Johnstown's Citizens Indignant.

They Denounce the Distribution of the Relief Fund.

JOHNSTOWN, July 15 .- Fully one thousand people attended a mass meetiug of citizens Saturday afternoon called to protest against the manner in which the State Commission was handling the relief fund. All the leading citizens of the town were present and speeches were made by Colonel John P. Linton, Captain H. H. Kuhn, Rev. D. J. Beale, John M. Rose, A. J. Haws and many others. W. Horace Rose, who has been very ill since the flood, explained that he was appointed as a member of the Commission, his first notice to that effect having been received on July 6. He of course was unable to attend, and he believed that Governor Beaver knew such was the case when he appointed him. If a man from Johnstown had been on this Commission, he said, the fool methods now being inaugurated would not have been allowed. The

following resolutions were adopted: "That the citizens of Johnstown and vicinity respectfully yet earnestly request that the fund contributed for the relief of the sufferers by the disastrous flood which devastated the Conemaugh Valley be as speedily as possible distributed in money directly to the people for whose benefit it was donated, and that all purchases, contracts and expenses to be paid for out of this fund

immediately cease. "That any hoarding up of this fund to meet problematical future wants will materially diminish its usefulness and only result in delaying to more distant time restoration of homes, of business, of industries and of confidence. It will do more good in the hands of the people now than at any time here-

"That if the statement imputed to His Excellency, Governor Beaver, that 'a million and a half of dollars has already been expended in Johnstown and vicinity,' has any foundation in fact, it is the strongest possible argument that expending relief funds in contracting for buildings, quartermaster and commissary supplies is not a wise, judicious or economical way of disbursing such funds. When the ordinary sources of supply are opened up only by gross extravagance and carelessness could such a sum have been used here, and the people have received no adequate return for the expenditure of so large an amount.

Canada Thistles.

The law of April 24, '85, requires that it shall be the duty of every person or persons, or corporations owning land, to cut and destroy all Canada thistles found upon their land so as to prevent the same from going to seed and the refusing or neglecting to cut or destroy the thistles shall forfeit and pay a fine

It is also provided that if any person or persons or corporations refuse or neglect to destroy the thistles it shall be lawful for any person or persons who may consider themselves aggrieved to inform, by written notice, any Constable or Supervisor of the township or be to give five days notice in writing to such person or persons or corporations to cut and destroy such thistles, and on their neglect or refusal to cut and destroy them at the end of five days it shall be the duty of the officer and the person aggrieved to cut and destroy them, receiving compensation at the rate of \$2.50 per day, and the officer an additional fee of 50 cents a day and 6 cents mileage for each mile.

Supervisors are to remove all this tles from highways and unseated lands.

Good Advice to Governor Beaver.

Times concerning the proper application of the money contributed for the relief of the Johnstown sufferers, that paper gives him the following excellent advice in regard to the relief money loaned on the credit of the State:

loaned on the credit of the State:

"Governor Beaver should see that his attitude on this loan, made without law on the implied faith of the State, must have the entire trust of the people who are to pay it, and there is only one way to assure that—by the utmost frankness with the people. In this the Governor has signally failed, and apparently studiedly failed. The only announcement he has made is that "the Governor has expended \$225,000 in abating nuisances in Johnstown and vicinity." If the loan is bona fide and an honest wift to the State of the interest, it would be only just to the generous creditors and to the people, to say who had furnished the money; and it is certainly due to the taxpayers, who are expected to repay the loan, that they know to whom and for what the money is paid. Governor Beaver is standing greatly in his own light if he does not see the absolute necessity of the frankest statements to the public of every dollar he borrows and of every dollar he expends on the faith of the State, and we appeal to him to stop every semblance of secrecy about the loan and its expenditure, and thus silence the suspicions which are logically bred by apparent hiddeness in borrowing and expending without legislative authority or direction."

Which is Which.

The Accounts at Johnstown Said to Be Badly Mixed.

It was stated on good authority on the hill yesterday that a coolness had arisen between Governor Beaver and Ahjutant General Hastings which, it is said, has been occasioned by the alleged fact that the adjutant general mixed up the accounts during his management at Johnstown, so that it is impossible for the governor to give a detailed statement of the expenditures. The money which the state contributed to the sufferers is being used exclusively for sanitary purposes, while that contributed by the people is used in the nature of a relief fund. The adjutant general, it is said, in drawing on the governor for money. so mixed the accounts that it is impossible to find out how much of the state money has been expended or how much of the people's fund has been used. The governor left the city yesmuch of the people's fund has been used. The governor left the city yesterday afternoon for Slatington and could not be seen in reference to the lemental disturbances of the could be abolished to the decided advantage of the legislature who will not, or tension of the Government machine, but more order and system in the conglete but more order and system in the co matter.—Harrisburg Patriot.

Skulking Dudley.

Philadelphia Times.

Soon after the last presidential elec tion William W. Dudley, the chief boodler of Indiana politics, intituted suits for damages against several New York journals for detamation of character, laying damages at \$100,000. If his character h d been maliciously defamed, he would have sought the promptest and the fullest inquiry, but when the defendants summoned him to appear for examination as a witness in his own suit, he fled the jurisdiction of the court and has been skulking from his own suit ever since.

The defendants followed Dudley to command. Washington, where he has been skulking from both Indiana and New York judicial process for six months or more, and attempted to force his own testimony in his own case, but without success. The order of the court for Dudley's appearance as a witness was finally carried by him to the supreme court, where it was decided on Tuesday last that Dudley's appeal be dismissed, which is a virtual order for him to stop skulking and appear for examination. Dudley must now either appear for examination in his own suits for damages or his suits must be dismissed. Dudley should stop skulking.

Electricity on the Rampage.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 17 .- This city was visited by a heavy rain and wind storm yesterday afternoon, doing much damage. At 10 o'clock last night when the power at the electric light station for street illumination was turned on the numerous wires which had been blown down, charged the buildings and pools of water in the street with elec-

Fire a foot high was emitted in places, eausing an alarm to be sounded. The fire department responded, and being un-aware of the condition of things rushed into what was almost certain death. Horses and firemen alike were knocked down by the electricity. Others rushed into the building that was apparently on fire only to be thrown down. Citizens rushed in and met a similar fate, and the excitement ran high. Messengers hastened to the station and had the electric power shut off, when the work of recus-

citating began. A dozen or more men were found unconscious, but their lives were saved by lying them on the wet ground. Several firemen are yet in a precarious condition.

How the Trusts are Worked.

New York Evening Post. The duty on raw sugar is about two cents per pound. It yields \$58,000,000 of revenue to the Government on an annual importation of about three thousand million pounds. The tariff is arranged to give the sugar-refiners a profit of one and a quarter cents per pound as a private the same from going to seed and the seed from ripening. Any person lax for their encouragement. This tax, like the other one, is levied upon people, not according to their means, but according to their use and consumption of the District in which such land is situated. article. In order that this private tax might not be lost through the competition of the refiners, a Trust has been formed to hold the price of refined sugar

district in which said Canada thistles | iff. It is only one among a vast multimay be growing, whose duty it shall | tude of illustrations of the way that the

man, under whose military direction Atlanta was destroyed. There he will meet the most skillful of all confederate Among other admonitions given to commanders next to Lee, and also one Governor Beaver by the Philadelphia of the most sensible of those who have survived the war, General Joseph E. Johnston. With Georgia ready to welcome Sherman on such an occasion, there will be some hope that the animosities of the past are really dying

out in that State. Six Thousand Drowned.

A Flood in China Sweeps Away Several Villages.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 16.—The steamer City of New York, which arrived here last night from Hong Kong and Yokohama, brings the news that early on the morning of the 2d of June the Chan Pinge and Ping Yuen districts of China were flooded by the bursting of a water dragon, and the level country was flooded with nearly thirty-six feet of water. The villages of Chae Kon and Ha Ku Hsui, in the Ping Yuen district, and Cueong Tan, Hop Lui, Ngai Ku, Sam Chan and San Po Hui in the Chan Ping district, were overflowed, many houses being wholly swept away, while others were inundated. Upward of 6000 lives were lost.

A Startling Discovery at Johnstown.

Johnstown, July 15 .- A sensational statement was made this morning by a gentleman who said that the diver who had examined the foundation of the stone bridge for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company had made some startling discoveries. The story is that the bottom of the Conemaugh River, near the bridge, is full of dead bodies, and that probably hundreds are lying there, one upon another, held down by tons of iron that has been warped and twisted into unknown proportions.

-Upward of 6000 lives are reportfore the Johnstown disaster. Calamipresent summer.

General Young's Trooper.

His Opinion of Three Beauties Causes Immense Consternation.

Washington Post. Here is a story that General Pierce Young tells. Away up in the Georgia mountains lies Catoosa Spring, a favorite summer resort of Savannah and Atlanta society people. Among the pines and breezes of the hills the fever and lassitude bred from the malarial air of the low country disappear like magic. One day General Young saw an old fellow come up with a basket of eggs and a bunch of chickens for the hotel people, and recognized an old trooper of his

"Jake," he called out, "Jake Dorridge, how are you?' "Why, laws a massy, gineral, how-de-

do? I hain't see ye since de wah.'
They chatted for a few minutes. "Do you come up here often, Jake?" "Pooty nigh every day. The folks want my chickens 'n' aigs, 'n' I likes to rest my eves a-lookin' at some o' these

yer pootv gals." 'They are handsome, aren't they,

Jake? "Deed they air." "Now, Jake," said General Young, waving his hand toward a group of three young ladies with whom he had been chatting, "tell me which of those three young ladies is the prettiest." "Ay, Gineral Young, they's all pooty.

Twouldn't be good manners for me to say ary one was pootier'n tother."
"But, Jake, it will give them a great deal of pleasure to learn your opinion. They are great friends, and will not feel at all hurt by your decision. Now,

walk up and pick out the best looking. After much solicitation Jake undertook the task. He walked up and peered closely at the laughing girls. About one hundred guests had gathered by this time to see the trial. Finally Jake turned, scratching his head. All three of the young ladies wore broad sashes around their waists.

it is hard to make a choice, but still I am forced to say that the one with the yaller bellyband is the trimmest. There was a scream, a flutter of white dresses, and three blushing young ladies,

'Gineral Young, they's all so pooty

with various colored sashes, dashed into the hotel and out of sight. Resigns His Post Office.

Spicy Letter of Resignation from an Illinois Postmaster.

The following document has been received at Washington from the editor postmaster at Mount Carmel, Ill.:

Mount Carmel, Ill.:

Mount Carmel, June 7, 1889.

"To the Hon. B. Harrison, President, etc.:

"Sir—By the grace of God and Grover Cleveland I am postmaster at Mount Carmel. My official term will expire January 20, 1890. In addition to editing the mails of the city I am also the editor of the Mount Carmel Register, a live local Democratic newspaper, established in 1839, and published at \$1.25 a year, cash in advance; a discount of 20 per cent. to ministers and presidents.

"While the office has agreed with me, and I have in the main agreed with the office, and while I might reasonably entertain the hope of holding on for eight months longer, yet I feel it my duty to tender you my resignation.

"Being a Democrat, I have preached that "to the victors belong the spoils." I feel disposed to practice that which I preach.

"I am moved to tender you my resignation because of the anxiety of a barnyard full of patriots to succeed me. I believe that a tariff is a tax. They do not. Therefore they are of

at the highest figure that the tariff will permit, and the Trust has been successful in accomplishing that result.

This is only one of numerous Trusts which have their foundation in the tariff. It is only one among a vast multitude of illustrations of the way that the many are made to pay tribute to the few through the device of indirect taxation.

Atlanta's Celebration.

The celebration which is to take place in October at Atlanta in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the destruction of the city by Sherman's army, will be an interesting event. President Harrison will be there, but far more eminent and conspicuous than he or any other citizen on that occasion will be General William Tecumseh Sherman, under whose military direction accomplishing that treatiff will permit, and the present a trust is succeed me. I believe that atariff is atax. They do not. Therefore they are of your own kith and kindred, and he who provides not for his own household is worse than an infidel. I am told that you are not built that way.

"But to resume the thread of my discourse: The boys who are anxious to be my successor are very hungry; they have been feeding on shucks and iceles for four long, weary years; the official calf is fat and they yearn to taste its tender joints. They fought (among themselves), bled (at the nose), and are willing to die for the Chinaman's candidate and ate rat tail soup with chopsticks, then they some than they sure the Chinaman's candidate and ate rat tail soup with chopsticks of five to fry the fat out of me. Fortunately for me their threats were never carried into execution.

"They carried torches, drank with the coons, sang "Grandpa's hat will just fit Benny," and did divers and many foolish things, none of which would they have been guilty of doing had they not scented an aroma of postoffice on the crisp morning air. And the peans of praise which they sounded when it became evident that you 'had got there, Eli,' will never be a Sahara in my memory.

"For the early of the city of a barrivatio

that you 'had got there, Eli,' will never be a Sahara in my memory.

"For these and other reasons, unnecessary to mention, I tender you my resignation, with the lope that my successor will be animated by a similar spirit in 1893. If he is, your Democratic successor will be spared the painful necessity of "turning the rascal out," I am respectfully yours. "Frank W. Haville, P.M.

"N. B.—I would rather be right than be postmaster."

Nearly Drowned. Monday's Renovo News.

Early this morning a boatload of South Renovo people coming to this side of the river had a little experence that they will not soon forget and the wonder is that they are alive to remember it. The boat was about the middle of the stream near Seventh street where the

water is in the neighborhood of fifteen feet deep when it collided with another boat and upset. The boat contained six people and out into the water the whole crowd was dumped. One or two of them could swim but the others, including one of the youngest daughters of William Kemerer, could not, and the crowd succeeded in grasping the upturned boat to which they clung and shouted for assistance. Justice William Nicholas coming down the South Renovo road saw the accident and shouted to several men going over the river in a boat to hasten to the assistance of the ones in danger; but strange to say, they refused to make a move in that direction, telling the Squire they didn't propose risking their lives. Rushing to the river's edge Mr. Nicholas, Andy Nelson and Wil-liam Tanner secured boats and rowing out into the stream succeeded in rescuing the six people at a point below Eight street. It was a fortunate escape and

the people have good cause for feeling grateful to their rescuers.

—It will be proposed in the Fifty-first Congress to create a new department of Government, to be called the Department of Public Works, with a member of the Cabinet at its head. This department would take charge of river and harbor improvements, geological ed to have been lost by a terrible flood survey, coast surveys, irrigation of desert in China which occured a few days bebusiness scattered about in Government ties of this character are so common in China that this latest flood will not, of tension of the Government machine, tage of the public service .- Record .

A Pathetic Romance.

The Story Revealed by the Discovery of

a Skeleton in a Cave. Editor Kauffman of the Chester Valley Union, and W. W. Potts, of Warwick, superintendent of one of the extensive granite quarries at Falls of French Creek, tell one of the strangest stories on record, and vouch for its entire authenticity This is a wild and romantic region about twelve miles from Valley Forge, where through a large area immense granite boulders are piled in all sorts of fantastic shapes and which in the earlier history of the state was a hiding place for rob-bers and wild beasts. Recently while a new quarry was being opened at Falls of French Creek, a cave was discovered with a skeleton in it. A green glass bottle was found alongside the skeleton, and Mr. Potts took possession of it. In the evening at his home he opened it and found a manuscript, faded and discolored by time. The manuscript is addressed to Miss Virginia Randolph, of Rich mond, Virginia. He had parted from her but a short time before to rejoin his command, having been home to be cured of a wound. The writer signs himself Arthur L. Carrington of the same place and states that he was with Washington at Valley Forge in 1778. He goes on to say that he was sent out on a foraging expedition to the neighborhood of French Creek, when he received word that the British had sent a considerable force to head him off. The writer says that his men took refuge with freinds while he made his way to the cave where he had hidden before. It was marked by a rock just over the entrance, so nicely balance ed that a man could move it slightly with one hand.

The fleeing patriot took shelter inside and had hardly done so when the enemy came near and fired three shots after his retreating men. The concussion must have destroyed the balance of the stone above the entrance, for it fell and held the writer a prisoner. When convinced that he must die he wrote the letter explaining his situation and eloquently protesting his love for his sweetheart. The date of the manuscript is May 20. 1778. The letter relates his futile efforts to dig his way out through the walls of solid rock, how he hallooed in the vain hope that some one would hear him until his voice was completely worn out; of his hunger and finally of the symptoms of the return of a fever through which he had passed, which he welcomed as likely to hasten his release from suffering Mr Potts says that he wrote to an old friend in Richmond, and that this friend sent him word that his grandmother's maiden name had been Randolph, and that in an old family burying ground, near her house, was a monument with this inscription. Died of a broken heart, on the 1st of March, 1780, Virginia

Randolph, aged 21 years and 9 days. Faithful unto death." This freind also sends Mr. Potts two old letters written 110 years ago to Alice Peyton by Rachael Randolph, in which the disappearance of the young man is referred to and the approaching end of the young girl. Mr. Potts concludes his statement as follows. "Arthur Carrington's remains are about to be removed, and will soon rest by the side of his beloved in Virginia." Mr. Potts says beloved in Virginia." that he has the original manuscript, and ives the entire story Editor Kauffman

Powderly's Bugle Blast.

a strong editorial endorsement.

The Master Workman Scores President Corbin.

SCRANTON, Pa., July 16 .- General Master Workman Powderly, of the Knights of Labor, has written a scathing criticism of Austin Corbin's course in proscribing members of labor organizations from obtaining employment at the Reading works, and it will be published in this week's issue of the Journal. In reviewing the history of this corpor ation Mr. Powderly declares that Mollie Maguireism was the legitimate offspring of the insubordination to constitutional authority which the Reading Company pursues to-day. He says the Reading Company is an outlaw, and in defiance of constitutional law continues to do the Reading Iron works, and then tells ife. If he will only follow it up by telling the men that they will have to vote the ticket he votes in future, go to the church he prescribes and sneeze when he takes snuff he will be doing a great service to the workingmen.

LEGISLATION THAT PROVED WORTHLESS. "For fourteen years," says Mr. Powderly, "the men of Pennsylvania have allowed the State they are in duty bound to protect to be plundered of its richest possessions in order that the tribe of Corbin may fatten on the spoils, and they are now being repaid with interest." Speaking of the "labor legisation" of past years, the General Master Workman says it was not worth the paper it was printed on. The remedy for the great evil is in a judicious use of the ballot. He says: We cannot compel obedience to the Constitution of Pennsylvania while men can be browbeaten at the polls and compelled to vote as the corporation boss, the political boss and the rum boss dictate. What we require is a secret ballot, one by which the man who is partially free may become in truth a freeman. How many of the citizens of Pennsylvania will raise their hands with mine when they read this, and pledge themselves not to ask for another measure of reform at the coming session of the Legislature except the passage of some such system of ballot reform as the Australian system?"

BALLOT REFORM THE BATTLE-CRY. Mr. Powderly makes an earnest plea to the Knights of Labor to take up this question at once and support no candidate for the Legislature who will not as workingmen are free to support such 34 28 3m*

andidates as they know to be their triends, without fear of corporation or political intimidation.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Philipsburg Pickings.

James Cole has removed his shop from the tore building to his residence in Barnes'

The Misses Birdie and Ella Switzer, and Misses Florence and Miriam Gray are at Chau taqua.

J. R. Speer, of Pittsburgh, has taken charge of the brokerage establishment of C. M. Keon,

who has gone to Altoona. The ground for the erection of Mr. J. M. George's new residence has been broken. It will be one of the finest buildings in the

Rev. B. B. Henshey, pastor of the Baptist church, has been granted a three weeks' vaca tion, and is now enjoying himself in Bald Eagle and Blair county.

We cannot see the consistency of cleaning the gutters in our town when the dirt therefrom is allowed to remain standing in piles on the streets to be sooner or later washed back

Messrs, R. B. Wigton & Son have purchased the last of the old school buildings, which stood on the Seventh street side, and have men t work tearing it down. It is then intended convert it into two tenement houses.

The mammoth new building to be erected y the I.O.O.F., on the site of Brinton, Dunan & Barnes' old stand, has been let to Messrs. J. W. Jones & Co. It will be a structure that will be an ornament to that section of town. Albert Walton, book-keeper for the Victor

and Acme collieries, and Miss Annie, daughter of W. E. Burchfield, were married Tuesday. They are two of Philipsburg's best young people, and we wish them a happy and prosperous journey through life.

The Hope fire company's new trumpet is a 'dandy." Two of Philipsburg's young women deserve the credit of raising by subscription the necessary amount (\$60) to purchase the instrument. It is made of silver, with gold lined bell and mouth-piece.

Ground has been broken for the erection of the new brick building of the P. E. L., G. P. & H. Co., and work upon it will be pushed rap idly toward completion. The contract for the main building has not as yet been let, but Jones & Landon have the contract for the foun dation, boilers and machinery.

Esq., Miss Julia Hale, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Mull, accompanied by the latter's sons, Lawrence, Reuben and Nathan, and Robert F. Mull, assistant cashier of the Philipsburg Bank, left for New York city, where they tool a steamer on Saturday for Europe. Thos. R. Carboy, who lay in bed at his home

The latter part of last week John M. Hale,

n Houtzdale for fourteen weeks with an attack of bilious fever, came down to Philipsburg to day to see how the firm of T. R. Carboy & Co. painters, of this place, were getting along. H had quite a serious time of it. We are glad he is on a fair way to a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Simeon Doyle, a resident of Ninth street, has started an ice cream parlor in her residence. She is a widow with a couple of little children. She has a difficult time in get ting along, and should be liberally patronize by not only those living in the Third ward, but it would be a nice little walk for down town people to go up there evenings.

Mr. Gowland, one of Philipsburg's old and most esteemed citizens, who has been ill for everal weeks, died at his late re Spruce street, between Second and Railroad streets, on Wednesday night of last week. He leaves a wife and several children to mourn his departure, among whom are Burgess John Gowland, Mrs. Thornton Dunkle, Frank Gowland and Fred Gowland. He was aged about 65 years. The friends of the deceased have our sympathy in their sad affliction. The remains were interred in the new cemetery on

Saturday afternoon. Philipsburg had a real hot hire on Saturday afternoon, which burned the livery stables recently occupied by Danie! Paul, a house ad joining it, badly damaged the dwelling occupied by Thomas Ashcroft, and the Central Hotel. The fire originated in the livery stable, and by the time the alarm was given the flames got too much of a headway for the fire companies to do much good in saving the stable. The water supply was not sufficiently strong enough for the companies to do any work at all, until the engine got to the creek. The streams from the Water company's plugs had not force enough to throw the water up to two kinds of business when the consti- the second story of the Central Hotel, and the tution of Pennsylvania expressly for- firemen were compelled to get upon the house bids it. Mr. Corbin goes still further, and let a tiny little stream of water run down continues Mr. Powderly: "He buys up over the roofs. If the people living in that vicinity depended upon the Water company's the men that he will have no more works to supply water enough to protect their organization among workmen. This buildings they would have been badly left. It s one of the best acts of Mr. Corbin's was fortunate the creek was convenient that day, else that whole section of Philipsburg would have been destroyed. A high wind was prefailing at the time. Both the Reliance and Hope worked hard, and deserve the sincere thanks of all those living in that vicinity. The livery stable belonged to the Lloyd Hotel property, and a Mr. Walther, of Philadelphia had just purchased the hotel property of Mr. S. B. Rowe the day before.

Married.

PARSONS -McGINLEY.—At the M. E. parsonage, Bellefonfe, Pa., July 4, 1889, by Rev. W. A. Houck, Samuel B. Parsons, of Unionville, Pa., and Myrtle McGinley, of Julian Furnace. GINGERICH—BIDDLE.—At the same place and by the same. July 9, 1889, H. E. Gingerich, of Coburn, Pa., and Kate Biddfe, of Scotia Pa.

MECHER—RHINE.—At Rebersburg, Pa., or July 5, 1889, by W. J. Carlin, J. P., Jerome Mecher, of Clinton county, and Mary L Rhine, of Wolfs Store, Centre county, Pa.

New Advertisements.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE The subscriber offers at private sale his farm, located five miles east of Bellefonte, on the east side of Nittany Valley,

O-CONTAINING 150 ACRES,---O

about 110 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation, the balance wel overed with thrifty young timber. There are

EXCELLENT FARM BUILDINGS

of all kinds, an abundance of Fruit, two springs of good water and two large eisterns upon the premises. Schools, churches and markets handy. This farm is one of the most productive in the walley, is in excellent condition, and will be sold on easy terms. Failure of health reason for selling. For further particulars address the subscriber at either Bellefonte or Zion, or see him upon the premises.

GEORGE KAUFFMAN.

New Advertisements.

DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICEALetters of administration on the estate
of Patrick Kelly, deceased, late of Snow Shoe
township, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to said estate to
make immediate payment, and those having
claims against the same to present them duly
authenticated for settlement.

MICHAEL KELLY,
Snow Shoe, Pa. DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
Letters of administration on the estate of Henry Markle, deceased, late of Potter township, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

EMORY McAFEE:
31 27 6t
Stormstown, Pa.

DMINISTRATORS' NOTICE. DMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—

Letters of administration on the estate of D. E. Sellers deceased, late of Patton township, having been granted to the undersigned they request all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

ELMER E. ROLLER,

34-22 6t Filmore, Pa.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.— In the tice is hereby given that the undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of John G. Uzzle, guardian of Clara Mulholland et.al., minor children of R. Mulholland, late of Burnside township, deceased, and restate said account according to his findings, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday, the 30th day of July, 1889, at 10 c'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested may attend, J. C. HARPER, Auditor.

Sales.

FOR SALE. CHOICE BUILDING LOTS AT STATE

The heirs of Robert Foster, deceased, offer at private sale a number of most desirable building lots, along the main road at State College, at prices less than half that asked for less desirable lots adjoining. Price, \$150. Address.

R. M. FOSTER, State College, Pa.

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS.

Messrs. Shoemaker and Scott offer for sale seven building lots located on east side of Messis the sale seven building lots located on east side of Thomas street, 50x100 feet.

Also, thirty-five lots located on east side of public road leading from Bellefonte to Bellefonte Furnace, 50x175 feet.

Also, sixty lots on Halfmoon Hill, 50x150 feet.
For further information call on or address,
R. H. BOAL,
Bellefonte, Pa.

RARM FOR SALE! In order to settle up their estate the heirs will offer at public sale the very desira-ble property, known as the

R. M. FOSTER FARM, adjoining the State College, Centre county.
The property consists of

140 ACRES, MORE OR LESS, apon which is erected a good bank barn, welling house, and all necessary outbuildings t has excellent cisterns, choice fruit, good ences, and every foot of ground upon it is til

lable.

It adjoins the State College farm on the West, and is one of the most desirably located farms in Centre county. Terms will be made easy or to suit purchaser.

For particulars address THOMAS FOSTER, 222 North Third street, Philadelphia, P

YALUABLE REAL ESTATE

o—PUBLIC SALE.—o By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be exposed to public sale upon the premises, near Linden Hall, Centre county, on

Linden Hall, Centre county, on

THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1889,
the following described valuable real estate, late the property of Henry Meyer, deceased:
No. 1—Beginning at an elm tree, thence by Curtins' lands north 18½ degrees west 17 6-10 perches to stones, thence by tract No. 2, herein described, north 71½ degreas west 38 4-10 perches to walnut, thence by same north 63½ degrees west 22 2 12 10 perches to post, thence by same north 40½ degrees west 39 3-10 perches to middle of bridge, thence south 76 degrees west 111 5-10 perches to middle of run, thence along same south 1-4 degree east 38 2-10 perches to post, thence by Curtins' south 73 degrees east 27 8-10 perches to white oak, thence by same south 65 degrees east 40 perches to stones, thence by same south 78 degrees east 11 perches to stones, thence by same north 89½ degrees east 27 Perches to the place of beginning, containing SEVENTEEN (17) ACRES AND 122 PERCHES, thereon erected a GRIST MILL, STORE ROOM AND DWELLING HOUSE combined, blacksmith tenant house and stable, and mill house and stable.
No. 2—Beginning at stones, thence by land of Curtins' north 18½ degrees west 36 9-10 perches to white oak, thence by same north 15 degrees west 37 perches to post, thence by same north 21 degrees west 13 6-10 perches to post, thence by same north 21 degrees west 13 6-10 perches to post, thence by same north 28 degrees west 13 6-10 perches to a post, thence by same south 67 degrees west 34 4-20 perches to post, thence by same south 68 degrees west 39 3-10 perches to a post, thence by same south 67 degrees west 40 5-16 perches to a post, thence by same south 67 degrees west 40 5-16 perches to a post, thence by same south 67 degrees east 39 3-10 perches to stones, thence by same south 67 degrees east 39 3-10 perches to stones, thence by same south 68 degrees east 38 4-10 perches to a post, thence by same south 67 degrees east 39 3-10 perches to stones, thence by same south 68 degrees east 38 4-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 36 ACRES and 15 PERCHES, ther THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1889,

on erected a LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, tenant house, barn and other outbuildings.

No. 3—Bounded on the north by lands of Jacob Sparrs' estate, on the east by lands of Cyrus Furst, on the south by lands of Eliza Curtin, and on the west by lands of Wm. McFarlane, containing 200 ACRES, more or less, thereon erected a TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE, bank barn and other outbuildings.

No. 4—Beginning at stones, thence by lands of Wm. H. Groh south 3½ degrees east 135 perches to stones, thence north 63 1-4 degrees east 93 2-10 perches to stones, thence by lands of Cyrus Furst north 11½ degrees west 99 8-10 perches to stones, thence along lands of John Kimport south 67½ degrees west 18½ perches, thence south 67½ degrees west 26 perches, thence north 18½ degrees or 18 perches, thence north 18½ degrees west 26 perches, thence north 18½ degrees west 18½ perches, degrees we

taining 190 ACRES, more or less, thereon erected a DWELLING HOUSE, bank barn and other outbuildings.

No. 6—Bounded on the north by lands of Peter Hurst, on the west by lands of Cyrus Furst, on the south by Tussey Mountain, and on the east by lands of Peter Hurst, containing 90 ACRES, more or less.

All of the above properties are in the best of condition. Tract No. 1 is one of the best business stands in the county, the mill, store and smith shop all having an excellent run of custom, and located in the heart of one of the richest and most productiva valleys in the State. No. 2 is a pleasant homestead, and Nos. 3 and 5 are excellent farms. All are located near schools, churches, post office and railway station; have plenty of fruit, water, &c.

Sale to begin at 10 a. m. Refreshments will be served to those attending.

Terms of Sale—One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on confirmation of sale, one-third in one year and the balance in two years with interest, deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

J. H. & C: C. MEYER.

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