

School Directors Must Qualify Before They Can Serve.

It may not be generally known throughout the State that it is necessary for a School Director to take the oath of office before he can legally serve in the position to which he has been chosen, but it is the fact. According to an act passed April 16th, 1891, and signed by the Governor, every person elected to such office, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, must take the required oath of that office before a justice of the peace, or any other officer authorized to administer oaths, and the same be recorded with the Secretary of the Board and entered on the minutes of the meeting. It is just as necessary that a School Director should affirm his intention of maintaining the constitution as it is for a Governor, and that the duties devolving upon him might be honorably attended to this measure was formulated and enacted. If you have not taken the oath of office you have no right to hold a chair on the School Board.

Why Will People Thus Blast the Lives of Others.

Some two weeks ago a young girl committed suicide, in Altoona, without any apparent cause. An investigation was made which proved that although perfectly respectable and worthy she was pathetically lonely. Held aloof by that great class of people, who, unfortunately, can make or mar a fellow creature's reputation by a smile or a frown; simply on account of an impulsive and injudicious disposition, she actually died for want of a word of kindness. Naturally kind hearted and useful, she became weary and discouraged by the selfishness and thoughtlessness of those about her and with one carefully aimed shot ended the whole matter. No mysterious lover lurks in the background—and the whole affair, lacks the sensational flavor that is so taking with the public. The selfish and ungrateful feelings which prompted the family, which she had recently nursed and tended through a siege of diphtheria, to leave her die on the street, within sight of their own home, is the problem that should interest the public; and until it does, the greater socialistic questions will never right themselves. These narrow minded, selfish, eminent ly proper people do not all live in Altoona. Every community has many more than it needs and while they would feed bountifully the tramp, who begs at their door, they refuse the man or woman who has lived on the same square for years, simply because they don't belong to the same set. They will criticize harshly and exaggerate the most trifling indiscretion of a young girl, until the world finally regards her with suspicion and the mischief is done. They will pray loud and long, while perchance their own son is going to perdition for want of a word of kindness, and until these goody goody people are willing to bestow something besides actual bread and formal theological systems on their fellow man, we need not expect to be surprised and started by the indescribable loneliness of some poor soul.

Is She to be Censured for Looking Sweet?

The Easter bonnet joke is getting quite as musty as the "Spring poem" fever, and as it grows old, the bonnet grows less and more beautiful. Evidently from the length of the bill and the size of the bonnet, the milliner's motto is "He gives not best who gives most," and it would be well for the funny man to practice the same. Year after year the old sermon is preached on the vanity of women, as though man took no account of beauty or fashion, while in reality facts and figures show more money and time is spent on man's elegance than on women's loveliness. No one ever objects to a "love of a bonnet" or an artistic gown. It is simply the consciousness of the wearer as she walks up the aisle, that provokes the remark. And why should it? For surely it is every woman's duty to look as well as possible, and what is more conducive to a happy mind and consequently a pleasant face, than the consciousness of a becoming bonnet and a well fitting gown? HILL can scarcely be called a presidential possibility any more. The bottom has dropped entirely out of his boom and the few followers he mustered prior to his Southern tour are fast deserting him, since they see his chance declining in all parts of the country.

Mr. Rodgers Has Another Patent.

Inventive genius seems to dominate in some men's minds, while others never conceive an original idea. Among the former class we find our townsman GEO. W. RODGERS, of 322 W. Water street. Being a practical engineer and machinist his mind has always taken a turn toward mechanics, and his many little improvements in steam and water appliances have brought him into quite a degree of prominence as an inventor. Several gauges and stop cocks, now on the market, bear the mark "Rodgers patent" and are every day in successful use.

Mr. RODGERS' latest success has been in a car heating apparatus, which promises to revolutionize the system of heating rail-road trains and put an end to the reign of the "deadly car stove." He has conceived an idea whereby all the coaches, making up a train, can be heated by a hot air current emanating from the engine. And as members of American Car Heating Co., have signified their willingness to put his system to a practical test it is evident that there must be some merit in it. It will require a full train to try the system and arrangements are now pending for its introduction on a Staten Island line.

As to the Colored Voter.

From the York Gazette.

The colored brethren in the Republican party are becoming restless. They want something. They want an office, or two, and they think they ought to have recognition because they always vote the Republican ticket. That reasoning isn't at all, wrong only the Republican leaders won't recognize it. Here in York, now that we are to have a Republican postmaster—though who it will be has not yet been learned—the colored voters want one of their number appointed as a letter carrier.

Up in Blair county they are more ambitious. There they demand that Mr. George Hopper, a colored resident of Altoona and a regular Republican voter, shall be nominated for the legislature. This is all very natural; in fact, it is about right that the colored Republicans should be recognized. To their votes is due entirely the fact that Pennsylvania is a Republican state; hence they are the actual pillars that uphold such eminent leaders as Boss Quay, John Wannamaker, Tom Cooper, Chris Magee, John Bardsley, Thomas McCamant, the Philadelphia Press, etc. Why then shouldn't the negro be given a chance at least to become a letter carrier? It seems to us that a mere hand shake or a pat on the shoulder on election day is scarcely a sufficient return for the blind and useless devotion of the negro to the Republican party.

And yet where in Pennsylvania have the Republicans permitted a colored man to hold an office that was really worth anything? Every Body Recovered. The Last of the Hill Farm Victims Were Found on Monday. PITTSBURG, April 12.—A Post, Dunbar, Pa., special says: The long search for the remains of the twenty-nine miners who were entombed in the Hill Farm mine, on June 16, 1890, was completed this afternoon by the finding of the last three bodies. Two bodies were found yesterday, and, one, that of Barney Maust, was found a week ago. All the bodies except that of Maust were found in the slope beyond the fatal bore hole, 500 feet under ground. The men had retreated as far as they could get and were probably the last of the twenty-nine victims to succumb to the effects of the smoke and poisonous atmosphere. Maust was found within twenty-five feet of the manhole and had evidently made a desperate effort to escape. He was probably the only one of the twenty-nine who attempted to get out. The bodies of the five others are badly decomposed and cannot be identified. They will be interred to-morrow. Their names were: Peter Beagan, Milton Turner, Joseph Bigler, Barney Maust, James McCue and William Hayes. All were married and had families but Hayes.

Claus Spreckels on Top.

He Secures Control of the Entire Sugar Trade of the Pacific Slope.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 11.—The entire sugar industry on the Pacific coast and the Hawaiian Islands is virtually concentrated in the hands of Claus Spreckels. The planters have come to terms. This was brought about by his establishing a factory in Philadelphia, and his victory is complete.

70,000 Cotton Spinners Idle.

LONDON, April 13.—The extensive cotton spinning lock-out declared by the federation of Master Spinners nearly two weeks ago began in part to-day, and by Saturday 70,000 operatives will be idle.

LA GRIPPE SUCCESSFULLY TREATED.

"I have just recovered from a second attack of the grip this year," says Mr. Jas. O. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days, against ten days for the first attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy, as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" 50 cent bottles for sale by F. P. Green, Drug-gist.

Pennsylvania Democrats in Convention

Enthusiastic Cheers for Cleveland, Pattison and Harrity; Senator William A. Wallace, Thomas Collins and Senator Harry Alton Hall, of Elk County, to Represent This District at the National Convention.

HARRISBURG, April 13.—As early as 10 o'clock this morning delegates to the Democratic convention began to assemble in the Harrisburg opera house. Tickets of admission were not given out by Chairman Wright until this morning, and there was consequently much confusion. No convention held here in years has attracted such crowded galleries. The convention was rapped to order by Chairman Wright at 12.10, and the business was formally begun by the reading of the call issued on Jan. 3. The calling of delegates occupied forty-five minutes, many substitutions being made.

John R. Reed, of Philadelphia, nominated Congressman Beltzhoover for temporary chairman, and he was elected unanimously. In his speech he said: "It is, perhaps, invidious to suggest any one, but I will be pardoned for saying that tariff reform, honest money, and frugal government are seeking a champion in this campaign, and that there is one who stands out before all the world, recognized by all men as the embodiment and exponent of our principles, and the idol of the Democratic masses of the nation. The name of Grover Cleveland is enshrined in the hearts of all the intelligent, virtuous, and substantial citizens of the republic." The speaker closed his address with glowing tributes to Governor Pattison and Arthur P. Gorman, either of whom, he said, if chosen to lead the Democratic hosts there would be no mistake.

CLEVELAND AND PATTISON CHEERED.

Mr. Beltzhoover's references to Grover Cleveland and Governor Pattison were received with cheers long continued. One individual in the gallery shouted: "What's the matter with Hill?" but only groans and hisses followed the mention of the name of the New York Democratic leader. The temporary organization was then completed by the selection of the usual committees. During the calling of the roll by districts for members of the committees, nearly all the delegates left the hall, only those interested remaining. The claims of Timothy O'Leary, of Pittsburg, to membership on the credentials committee, were contested, and a serious fight was narrowly avoided. An excited crowd of delegates gathered around the chair, shouting for recognition. There was also contest in two other western districts, and all joined in the melee. Several of the parties came to blows but were separated. O'Leary, although he was sergeant-at-arms, and supposed to preserve order, fled from the hall. The contests will be settled by the committee on credentials. Adjourned at 2 to 3.30.

THE CONVENTION RE-ASSEMBLES.

It was 4.40 o'clock before the convention re-assembled. The delay was due to the large amount of work made necessary for the credentials committee by the numerous contests. The meeting of the committee was held behind closed doors, and it is understood that some lively scenes were enacted. The anti-administrators to the number of fourteen finally left the meeting room. This bolt was precipitated by the action of the majority in seating O'Leary, Allegheny, as the representative from the forty-third Senatorial district, over Magistrate McKenna, a Guilfytie, who claimed that he had been regularly chosen, but had been tricked by O'Leary. O'Leary was not a regularly elected delegate, but had been substituted in the Forty-fifth district. He then secured the votes of substitutes in the Forty-third district, and was thus able at a meeting of the district delegates last night, to get himself elected a member of the credentials committee from the Forty-third district, although a substituted delegate from the Forty-fifth. The first business before the convention was the hearing of the report of the committee on credentials.

ALL ADMINISTRATION DELEGATES SEATED.

The report seated all the administration delegates, ignoring the claims of the "ants." Senator Hall, the chairman, anticipating opposition to his report, moved its adoption, and at the same time moved the previous question. A howl of disapproval greeted this attempt to shut off the kickers, and Senator Hall withdrew his motion. William Foyle, a Bradford county delegate, offered a minority report which stated that no statement on behalf of the contestants had been allowed, and therefore declaring the contested seats vacant. Much confusion and noise followed the presentation of the minority report and it was difficult for the chairman or any of the speakers to make themselves heard. Finally the minority report was defeated and the regular report adopted. Much bad blood was engendered during the discussion and while Chairman Miller, of the organization committee, was reading his report, an attempt by several of the sergeants-at-arms to eject a couple of delegates, who were protesting too loudly, led to a fist fight over in the corner in which several blows were struck and much bad language indulged in. At this point Temporary Chairman Beltzhoover relinquished the gavel to Senator Ross, the permanent chairman, and the latter was able to enforce much better order.

AN OVATION FOR HARRITY.

The references to Cleveland and Pattison were as usual cheered long and heartily, but it was reserved for the mention of Secretary of State Harrity's name to bring forth the greatest amount of enthusiasm. Cheers after cheers went up for the popular leader, and Mr. Reed was compelled to stand silent several minutes before he could make his voice heard. Although many harsh things have been said about Mr. Harrity by those opposed to him, it was noticed that not one hiss or hoot marred the extraor-

inary outburst of approval of the reference to him. During all the cheering and shouting, Mr. Harrity sat among the Philadelphia delegation with a smile on his face. District Attorney Garman, of Luzerne, offered a substitution to the second section of the platform, instructing Pennsylvania's delegates in the national convention positively to vote for Mr. Cleveland so long as his name remains before the convention. It had been agreed in committee, where the "ants" were beaten in their effort to prevent the adoption of the unit rule, that the fight should be brought before the convention.

THE SUBSTITUTE DEFEATED.

Mr. O'Brien took the platform and spoke at some length in favor of the substitute. He said he opposed the unit rule because the people of his district and the great northwest were opposed to it. "Pennsylvania Democrats are in favor of the nomination of Grover Cleveland," said he, "and they are in favor of his delegates being bound to vote for Cleveland so long as his name remains before the convention. The delegates from our district have been instructed to vote first, last and all the time for Grover Cleveland, and we ask that the delegates from this convention be instructed to do likewise." Mr. Reed spoke briefly in favor of the adoption of the substitute as presented from the committee. He moved to lay Mr. Garman's amendment upon the table. Mr. Garman's amendment was voted down by a viva voce vote. He then called for the yeas and nays, but before the clerks proceeded with the call he withdrew his motion, and the report of the committee was adopted.

VOTE FOR DELEGATES-AT-LARGE.

The vote resulted:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Votes. Includes names like Ross, Hensel, Guffey, Wallace, etc.

THE FIRST EIGHT WERE DECLARED ELECTED.

Mr. Garman, who had figured as a leader of the kickers, in a graceful little speech, moved that the nomination be made unanimous and this was done.

The following Delegates were elected to represent the 25th District, in the National Convention: District national delegates, W. A. Wallace, Thomas Collins; elector, J. K. P. Hall.

THE CLOSING PROCEEDINGS.

In the Eighth and Thirteenth districts the candidates have not yet been named. In the Twenty-fifth district it was announced that seventeen ballots had been taken, the eighteen delegates being evenly divided in their choice. In view of the fact that there seemed to be no hope of district delegates and an elector being chosen it was moved that the convention declare Messrs. Clendennin and Griffith the delegates from the twenty-fifth district. Immediately there was an uproar. Demands for fair play, points of order, and shouts of all sorts filled the air. Several delegates from the troubled district assured the convention that they would be able to settle their difficulty in their own way in a few days and pleaded with the convention to keep hands off.

IT WAS EXCITING AND INTERESTING.

Old convention goes do not know a more exciting or interesting convention than the one of to-day. Several times it looked as though there would certainly be serious trouble. Much of the disturbance was due to the utter incompetency of the sergeant-at-arms and door-keepers. Many unruly characters were given admission, and these afterward became a source of trouble. The good-natured firmness and impartiality of Chairman Ross went far in the afternoon toward maintaining order. The heart was taken out of the fight of the "ants" before the convention assembled. Had these leaders remained on the ground and directed the movements of their followers, the "kicks" would have been much more effective.

Terrible Hotel Accident in New York.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The new hotel Waldorf, under construction at Thirty-third street and Fifth avenue, was the scene of a terrible accident this afternoon. George Pfeiffer, 67 years old, an iron worker, and his helper, Rudolph Shelker, aged 45, were at work on the iron cornice, Pfeiffer was putting in an iron rivet when the cornice gave way. He caught the leg of his helper and the two men fell downward. The two men's bodies crushed through a scaffolding on the third floor as it was so much packed together. At the second floor Pfeiffer's body went through a one and one-half inch plank to the pavement. Shelker's body struck the end of the plank, broke it off and bounded onto the street, where it struck the mortar box and broke his arm. The bodies were bruised out of semblance of human beings.

NEW WASHINGTON, PENN., PEOPLE

Are not slow about taking hold of a new thing, if the article has merit. A few months ago David Byers, of that place, bought his first stock of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He has sold it all and ordered more. He says: "It has given the best of satisfaction, I have warranted every bottle, and have not had one come back." 50 cent and \$1.00 bottles for sale by F. P. Green, Drug-gist.

Pritts, the Murderer no Longer a Resident of Somerset County.

Left there Some ten Days ago. How He Managed to Escape.

PITTSBURG, April 12.—A special to an evening paper from Mt. Pleasant, Pa., says: "Bill" Pritts, one of the murderers of old man Hochstetler, has gone from the mountain these ten days. While the posse which left Somerset last night is scouring the region, the object of the search is probably hundreds of miles away. It will be remembered that the murder was committed on Wednesday, March 30. On the Friday following Jacob Santemeyer, who is a son-in-law of Pritts, and who lives on Eagle street was at work in the Moorewood mines of the Southwest Coal and Coke company when he received a message calling him home. Securing a team from Lemmon Bros., the liverymen, he and his wife left for the mountains the same afternoon. The following evening shortly after dark Santemeyer brought the team back, and there is no doubt that his companion was his father-in-law, whom he left at his Eagle street residence before he drove to the stable. The window blinds had been drawn down the day Mr. Santemeyer and wife left and were still in that position on Sunday morning. An effort was made to secure a barber to cut Pritts' hair and shave him, but after one artist sent for was not found at home fear of exciting suspicion seems to have kept the messenger from looking for another and nothing was done to disguise the fugitive except to provide him with another suit of clothes. Just about dark Sunday evening Pritts and Santemeyer left the house and walked down across the fields to Moorewood, carrying a valise. They reached the A shaft just as the heavy rain and hail storm came up, and stood beneath the tinkle until the worst had passed. It is not known where they went, although it is said Santemeyer borrowed \$45 from his father, who lives at Moorewood, where that he intended going west. The clothes which Pritts left here have a spot of blood on the right coat sleeve.

A Somerset dispatch says: "No tidings have been received from the sheriff who left last night for the moonshine district for the avowed purpose of capturing Bill Pritts, a half dozen illicit stills and fifteen or twenty members of the Bill Miller's band of moonshiners. Sheriff Good had promised to return at noon and that he has not done so leads to the belief that he has struck the moonshiners' trail."

The Southern Floods.

Many Lives Have Been Lost and Much Property Destroyed.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—A special from New Orleans says: The reported loss of life and property by the floods on the Tombigbee river has been confirmed. The citizens of Loundes county, Miss., have petitioned Congressman All, their representative, to ask the government for aid as their own means are inadequate to the needs of the homeless people. The losses of life are variously estimated at from fifty to 200. Losses of live stock and crops are beyond computation at present, but will be enormous. Meagre details only are obtainable, as communication is cut off from the flooded country.

HUNDREDS OF LIVES LOST.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 12.—A special from Nashville, Tenn., says the appalling character of the floods in northern Mississippi is just beginning to be realized. Hundreds of lives have been lost. Last night one man rowed several miles in the darkness on a raft with twenty-six bodies that he picked up. The flood came so suddenly that none were prepared. Sixteen small streams in northern Mississippi became raging torrents within a few hours and swelled the already full banks of the Coosa and Tombigbee rivers into inland seas. All sorts of crafts are being improvised to go to the rescue of survivors who are perishing on the highest ground without food or shelter. The loss of property is incalculable at present. There is exaggeration, however, in the statement that it will be over \$1,000,000.

An Excellent Road Law.

The Governor of New Jersey has signed the Davidson Road bill, which puts it in the power of County Boards of Freeholders to contract, under certain specific regulations, for the construction of macadamized roads. Provision is made for thorough supervision and for substantial work. But no more is to be done in any single year than may be paid for by a tax of one-half of one per cent. on the taxable property in each county. One-third of the cost of roads so constructed is to be paid each year by the State, not to exceed the sum of \$75,000; if one-third of the cost shall exceed that amount the excess is to be apportioned among the counties in proportion to the amount of work done. On petition of two-thirds of the real estate owners fronting on any public road, setting forth their willingness to pay 10 per cent. of the cost of macadamized roadways not less than a mile in extent, the freeholders are compelled to provide for the construction asked for. Good results are anticipated from the operation of this law giving the people more actively interested and securing for the work a certain fixed sum from county and State funds on the principle that the first petitioners shall be first served, and that outlay in any single year shall not be so excessive as to be onerous.

The Governor was There.

But the Trial of the Libel Suit Was Again Postponed.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 12.—The libel suit of Governor Pattison against W. F. Jordan and J. J. McLaurin, of the Harrisburg Morning Call, for the publication of the article entitled "Turn on the Light" during the campaign of 1889, came up in Quarter Sessions Court, No. 1, yesterday morning, when it was again postponed until May 5, owing to the absence of counsel for the defense. Governor Pattison and Secretary of State Harrity were in Court. Jordan did not turn up and his bail was forfeited.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

To-day is Good Friday and it is fitting that you should read the WATCHMAN and patronize all its advertisers.

HOLLIDAYSBURG BRUTES.

From the Standard we clip the following account of three brutal burglars who tortured an old man and woman nearly to death. It was a dastardly deed and the fiends should be strung up. "Saturday night three masked burglars entered the house of John Daly, a 65-year-old veteran, and demanded his pension money. He protested that he had no money. Getting no confession they stabbed him repeatedly with a knife, and after burning one of his ears almost off with a lamp, ended by knocking him senseless and ransacking the house. During the search they chopped holes in the floor and tore the plastering from the walls, but secured nothing.

Leaving Mr. Daly, they went to the home of Miss Olivia McDowell, an aged maiden lady, and dragging her from bed, tortured her almost to death, demanding money, which she denied having. Knives were run into her ears and face, while a blow from a revolver closed one eye. Finally the fiends tied her to a bed post and deliberately set to work to destroy all the furniture in the house, a task in which they well succeeded. They then departed with \$6, all the money they found.

Both the victims were able to release themselves after a time, and made their way to the houses of neighbors, where they were taken in and cared for.

The men described are of medium height and wore overcoats and derby hats. At Mr. Daly's one man let his mask drop for an instant, revealing a small, reddish mustache and white eyebrows. No arrests have as yet been made. Rewards aggregating \$500 have been offered.

Small-Pox in New York.

The Dread Disease Spreading With Alarming Rapidity.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Small-pox is spreading slowly but surely and 11 new cases were discovered this morning. In one case an entire family was discovered to be stricken, while hundreds of residents of the crowded tenements were exposed to the contagion. The inspectors of the Board of Contagious Disease are of the Board of Contagious Disease are kept continually on the go and the list of houses to be kept under surveillance is larger than it has been for many years.

New Pension Laws.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Senator Palmer to-day, by request, introduced a bill to amend the pension act of 1879 so that the payment of pensions shall commence from the discharge of the person, and that all pensions granted or hereafter granted resulting from injuries received during the war shall commence from the death or discharge of the person on whose account the pension has been granted, if the disability occurred prior to the discharge. If it occurred after the discharge the pension is then to date from the day of disability.

New Advertisements.

HOUSES FOR RENT. Several desirable dwelling houses for rent very reasonable. A. M. HOOPER. 36-12-31

WANTED. — A first-class farm hand. One who is willing and qualified to take charge of a small farm, can find steady employment at good wages, by applying at this office. 37-14-31

FARMER WANTED. — A man having a practical knowledge of farm work and willing to work can secure a situation at good wages, by calling or addressing this office. References required. 37-14-31

CHANCE FOR A SUMMER JOB.—A single man wanting a situation on a farm, can hear of a good place at fair wages by addressing "C" care of Watchman office. Must be able to do all kinds of farm work. 37-14-31

AGENTS WANTED. Advertisers for the sale of our Home Grown Nursery Stock. Best terms. Unequaled facilities. New features. Liberal offers to customers. Established 1846. W. & T. SMITH, Geneva Nursery, Geneva, N. Y.

THE LADIES' WILL BE

pleased with the fine assortment of stockings we just opened, Black, Fancy colors, stripes, etc.

Also a full line of draperies, beautiful effects, serim from 5 cts. up.

If you want bargains come to the

CASH BAZAAR, No. 9, Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

SHERIFF SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levati Facias and Vendition Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county and to me directed there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House in the borough of Bellefonte on Saturday, April 29th, 1892, at 1 o'clock p. m. the following described real estate to wit: All those two certain lots of ground situated in the town of Petersburg, Union township, Centre county, Pa., known and designated as follows: Beginning on the South side of Bellefonte and Phillipsburg turnpike at corner of land now owned by Charles McGarvey being lot No. 13, thence by said lot south 41° west 48 perches to post, thence by land of Samuel Brugger south 49° east 12 perches to post, thence by lot No. 15 north 41° east 80 perches to the turnpike aforesaid, thence north 49° west 12 perches to the place of beginning, containing 3 acres more or less. Thereon erected a good two story dwelling house, barn and other out buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George F. Lee. WILLIAM ISHLER, Sheriff.