial question, a Democratic tariff would produce more beneficial results than a Republican tariff, basing this view on the sagacious reason that a moderate tariff, such as the WILson bill would furnish, would give greater stability and permanence to manufactures than is afforded by an extremely high tariff which must necessarily cause dissatisfaction to a majority of the people, and is continually open to political attack.

Such an opinion shows the practical good sense of the great steel manufacturer.

-Newspaper reports say that Ex-Senator McKnight WILLIAMSON, of Huntingdon, is busily engaged in working up his candidacy, to succeed Judgel Furst, as the Republican nominee for judge in this district. Attorney LOVELL, of the same county, who beat WILLIAMSON for re-nomination to the Senate, two years ago, has, it is said, aspirations in the same direction: so that with FURST and LOVE and REEDER, candidates in Centre and than anyone imagined.

It Frightens No One.

The effort of the Republican press to make believe that there is a revolt among the Pennsylvania Democrats, is not succeeding to any appreciable extent. The organization made up of Quay schemers, and trading politicians under the name of "The Pennsylvania Democracy," has not succeeded in fooling the Democracy of the State, or in convincing the people of its importance or need. In fact stripped of all verbage and seen as the naked truth exposes it, this alleged organization, is without backing friends or following.

Its membership is made up of Republicans whose purpose is to secure a Republican Senator, Republican Representatives and Republican Councilmen from districts in Philadelphia that ought to be Democratic, and a lot of alleged Democrats who can be used by Quay and his schemers to accomplish these purposes.

There is not a Democrat of standing n the state who has, or will have, anything to do with it.

There is not a Democratic newspaper in the state that sympathizes with or supports it.

There is not a representative Democrat any-where who encourages or will give it assistance.

There is not a voter connected with it who has voted the straight Democratic ticket for the past four years.

And to sum up its influence and importance, even if it gets poor, old, Dr. MARKLEY to accept its nomination, it will not poll for him, outside of the city of Philadelphia, enough of votes to know that such a ticket had been in the field, and within that city, it will not receive the votes of 100 men who are in the habit of voting the Democratic ticket.

Did not Work as Predicted.

Some how or other the victory of the monometalists, who succeeded in knocking out Silver during the special session of Congress, has not resulted in every hand, that the continuance of the coinage of silver into money, was the cause of the depletion of the gold re- | ded. serve in the Treasury. Just how or why it was, was not fully explained. But the representatives in Congress, accepted the situation for a fact, and went ahead and legislated just as east-

ern money interests dictated. We have the result in the efforts of the Secretary of the Treasury to borrow \$50,000,000 to make good, the reasury reserve that has vanished since silver coinage has ceased. So For years his business has been bene- that after all the effort at demonetizing treasury gold is rapidly on the decline. here might be removed to wherever fited by a very high tariff. On ac. silver has not saved the gold reserve, The loss today was \$862,000 and since the new plant goes. The hope of the count of the control of the American or brought that confidence and prosperity that it was predicted such legis-

It is possible that as we grow older we will learn something, and that something will be, that the advice of interested bankers and money lenders is not always the safest to follow when the interests of the people are at stake. relief. Gold may be paid into the

-There is no doubt of the fact that if Democrats throughout the state will attend the spring election that the demption. Republican majority will be reduced to such an extent as will surprise the people. While HANCOCK has the confidence, the respect and will secure the united support of his party, Grow is mistrusted by the leaders of his party, is dis-liked by the masses, and doubted by the bosses.

It will only take a reasonably full vote polled by the Democrats, to cut in last tall.

Not Encouraging to the Calamity

The fact that the Johnson Steel Rail company, of Johnstown, has a committee out now looking up an available point to locate and build a 000,000, is not an encouraging sign to the calamity howler and opponent of tariff reform. It shows that this great industry, which the public has always been told could not prosper only under the highest kind of protection, has neither fear of the effect of Democratic tariff reform or doubt about the prosperity of the country after that reform has been accomplished.

With CARNEGIE urging the adoption of reduced tariff rates, and the next largest manufacturer of steel rails in the country prepairing to expend \$3, 000,000 in enlarging its plant, before that reform is secured, is not a hopeful prospect for the party whose success depends upon continued business distress, nor is it a cheerful outlook for the Republican press, the energy of at Hackensack bridge today by an acwhich is being over taxed, in its efforts | commodation train from South Orange to have the public believe that the WILLIAMSON and LOVELL contending country and all its business industries for the place in Huntingdon, there are going to the devil, head long, in did not flag the train following. There on the 23d of this month. The case is promises of more fun in this contest consequence of the attempt to make was a heavy fog at the time of the ac- to come before the board of pardons this reform.

Will Issue Bonds

Secretary Carlisle Has Decided to Use His Au thority .- Wants to Raise \$50,000,000 .- The Bonds Are Either to Be Registered or in Coupon Form, and in Denominations of \$50 or More, and They Will Be Issued February First.—The Conditions of the Bidding.

Washington, January 17 .- The following is the text of the circular which Secretary Carlisle has just issued:

By virtue of the authority contained in the act entitled, "An act to provide for the resumption of specie payments' approved January 14, 1875, the secretary of the treasury hereby offers for public subscription an issue of bonds of the United States to the amount of \$50,000,000, in either registered or coupon form, in denominations of \$50 and upwards, redeemable in coin at the pleasure of the government after ten years from the date of their issue, and bearing interest, paying quarterly in coin, at the rate of 5 per cent, per annum. Proposals for the whole, part of these bonds, will be received at the treasury department, office of the secretary, until 12 o'clock noon on the 1st day of February, 1894. Proposals should state the amount of bonds desired, whether registered or coupon, and the premium which the subscriber proposes to pay, the place where it is desired that the bonds shall be delivered, and the office, whether that of assistant treasurer of the United States. where it will be most convenient for the subscriber to deposit the amount of subscription. Failure to specify the above particulars may cause the proposals to be rejected.

As soon as practicable, after the first day of February, the allotment of bonds will be made to the highest bidder therefore, but no proposal will be considered at a lower price than \$117,223, which is the equivalent of a 3 per cent. bond at par, and the right to reject any and all proposals is hereby expressly reserved. In case the bids entitled to allotment exceed the bonds to be issued, they will be allotted pro rata.

Notices of the date of delivery of the bonds will be sent to the subscribers, to whom allotments are made as soon as practicable, and within ten days from the date of such notice subscriptions must be paid in United States gold coin to theltreasurer or such assistant treasurer of the United States as the subscriber has designated and if not so paid the proposal may be rejected.

The bonds will be dated February 1 1894, and when payment is made the benefit that was promised. When therefor as above, accrued interthat fight was on we were assured, on est on both principal and premium their pursuers. from February 1 to date of payment at the rate of interest realized to the subscriber on his investment will be ad

> All proposals should be addressed to the secretary of the treasury, Washington D. C., and should be distinctly marked "Proposals for subscriptions to five per cent. bonds.'

J. G. CARLISLE, [Signed.] Secretary. The action of Secretary Carlisle in announcing a bond issue was not gen-

erally known, even in treasury circles, when the department closed today. Among the officials who were has declined from \$80,891,000 to \$70,- be the favored point. 634,915 with the present indications

The bonds are, of course, to be purgold will be built up to the extent of the bond issue. This, however, it is anticipated, may only give temporary the treasury for bonds one day and the very next day the very same gold may be withdrawn by presenting legal tender notes or coin certificates for re-

The effect of the bond issue, however, will be to give the treasury more money, whether gold or currency, is immaterial, and ease up government finances at least for the present.

Brazilian Insurrection Is Nearly End-

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15-A cable message in cipher from Captain Picking, at Rio Janeiro, and addressed to Secretary Herbert, was translated at two, if not entirely wipe out, the 130,- the navy department to day but Mr. Herbert declined to make its contents public. It is understood to contain a summary of the situation with a hint that the insurrection is nearly ended. It is generally believed that the danger of the re-establishment of the monarchy in Brazil has passed, and that the inferential protest against such a change in the government in the presence of five United States war vessels at Rio will need no active emphasis. new steel plant, which is to cost \$3,- All the meagre information obtainable in Washington of the situation at the Brazilian capital points to the final triumph of the government.

Employing the Entire Force.

Easton, Pa., Jan. 17 .- The Warren Foundry and Machine company, of Philipsburg, N. J., which shut down the third week in December, is now employing its entire force of 350 men, with wages reduced 10 per cent. The American Steel mill, employing 100 hands, will resume on Feb. 1. The National Switch and Signal company, of this place, will resume work soon. It will employ more than 100 hands.

Run into an Express Train. Twelve People Killed and Twenty Injured This

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 .- An express train from Dover N. J., was run into and twelve persons were killed and twenty injured, all residents of New Jersey. The first train stopped and

Five Masked Robbers Makes a Raid on a Pennsylvania Postoffice,

The Leader of the Volunteer Posse Fatall Wounded - Two of the Randits Shot but carrie Off by Their Companions-A Retreat Acros the Susquehanna in a Rowboat- The Party Now Supposed to be Hiding in a Mountain

DANVILLE, Pa., Jan. 18 .-- Five mask ed bandits made a raid on the postoffice at an early hour this morning. A police man saw a man crouching in the doorway and drew a revolver, but before he

could fire the stranger slipped around a corner. The policeman rushed to the homes of Officer Daye Rissel and John Van Gilger and gave the alarm. In a few me utes the three men ran to the postoffice. in time to meet the mysterious stranger emerging from the door, followed by a companion. He blew a loud, piercing whistle, and commenced firing at the police, who dodged behind the lampposts and returned the fire.

A REGULAR PITCHED BATTLE Ten shots were exchanged, when the robbers were reinforced by three more men. Evervone was well armed, and a continuous round of firing commenced. The bandits formed a square and hugged the stone steps leading to the mas sive building, where they were able to

escape the policemen's builets. Numerous citizens appeared, armed with weapons of every description. The the treasurer of the United States or an firing became so warm that the robbers retreated to the river bank. They discharged three volleys at the excited townsmen and ran eastward, each side exchanging shots, Van Gilger, who led the pursuers, suddenly threw up his hands, and fell shot through the lungs. About the same time two of the robbers fell. Their comrades picked them up, and during a momentary halt the pur suers managed to reach the Susquehanna

> ESCAPED IN A ROWBOAT. A rowboat was secured and the three out-laws, after laying the wounded companions in the bottom of the boat, commenced sculling in the direction of the Northumberland side.

The pursuers, now a force of 100 infuriated men, secured as many boats as possible and an exciting chase commenced, revolvers and rifles cracking at every turn, but no one was hit.

Owing to their good start the outlaws succeeded in reaching the opposite side before the formost boat containing the police was halfway across, and when the pursuers touched land the daring men were in the mountains, which are being scoured on all sides by the Sheriff's posse. It is thought that the bandits will seek a cave in order to hide from

In the event of their being surprised another desperate battle will occur. The Sheriff declares he will bring back the slavers of Van Gilger dead or alive.

A Damper for the Calamity Crier. Not Afraid of Democratic Tariff Reform.

Johnstown, Pa., Jan. 12.-President A. J. Moxham, of the Johnson Steel Rail Manufacturing Company has announced that a committee i now traveling over the country inves tigating the advantages of various steel centers. This means that the new mill contemplated by that nizant of his intention the opinion was company might not be located in that he acted none too soon. The Johnstown, and that the rolling mills the first of the month the gold balance | management is that Johnstown would

The plant projected is a 10 ton con that it will fall below \$70,000,000 to- verter with automatic rail mill, in connection with one now in use. It is also intended to increase the capacity chased for gold only so the treasury of the present shape mill by adding an additional engine which will enable the company to roll rails from 90 to 100 instead of 60 feet in length as now. Another additional mill is contemplated, but not definitely decided upon. The expenditure in the contemplated change is about \$3,000,000.

The annual meeting of stockholders will be held on February 18, when a vote will be taken on the proposition to increase the indebtedness of the company from nothing to \$2,000,000. Congressman Tom L. Johnson, of Cleveland, O., is one of the largest stockholders in the company.

Increase in Coal Production

NEW YORK, Jan. 17 .- The forthcoming annual report of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad company will show an increase in the past year in the anthracite coal production of the company itself of about 61 per cent. The excess of coal production from all sources, including tributary lines, will amount to about 360,000 tons. There was a considerable increase in coal profits over 1892 and also in general merchant dise and agricultural produce traffic, but it is doubtful whether the percentage of profit in proportion to the lar ger volume of business will be as great. The company earned on the stock in 1892 91 per cent.

Negotiating to Buy the Big Gun.

Washington, Jan. 15-The war de partment is said, on good authority, to be negotiating with Messrs. Krupp, of Essen, for the purchase of the huge gun exhibited at the World's fair. The gun exceeds in size any piece of ordnance now owned by the United States and it is said it can be got at a bargain. Originally costing \$100,000, the great piece has cost a small fortune for transportation and the Krupps are not anxious to take it back. It can be bought probably for \$60,000 now. If set up at Sandy Hook, says one army officer, it would be as good a coast defense as a gunhoat.

An Execution Deferred.

CARLISLE, Pa., January 15 .- Governor Pattison to-day granted a stay of execution in the cases of Charles Salyards, the convicted murderer of Policeman Martin, until Thursday, March 1. Salyard was to have been hanged on application for a rehearing.

Heist Hanged.

He Was Executed at Gettysburg Yesterday for the Murder of Emanuel Monn Last February GETTYSBURG, Pa., Jan. 17 .-- Mur derer Heist was hanged at 11 34 this morning. The drop fell at 11.10 and

slept well last night, ate a hearty break fast and was cheerful all the morning. He died declaring his innocence. The crime for which Henry Heist paid the death penalty was the murder of Emanuel Monn, on the night of Feb, 1. 1893. Both men were employed as woodchoppers, and lived together in a cabin about a mile from the spot upon which stood Thad Stevens' old Mary furnace. On the night of the murder they went together to the house of a neighbor for the purpose of visiting a young woman, of whom both were en-

the woman went away together on trip to an adjacent county Monn's absence excited suspicion and a search was instituted, which resulted in the finding of his mutilated body on March 12. It was buried in a shallow grave in the woods and covered with

amored. They left the house together

at midnight, and the next day Heist and

leaves, over which a log had been rolled. Heist fled when the body was found, and kept himself in hiding until March 18, when he surrendered to the authorities, at the same time protesting that he was innocent and demanding protection. At the trial, which took place in the following August, he was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be hanged on Dec. 14. It took the jury but twelve minutes to arrive at a verdict. Governor Pattison granted a respite until to-day in order to give the condemned man a chance to appeal to the board of pardons, which promptly rejected his appeal. He was of the lowest order of intelligence, and evinced no feeling of regret for his crime.

Agricultural Officers.

Chosen at the Annual Meeting of the State Soci ety Held at Harrisburg Yesterday.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 17.—These officers of the State Agricultural society were elected at the annual meeting this afternoon: President, John McDowell: first vice-president, J. C. Thornton vice-presidents, George Handy Smith Thomas J. Jordon, Benjamin S. Kunkle, Charles E. Voorhees. L. H. Twaddell, J. P. Jackson, William H. Holstein, George D. Stezel, William Taylor, B. J. MrGrann, M Young, H. H. Colvin, A. D. Hay, Gabriel Heister. Joseph Piolette, Joel A. Herr, Henry Nesbit, John S. Miller, Hiram Young, John A. Lemon, George Rhey, W. W. Speer, Joseph McKean, John Bieseck er, J. D. Kirkpatrick, J. C. Thornton, William Powell, John A. Woodward at large, Thomas J. Edge, James Young; additional members of executive committee, C. H. Bergner, John H. Zeigler, S. B. Rutherford, H. C. Downing, E. K. Meyers; ex-presidents, members of the board. A. Boyd Hamilton, John McDowell; corresponding and recording secretary, J. Schall Wil heim; treasurer, W. F. Rutherford chemist and geologist, A. L. Kennedy librarian, William H. Engle; steno grapher, J. C. Overmiller.

Erie and Allentown are being condered in conection with the state fair.

Want Him Taken from Prison.

MEDIA, Pa., January 16.—Despite Judge Clayton's decision that Swithin C. Shortlidge must remain in jail and be tried for the murder of his wife before he can be removed to an insane man are persisting in their efforts to and others. have him removed from prison to where he can receive proper treatment. They applied to the state board of charities to investigate the case and to day Dr. Wetherill, secretary of the board, visited Shortlidge at the jail. After his visit Dr. Wetherill said the man was undoubtedly insane and his mania was of such a pronounced character that an extended examination of him was unnecessary. Just what will be the course pursued by the board of charities in the case is not known.

A Negro's Horrible Crime.

He Murders His Family and Then Burns the

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., January 16 -John E. Johnson, a negro, murdered his entire family at Somerville, Morgan county, Sunday night, and tried to cover up his crime by burning the house. The wife and two children, aged respectively 3 and 5 years, were the victims. Johnson first cut their throats and then saturated them with oil and set fire to the house.

Only charred portions of the bodies were found in the debris. Jealousy and another woman figured in the case. Johnson is in jail and is pretty sure to be lynched before morning, as the excitement among the negroes is intense and they are gathering in large numbers to avenge the horrible crime.

A Boy Murderer.

Who Escaped Six Hours After Being Sentenced. Wanted Badly.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 17 .- Sheriff Royse and United States officials have offered rewards aggregrating \$1,000 for the capture of Clyde Mattox, the youthful murderer, who escaped from iail here yesterday, not six hours after he had been found guilty of murder in the first degree. A number of officers are after him, but his capture is doubt-

The National Guard Encampment.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., January 16 .- Adjutant General Greenland and Major General Snowden, commanders of the Pennsylvania National Guards, were here to day inspecting the ground which will be occupied by the division at its encampment next summer. The location will be the same as occupied in 1884—the high ground west of the her husband, Joshua Beale, who died 18 years ett's division charged in their assault in Israel in the assurance of a blessful resur-

Revival in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Jan. 17 .- Throughout central Connecticut there are evidences of a revival in the industrial situation not a rapid movement, but a steady one Hartford has suffered camparatively little. No factories have been shut death was due to strangulation. Heist down and hands who were laid off are gradually getting back to their benches. The Barbour Silver Plate company started up this week with a full force, whose wages are cut 15 per cent.

Hornblower Knocked Out.

WASHINGTON, January 15 .- The senate to-day after a lengthy executive session declined to confirm the nomination of W. B. Hornblower for associate justice of the supreme court, the majority against confirmation being six. The nomination of John W. Walker to be United States marshal for the Western district of Pennsylvania was confirmed.

Work for Many Thousands.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 17 .- The startng up of the South Scranton Steel mills during the holidays gave thousands of industrious men an opportunity to earn bread for themselves and families, who were on the verge of want. The number of persons now in need here is comparatively small as compared with other places.

Firing Renewed at Rio.

Considerable Loss of Life Reported on the Inurgent Vessels.

RIO DE JANEIRIO, January 16 .-There was renewed firing to-day between the rebel ships and the forts, which is said to have resulted in considerable loss of life on board the insurgent vessels, The insurgent vessels engaged finally retired.

Coal Mining in Operation.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., Jan. 17 .- All the coal mines are in operation. The railroad shops are in "full blast," and there are few idle men.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

-A fine cow owned by Mr. John Noll, of this place, died of milk fever Wednesday morning.

FARMERS INSTITUTE AT WARRIORS-MARK.—The Tyrone Herald publishes the following program of the Farmer's Institute that will soon be held at Warriorsmark, Huntingdon county.

"The Farmers' Institute for Huntingdon county, under the auspices of the State Board of Agriculture, will be held at Warriorsmark, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 30 and 31, 1894. Three sessions a day will be held, at

9.30 a. m., 1.30 and 7 p. m. Addresses will be delivered by Prof. Armsby, Director of the Pennsylvania State College Experiment Station, Prof. Waters, agricultural department and dairy school, State College; Frederick Jackel, member of the state board from Blair county, on "Fruit Tree Cul ture;" Senator N. B. Critchfield, of Somerset county, on "Care of Farm Horses;" John C. Carter, of Chester county; Hon. George W. Owens, of Birmingham; Secretary Edge, of the state board; W. C. Patterson, superintendent of the State College farms; J. asylum, the friends of the unfortunate | T. Aılman, lecturer of the state grange;

Recitations, select readings and music, under the direction of Capt. O. S. Rumberger. The best of home talent will take part in the exercises.

An invitation is extended to all persons to be present and take part. There will be a "Question Box" through which everybody can gain desired information from the instructors.

-The following notice of the death of Mrs. Beale, mother of the Rev. J. D. Beale, well known to many of our readers is taken from the Mifflintown Tribune:

Mrs. Milly Beale, born in Tuscarora Valley Juniata Co. Pa., July 14, 1801, departed this life at her residence in Bealetown, Dec. 20, 1893. in her 93rd year. What a great age! We naturally associate with such advanced years great bodily infirmities the absence of former companions, decay of natural spirits and the neglect of society. And yet, it is doubtful if "Aunt Milly," as all Tuscarora Vally familiarly called this venerable woman, had ever thought of these burdens of old age except, oossibly, "the absence of former companions." She really had scarcely any of the ills of old age. She had a marvellous beauty in her unwrinkled face, a complete absence of bodily pain, a remarkable cheerfulness of spirits and cores and scores of ardent friends, even among the young children of the village and ne ighborhood, who visited her often and often and loved to hear her words and receive her blessings. She enjoyed life and everything. She often said that old age was honorable and that length of days was a scriptural blessing. She was confident that her Master, whose she was and whom she served, would not cast her off in the time of old age nor forsake her when her strength failed. She died in the full possession of all her mental powers; and the last of ten brother and sisters, went home to Heaven to meet the other nine who, it is believed preceded her to that Happy Home and who were waiting to welcome her "over there." Among her last words were "Come Lord Jesus Come Quickly." "Sin shall not have dominic over me." "Simply to Thy Cross I Cling." On the 23rd ult, the mortal remains of the deceased were carried by the sons, David James, McConnell and Frank from her late res.

idence to the hearse. The same body bearers carried, the sacred dust into the McCulloch's Mills Presbyterian church where, in the presence of a large audience, the Rev. S. A. Dav. enport delivered a very appropriate funeral discourse. After the sermon and after the people had wiewed the familiar face once more, six of the grand children acted as pall bearers to the grave where she was buried beside Emmittsburg road, over which Pick- before. There was gently laid away a mother rection and a glorious immorta lity.