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Address: GEORGE STINSON & CO., Box 488, Portland, Maine. 37-1-ly.

Democratic Watchman.

Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 16, 1892

For The World's Fair.

A Mammoth Tree From California to Be Exhibited.

California is to be honored by having a section of one of her famous big trees made a prominent feature in the Government building at Chicago. The project, the accomplishment of which is fully assured, is a unique one. The section of the tree will be twenty-three feet in diameter and thirty feet long. This will be divided into three parts, and these will be placed in their natural position, one above the other, and so arranged as to form something like a two story house. The contract for the tree was made by H. A. Taylor, of the department of the interior, with the King's River Lumber company in the spring of this year, and the company is now at work getting it out in their forest of sequoia gigantea in the Converse basin on King's river in Fresno county.

The contract called for a tree 20 feet 0 inches in diameter, but the tree actually found will be three feet greater in diameter. There are of course larger trees in the forest, but the requirement was that this section should be perfect in all respects, cylindrical, straight and without a burn in the bark, and this was the largest found to fill all these conditions. The tree selected, says the San Francisco Chronicle, is one known as the "General Noble." It measures thirty-eight feet in diameter near the ground, but as the object was to have the section of the same diameter at both ends, as nearly as possible, a piece is being taken out of the tree at some distance from the ground. To do this and to preserve the section from harm by falling, as well as to meet other requirements, has proved to be a work of considerable magnitude. The idea is not to send a solid section, but, rather, the rim of the tree hollowed out and cut into segments of suitable size, and all to be numbered so that they can be erected at Chicago so as to look from the exterior like the solid section of a sequoia thirty feet in height. The three parts into which the section is being cut consist of two parts of fourteen feet each, to be hollowed out, and one two feet thick, which will serve as a floor between the two stories, as it were.

The work of cutting, lowering and boxing the segments is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible, and it is expected that the tree will all be shipped by the end of October. To get the tree to a point where wagons can reach it required the building of a road two miles long. The entire exhibit, including the work, will cost the government several thousand dollars. The tree when erected at Chicago will stand directly under the great dome of the government building.

A Physician's Advice.

One of the Best Doctors in the World Talks About Cholera.

New York, Sep. —The Herald's Munich cable has an interview with Prof. Schweninger, one of the most celebrated doctors in Berlin and physician in ordinary to Prince Bismark, upon the subject of cholera; in which he says: "The plague this year follows the march of the great epidemics. It attacks Europe by the North and not by the South. It was bound, then, to reach Hamburg since the authorities of Russia in Europe took no steps to stop it. The English officials in India took proper precautionary measures. There ought to be an international hygienic commission established. That is the way to kill cholera. It must be stamped out on the spot. Other measures are useless.

"When you are disinfecting a room with phenic acid throw it only in the place where the invalid is. It is not likely that the bacilli will be propagated after the disinfection. One of the first things is to make a city thoroughly wholesome. People ought to be made more careful in a city like Hamburg, where all kinds of refuse and filth are thrown into the water, and where sewerage does not exist. About 30,000 persons dwell in cellars and live on fish. An epidemic in such cases is inevitable, and it is almost impossible to prevent it running high through Germany. It is only in healthy places, clean towns and among the well nourished that the malady will amount to little. In that case there may be 10 or only one cholera case, according to the size of the population, but not thousands as in Hamburg.

"If you become ill drink as hot as ever you can, grog, camomile tea, no matter what, provided it is hot. Then if your limbs grow cold, plunge into a steaming hot bath. Should these produce no effect then put yourself into the hands of God, for those are the only remedies known to be efficacious. The doctors can do nothing.

It Was A Cleveland Road.

HARRIMAN, Tenn., Aug. 22—Grover Cleveland has one fast friend in east Tennessee, and his name is John Thompson. John has adopted the regular mountaineer style of showing his loyalty to Mr. Cleveland. The roads between this city and Kingston are many, and they are rough and mountainous. A few days ago two gentlemen from this city got on the wrong road, and were taken away up the mountain and into what seemed to be an almost unexplored region. They were suddenly confronted by a board across the narrow road, and on the board was painted:

Any man who won't agree to vote for Grover Cleveland at the next election can't travel on this road.

JOHN THOMPSON.

There was no but, cabin or house in sight, but John Thompson was doubtless "thar or tharabouts" to make his word good.

Japanese Lacquer.

A Small Tree, the Juice of which Will Grace the Capitals of the World.

A very interesting experiment has recently been conducted as having been conducted at Frankfurt by Prof. Rein, of Bonn, so well known for his splendidly illustrated work on Japanese arts. One of the principal of these arts is that of lacquering, in which no other art is one of great antiquity, and the old examples are very costly. The lacquer, unlike the European varnishes and polishes, which are compound substances, consist of the juice of a small tree known to Botanists as Rhus vernicifera, and this juice is drawn from the trunks by making incisions in them, from which it flows into bamboo pots, placed to receive it. The juice of this and other species of Rhus are extremely acrid and poisonous, blistering the skin severely if allowed to come in contact with it. Consequently the Japanese collectors use thick gloves to cover the hands during the process of collecting.

After the crude juice has been drawn from the tree it is prepared in different ways by the Japanese experts, and the work of applying it to wood or to metal is a very tedious one, and one which can only be properly effected by a native artist. The modern lacquerware of Japan, however, is a totally different article from that of one hundred years ago. There is at present a great demand in the European markets for cheap lacquered articles, in consequence of which they have to be produced quickly and in large quantities, so that a very inferior article is produced, both in design and finish. Nevertheless, the process of lacquering has never been mastered by Europeans.

It has been tried by practical varnish-makers in this country, but always without success, and it is now thought by Prof. Rein that if the trees could be established in Europe and the juice freshly drawn from the trunks some of the difficulties of its manipulation might be overcome. Considering that several species of Rhus are hardy plants in our shrubberies, there is, perhaps, no reason why Rhus vernicifera should not be included among them. Indeed, this question seems set at rest by the fact that a number of healthy trees some thirty feet high, are now flourishing at Frankfurt, the trees originally brought to Japan to be experimented with by native artists. Besides this the native and European juices have been analyzed by German chemists, upon whose reports, coupled with those of the Japanese artists, it is expected the fate of lacquering as an industry in Europe will stand or fall. If the report of the quality of the juice from Japan be favorable it is proposed to plant the tree largely and bring over some expert workers from Japan to teach their peculiar art to European students.

There is, however, another use to which the Japanese lacquer tree might be put: would it prove to be kindly to European soil as to produce its fruits abundantly. These individual fruits are small—not much larger than a pea, but somewhat flattened—and are borne in bunches or clusters. They are covered with a thin, light brown, shiny skin, under which and immediately surrounding the seed is a deposit of white wax, which forms, with that of an allied species (Rhus succedanea) the product known as Japan wax, which is used by the Japanese for making candles and is also exported in large quantities to China and to this country to some extent for a similar purpose, as well as for making wax matches.—Industries.

A Sugar Famine.

May be Caused by the Cholera—Prices Going Upward.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept.—The cholera epidemic is likely to cause a sugar famine in this market and there was consequently a boom in the trade Thursday. Prices on all grades of hard sugars were advanced one cent. The wholesale price of granulated sugar has now reached five cents, which is the highest point that it has attained for two years or more, and it is likely to be considerable higher yet.

The proclamation issued by President Harrison Thursday, requiring vessels from infected ports to remain in quarantine for twenty days, will cause a long delay in the importation of raw sugars, which comes chiefly from Hamburg, one of the worst infected districts. It is said that in Cuba, from where there is considerable importation of raw sugars, the stock in first hands is almost exhausted, and the crop will not come forward for two or three months.

If the market is therefore prevented from obtaining shipments from Hamburg there will be a shortage in the supply, and it is expected that prices will rapidly advance. There was a big demand for sugar Wednesday and Thursday and jobbers were buying ahead of their wants as far as they could. The Speckles company refused to accept orders except on the condition of a delay in deliveries. The market is in an excited state and brokers are anxiously awaiting developments. Some brokers, however, think that the market cannot go much higher and are holding back in their purchases.

At the close of Cleveland's administration, there was a great surplus, now we are threatened with a great deficit. There is a difference of forty millions between the estimated receipts and available funds and the expenses, and these estimates suppose a year of perfect tranquility, with no expensive foreign or home troubles like the Chilean imbroglio or the Sioux war. The people have to choose between Republicanism and higher taxes or Democracy and reform. It is a grave issue clearly defined. Cleveland faced the problem of a surplus, the Republicans tried to solve it by spending the surplus and have only substituted the more difficult problem of a deficit. —Lancaster Intelligencer.

An Aluminum Building.

Novel Structure Which Will Grace the Streets of Chicago.

A new departure in building is to be made in a structure which will be erected at the corner of State and Madison streets, Chicago. It will be 16 stories high, the exterior of which is to be of aluminum and glass. Aluminum has been used considerably for inside work of buildings such as elevators, railings, etc., but never before for outside work, save in a small way for ornamentation. More than \$500,000 will be expended on this building, and it will be a work of art in every way.

The windows will occupy the entire distance between the floors, except the small space required for the mullions, and each window will be of two sheets of glass 11 feet long, joined at the centre by a strip of aluminum making practically one plate of glass 22 feet long. On each side will be a smaller window for the purpose of ventilation. The mullions between the windows will be covered with a plate of aluminum.

On the State street side will be three, and on the Madison street side four columns of aluminum running from top to bottom of the building, designed in ornate and pleasing forms.

Reunion of the Army of the Cumberland.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that for the benefit of those desiring to attend the interesting reunion of the Army of Cumberland, to be held at Chattanooga, Tenn., September 16th and 17th, a rate of a fare and a third on the certificate plan has been authorized. Application should be made to T. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburg, Pa.

PRONOUNCED HOPELESS, YET SAVED.

—From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my Lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. I gave myself up, saying I could not live but my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all, eight bottles; it has cured me, and I thank God I am now well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at Parrish's Drugstore, regular size, 50c and \$1.00.

STUFFED STEAK.—1 pound steak, 1 breakfast-cupful grated bread soaked in milk; 1 large tablespoonful of parsley, 1 small onion chopped, 1 teaspoonful salt, a little pepper. Lay the steak flat, and then mix the bread-crumbs with the rest of the ingredients; spread it over the steak, roll it up and tie with string, cut it with the fork and put it in a steaplan with 2 ounces dripping; let it brown, add a teaspoonful of water, stew very gently for 1 hour, turning frequently, then take it up, add a little flour to the gravy, and serve.

—Our public schools are the mainstay of our republic. In them are being cultivated the minds which are to be our future lawmakers and leaders in every walk in life. How essential it is that these minds should be united to strong, healthy bodies. So many children suffer from impurities and poisons in the blood that it is a wonder that they ever grow up to be men and women. Many parents cannot find words strong enough to express their gratitude to Hood's Sarsaparilla for its good effect upon their children. Scrofula, salt rheum and other diseases of the blood are effectually and permanently cured by this excellent medicine, and the whole being given strength to resist attacks of disease.

—Stephen Bonsal, who achieved fame in Tangier and London, in spite of the denials in New York, is a handsome, dark-haired, serious-faced young man of twenty-seven years, gentlemanly and mild-mannered. He is a Marylander and belongs to New York clubs, has been in Journalism just six years and values the jeweled sword sent him by the Sultan of Fez chief among the trophies of a strangely adventurous life career.

—For many years Mr. B. F. Thompson, of Des Moines, Iowa, was severely afflicted with chronic diarrhoea. He says: "At times it was very bad; so much so that I feared it would other day. About seven years ago I chanced to procure a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It gave me prompt relief, and I believe cured me permanently, as I now eat or drink without harm anything I please. I have also used it in my family with the best results." For sale by Frank P. Green.

EXCURSION CLUB TO ATTEND THE WORLD'S FAIR.—If you have any desire to visit the World's Fair at Chicago bear in mind that the United World's Fair Excursion Co. is a sound organization, with ample capital to fulfill their promises. The company sells tickets on the installment plan. Apply to A. H. Roby Sect. 403 Exchange Building Boston.

—I had catarrh of the head and throat for five years. I used Ely's Cream Balm, and from the first application I was relieved. The sense of smell, which had been lost, was restored after using one bottle. I have found the Balm the only satisfactory remedy for catarrh, and it has effected a cure in my case.—H. L. Meyer, Waverly, N. Y.

—"That hired man of yours is a hard worker. Here it is his lunch hour and he is still moving the lawn," said Brower, who was visiting Bronson the other day. "Yes; John usually mows the lawn during lunch hour, and lunches the rest of the time.

—Sufferers from dyspepsia have only themselves to blame if they fail to test the wonderful curative qualities of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In purifying the blood, this medicine strengthens every organ of the body, and even the most abused stomach is soon restored to healthy action.

The Great Review at Washington.

Half Rates by the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will be held at Washington September 19th to 24th, 1892. The occasion will undoubtedly attract the largest number of veterans ever assembled on a similar occasion, and the review will be the most imposing demonstration ever witnessed in this country since the historic review of the army in 1856. It will be the event of a lifetime, as never again will there be so large a gathering of old soldiers in any city of the land.

In order that every one may witness the grand spectacle the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Washington from all principal ticket stations on its system, September 13th to 20th, valid for return until October 10th, 1892, at a single fare for the round trip. Ample facilities will be afforded for the prompt movement of all visitors.

—The earliest chest was simply the trunk of an oak tree scooped out and cut through the middle, one-half serving as a lid, which was at first kept closed by a strap of leather, and later by one made of iron. As late as the fourteenth century the oak chest, in addition to being a repository for valuables, served as a seat and sometimes, also, as a table.

Medical.

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PERHAPS HIS LIFE.

Blood Poisoning After Scarlet Fever.

Read the following from a grateful mother: "My little boy had Scarlet Fever when 4 years old, and it left him very weak and with blood poisoning that cancer. His eyes became so inflamed that his sufferings were intense, and for seven weeks he

COULD NOT OPEN HIS EYES.

I took him twice during that time to the Eye and Ear Infirmary on Charles street, but their remedies failed to do him the faintest shadow of good. I commenced giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla and it soon cured him. I have never doubted that it saved his sight, even if not his very life. You may use it as testimonial in any way you choose. The above statement is the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth. And I can add that my testimony was entirely voluntary and not bought and paid for, nor a small fact polished up and enlarged. And the case of my boy is not the only one that I know of where

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA Has accomplished a great cure. I remain, respectfully, ASBIE F. BLACKMAN.

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D. R. L. DARTT, of Bellefonte, Pa., has the Brinkerhoff system of Rectal treatment for the cure of Piles, Fistulas and other Rectal diseases. Information furnished upon application. 30 14f

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TO THE PUBLIC.

In consequence of the similarity of the names of the Parker and Potter Hotel the proprietor of the Parker House has changed the name of his hotel to

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This new and commodious Hotel, located opposite the depot, Milesburg, Centre county, has been entirely refitted, refurbished and repapered throughout, and is now second to none in the county in the character of accommodations offered the public. Its table is supplied with the best of the market affords, its bar contains the purest and choicest liquors, its stable has attentive hostlers, and every convenience and comfort is extended to its guests.

Through travelers on the railroad will find this an excellent place to lunch or procure a meal, as all trains stop there about 25 minutes. 24 24

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