

BY P. GRAY MEEK.

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Beaten but not Conquered.

With the smoke of the battle cleared away, we have the sad assurance of a Democratic defeat in the State; but, thank Heaven, we are not demoralized, nor have our forces lost their courage.

Many causes have conspired to produce this result. First, there was the apathy of our own people. With all our efforts, we were not able to get out our full vote, while, on the contrary, our opponents took every man they had to the polls.

Second, the whole power and patronage of the State and Federal Governments were exerted against us. We had to fight not only the Radical party of Pennsylvania, but the Radical party of the whole Union.

Third, the Radical NEGRO RESERVE FORCE was maneuvered against us in full numbers. They deployed into the field by companies, battalions, regiments, brigades, and divisions, over 30,000 strong!

Notwithstanding all, however, we are not conquered nor discouraged. The time will yet come when all these crooked paths will be made straight, and every wrong be righted.

The proclamation of Governor Davis, of Texas, declaring martial law in that State, was taken up in the Legislature on Saturday last. A resolution endorsing the action of the Governor was opposed by some of the leading Radicals, among them Mr. Plumly, of Galveston county, who said: "I shall vote against the Governor's proclamation of martial law, because I think it illegal. I will not be deterred from the expression of my opinion against the proclamation by the cry of having gone over to the Democrats."

—The Democracy of Mifflin, Union and Snyder counties have covered themselves with glory by electing BUCHER President Judge of that district, over the present incumbent, Judge Woods. In 1861 Woods was elected over SENKER by 29 of a majority, but now BUCHER defeats him by nine votes. Mifflin county gives BUCHER 278 of a majority, Union gives Woods 278, and Snyder just decides the matter by giving her nine majority to Mr. BUCHER.

—Centre county would have given 700 majority for the State ticket but for pretended Democrats, who told the Radicals there was great dissatisfaction in the party with the county ticket, and thus encouraged them to work, and discouraged the Democratic masses.

—The modest individual in this place who signs himself General JAMES A. BZAVAR has come to the conclusion, since the election, that people don't believe a pretentious Christian, who lies, a bit quicker than any one else.

One More Unfortunate.

After all the crocodile tears that have been shed over the white man's injuries and cruelty to the negro—after all that has been said in regard to the intelligence of the black man and of his right to vote, a recent occurrence warrants the assertion that the negro is far more cruel and unfeeling toward his own race than the white man ever was, and that his "intelligence" is not sufficient to allow him to comprehend the fact that every man in this country has a right to vote as he pleases.

The occurrence to which we allude took place in Philadelphia on election day, and was in this wise: A negro went to the polls to vote, and put in a ticket that did not suit the masses of his colored friends. The consequence was, they raised a row about it, came to blows, pursued the unfortunate dork to his home, and killed him on his own door-step. Such was the direful fate to which the untutored and bigoted "intelligence" of these people consigned one of their own number and color.

By this it may be seen that the boasted "intelligence" of the negro race is all a sham. They are intolerant, cruel and prejudiced. In their native wilds, under the hot sun of Africa, they are mere savages, tenants, cannibals—devouring the flesh of their enemies taken in war, and dancing, in hideous joy, around the roasting carcasses of their victims. To the people of the South alone is the credit due for taming down and improving the naturally bad and vicious disposition of the black race in this country.

Of such is the radical majority in Pennsylvania to-day. The black men, who slew one of their own color, in one of the most christianized cities in the world, for choosing to vote independently, are the men who compose that majority, and who to-day hold the balance of power in the Keystone State. Say the best we can about them, they are only a slight improvement upon the cannibals of the African jungle, judged by their own actions. They have neither moral nor legal right to vote, and only hold the suffrage through the power and treachery of a party that has trampled upon the laws of the country to make them citizens and its own phantom tools.

Hereafter, let neither the Radical party nor the negroes themselves have anything to say about the impositions and cruelties that have been practiced upon the black man. So long as the South had them in charge, a great howl was raised, but now nigger can kill nigger, and the Radicals have not a word to say "O, Consistency! thou art indeed a jewel!"

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OFFICIAL RETURNS OF CENTRE COUNTY, FOR 1871.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, and various political categories like Abolition, Free Soil, etc. Lists names like Bellefonte, Mifflin, etc.

WE republish the returns of the County corrected and compared with the official count, as filed in the Prothonotary's Office, in order that our readers may have the correct figures in every township and for every Candidate. The Temperance ticket received six votes, two in Unionville, one in Liberty, two in Philipsburg and one in the South Ward of Bellefonte. In Milesburg sixty-one votes were cast for a poor house.

What the Matter is!

THE NEGROES! Yes; that is it—that's what is the matter with Pennsylvania.

THE NEGROES! There are about thirty-three or thirty-five thousand negro voters in this State, and the Radical majority at the late election was

ABOUT FIFTEEN THOUSAND! So, you see where it comes in.

THE WHITES have been beaten by the NEGROES!

Don't you see it took all the whole Radical party of the State, and more than thirty thousand niggers beside, to beat the Democrats?

Don't you see that if a few more dis-satisfied white men in the Radical ranks, who didn't want to vote that ticket but who were afraid to come out against it, had voted with the Democrats, the WHITE MEN of the State would have triumphed, and other commonwealths could not have pointed the finger of scorn at us and said

"Pennsylvania is ruled by the niggers!"

But no, they were afraid of their party, and so helped the thirty thousand darkies to wield the balance of power in their own favor.

What kind of white men are these? Are they fit to be white men, when they refuse to stand by the best interests of white men?

Well, we won't be too severe on them this time. Perhaps, they didn't see just how it was going to work, or they might have done better. Hereafter, we hope they will look before they leap.

But that is the way the election was carried for the Radicals. It was all done by the negro vote.

This is a great shame and should cause a blush upon the cheek of every white man who voted the Radical ticket.

The conclusion is now inevitable that

THE NEGROES hold the balance of power in Pennsylvania! White Men! think of this.

Another Radical Victory—More Triumphs for the Party of "Moral Ideas."

"Troubles generally travel in troops." So does one triumph tread close upon the heels of another. Radicalism has scarcely got its throat cured from the exertions it put forth crowing over its victory in Pennsylvania, until it is again called upon to shout over the victory of its allies "down in Tennessee."

By telegraph from Nashville, on the 16th inst., we learn that an attempt was made in Bradford county, by negroes, to commit a rape upon Mrs. Blessing, Miss Susan Patterson and Mrs. Howard, but the ladies succeeded in getting away. On Thursday at midday Mrs. Rogers was violated. Samuel Wells, colored, was captured and identified by her. Henry Williams was identified by Misses Blessing and Patterson as the man who assaulted them.

If there is one Democrat in the State who has the consolation of knowing that he did his duty in the recent campaign—he is Hon. Wm. A. WALLACE. Had every other individual member of the party worked but half as energetically and faithfully as did he, in place of being defeated by seven thousand, we would have come out shouting over a glorious victory.

Shank bones have been examined in Minnesota.

Newspaperial.

The New York Day Book, that carries at its mast head all the time, the banner of "White Supremacy"—one of the bravest, biggest and best papers in the western world, has reduced its rates of subscription from \$2 to \$1.50 to single subscribers, and to \$1.00 to clubs of five and upwards. There is no better or no more consistent Democratic paper any where. Address Day Book office, N. Y.

Pomeroy's (Brick's) Democrat, is now said to have the largest circulation of any political paper in the world. No wonder. There is no other paper in the country that can "hold a candle to it" for vim, vigor or downright interest. Its Democracy is of the strictest kind, and its editors have the courage to walk right ahead no matter whose toes are tread upon or whose shins are barked. If Brick's Democrat went into every household in the land there would not be ten men in the entire country but would rather acknowledge themselves thieves than radicals. Subscription \$2.50 to clubs \$2.00. C. P. Sykes, publisher, N. Y.

The Christian Companion formerly published in Tyrone has been removed to Somerset county. It could not find a christian to have as a companion, up in Blair county, and it has left in disgust to seek one.

The Lewistown Democratic Sentinel wants to know why we haven't sent it WATCHMAN for three weeks. In "trying to explain," we would just state that we entirely forgot to place it on our exchange list, and we suppose that must be the reason. Having remedied that little oversight, we are willing to be forgiven to the same degree that we have offended, and hope that hereafter it will be all right.

There is a handsome ladies' paper, published by FRANK LINDLER at 537 Pearl Street, New York, entitled Once A Week, which is a very beautiful specimen of the typographic art as well as a highly agreeable and entertaining journal. It gives all the fashion, and is handsomely illustrated, by sides being chock full of good literature. It is really an attractive and interesting paper, and is especially intended for the ladies.

"Many a Slip," &c.

The return Judges for the counties of Franklin and Cumberland met on Tuesday last, and so palpable, flagrant and outrageous were the frauds committed by the Radical candidate for Senate—WEAKLY—that notwithstanding the fact that to all appearances he had been elected by some 900 majority, the Judges refused to give him a certificate. Along with the statement of the number of votes polled by each candidate is an affidavit showing that the basest frauds and most unblushing bribery were resorted to, in order to cheat the Democratic majority of that district out of their choice of Senator. WEAKLY and his CAMERONIAN backers may yet find there is "many a slip betwixt the cup and the lip," and that before he secures his seat as a Senator, the Radical villains that have given him the appearance of success will be pretty well ventilated.

God's Lady's Book for November has put in an appearance already, brighter and more beautiful than ever. There is no Lady's Magazine that excels it—none equals it—and for the life of us we cannot see how any, who are able, can do without it. Just now is a very good time to raise clubs for the new year.

—It is said that Mlle. Nilsson has \$70,000 invested in real estate in Chicago.

Right! Go Ahead.

We are glad to know that the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee has taken the advice of the WATCHMAN, and intends having the Radical election board of Worth township show by what authority they receive illegal votes. He is right, and every honest citizen in the county, no matter what party he belongs to, will endorse him for doing so. If we are to have election laws to govern us, then these laws must be recognized and carried out, and who will not do so should be punished.

The Democratic party has contented itself with crying "fraud" for years, and it is high time now that some of these frauds are ferreted out, and an example made of the perpetrators. The election board of Worth township has been a little more brazen about it than many of the others, and the matter may as well be begun there.

"Glorious old Centre!" Her noble Democracy increased their majority 132 votes, notwithstanding the efforts of niggers, radicals, traitors and disorganizers.

PROF GRANT, who was, some years ago, lecturing on "Four Years' Experience" and Obsolescence of the Late Rebellion, the Prohibitory Liquor Law, &c., is to lecture, free, on "The Philosophy of Memory," and exhibit his powers, on Tuesday night, 24th inst., at the Bethel Mission or Court House, at 7 o'clock. If we may judge from Mr. O's high credentials from the most eminent sources in the country, the science must be of more than ordinary importance.

Stanton on Grant.

A correspondent of the New York World, writing from Boston, says: "A distinguished Louisiana man was in Boston recently, and had an interview with Senator Sumner, at his rooms, at the Coolidge House. During a lengthy conversation with him Mr. Sumner related an interview, the last he ever had with Edwin M. Stanton, the late Secretary of War. It took place shortly prior to Mr. Stanton's death. Mr. Sumner had made one of his customary calls. Mr. Stanton requested Mr. Sumner to come near his bed side. The dying man placed his hand in that of Mr. Sumner, and said

"Sumner, I am going over the river, I shall never recover. I wish to say one word to you before I die."

Sumner—I hope that you are not dying, Mr. Stanton, but go on.

Stanton (emphatically)—Gen. Grant cannot administer this government. He is unequal to the duty.

Sumner—Mr. Stanton, your statement is broad.

Stanton—I mean it as broadly as I state it.

Sumner—Why did you not mention this before the nomination?

Stanton—I was busy in my office, and was not consulted by the politicians who made the nomination. They did not take me into their councils.

Sumner—But, Mr. Stanton, you made speeches during the campaign; why did you not state this important fact then?

Stanton—You examine my speeches, and you will not find one word in favor of General Grant for President. I spoke for the Republican party only.

Sumner—But you say Grant cannot administer the government. He succeeded well in the army, and the people gave him credit for our success.

Stanton (stretching forth his right hand)—Senator Sumner, this hand upped him with men and money, unlimited. I gave him the direction of the affairs. I am dying, Mr. Sumner, and I state this to you. Use it whenever the interests of the country demand it.

At the time Mr. Sumner made this statement about his farewell interview with Mr. Stanton, he did not agree with the gentleman from Louisiana as to the merits of General Grant, and made this plain to the group of gentlemen who were listening to the Senator.

Multum in Parvo.

Colorado has ten newspapers and 115 post-offices.

Great Britain has adopted the rogues-gallery system.

The negroes have a majority in 23 counties in Alabama.

The census shows more Germans than Irish in the United States.

The Winthrop of Boston, have family portraits taken in 1400.

Mr. Ledox, who lately died in London, left his relatives \$75,000,000.

The apple crop of Minnesota this year will amount to 30,000 bushels.

There were seventeen elevators in Chicago with an aggregate capacity of 11,580,000 bushels.

Herkimer, N. Y., ships annually over 17,000,000 pounds of cheese, and 300,000 pounds of butter.

Mr. James Beatty and wife, of Sheakleyville, Mercer county, recently celebrated their golden wedding.

Chancellor Wyeth of Virginia, it is said, had six students in his office, who afterwards became President of the United States.

"Women, wake up!" exclaims the Revolution; and an indolent rural editor adds: "Yes, and don't turn out and make the fire and put the kettle on."

The Governor of Nevada has pardoned Deadman, the convict, who saved his life to defend the Lieutenant-Governor, when the convicts broke jail at Carson.

A disorderly girl, arrested in Albany the other day attempted to settle her fine by kissing the officer as he marched her along the street. But it was wasted capital.

Five young ladies have been admitted to the University of Vermont. The advent of the girls at chapel exercises created quite a flutter among the blushing sophomores.

A California applicant before a school board defined plebeianism as "pertaining to the bottom of a flea." He has retired with a dignity becoming to his profession.

A Salt Lake letter states that at the last election there girls whose faces would belie them if they were more than 14 or 16, and aliens at that, were led to the polls and instructed by Mormon bishops how to vote.

The Congregationalist notes with particular interest the disposition of churches to employ ladies to assist in such duties as may suit their tastes and talents. "Assistant pastors" they are called.

The first carriage that ever entered Yosemite valley was sent there last month, packed upon the backs of mules, by a livery firm of Mariposa, and intended for the use of tourists who do not like horse back riding.

Queen Victoria has given orders that the pulpit and glass, which indicates the length of time allowed for the sermon in the Royal Chapel, shall be measured for twenty minutes only, instead of an hour, as formerly.

Col. Dowling, Chief of the Cherokee Nation, has married Miss Ayres, an intelligent and wealthy lady of Philadelphia, who has for some time been engaged in Missionary work among the Indians of that Reservation.

An absent husband received the following comprehensive letter from his wife in Bangor: "My dear husband I have washed and baked, and had a boy baby, got through with 200. Think I'll rest a week. Affectionately, your wife, M."

A party of Texas cattle drovers at Abilene, Kansas, on the 6th, spent most of the day going around the town, and forcing business men to treat them to liquor.—Finally a disturbance occurred, in attempting to quell which the City Marshal wounded one drover, and accidentally killed another.

WILMINGTON, October 9.—The terrible shock which many supposed to be that of an earthquake, this morning, was caused by the explosion of nearly two hundred kegs of powder, about three miles from this city. They were being carried from Dupont's works. The shock was felt at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Swell, the negro route agent between Mobile and Montgomery, and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican party of Montgomery county, Ala., has been committed to jail at Montgomery by United States Commissioner Watts, in default of five hundred dollars bail, on a charge of violating the United States postal laws.

The following working estimates are made of the cotton crop for the year ending September 1, 1871.

New York Special Chronicle 4,111,107
New York Cotton Exchange 4,111,107
New Orleans Bulletin 4,111,107
Savannah Reporter 4,111,107
Charleston Courier 4,111,107

This gives an average of 4,111,107 bales which is larger than any year before, except 1859-60, when the crop was reported at 4,669,770 bales.

From the spire of the cathedral at Metz the French tri-color still waves, or did so three weeks ago, although perforated by a thousand bullets. And so the inhabitants consoled themselves with the thought that they were still under the French flag. Money could not bribe any man to risk his life in attempting to remove it; and there was said to be but one man in Metz skillful enough to do it, and he was the one who put it there. Five francs was his charge for raising it; but five thousand could not induce him to lower it.

A Frenchman is said to have invented a lamp-wick that will burn for five years.