The Newspaper Publishers.

The following decision by Judge Sherman, of the United States district court, at Cleveland, Ohio, is very important to both publishers and advertisers:

United States *vs* W. K. Brown.

The following decision by the court has special interest for newspaper publishers. The court, in overruling the motion of defendant for a new trial, said:

This is a motion for a new trial, on which the court is asked to review the evidence on which a verdict was rendered against the defendant at the present term. The defendent, the proprietor and publisher of the *Alliance Monitor*, a weekly paper published in Stark county, was indicted under the 30th section of the act of Congress of March 3d, 1825, (see Brightly's Digest, page 218, sec. 85,) for enclosing in a newspaper a printed advertisement purporting to be an advertisement of the "Opera House Shoe Store," by one O. W. Nash, which he then delivered in to the post-office in Alliance, to be carried by post to Mount Vernon free of postage. The section of the act above referred to as follows: "If any person shall enclose or conceal a letter or other thing, or any memorandum in writing in a newspaper, pamphlet, or magazine, or in any package of newspapers, pamphlets or magazines, or make any writing or memorandum thereof, which he shall have delivered into any post office or to any person for that purpose in order that the same may be carried by post, free of letter postage, he shall forfeit the sum of five dollars for every such offense," &c

The facts, as they appear, show that an advertising hand bill of the shoe store of O. W. Nash, a dealer in Alliance where the newspaper is published, was enclosed, as charged, in the edition published December 1, 1870, and so mailed for distribution to all subscribers who received that paper through the mail, one of them being a subscriber at Mount Vernon.

The question raised in this case is of considerable importance to the publishers of papers, and a ruling upon it has been desired by the Post Office Department, although in the case at the bar, it is conceded the defendant had no intention of violating any law, it having been the custom, to some extent, of publishers of newspapers to send such circulars or advertisements through the mail, supposing it was permissable under the Post Office regulations which provides as follows:

'Publishers of newspapers may, without subjecting them to extra postage, fold within their regular issue a supplement. But in all such cases the added matter must be a genuine supplement or appendage to the newspaper in question, and of the same essential character conveying intelligence of general interest.' Under this regulation it is undoubtedly competent for publishers, as is frequently done in Eastern newspapers, and not unfrequently in our home papers, when tax lists or voluminous advertising matter is to be published, to print and enclose, for distribution, by mail or otherwise, regular supplements, containing the advertising or other general matter crowded out of the regular or usual columns. But a hand bill, circular, or poster of the description here in question, is not such supplement, although, as in this case, it may be so called or entitled by the publisher. It is not a 'genuine supplement or appendage to the newspaper." It does not meet the common popular understanding of the term 'supplement,' nor is it of 'the same essential character' as a newspaper, nor does it convey 'intelligence of passing events of general interest.' It is more in the nature of a private circular advertisement, hand bill, or poster, and it will also be remarked that it contains woodcuts of a large style of print, which could not be inserted in a newspaper without a great and unusal trouble and expense It is not an advertisement crowded out of the regular issue, but such a one as would never be inserted in a regular issue It is true that each case of this nature must be judged of by its own characteristics, but there is a wide distinction between the 'genuine supplement' spoken of in the Post Office regulation, and as there defined and described, and a hand-bill advertisement or circular, the distinctive character of which, as distinguished from a newspaper supplement, is readily appreciated by the popular understanding, and determines the law of the case.

It does not appear, as I have before remarked, that the defendant in this case purposely violated the post office acts and regulations, but having done so, although ignorantly, the law requires me to overrule the motion and impose the statutory penalty and the costs.

——It cannot be very flattering either to Secretary Boutwell or to American pride to be told that the French five per cent loan was almost immediately taken up by European capitalists, while the American loan is thas far a flat failure. Such is the fact. Mr. Boutwell has done everything in his power to attract the attention of capitalists to his loan, without a single ray of encouragement. The French government, just emerging from a terrible foreign and domestic warfare, puts a loan on the market and straightway it is offered more than twice the sum it asked for.—This is certainly a singular state of affairs.

——Women are to vote the same as men in Utah next fall. This is according to an act of the Territorial Legislature, giving them the right of suffrage. In Nebraska the amendment of the State Constitution permitting women to vote is to be submited to the people, and the women as well as men are to have a voice in its adoption. The ballots of the men are to be deposited in one ballot-box, and those of the women in another.

Circumstantial Evidence.

A remarkable case, showing the danger of trusting implicitly to circumto circumstancial evidence, has recently been completed in Toledo. Nearly three years ago Robt. Sharp was found dead, with shot and slugs in his brain. A man named Harrington, who had been on intimate terms with the deceased, was arrested for the murder. The testimony was wholly circumstantial, but so skillfully 'worked up' by the detectives that Harrington was convicted and sent to the Penitentiary. His lawyers had become interested in the case, and although Harrington was a poor man, they determined to fight his case to the end. After a long and arduous struggle through the district and supreme courts, an order for a new trial was obtained, and that trial has just closed.

The main points in the evidence on which he was convicted were the apparent correspondence of the shot in the body of the dead man with that in the shot mag belonging to Harrington: the correspondence of pieces of newspapers found near the scene of the supposed murder, and assumed to be part of gun wadding, with a torn paper in Harrington's residence and a piece in his vest pocket, and that the motive for the murder was to be found in the alleged fact of Sharp having come to Toledo with several hundred dollars of money, which Harrington knew, and that no one else was intimate with Sharp. On the second trial it was rendered doubtful whether there was a similarity in the shot. It was clearly proven that the pieces of paper alledged to have been picked up at the scene of the murder were not there at the time of the finding of the body, nor for a day or two afterwards, and the interference was unavoidable that they were put there by the detectives to aid them in 'working up the case against Harrington.'

It was further proven that Sharp was destitute when he arrived in Toledo, and that Harrington was doing his best to aid him in procuring employment. To crown all, an alibi was satisfactorily proven. Harrington was declared innocent, and the jury voluntarily gave him a letter, signed by every member, repeating in emphatic terms their belief of his entire innocence of any knowledge of the supposed murder, and bearing testimony to his uniform good character. The public sentiment unanimously coincided with this verdict. The former employer of Harrington immediately took him back into his service. It causes an unpleasant shudder to reflect that a person perfectly innocent and of good character, suffered two years of degrading punishment and narrowly escaped an ignominious death, for a crime of which he knew nothing.—*Cleveland Herald.*

THE THIEF'S EXPEDIENT.—There is a fable among the Hindoos that a thief, having been detected and condemned to die, happily hit upon an expedient which gave him hope for life. He sent for his jailor and told him that he had a secret of great importance to impart to the King, and when that had been done he would be prepared to die. Upon receiving this piece of intelligence the king at once ordered the culprit to be conducted to his presence, and demanded of him his secret. The thief replied that he knew the secret of causing trees to grow which would bear fruit of pure gold. The experiment be easily tried, and his majesty would not lose the opportunity; so, accompanied by his prime minister, his courtiers and his chief priest, he went with the thief to a spot selected near the city wall, where the latter performed a series of solemn incantation. This done, the condemned man produced a piece of gold and declared that if it should be planted it would produce a tree every branch of which would bear gold.

'But' he added, 'this must be put into the ground by a hand that has never be stained by a dishonest act. My hand is not clean, therefore I pass it to your majesty.'

The king took the piece of gold, but hesitated. Finally he said:

'I remember, in my younger days, that I often filched money from my father's treasury which was not mine. I have repented of the sin; but yet I hardly dare say my hand is clean. I pass it, therefore, to my prime minister.'

The latter, after a brief consideration, answered:

'It were a pity to break the charm through a possible blunder. I receive taxes from the people, and as I am exposed to many temptations, how can I be sure that I have remained perfectly honest? I must give it to the governor of our citadel.'

'No, no,' cried the governor, drawing back, 'Remember that I have the serving out of pay and provisions to the soldiers. Let the high priest plant it.'

And the priest said—

'You forget, I have the collecting of tithes, and the disbursements for sacrifice.'

At length the thief exclaimed—

'Your Majesty, I think it were better for society that all five of us should be hanged, since it appears that not an honest man can be found among us?

In spite of the lamentable exposure the king laughed; and so pleased was he with the thief's cunnig experiment, that he granted him a pardon.

——The *State Journal* lays WENDELL PHILLIP's Joss on the shelf in the most summary style. This is the way it disposes of him;

"BEN BUTLER's gubernatorial pretensions have not been received as cordially as he hoped to have them, and the fact that almost the entire State, as well as the larger portion of the republican journals of states adjoining have either denounced or ridiculed his aspirations is a proof that the way of the transgressor is hard. BUTLER is a 'played out' politician, who ought to be forced out of public life if he does not go peaceably."

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION IN NEW YORK.

The Steamboat Westfield Blown to Atoms.

EIGHT HUNDRED PERSONS ON BOARD.

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN HURLED IN THE AIR.

The Scene Baffles Description.

NEW YORK, July 30.—One of the most horrible explosions that ever happened in this vicinity occurred this afternoon at Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall street. The steamboat Westfield was lying at the dock just ready to start for Staten Island on the 1:30 P. M. trip. About 800 passengers were aboard a number of carriages, wagons, &c. The first bell had just rung, when a terrific explosion took place, and the scene of confusion and horror which ensued baffles description.

When the explosion took place, the front of the boiler was suddenly blown out and dashed forward, by the force of the explosion, into the bow of the steamer, thirty feet distant, where it imbedded itself. The forward portion of the steamer was instantly shivered into a thousand pieces and sank down. The smoke stack giving way at the same moment an immense volume of steam commenced to rise from the hold in front of the boiler. A moment after the explosion the water was alive with struggling human beings, men, women and children. Many leaped overboard being panic stricken, and thinking to save themselves from further evil. Some were saved by boats which happened to be in the vicinity at the time of the explosion. Cries of the victims who were scalded by the immense volume of steam and boiling water, which issued from the hold in front of the boiler, were heart rending. Harbor police, firemen, and ambulance department removed them to the hospitals, after placing temporary dressings upon the wounds of those most seriously hurt. Many died on their way to the hospitals, while others becoming delirious from the extreme pain they suffered, were placed in beds in the hospital wards in raving condition.

One ambulance held a number of young children, whose disfigured little faces and closed eyes presented a pitiable and touching sight. Their injuries placed them almost beyond a possibility of recognition.

Many of the persons thrown into the water by the explosion saved their lives by clinging to the piles till help arrived, when they were taken off in boats, but others, whose injuries were more severe, lost strength, and sank in view of the spectators on shore.

Drug-stores in the neighborhood of the scene were filled to the doors with the wounded sufferers, and numerous medical men rendered excellent service in assisting to relieve them.

Immediately on the explosion becoming known, immense crowds gathered in the vicinity of the Battery, and before half an hour elapsed over 15,000 people had assembled. Many of these had relatives or friends on board the Westfield, and anxious, tearful inquiries were made on every side to ascertain the fate of those. Immense crowds also assembled around the hospitals, besieging the officials with inquiries as to those within. Coronors Keenan and Young were at the Battery, within a few minutes after the explosion, and the latter took charge of the steamer and gave orders that she should not be removed from New York until an investigation be made.

The surgeons at the various hospitals assembled all their available force for the occasion. At the Park hospital, the first intimation received of the explosion was the arrival of a carriage at 2 P. M. with four persons severely injured. From that time the arrivals commenced pouring in every minute, and scenes of the most heart rending description were witnessed. Many of the sufferers had their faces completely stripped of the skin and almost roasted. Others were burned or scalded about the body, and a large proportion were dead, some being so horribly disfigured as to be unrecognizable.

Beds in the wards were soon full, and afterwards beds were improvised by placing straw and blankets on the floor. To add to the horror in the hospital, inflammation in many cases set in shortly after their arrival, and the shrieks and groans of the sufferers were terrible in the extreme. As it was found that many of the patients must inevitably die soon, the chief surgeon dispatched a messenger to procure the services of the clergy to administer spiritual consolation to the sufferers, which they did amid the groans and yells of those lying in torture around them.

——A reeking stench comes up from the Radical flesh-pots. Ever and anon some angry fellow who fails to get his share of the loaves and fishes, stirs up the unsavory mess and so offends the olfactories of the public. The latest of these found in the person of the editor of the New Orleans *Republican*, who in his paper of the 20th ult., goes at his work in this style:

'They (the administration) are filling the custom house with all the political vagabonds of the State. They are giving large salaries out of the public moneys to men who are unfitted for any public employment, and who are only expected to attend club meetings. They are adding hundreds of men to rolls where none are needed and paying them for work never done.'

——An Omaha paper advises the people 'not to make such a fuss about the shooting of one constable, as there are over forty candidates for the position.'

—— An explosion of petroleum at Rheims, France, on Monday last, caused the death of fifty persons and the destruction of many buildings.

——Mr. Wm. C. Stone, a reporter of the *Age*, was drowned while bathing in Rancocas Creek on Sunday afternoon. Mr. Stone was well known as a capable journalist, and a genial and true friend. He was 28 years of age. He has been employed successively upon the *Evening Telegraph*, *Inquirer* and *North-American*, and at the time of his death was connected with the local department of the *Age*. He had frequently appeared in amature theatricals as "Willis Placide," and displayed considerable ability. The reporters held a meeting on Monday, and passed a series of resolutions expressive of their sorrow at his loss and heart felt sympathy with his bereaved family.

——'I stand,' said a Western stump orator, 'on the broad platform of '98, and paisied be mine arm if I desert 'em.' 'You stand on nothing of the kind,' interrupted a little shoemaker in the crowd; 'you stand in my boots that you never paid me for, and I want the money.'!

New Advertisements.

WATCHMAKER!

MR. F. C. RICHARD

Desires to inform the public that he is now located on

Spring Street, next door to Harpers' store, Bellefonte, Pa.,

Where he is now prepared to make and repair

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &C.,

Promptly, and on the most reasonable terms.

Being a good workman and having had a long experience, he believes that he can render entire satisfaction

16-30-1y

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on

TUESDAY THE FIFTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT.

The following property, viz:—A LOT situated on Alleghany Street, in said Borough, known as the "Turner Property" on which are erected a large

THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE,

Stable, and other buildings

Terms—One third of the purchase money, to remain charged on the property during the natural life of Mrs Mary A Turner, and one half of the remainder to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the other one half in one year thereafter with interest to be secured by Bond and Mortgage on the premises

GEORGE LIVINGSTON,
Attorney in fact, for J. D. Turner's Executors

16-30-3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE!—Letters of Administration on the estate of William Grove, deceased late of Gregg township having been granted to John Grove, residing in the same township all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated for settlement

JOHN GROVE,
Administrator of Wm. Grove, Deceased

16-30-6t*

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Hon Charles A Mayer, President of the court of Common Pleas, in the 25th Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield and the Honorable John Hosterman and the Honorable William Allison Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 28th day of March, A D, 1871, to me directed for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the 4th Monday of August, 1871, and to continue one week

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justice of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of the said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 27th day of June in the year of our Lord, 1871, and in the ninety-fourth year of the Independence of the United States

D W WOODRING,
Sheriff

16-30-4t

SCHOFIELD
MANUFACTURER OF

FINE HARNESS, HORSE CLOTHING AND BOOTS,

NEXT DOOR TO HARPER & BRO'S,

Bellefonte.

I beg to inform you that I have leased the above store, for the sale of

FINE HARNESS AND HORSE CLOTHING

Bellefonte has long needed a First Class establishment of this kind, and my endeavor shall be, by using nothing but the best material, and employing only first class workmen to turn out work equaled by few and excelled by no manufacturer in this country

Gentlemen can have their horses carefully measured at the stables, for clothing, boots, etc, thus insuring a perfect fitting article and imparting an additional grace to the style of the steed.

16-29 SCHOFIELD

OFFICE OF THE LEWISBURG CENTRE AND SPRUCE CREEK R R CO.,
Philadelphia, June 13, 1871.

Notice is hereby given that the first installment of Five Dollars per share to the Capital Stocks of the Lewisburg, Centre, and Spruce Creek R R Co, subscribed in the Townships of Harris, Potter, Gregg, Penn and Haines, Centre County, will be payable on the first day of July, 1871, and the subsequent installments of Five Dollars per share, will be due and payable on the first day of each succeeding month, until the whole is paid

Payments of the above installments are hereby required to be made to the Treasurer of the Co, at the office of the Centre County Banking Company, Bellefonte, Pa.

JOSEPH LESLEY,
Treasurer.

N B Any person desiring, can pay the whole off at once. If payments are not punctually made, the law allows one per cent per month to be charged in addition. 16 25 2m

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, for a Charter of Incorporation of the Liberty Baptist Church, Liberty township, and will be confirmed at said court if no sufficient reason to the contrary is shown on or before first day of August Term next.

JOHN MORAN,
Prothonotary

16-29-3t

New Advertisements.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—The following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees creditors, and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Centre county, to be held at Bellefonte, for allowance and confirmation on WEDNESDAY the 30th of August, A. D. 1871.

1. The account of Meslame Reese, administrator of &c., Margret Reese, late of the township of Gregg, deceased.

2. The account of Jacob D. Valentine, Guardian of Richard, Tamozine, Clifford and Mary, minor children of Jacob V. Thomas, Bellefonte, Centre county.

3. The Guardianship account of W. L Gordon, Guardian of Norah and Hannah Daughenbach, minor children of Jacob Daughenbach, late of Harris township, deceased.

4. Adam Weaver Guardian of John and Nicodemus Lose, two of the children are heirs of Catharine Lose, late of Haines township, in account with the estate of the said John and Nicodemus Lose.

5. Account of Peter Bolt Guardian of Conrad, Jacob and Lucy Ellen Long, minor children of Martin Long, Jr., late of Burnside township, deceased.

6. The account of Burnes and Joseph Mauck, and Emery Brumgast, administrators of &c., of Jesse Mauck, late of Penn township, deceased, as filed by Willian Mauck, acting administrator.

7. Partial account of Peter Treese and Jas. D Gemzell, administrator of &c., of Elizabeth Treese late of Gregg township.

8 The account of M. T. Milliken, Daniel Rhoads and John Irwin, Jr., trustees under the Will of W. A. Thomas, deceased, late of Bellefonte, Pa.

9. The account of Samuel Musser and John Musser, Jr., administrator of &c, of Willian Musser, late of Ferguson township, deceased.

10 The account of Thomas Dale and John Williams, executors of the last Will and testament of William Williams, deceased, late of Harris township, Centre county, Pa

11. The account of Geo Jack, executor of the last Will and testament of William Wagner, late of Boalsburg, in the township of Harris, deceased.

12. The estate of Thomas Munson, late of the Borough of Philipsburg, Centre county, Pa. deceased in account with Owen Hancock, administrator of said estate

13. The account of Samuel Frank Guardian of Lucinda Scholl, minor child of Philip Scholl, late of Green township, Clinton County, Pa.

14 Supplementary and final administration account of H. N McAllister, who survived James Potter administrator of the goods and chattels, rights and credits, late of William W Potter, deceased.

15. The second account of Jacob Sankey one of the executors of John Sankey, late of Penn township in the county of Centre and State of Pa., deceased

16. The final account of Jacob and Philip Bottorf executors of the last Will and testament of Jacob Bottorf, late of Ferguson township, deceased

17 The account of Martin Brumgast administrator of &c, of David Gingrich, late of Walker township, deceased.

18 The account of J P Gephart trustee appointed by the Orphan's Court to make sale of the real estate of Geo Garbrick, deceased, late of Benner township

19. The account of Henry Brockerhoeft administrator of Patrick Brew, deceased, late of Milesburg, Centre county, Pa.

20 The account of Micheal Grove, Guardian of Anna Maria Rockey (now deceased,) a minor child of Jacob Rockey, late of Walker township, deceased

21. The account of Michael Grove, Guardian of Anna Garbrick (now Anna Noll) a minor child of George Garbrick, late of Benner township, deceased

22. The account of Michael Grove, Guardian of Geo W Garbrick (now deceased,) a minor child of George Garbrick, late of Benner township, deceased

23. The administration account of James L Summerville administrator of &c, of Patrick White, late of Snow Shoe township, deceased.

J H MORRISON,
Register

16-30-4t

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Marion township, on or about the 24th day of June, 1871 a black steer about two years old or there about The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs

16-30-3t JOHN NOLL

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE!—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Armagost, deceased, late of Benner township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement

HENRY ARMAGOST,
G W RUMBERGER,
Administrators.

16-29-6t*

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Patton township, some time in June, Nine Sheep, three of which are black and all marked with a slit in each ear The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, or they will be dealt as the law directs

16-29-3t CHRISTIAN REESE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned an Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre County, to hear and determine exceptions to the account of Geo Ross and John W Ellenberger, Executors, &c of James Ross, deceased, and to report distribution. Will attend to the duties of this appointment at the office of Orvis & Alexander, on THURSDAY the 10th day of August, 1871, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

JNO H ORVIS,
Auditor

16-27-4t

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, for a Charter of Incorporation for the Church of Christ, at Howard, Pa and that said charter will be granted according to the prayer of the petition, on the 4th Monday of August next, if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary

JNO MORAN,
Prothonotary

16-29-3t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the commissioners named in the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to incorporate the Lock Haven, Nittany and Sugar Valley Narrow Gauge Railroad Company," approved the 17th day of March, A D 1871, will be held at the office of G O Deise, Esq, in Lock Haven, on Friday, the 25th day of August, 1871, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m and 4 o'clock p m, for the purpose of opening books and receiving subscriptions to the Capital Stock and effecting an organization of said company.

16-29-4t

Music.

CHICKERING & SONS

CELEBRATED PIANOES,

at reduced prices.

ORGANS, SHEET MUSIC, &C.,

AT

T. M. CHRISTIE & CO'S.,

MUSIC STORE,

VESPER STREET,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

16-26-1y

Sales.

2 GOOD FARMS

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer for Sale two farms containing about

225 ACRES EACH,

Situated in Benner township, within two miles of Bellefonte.

For further particulars inquire of

GEORGE HASTINGS,
Beech Creek, Pa. or Bellefonte, Pa

16-29-4t.

VALUABLE FARM

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer for Sale his Plantation in Benner township, Centre County, between three and four miles from the Borough of Bellefonte, and easy of access on the best of roads. It contains

157 ACRES AND 68 PERCHES

of the best limestone land, in a high state of cultivation, under good fencing and provided with commodious buildings and abundance of

NEVER FAILING WATER.

There is also on the premises a thriving

YOUNG ORCHARD

of choice fruit, just begining to bear. The House is a

TWO-STORY FRAME

with Kitchen attachment. The BARN is a large Bank Frame Building, 85 by 50 feet, with Wagon House and other convenient attachments. A double Corn Crib and Shed, separate from barn, proof against vermin. There is also a new, first class

LIME KILN,

erected on the premises, capable of producing from 50 to 75 bushels per day.

The price of this place will be reasonable and offers a valuable investment and desirable home to a person desirous of pursuing the occupation of a Farmer Title indisputable.

I will also sell, in connection with the above property, if desired, a

HOUSE AND LOT

adjoining A very desirable residence for a family to be employed on the farm or otherwise.

Early application is desired

S T. SHUGERT.

16-28-tf

CHEAP PROPERTY FOR SALE

in the borough of Osceola. It is located on Curtin Street, one of the finest streets in the borough. Consists of a lot 100 feet front, 320 feet deep and fronts on Hale street 20 feet. One on which is erected four dwellings No's as follows, 1, 2, 3, and 4. No. 1 has eight rooms, No 2 has five rooms, No. 3 has four rooms, No 4 has five rooms and other necessary buildings, also two wells and a picket fence around the property, and a bed of good brick clay. Brick has been made on the property so that it is positively known that the clay will make brick and all that can be made can be sold without any trouble at a high price, 15 per cent guaranteed on investment.

MICHAEL SANDFORD
Osceola Mills
Clearfield, Pa.

16-23-3m

A VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Situated in the borough of Bellefonte and known as the "Big Spring" property consisting of a number of lots, on one of which is erected an elegant two story Chinese Attic frame building, entirely new; also, a new stable, wash house, and other out buildings. On one other lot a two story and basement frame plastered house The grounds to these houses are beautifully laid out and planted with fruit trees of numerous kinds fancy shade trees and choice shrubbery grape vines, and flowers One other lot 200 by 50 feet, below the Big Spring, on which is erected a fine spring house with spring enclosed suitable for a trout pond of the first quality Also four choice building lots This property is for sale and will be sold low and on easy terms Apply to

RANKIN & IRWIN or JOHN TODD
Bellefonte, Pa.

15-40-tf

LOTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at private sale

FORTY TWO LOTS,

immediately adjoining the borough of Bellefonte, in what is termed as Colesville

Pleasantly situated
Pure water on all of them.
The best of soil
Low Taxes, and warranted titles

There is a splendid water power upon this property, and magnificent sites for manufactories

JOHN C. LEE.

14-24-6m

Dauchy & Co

$375 A MONTH—Expenses paid—Male or Female Agents—Horse furnished Address SACO NOVELTY Saco Me 1-2-4w

COLGATE'S EAU DE-COLOGNE

TOILET SOAP.

It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water and is indispensable to the toilet of every Lady or Gentleman Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Perfumery 16-27-4w

8 O'CLOCK.

16-29-4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

HISTORY OF THE WAR IN EUROPE.

It contains over 150 fine engravings of Battle Scenes and Incidents in the War, and is the only Full Authentic and Official History of that great conflict Agents are meeting with unprecedented success selling from 20 to 40 copies per day, and it is published in both English and German

CAUTION

Inferior histories are being circulated See that the book you buy contains 15 fine engravings and 800 pages Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO, Phila., Pa. 16-28-4w

WANTED.—AGENTS.—($20 *per day*) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock stitch" (like on both sides) and is *fully licensed*. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the market Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & CO, Boston Mass, Pittsburgh, Pa, Chicago, Ill or St. Louis, Mo 16-27-4w

WANTED

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