Democratic Watchman.

Bellefonte, Pa., March 28, 1890.

THE GOOD OLD WAY.

There was a nice young fellow
As ever you did see;
Likewise a nice young lady,
And just as good as he;
And so they chanced one day to meet,
When they were feeling gay,
And so, of course, they fell in love,
The good old way.

He feared he should not get her,
So he was feeling blue;
And she was in conniption fits
For fear he would not, too;
But such thin trouble did not last,
I am real glad to say;
They soon were married firm and fast,
The good old way.

Then were the gossips watching,
The tattle-bags perplexed,
And Mrs. Grundy itching,
For what was coming next;
Some thought they'd have a family,
Some blockheads answered, nay.
They raised ten children, yes, they did,
The good old way.

They lived and helped each other,
As they agreed before;
And so God's blessing came to them,
In basket and in store;
They knew enough to save a cent
Safe for a rainy day;
And peacefully through life they went,
The good old way.

They lived long, useful christian lives,
In all good honest pride;
Till old Time banged them with his scythe,
And then, of course, they died;
They had great, splendid funerals,
The best word folks could say;
Then side by side we buried them,
The good old way.

This is a song and sermon, too,
And true memorial rhyme;
And folks who lived so just and true,
Are blessed all the time;
A splendid, loving, useful life,
Such always find it pay,
Who walk like these, my kith and kin,
The good old way.

Their graves are green, they may be seen,
Their monuments I see;
And memory loves them back again,
For all their love to me;
Love rules the world with power and might,
Love guides us home to stay,
And heaven shines bright to kindly light
The good old way.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

The Australian Ballot System in Pennsylvania.

Its Adoption Would Not Necessitate an Amendment of the Constitution.

Although everybody has heard of the Australian ballot system more or less, not everybody is prepared to say exactly what effect it will have on elections in any given community, how far it will have to be changed from the shape it took in the land of its birth to suit local laws, customs or requirements, or how far these very local laws will have to be altered in turn to make them conform to the real essence of the Australian system, which essence we deem to be *secrecy* pure and simple; for multitudes of provisions of many varying statutes in numerous States can all be traced to this one thing, viz.: a demand that the vote of every man shall be as private and as free from outside interference as the workings of his own conscience.

A detailed description of the Australian system embodies many requirements more or less essential; but for the present it will be enough to refer to three:

1. Ballots shall contain all names to be voted for at a given election, shall be printed absolutely uniform, at State expense, and circulated only by sworn State officers.

2. They shall be given out only on the day of election and only to such electors as come within the polling places to vote.

3. Private compartments or stalls shall be provided in polling places wherein electors can have the opportunity to mark such ballots without the risk of observation; in other words, *entirely secretly.*

Without going any further into explanation of details it can be seen that this programme, if strictly followed out, insures almost absolute privacy in voting. But the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania introduces an element into the third requirement as given above, which at first seems to invalidate it completely, and it is to explain this that this paper is written. That instrument provides as follows:

"All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot. Every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the election officers on the list of voters, opposite the name of the elector who presents the ballot."

Now it will seem to the casual observer as though the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania were directly antagonistic to this great reform, and as though it would have to be amended before the people of this Commonwealth could hope for the good which in many lands has come from secret (and therefore honest) voting. This view is taken by no less upright and able champions of the Australian system than the Hon. Chauncey F. Black, a Democrat, and formerly Lieutenant Governor of this State; the Hon. J. E. Barrett of Scranton, a Republican, and the editor of the Scranton *Truth*, and many others. Say these gentlemen in effect:

"How can there be any secrecy in voting with so ready a means of identification at hand? Can we really have the Australian system under our present State Constitution? Is not in fact an amendment necessary before that system can be fully carried into effect?"

Now, with all respect to these gentlemen of various political faiths, the writer will endeavor to show that the Constitution needs no change to bring about the Australian system; rather, indeed, as the Philadelphia *Record* of March 17th said in effect, if a provision for numbering ballots were not already in the law it ought to be put there.

The provision for numbering the ballots is a wise and good one. It enables fraud in elections to be traced and defeated; it is not the cause of the violation of the secrecy of the ballot to the extent represented; if secrecy is violated by that means, except in a judicial proceeding, the officer guilty for that violation is known and can be prosecuted; particularly so would this be the case if the present law were so amended that but one officer had the custody of the ballots, or if all boxes were, when counted, sealed and delivered into the custody of the officers of the the law Courts of the district, to be opened only when called on for a contest, or, after a prescribed time, to be burned. No; *it is not the numbering of ballots that makes our present system non secret.* It is the fact that the ballots are *not uniform* that is chiefly at fault, and the fact that every "window book man" and every man around the poll knows the tickets of the parties at sight as they are handed in.

It seems a little remarkable that in all current discussions of the system, or certainly those at least in this Commonwealth over the effect of our State Constitution on the secret ballot requirement, that very few people indicate a knowledge of the fact that

This very provision requiring numbering of ballots and electors so as to identify all votes is part of the very essence of the Australian system, and that it is part of that system in many communities in which it is in force. Edward Wakefield, member of one of the Australian Parliaments, who says he has been "both elected and defeated" under the system, writes as follows in the *Forum* for October, 1889:

"When the voting takes place, the returning official marks on the corner of the ballot paper *the number which stands against the elector's name on the electoral roll and* GUMS IT DOWN so that it cannot be seen, before giving the paper to the voter. This is absolutely necessary in order to prevent or detect personation or double voting. If it were not done, there would be nothing to prevent a man voting at every booth in the district or representing himself as another elector after having voted in his own name. As a fact this is often done, bnt it is invariably detected and defeated by the simple device of writing the number of each voter in the corner of the ballot paper and at the same time ticking off the number on the roll."

"The number in GUMMED DOWN at the time when it is written and is never uncovered unless personation or double voting takes place, when a comparison of the tick marks on the electoral roll having given the clue, the peccant ballot papers tell their own tale and are instantly rejected. The numbering of the ballot papers does not really impugn the secrecy of the ballot in the slightest degree. It is purely a protection of the honest voters against fraud. Yet it is constantly urged by demagogues and grievance mongers, and even by well-intentioned people who do not understand the subject, as a defect in the system, because, by the number, it might be found out how each elector voted. Of course it might be if any one had possession of the papers; but no one has possession of them except the returning officer, and he is forbidden, under heavy penalties, to look at the numbers after he has gummed them down or in any way to violate the secrecy of the ballot."

Here is a description of the ballot numbering process, a practice almost identical with that required by the constitution of the State of Pennsylvania and intended for the same good purpose of detecting fraud of various kinds; why cannot the practice in full be embodied into our system? Why cannot the voter's number, as required by the constitution, be put on the back of the ballot in one corner and then gummed down to insure greater secrecy than at present? Undoubtedly it can; let the constitution stand; it is excellent as it is; it costs money, time and trouble to change it; it cannot be done under the terms of the constitution itself for five years from June 18, 1889. And the people are likely not to consent that ballot reform be put off on any such pretext for any such length of time. As the "Record" well says, if such a provision were not part of our law, it should be adopted at once.

Looking farther into the question, it is to be found that the numbering of ballots for purposes of tracing and identification is required by the statutes of

1. Queensland: Elections act of 1885, 49 Vict., No, 13.—Here the officer simply marks on the ballot in one corner, in pen or pencil, the number set against the name of the elector on the electoral roll and gums it down before giving it to the said elector.

2. Great Britain and Ireland: Ballot etc of 1872, 35 and 36 Vict., c. 33—Each ballot has attached a "counterfoil" or tag, and on this is marked the registration number of the voter There is no provision requiring pasting down of voter's number on the ballot.

3. Kentucky: Act of February 24, 1888 (applies only to certain elections in the city of Louisville,)—This act is deemed the best yet provided for the purpose in view. It requires that the ballots be printed in stub books, each stub being numbered consecutively in type and having blank spaces for name and residence of voter. Here only the stub shows the voter's name and number. In Pennsylvania the number would also have to be printed on the corner of the ticket, which could then be gummed down as provided in the New Zealand and Queensland statutes.

4. New Zealand: Acts of 1870 and 1881.—Section 30, act of 1881, makes a provision identical with that of Queensland already described.

5. The Colony of Victoria, Australia: The act of 1865 requires the voter's registered number to be put on ballot. Election officers are forbidden to examine backs of ballots in counting.

6. West Australia: Section 9, act of 1877, provides that the voter's *name* be written on a counterfoil attached to the ballot.

The foregoing examples embody the leading instances of the practice of numbering ballots in the home of the Australian system. There are similar provisions in many other States of the Old World and New, but these are sufficient for the purpose of showing that our constitution in Pennsylvania is not amiss in requiring identification numbering of ballots.

Certainly, if numbering of ballots be not of the essence of the system, at least no complaints are heard of late years that the secrecy of elections is thereby violated; and if it works in Australia and New Zealand, it certainly will work in Pennsylvania. Let the Constitution of this State alone; its provisions are good in that respect; but let us have the Australian system hand in hand with it and giving us what we will then have, as secret and honest a vote as any in the world.

D. G.

——If all so called remedies have failed, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures. 50 cts., by druggists.

A Good Investment.

Some winters ago a woman was coming out from a public building where the heavy doors swung back and made egress somewhat difficult. A little urchin sprung to the rescue, and, as he held open the door, she said, "Thank you," and passed on.

"D'ye hear that?" said the boy to a companion standing near by him,

"Why, that lady said thank ye' to the likes o' me."

Amused at the conversation the lady turned and said to the boy:

"It always pays to be polite, my boy; remember that."

Years passed, and last December, when doing her Christmas shopping, this same lady received exceptional courtesy from a clerk in Boston, which caused her to remark to a lady who was with her:

"What a great comfort to be civilly treated once in a while, though I don't know that I blame the store clerks for being rude during the holidays."

The young's man's quick ear caught the words, and he said:

"Pardon me, madame, but you gave me my first lesson in politeness a few years ago."

The lady looked at him in amazement while he related the little forgotten incident, and told her that the simple "Thank you" awakened his ambition to be something in the world. He went and applied for a situation as office boy in the establishment where he was now an honored and and trusted clerk.

Only two words, dropped into the treasury of a street conversation, but they yielded returns most satisfactory.

Grains of Gold.

Death has nothing terrible in it but what life has made so.

A guilty weight upon the heart takes the sun out of the sky.

Men are never more offended than when their veracity is suspected.

The best way to humble a proud man in not to take any notice of him.

He is a poor instructor of the young who does not remember his own youth.

Solitude is as needful to the imagination as society is wholesome to the character.

Those who live on vanity must, not unreasonably, expect to die of mortification.

Roguery is thought by some to be cunning and laughable; it is neither; it is devilish.

The heart of youth is reached through the senses; the senses of age through the heart.

Most of the shadows that cross our path through life are caused by standing in our own light.

Enthusiasm is the temper of mind in which the imagination has got the better of the judgment.

Action is the great law, it is by steady strong, continuous action that all great works are accomplished.

He who comes up to his own idea of greatness must always have had a very low standard of it in his own mind.

The strongest man feels the influence of woman's gentlest thoughts as the mightiest oak quivers in the softest breeze.

Called Him "Major."

Among all those lawyers who made that advance upon Nashville to try the famous natural gas bond injunction before Judge Jackson, none were more distingue in their appearacne than Mayor Hamilton and Emery Potter.

But they never spoke in court, and were silent as a London barrister. To all intents and purposes they were merely lending a high tone to the Toledo party, and investing it with an air of eclat.

The colored porter at their hotel, after frequent tips, evinced a great fondness for Mr. Potter.

Every morning he awoke the distinguished Toledo attorney and said:

"Good mornin,' majah, and did you enjoy your sleep las' night?"

Mr. Potter replied that he had.

"Yo'll fin' yo' shoes, majah, all shined up right by yo' do'. Anything mo' I can do fo' you, majah, dis mornin?"

Mr. Potter could not understand the "majah," but said nothing for several days; but it kept getting worse; the negro insisted on applying the military title to him, and finally Mr. Potter said.

"Say, why do you call me major? I've been called colonel and general and captain and judge and everything else, but I've never been called major before. Now, I'd like to know what makes you call me major?"

"Well, you see, majah, i' 's like dis. Du'in de wah we allus called dose gem'men majah wha' put on a pow'ful lot o' style, and never hed nuthin' to do."—*Toledo Blade.*

The National Capital at its Gayest.

What season of the year is more advantageous than spring, to make a tour to the Nation's Capital? The Capital is the centre, around which clusters bright minds of our own and foreign governments; it is the National barometer of social movements. To witness the activity of a working Congress would alone compensate one for the trip, to say nothing of the thousand and one points of interest and instruction in and about the city. Those embracing the opportunity presented by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's excursion to Washington, April 3d, cannot fail to review it afterwards as time profitably spent.

A choice of trains may be make between the special of Parlor Cars and Day Coaches, the schedule of which is given, or the regular night trains leaving Pittsburg at 7.15 and 8.10 P. M.

Tickets will be sold, and special train will run, as follows:—

	Rate	Train leaves.
Pittsburg	$9 00	8.00 A. M.
Bellefonte	7 25	10.25 "
Clearfield	7 25	9.49 "
Philipsburg	7 25	10.32 "
Osceola	7 25	10.45 "
Tyrone	7 25	12.15 P. M.
Lewistown Junction	5 60	1.45 "
Washington Ar.	.....	8.15 "

Return coupons will be accepted on any train within the limit, except the Pennsylvania Limited. The next and last tour of the series is fixed for April 24th.

——A Republican says that in obeying Platt and Quay the rank and file of the party simply wish to show that they are minding their P's and Q's.

To Farmers.

FARMERS' SUPPLIES

—*CONKLIN WAGONS,*—

A large stock always on hand. The favorite wagon.

(o) *CHAMPION WAGON* (o)

A wonderful invention to save horses on rough roads.

BUGGIES, CARTS AND SPRING WAGONS.

SOUTH BEND CHILLED PLOWS.

The South Bend is so well established as being the best Chilled plow, that it needs no commendation from us. The different suction Shares D, S. P. S., and S. S. are made especially for plowing all kinds of Pennsylvania soil.

(o)—*THE ROLLAND CHILLED*—(o)

is far ahead of any other bevel land side plow in point of workmanship and durability. Shares furnished for plowing soft, hard or gravelly soil. No better or lighter running plow ever manufactured. Easy on man and horses.

—*SPRING TOOTH HARROWS.*—

Steel frame spring tooth harrows in which we defy competition in make and price.

SEEDS—Farm and Garden Seeds a specialty

‡o)——(o‡

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35 4 1y

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(Successor to Lawrence L. Brown,)

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WOODLAND COAL,

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KINDLING WOOD,

by the bunch or cord as may suit purchasers]

GRAIN, CORN EARS,

SHELLED CORN, OATS,

‡—STRAW and BALED HAY.—‡

Respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public, at

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NEVER HAVE BETTER GOODS BEEN SHOWN.

Never have greater varieties been offered.

NEVER HAVE PRICES BEEN SO LOW!

LADIES', GENT'S and CHILDREN'S } BOOTS & SHOES, RUBBER BOOTS and OVER SHOES.

Our stock is all Bright, Clean and Fresh, and consists wholly of the

LATEST AND MOST POPULAR STYLES AND PRICES WHICH YOU CANNOT RESIST.

If the best is good enough for you, come and get it at

o—— ROCK BOTTOM PRICES. ——o

A. C. MINGLE'S,

SHOE STORE IN BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

34 37 3m

Sales.

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS.

Messrs. Shoemaker and Scott offer for sale seven building lots located on east side of Thomas street, 50x100 feet.

Also, thirty-five lots located on east side of public road leading from Bellefonte to Bellefonte Furnace, 50x175 feet.

Also, sixty lots on Halfmoon Hill, 50x150 feet. For further information call on or address,

R. H. BOAL,

34 4 tf Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE.

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS AT STATE COLLEGE.

The heirs of Robert Foster, deceased, offer at private sale a number of most desirable building lots, along the main road at State College, at prices less than half that asked for less desirable lots adjoining. Price, $150. Address,

R. M. FOSTER,

34 6 tf State College, Pa.

FARM FOR SALE!

In order to settle up their estate the heirs will offer at public sale the very desirable property, known as the

R. M. FOSTER FARM,

adjoining the State College, Centre county. The property consists of

140 ACRES, MORE OR LESS,

upon which is erected a good bank barn, dwelling house, and all necessary outbuildings. It has excellent cisterns, choice fruit, good fences, and every foot of ground upon it is tillable.

It adjoins the State College farm on the west, and is one of the most desirably located farms in Centre county. Terms will be made easy or to suit purchaser.

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EQUITABLE

MORTGAGE COMPANY.

STATEMENT.

Capital Subscribed	$2,000,000.00
Capital paid in Cash	1,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	237,945.85
Guaranty Fund	26,871.80
Assets	7,803,722.02

SIX PER CENT. DEBENTURES,

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Six Per Cent. Guaranteed Farm Mortgages.

4½ and 5 per cent. Savings Bonds Running Three Months to Two Years.

ALSO, MUNICIPAL, WATER AND SCHOOL BONDS.

MECHANICS SAVING BANK,
PROVIDENCE, March 28th, 1888.

H. H. FITCH, ESQ.,

Dear Sir—From the best information we can get as to the management of the Equitable Mortgage Company of Kansas City, Mo., we think it in very competent hands and managed by men who seem to understand their business We had confidence enough in it to take a line of their stock and $100,000 of their 6 per cent. Debentures, secured by first mortgages on real estate. Yours truly,

WILLIAM KNIGHT, Treasurer

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Attorneys-At-Law,

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JENKINS & LINGLE,

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1. A Full Scientific Course of Four Years.
2. A Latin Scientific Course.
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6. A reorganized Course in MECHANIC ARTS, combining shop-work with study.
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J. S. WAITE & CO.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

We do not claim to be finished mechanics, but we simply say to our customers and competitors that we use *better stock* and employ none but good mechanics to manufacture our fine line of

CARRIAGES, o BUGGIES, o SURREYS & SPRING WAGONS.

The best proof is that we find ready sale for our new goods, which some of our competitors do not. A second carload of celebrated Conklin Wagons now on hand, and the largest stock of Implements ever brought to Bellefonte.

We are glad to have *Farmers* call any time to examine these goods, and if you find it will be an advantage to deal with us we will be ready and willing to promptly replace any defective parts, as we fully guarantee all goods sold and handled by us.

We make a specialty of Repairs and Repair Work on all kinds of Buggies and Wagons.

34 11

TO STOCK RAISERS.

The full-blooded Guernsey Bull

o——"LANG,"——o

will be found at the farm of Cameron Burnside, Esq., two miles east of town, on the North Nittany Valley Road. Services reasonable. 33 39

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HOSIERY, NOTIONS, WHITE GOODS, &C.

429 Market Street:

15 1 PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Railway Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.

November 10th, 1889.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.35 a. m.. arrive at Tyrone, 6.55 a. m., at Altoona, 7.45 a. m., at Pittsburg, 12.45 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 10.25 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 11.55 a. m., at Altoona, 1.45 p. m., at Pittsburg, 6.50 p: m.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.20 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.40, at Altoona at 7.50, at Pittsburg at 11.55.

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.35 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.55, at Harrisburg, 10.30 a. m., at Philadelphia, 1.25 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 10.25 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 11.55 a. m., at Harrisburg, 3.20 p. m., at Philadelphia, 6.50 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 5.20 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.40 at Harrisburg at 10.45 p. m., at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m..

VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 4.30 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 5.30 p. m., at Renovo, 9. p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.32 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 11.00 a. m.

Leave Bellefonte at 8.49 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven at 10.10 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 4.30 p. m.: arrive at Lock Haven, 5.30. p. m.; Williamsport, 6.25 p. m., at Harrisburg, 9.45 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.32 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 11.00, leave Williamsport, 12.20 p. m., at Harrisburg, 3.13 p. m., at Philadelphia at 6.50 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 8.49 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 10.10 p. m., leave Williamsport, 12.25 m., leave Harrisburg, 3.45 a. m., arrive at Philadelphia at 6.50 a. m.

VIA LEWISBURG.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.00 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9.00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11.30 a. m., Philadelphia, 3.15 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 2.30 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg, 5.35, at Harrisburg, 9.45 p. m., Philadelphia at 4.25 a. m.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

WESTWARD. MAIL.	EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	EXPRESS.	Nov. 10, 1889.	EASTWARD. MAIL.	EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	EXPRESS.
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.		P. M	P. M.
6 40	11 55		6 55	...Tyrone....	8 10		3 10	7 15
6 33	11 48		6 48	..E. Tyrone..	8 17		3 17	7 22
6 29	11 43		6 44	.....Vail.....	8 20		3 20	7 28
6 25	11 38		6 40	Bald Eagle	8 25		3 24	7 33
6 19	11 32		6 33	.....Dix.....	8 30		3 30	7 39
6 15	11 29		6 30	... Fowler ...	8 32		3 33	7 42
6 13	11 26		6 28	... Hannah...	8 36		3 37	7 46
6 06	11 17		6 21	Pt. Matilda.	8 43		3 44	7 55
5 59	11 09		6 13	...Martha....	8 51		3 52	8 05
5 50	10 59		6 05	....Julian.....	8 59		4 01	8 15
5 41	10 48		5 55	.Unionville.	9 10		4 10	8 25
5 33	10 38		5 48	..S. S. Int...	9 18		4 18	8 35
5 30	10 35		5 45	..Milesburg.	9 22		4 20	8 39
5 20	10 25		5 35	.Bellefonte.	9 32		4 30	8 49
5 10	10 12		5 25	..Milesburg.	9 47		4 40	9 01
5 02	10 01		5 18	....Curtin	10 01		4 47	9 11
4 55	9 56		5 14	..Mt. Eagle..	10 06		4 55	9 17
4 49	9 48		4 07	...Howard...	10 16		5 02	9 27
4 40	9 37		4 59	..Eagleville.	10 30		5 10	9 40
4 38	9 34		4 56	Bch. Creek.	10 35		5 13	9 45
4 26	9 22		4 46	..Mill Hall...	10 50		5 24	10 01
4 23	9 19		4 43	Flemin'ton.	10 54		5 27	10 05
4 20	9 15		4 40	Lck. Haven	11 00		5 30	10 10
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.		A. M.	P. M.

TYRONE & CLEARFIELD.

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MYIL.	Nov 10, 1889.	SOUTHWARD. EXPRESS.	EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	Lv. Ar.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M
7 25		3 15	8 20	...Tyrone....	6 50		11 45	6 17
7 32		3 22	8 27	.E. Tyrone.	6 43		11 38	6 10
7 38		3 27	8 31	.....Vail.....	6 37		11 34	6 04
7 48		3 36	8 41	.Vanscoyoc.	6 27		11 25	5 55
7 55		3 42	8 45	..Gardners...	6 25		11 21	5 52
8 02		3 50	8 55	Mt.Pleasant	6 16		11 12	5 46
8 10		3 58	9 05	...Summit...	6 09		11 05	5 40
8 14		4 03	9 10	Sand. Ridge	6 05		11 00	5 34
8 16		4 05	9 12	... Retort.....	6 03		10 55	5 31
8 19		4 06	9 15	..Powelton...	6 01		10 52	5 30
8 25		4 14	9 24	...Osceola...	5 52		10 45	5 20
8 35		4 20	9 32	.. Boynton...	5 46		10 39	5 14
8 40		4 24	9 37	...Steiners...	5 43		10 35	5 09
8 42		4 30	9 40	Phillipsbu'g	5 41		10 32	5 07
8 46		4 34	9 44	... Graham...	5 37		10 26	4 59
8 52		4 40	9 52	..Blue Ball..	5 33		10 22	4 55
8 58		4 49	9 59	Wallaceton.	5 28		10 15	4 49
9 05		4 57	10 07	....Bigler.....	5 22		10 07	4 41
9 12		5 02	10 14	.Woodland..	5 17		10 00	4 36
9 19		5 08	10 22	...Barrett....	5 12		9 52	4 30
9 23		5 12	10 27	.. Leonard...	5 09		9 48	4 25
9 30		5 18	10 34	..Clearfield..	5 04		9 40	4 17
9 38		5 20	10 44	..Riverview.	4 58		9 31	4 10
9 42		5 26	10 49	Sus. Bridge	4 54		9 26	4 06
9 50		5 35	10 55	Curwensv'e	4 50		9 20	4 00
P. M.		P. M.	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.	P.M.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH.

Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 10, 1889.

Leave Snow Shoe, except Sunday.....6 45 a. m.
.....4 00 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, except Sunday.....10 25 a. m.
.....8 05 p. m.

BELLEFONTE, NITTANY & LEMONT R. R

To take effect Nov 10, 1889.

WESTWARD. 111	103	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. 114	112
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
2 05	5 50	.....Montandon.....	9 10	5 45
2 15	6 15	.....Lewisburg.....	9 00	5 35
.....	.....		.....	.....
.....	.....	.....Fair Ground.....	.....	.....
2 26	6 15	.....Biehl.....	8 51	5 26
2 32	6 30	.....Vicksburg.....	8 45	5 20
2 43	6 41	.....Mifflinburg.....	8 35	5 08
2 58	6 56	.....Millmont.....	8 22	4 53
3 08	7 05	.....Laurelton.....	8 13	4 43
3 33	7 30	.....Cherry Run.....	7 48	4 16
3 55	7 52	.....Coburn.....	7 27	3 55
4 13	8 10	....Rising Springs....	7 10	3 35
4 28	8 25	.....Centre Hall.....	6 52	3 20
4 35	8 33	.....Gregg.....	6 43	3 13
4 43	8 42	.....Linden Hall.....	6 36	3 05
4 48	8 48	.....Oak Hall.....	6 30	3 00
4 52	8 52	.....Lemont.....	6 25	2 55
4 57	8 59	.....Dale Summit.....	6 20	2 50
5 06	9 09	.....Pleasant Gap.....	6 10	2 40
5 15	9 20	.....Bellefonte.....	6 00	2 30
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.

Trains No. 111 and 103 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 112 and 114 with Sea Shore Express East.

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAIROAD.

WESTWARD.			Upper End.			EASTWARD
	Mixed.	Mixed.	Nov. 10, 1889.	Mixed.	Mixed.	
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
.....	9 51	5 35	.....Scotia.....	9 21	4 57	.....
.....	10 21	5 55	..Fairbrook.	9 09	4 37	.....
.....	10 28	6 07	Pa. Furnace	8 56	4 25	.....
.....	10 34	6 14	...Hostler ...	8 50	4 18	.....
.....	10 46	6 20	...Marengo..	8 43	4 11	.....
.....	10 52	6 27	..Loveville ..	8 37	4 05	.....
.....	10 58	6 34	FurnaceRd	8 31	3 59	.....
.....	11 02	6 38	Dungarvin.	8 27	3 56	.....
.....	11 10	6 8	...W. Mark...	8 19	3 48	.....
.....	11 20	6 58	Pennington	8 10	3 40	.....
.....	11 32	7 10	...Stover.....	7 58	3 28	.....
.....	11 40	7 20	...Tyrone.....	7 50	3 20	.....

BELLEFONTE, BUFFALO RUN AND BALD EAGLE RAILROAD.

To take effect Aug. 5, 1889.

EASTWARD. 6	2	STATIONS.	WESTWARD. 1	5
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M
6 20	9 10	Ar....Bellefonte....Lv	6 00	3 15
6 13	9 03	.....Scales.....	6 07	3 23
6 08	8 59	.....Morris.....	6 11	3 27
6 03	8 54	.....Whitmer.....	6 16	3 33
5 59	8 51	.....Linns.....	6 19	3 37
5 57	8 48	.....Hunters.....	6 22	3 40
5 53	8 44	.....Fillmore.....	6 26	3 44
5 47	8 40	.....Briarly.....	6 32	3 50
5 43	8 36	.....Waddles	6 38	3 55
	8 29	.....Matterns.....		4 00
	8 25	.....Stormstown.....		4 06
	* 8 15	.....Red Bank.....		4 16
5 39	7 39	.....Scotia Crossing...	6 46	4 51
5 24	7 25	.....Krumrine.....	7 00	5 05
5 20	7 20	Lv..State College..Ar	7 04	5 09

THOS. A. SMOEMAKER, Supt.