

**Attorneys-at-Law.**

**J. C. HARPER**, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman House. 20 28  
**WILLIAM I. SWOPE**, Attorney-at-Law, Furst building, Bellefonte, Pa. 24 25 17  
**D. F. FOHNEY**, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's new building, north of the Court House. 14 2  
**J. M. KEICHLIN**, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's new building, with W. H. Blair. 29 40  
**JOHN G. LOVE**, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. 24 2  
**S. D. RAY**, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office on High street. 25 1  
**H. HARSHBARGER**, (Successor to Youm & Harsbarger), Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High street. 25 15  
**D. H. HASTINGS**, **W. F. REEDER**, **HASTINGS & REEDER**, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office No. 14 North Allegheny street. 28 13  
**J. L. SPANGLER**, **C. P. HEWES**, **SPANGLER & HEWES**, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Consultation in English or German. Office opp. Court House. 19 6  
**JOHN KLING**, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building, north of Court House. Can be consulted in English or German. 29 31  
**JOHN MILLS HALE**, Attorney-at-Law, Philadelphia, Pa. Collections and all other legal business in Centre and Clearfield counties attended to. 25 14  
**W. C. HEINLE**, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's block, opp. Court House. All professional business will receive prompt attention. 30 16

**Physicians.**

**H. K. HOY**, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, No. 4 South Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa. Office hours—7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m. 32 18  
**J. D. MCGIRK**, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, office, Philadelphia, Pa., offers his professional services to those in need. 29 21  
**A. HIBLER**, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office 20 N. Allegheny street. 11 23  
**D. R. J. SELBERT**, Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office on North High street, next door to Judge Orin's law office, opp. Court House. 29 29  
**D. R. R. L. DARTT**, Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon, Office in residence No. 61 North Allegheny street, next to Episcopal church. Office hours—8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone. 32 45  
**D. R. R. L. DARTT**, of Bellefonte, Pa., has the Brinkerhoff System of Rectal treatment for the cure of Piles, Fistulas and other Rectal diseases. Information furnished upon application. 29 144

**Dentists.**

**J. E. WARD**, GRADUATE OF BALTIMORE DENTAL COLLEGE, Office in Furst's Stone Block, High street, Bellefonte, Pa. 34 11  
**D. R. H. B. LIVINGSTON**, DENTIST, A practitioner of eighteen years, has located on Main street, Pine Grove Mills, Centre county, two doors across hotel. Special attention given to extracting and making teeth. All work guaranteed. 33 45 17

**Bankers.**

**W. F. REYNOLDS & CO.**, Bankers, Bellefonte, Pa. Bills of Exchange and Notes Discounted; Interest paid on special deposits, Exchange on Eastern cities. Deposits received. 7 17

**Hotels.**

**TO THE PUBLIC.**  
In consequence of the similarity of the names of the Parker and Potter Hotels, the proprietor of the Parker Hotel has changed the name of his hotel to  
—COAL EXCHANGE HOTEL—  
He has also repaired, repainted and otherwise improved it, and has fitted up a large and tasty parlor and reception room on the first floor. W. M. PARKER, Philadelphia, Pa. 33 17  
**THE COLUMBIA HOUSE,**  
E. A. HUTTON, Proprietor.  
Nos. 111 and 123 North Broad Street, One Square from P. R. R. Depot, PHILADELPHIA, PA.  
Terms—\$1.50 per day. 27 22 17  
**CENTRAL HOTEL,**  
MILLSBURG, PA.  
A. A. KOHLBECKER, Proprietor.  
This new and commodious Hotel, located opposite the depot, Millsburg, Centre county, has been entirely refitted, repainted and repolished throughout, and is now second to none in the county as to comfort and accommodations offered to the public. Its table is supplied with the best market affords, its bar contains the purest and choicest liquors, its stable has attentive hostlers, and every convenience and comfort is extended to its guests. Through travelers on the railroad will find this an excellent place to lunch or procure a meal, as all trains stop there about 25 minutes. 24 24  
**THE CUMMINGS HOUSE**  
BELLEFONTE, PA.  
Having assumed the proprietorship of this finely located and well known hotel, I desire to inform the public that while it will have no bar, and be run strictly as a temperance hotel, it will furnish to its patrons all the comforts, conveniences and hospitalities offered by others. Its table will not be surpassed by any. Its rooms are large and comfortable. Its stabling is the best in town, and its prices to transient guests and regular boarders will be very reasonable.  
The citizens of the town will find in the basement of my hotel a  
**FIRST-CLASS MEAT MARKET**  
at which all kinds of meat can be purchased at the very lowest rates.  
I earnestly solicit a share of the public patronage.  
33 13 GOTLEIB HAAG.

**Democratic Watchman**

Bellefonte, Pa., July 26, 1880.

**A Sidewalk Conversation Overheard by Some Horrid Men.**

It was a French painting, and the subject was a beautiful young girl at her toilet. It was displayed in a Wabash avenue art store window and attracted attention—mostly masculine. The pretty, piquant face, the round, graceful figure, clad in a simple, elegant dress, a black corset clasping the slim waist, the plump arms raised above the head, and the slender hands busy with the coiffure, combined to make a decidedly attractive object for the gaze of men.  
Two shop girls sauntering along stooped and gazed at it, though, and made remarks, much to the amusement of several of the rude spectators who overheard them.  
"Pretty, isn't it?"  
"Yes, but they hadn't ought to stick it out in a window."  
"It's nothin' to the show picture you see everywhere."  
"I know, but she's in her corset and ain't got a dress skirt on. She looks sort of naked." And they both giggled.  
"That's a pretty skirt."  
"Yes, lovely Valenciennes on the bottom; a swell corset, too. I wore a black corset. I'm going to get one as soon as I've paid for my new dress. I know where you can get a lovely one for \$2.75."  
"What size do you wear?"  
"Thirty-four bust and small waist. I'm going to have mine with black lace around it, I believe. My dress is red, you know, and it's cut so you can turn it in square at the neck or wear it buttoned close. I'm going to get a pair of these yellow shoes, too. I saw a lovely pair for \$3, patent leather trimmings, they'll look well with my new dress, with black stockings."  
"Say, look at that girl's stockings in the picture—extra length. She's got her garters above her knees, too. I wouldn't wear 'em that way."  
"Neither would I. I always wear suspenders. Round garters spoil the shape."  
But one of the horrid men burst into a convulsion of laughter, and the two girls, blushing and giggling at their unwitting betrayal of feminine confidences, walked rapidly down the street.—Chicago Mail.

**The Salt of the Earth.**

If the feet are tender or painful after long standing or walking great relief can be had by bathing them in salt and water. A handful of salt to a gallon of water is the right proportion. Have the water as hot as can comfortably be borne. Immerse the feet and throw the water over the legs as far as the knees with the hands. When the water becomes too cool rub briskly with a fresh towel. This method, if used night and morning, will cure neuralgia of the feet.

**A Sheep Claim.**

Delaware county, New York, has a curious law suit in progress, which exercises the thinking caps of all the old farmers in that vicinity. Forty-eight years ago, a farmer by the name of Minard Freer, let Amos Allison an ewe sheep on the customary agreement of returning two sheep for one every fourth year. Both parties to the agreement are now dead, but it cannot be shown that during their lives Freer ever called upon Allison for the fulfillment of the contract. Now Catharine A. Freer, as representative of her father, Minard Freer, brings an action in the Supreme Court of the Sixth Judicial district against the Amos Allison estate for the recovery of her portion of the progeny of the old ewe, under the contract made 48 years ago. She demands 41 years' increase of the ewe, up to Allison's death in 1882, figuring up that she is entitled to the return of 1,280 sheep, or otherwise to be paid the equivalent in cash of \$3.50 a head, equal to \$4,480. Eminent counsel told her that she can collect her claim, but the referee has reported to the court that the claim is barred by the statute of limitation relating to claims against estates. The plaintiff's lawyer will appeal the case.

**Sorry He Hadn't Known Sooner.**

Arkansas Traveller.  
"Your time has come," said a physician, speaking to an old Georgian who lay stretched out on a bed.  
"Air you shore, doc?"  
"Yes."  
"Ain't no chance for you ter be wrong, is thar?"  
"None whatever. You'll be dead by sundown."  
"Shore nuff now?"  
"Yes, I tell you."  
"Doc, you ain't trying ter get off a joke on me, air you?"  
"No, I t'ink you're in me, but I wish I'd known it a week ago." "Then you would have been better prepared?"  
"Yep, a heap better."  
"It is not too late to pray, if that will do you any good."  
"I don't keer nuthin' about that, but I'd a knowed last week what I know now, w'y I wouldn'ter bought that roan hoss. I'd a tuck the money an' had some fun with it. Could ha' rattlin' time on that forty dollars. Cou'der bought hieker enough ter scald a hog in. That's the way with this here world. A man never knows nothin' till it's too late."

**Why He Did Not Write.**

Those persons in whom certain senses are defective have often greater cause for repining than is generally supposed. For example; one young lady who is very near sighted has often been told by her brother that he perceives that to be the reason why she never sees the point of a joke.  
Thomas Landseer, the brother of the famous animal painter, was perfectly deaf during the last years of his life. When his brother Edwin was at one time travelling abroad, some one remonstrated with him for not writing to his brother, as he had promised.  
"What's the use?" was the reply.  
"He's too deaf to hear from you."

**Smoke Telegraphs.**

The System of Signalling Used by Primitive Peoples.  
As is well known, the Indians of our continent use rising smoke to give signals to distant friends. A small fire is started, and as soon as it burns fairly well grass and leaves are heaped on top of it. Thus a large column of steam and smoke arises. By covering the fire with a blanket the rising of the smoke is interrupted at regular intervals, and the successive clouds are used for conveying messages.  
Recently R. Andree has compiled notes on the use of signals by primitive peoples, and finds that they are well high in universal use, says Science. Recently attention has been called to the elaborate system of drum signals used by the Kamerun negroes, by means of which long messages are sent from village to village.  
While it was supposed that this remarkable system of communication was confined to a limited region, explorations in the Congo basin have shown that it prevails throughout Central Africa. The Bakubas use large wooden drums, on which different tones are produced by two drumsticks.  
Sometimes the natives "converse" in this way for hours; and from the energy and rapidity of successive blows, it seemed that the conversation was very animated. The Galla south of Abyssinia have

**He Would Have His Beef Tails.**

A shepherd dog belonging to a citizen of Kitchener recently developed a strange passion for the tails of beavers killed by a butcher living in the vicinity. The dog would take the tails as the butcher cut them from the hides, carry them home, and pile them nicely in a corner of the barnyard. He did not eat the tails but simply seemed to be making a collection of them. The pile of cow, bull and sheep tails finally got to be so large and such a nuisance that the dog's owner had them removed from the premises and buried. The dog was away at the time, but soon returned with another tail. When he discovered that his treasured collection had been stolen he howled dimly, and hunted all over the premises in a frantic manner for the missing property.  
Knowing that the dog would soon collect another pile of the offensive tails, his owner requested the butcher and all other butchers not to let the dog have any more. The dog seemed disconsolate for a day or so. But one day his owner heard a great howling and agonized bleating in a pen of calves near his barn. Running to the spot he found that his dog had chewed the tails off of two calves, and was busily engaged in separating the tail of a third calf when his master arrived on the scene. The dog was bound to have his collection of tails in some way. He was at once taken in hand and tied up. Whatever gave him the craze for beef tails no one, of course, can understand.—N. Y. Sun.

**The Sugar Tree of India.**

Every part of the tree, in fact, is of use. The timber, being hard and strong, close and even grained, is used for wheels of carriages, railway sleepers, etc. The bark and appearance of suttana raising. They are produced in enormous quantities in March and April after the old leaves have fallen and before the new leaves have appeared. The crop rarely fails. The fleshy flowers fall off and cover the ground beneath the trees, and are, gathered eagerly by the natives every morning during the flowering season.  
A single tree yields from 200 to 400 pounds weight of flowers. They are very rich in sugar and yield when fermented a large quantity of spirit, as much as six and one-sixteenth gallons of proof spirit per hundred weight having been obtained from them. The spirit is manufactured to a great extent in India, and it is said that the government receives quite a large amount for duty on the spirits distilled. The flowers have from time to time been placed before important distillers in England, but owing to a peculiar flavor being developed—caused, it is thought, by the persistent stamens, which it is difficult to remove from the flowers—the spirit distilled has never been brought into consumption in the British market.—Chamber's Journal.

**"Bulls".**

The following fine specimens may be entered into competition for a prize, English against Irish "bulls." The first is from The Morning Chronicle, June 19, 1884: "To investigate the question, however, would lead us too deeply into the dry and troubled waters of moral philosophy." I do not remember in what paper the following appeared, but the date was Jan. 7, 1839, when there had been a tremendous rain: "Several eternal chimneys fell, burying the inmates in the ruins." "A row of cottages fell, but fortunately the inmates were all out."  
These two came out in one of the Sheffield papers: "At first sight, the electioneering addresses sound thoroughly protestantism." (The house [i. e., the attendance at the theatre] was not so good as we had hoped to have seen it, but there were more persons present than we expected to have seen"—(which is rather like Joe Miller's pig jobber, who being asked what sort of market he had made, replied: "Not so good as I expected and I thought I shouldn't.")  
A third is from a leading article in the same paper on the czar of Russia: "At any rate, if the czar did show any heat, it is probable that he would go to sleep upon it." I once heard an American revivalist, in his loudest tones, rave and roar about the "icebergs of damnation."  
—The Spectator.

**Determined to Have His Money.**

Chester Inquirer.  
Judge Wilson has a little story that contains considerable meat. The style in which he tells it is about as follows: A man in New York, named Levy, stood charged with murder. The case appeared to be decidedly against him. A few of his friends collected \$5,000, and, finding a man on the jury who was known to be dishonest, they informed him that if he would succeed in having brought in a verdict of murder in the second degree they would give him the money. It was thought sure there would be a verdict of murder in the first degree. Well, the case finally went to the jury, which remained out forty-eight hours. Then a verdict was returned of murder in the second degree.  
As the story goes, their man, whose name was Cohen, went to the friends of Levy and claimed the \$5,000, which was paid him.  
"Look here," said one of them; "how was it that the jury was out so long? Why, were we almost frightened to death?"  
"Why, there were eight of those d—r fools wanted to acquit Levy," said Cohen, "but you bet I had them bring in a verdict of murder in the second degree."

**The First Duty of a Girl Graduate.**

"So your daughter joins the ranks of the sweet girl graduates this year, Mrs. De Johns?" said Fitzroy in a patronizing sort of way. "Yes, Arabella graduates this year, and will immediately begin her life work." "What profession is she to enter?" "Oh, I don't know, but I presume she will teach her mother society manners for a year or so. That's what all girls do after they come home from school."—Hartford Post.

**Use Marvellous Cough Syrup.**

A sure cure for Coughs, Whooping Cough, Bronchial or Throat Affections of any kind.  
None genuine unless bearing the signature of the firm on the label.  
M. & J. S. PERRINE,  
31 36 17 37 N. Front St., Philadelphia.

**Giving a Dog Away.**

Max and Moritz were the only male youngsters in the family. The first named one day brought a dog home, a horrid, ugly creature, to the great disgust of the female portion of the household. At length the oldest of the sisters, persuaded little Max to take the dog back where he found it, or to give it away, and gave him threepence for his trouble. Max strutted off with the cur and returned in half an hour, munching the remains of the last of the nuts he had bought with his sister's money.  
"Well, what have you done with that ugly brute?" the latter inquired.  
"Guv it to Moritz!" was the reply.

**Deafness can't be cured by local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucus surfaces.**

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness, (caused by catarrh,) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo O.

**To Wash Calico.**

Make flour starch as for ordinary starching, being sure that it is entirely free from lumps. This, of course, can be guarded against by straining the starch. Add enough to the clean water to make the garments are to be washed to make it soft and a little slippery to the hand. Do not use soap, nor let the fabrics lie and soak in the water, but wash them out quickly. Add a little of the starch in the same way to the rinsing water, wring dry, and hang up without more starch. Black calico or cambric dresses washed thus will look nearly as fresh as new, and so of all colors; the only precaution needed is, not to get too much of the starch in the wash water. Practice will soon teach this.

**THE BATHING SEASON.**

Smith—How do you do, Jones? Where have you been and what have you been doing? Jones—"Just got back (hic) from Coney Island. Bathing just splendid." You don't mean to say that you have been bathing already? "Bathed five times this afternoon." "Five times!" "Yes, Doctor don't (hic) low me to drink whisky 'cept when I'm chilled from bathing. Waters splendid! Going again to-morrow. Have jolly time." —Puck.

**Business Notices.**

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria. 34 14 27

**PURE MALT WHISKY.**

PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKY!  
DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, and all wasting diseases can be ENTIRELY CURED BY IT.  
Malaria is completely eradicated from the system by its use.  
PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKY  
revives the energies of those worn with excessive bodily or mental effort. It acts as a SAFE GUARD against exposure in the wet and rigorous weather.  
Take part of a wineglassful on your arrival home after the labors of the day and the same quantity before your breakfast. Being chemically pure, it commends itself to the medical profession.  
WATCH THE LABEL.  
None genuine unless bearing the signature of the firm on the label.  
M. & J. S. PERRINE,  
31 36 17 37 N. Front St., Philadelphia.

**Medical.**

**CHILDREN**

CRY FOR PITCHER'S

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**HEALTH and SLEEP**

Without Morphine.  
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**Watchmaking--Jewelry.**

FRANK P. BLAIR,  
JEWELRY,  
SILVERWARE,  
BRONZE ORNAMENTS, &c

Agent for the AMERICAN WATCH of all makes, and sole agent of the celebrated  
ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES,  
every one of which is fully guaranteed.

TAUNTON, Sept. 18, 1881.  
The Rockford Watch purchased February 1878, has performed better than any watch I ever had. Have carried it every day and at no time has it been irregular, or in the least unreliable. I cheerfully recommend the Rockford Watch.  
HOBACE B. HORTON,  
at Diglion Furnace Co.

TAUNTON, Sept. 18, 1881.  
The Rockford Watch runs very accurately. I have had one that cost \$150. Can recommend the Rockford Watch to everybody who wishes a fine timekeeper. S. P. HUBBARD, M. D.

This is to certify that the Rockford Watch bought Feb. 22, 1876, has run very well the past year. Have set it only three times during that time. Its only variation being three minutes. It has run very much better than I anticipated. It was not adjusted and only cost \$15.  
R. P. BRYANT,  
at the Dean street flag station, Mansfield Mass., Feb. 21, 1880. 28 13

**F. C. RICHARD,**

—JEWELER and OPTICIAN,—  
And dealer in  
CLOCKS, WATCHES,  
JEWELRY  
and  
SILVERWARE.

Special attention given to the Making and Repairing of Watches.

IMPORTANT—If you cannot read this print distinctly by lamp or gaslight in the evening, need help. Your sight can be improved and preserved if properly corrected. It is a strong idea that spectacles should be dispensed with as long as possible. If they assist the vision use them. There is no danger of seeing too well, so long as the print is not magnified; it should look natural size, but plain and distinct. Don't fail to call and have your eyes tested by King's New System, and fitted with combination spectacles. They will correct and preserve the sight. For sale  
F. C. RICHARD,  
27 40 42 High St., opp. Arcade, Bellefonte.

**Flour, Feed, &c.**

GERBERICH, HALE & CO.,  
—BELLEFONTE, PA.—  
Manufacturers of  
F-L-O-U-R  
and  
F-E-E-D,  
And Dealers in  
—ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.—  
The highest market price paid for  
WHEAT.....RYE.....CORN.....  
AND.....OATS.....  
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**Fire-works.**  
FIREWORKS!  
A large stock just received at  
—DESCHNER'S—  
GREAT CENTRAL GUN WORKS,  
Allegheny Street,  
BELLEFONTE, PA.  
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—  
THEODORE DESCHNER,  
Great Central Gun Works,  
31 48 17 BELLEFONTE, PA.

**Book Bindery.**

HUTTER'S BOOK BINDERY.  
[Established 1852.]  
Having the latest improved machinery I am prepared to  
BIND BOOKS AND MAGAZINES  
of all descriptions, or to rebound old books. Special attention given to the ruling of paper and manufacture of BLANK BOOKS.  
Orders will be received at this office, or address  
L. L. HUTTER,  
Book Binder, Third and Market Streets,  
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