

The Democratic Watchman.

BY P. GRAY MEEK.

JOE W. FUREY, Associate Editor.

Terms, \$2 per Annum, in Advance.

BELLEVILLE, PA.

Friday Morning, June 2, 1871.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL GEN. WILLIAM McCANDLESS, OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL CAPT. JAMES H. COOPER, OF LAWRENCE COUNTY.

The Resolutions.

Last week through an oversight, and our general confidence in the good sense and unimpaired Democracy of the Pittsburg Post, we were made to endorse the resolutions of the Democratic State Convention as meeting with our hearty and unqualified approval.

We are sorry to say that we can neither endorse the Post's endorsement nor the platform as a whole. With one or two single exceptions we believe the resolutions are timely, pointed and right—a correct expression of Democratic ideas—a true exposition of the feelings of the Democratic masses.

Now, we believe in 'live issues' just as much as any one—and believe in meeting them, wherever, wherever and in whatever way they appear, but in meeting 'new issues' we do not believe it necessary to forget past wrongs; do not believe it policy for us even to pretend that we 'accept the situation' and will make no effort to right the wrongs Radicalism has inflicted upon the country.

It is by the agitation and discussion of the infamous wrong and outrage upon the rights of the States and the honor of the white race—the so-called fifteenth amendment—as well as by the agitation and discussion of all the other wrongs, outrages and heresies of mongrelized Radicalism, that we expect to win.

It is the record of that party that will curse it. It is because of the abuse of the power it has controlled, because of its failure to administer the affairs of Government in a just and proper manner—because of just such outrages, and the recollection of just such wrongs as 'negro suffrage' that the people desire a change.

If these acts are right the Democracy have been wrong in opposing them. If they are wrong what kind of political judgment is it that asks us to say nothing about them.

Radicals, political cowards, silly demagogues and men who have scarcely enough of Democratic blood in them to distinguish them from the mongrel rascals who are now cursing the country, may 'deprecate the agitation' of the negro suffrage question, but that will not stop it. It is a question. It will be agitated, and the Democratic masses, regardless of would be leaders and ignorant teachers, will agitate!

The Democratic party is a party of white men. It is not afraid, nor will it fail to so assert itself. It is not seeking negro votes, negro supporters, nor the votes nor support of those who think themselves no better than negroes.

Chairman Wallace—Go to Work.

The action of the State Convention making Hon. WILLIAM A. WALLACE chairman of the State Executive Committee, is much to be commended. Mr. WALLACE is one of the ablest men in the ranks of our party, and will throw a vim and energy into the campaign that will be sure to rouse the enthusiasm and spirit of the party, generally, throughout the State.

Now, then, let us go into this campaign, determined to win. We can do it just as easily as not, only we must all work. Nobody must sit down and fold his hands and wait on others, but every man must work with all his might. The harder we work, the greater will be our victory, and in proportion as we win now, so will we win in 1872.

Let every good man, therefore, be Democrat or Republican, go to work at once, and help to bring about the good old days of yore. Surely, no man can say truthfully that he is not tired and disgusted with the way things are going on now.

Who Pays It?

From an article comparing English and American mechanics, copied from the Manufacturer's Review into the Republican of this week, we get the following:

"Here mechanics and operatives receive more wages for their service, there, scarcely more than enough to keep body and soul together. Here a mechanic is not fighting, his battle of life the whole twenty-four hours, oppressed with care and benumbed by despair, but is excited and stimulated by endeavor and brain effort, knowing well that the mechanic of the future will be the inventor, or the shop owner of tomorrow.

We have never been in England, and know little about the condition of the laboring masses of that government, but we have seen assertions similar to the above so often, especially in papers when advocating a tariff, that we might put it all down as solid, substantial fact, if some one would only explain to us how an English mechanic whose wages are scarcely more than enough to keep body and soul together, gets the extra money to spend at 'beer shops or gin holes,' and which makes him 'besotted with tittle.' We can't just 'fustay' this part of it.

Hon. S. T. Shugart.

The very respectable vote cast for Hon. S. T. SHUGART for Auditor General, in the Democratic State Convention, shows that he is a well known and highly popular gentleman. Mr. SHUGART made no effort to get the nomination, only allowing his friends to use his name to a certain extent. A little work on his part would have given him the nomination, but he didn't even put in a personal appearance at the Convention. Mr. SHUGART is immensely pleased with the nomination of McCANDLESS and COOPER, and thinks it one of the best State tickets ever nominated by the Democracy.

Paris is threatened with an epidemic from the stench of the dead bodies that are lying in its desolated streets.

The State Convention.

We do not deem it necessary to publish the proceedings of the Democratic State Convention at Harrisburg, last week, in full, and shall only give the balloting and the platform, as these are really all that the people will care to see.

The nomination of Gen. McCANDLESS was then made unanimous, amid much enthusiasm. The next business was the nomination of a candidate for Surveyor General, for which office the names of eleven gentlemen were presented, as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Candidates, 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th. Lists names like McCandless, Markley, Neuman, Craun, Skinner, Shugart, and their respective vote counts.

When the fourth ballot had proceeded half way through the contest, being neck and neck between Cooper and Donley, a dispute arose as to one or two votes on the clerk's tally list, and a fifth ballot was ordered, and resulted as follows: Donley, 56; Cooper, 77.

The nomination of Mr. Cooper was then made unanimous. L. C. CASSIDY, Esq., from the Committee on resolutions, then read the following:

PLATFORM

Resolved, That the Democratic party is in favor of revising and amending the constitution of the State and recognizing the right of the people to be fully heard on a subject so vital to their interests, and to do this in the course of the Democratic members of the Legislature in favor of submitting at the next general election the question whether or not a State convention should be called for that purpose.

Resolved, That the persistent refusal of the Republican party in the Legislature to consent to a proper modification of those provisions of the constitution which deprive the electors of that city are utterly deprived of representation in the election boards, fraudulent returns, forgeries and murders perpetrated, must be condemned by every just man, and ought to be rebuked by the ballot of every upright citizen.

Resolved, That the action of the Democratic members of the Senate of Pennsylvania upon the apportionment bill and the Philadelphia registry law, needs our unqualified endorsement, and ought to receive the approval of every citizen who values fair representation and fair elections.

Resolved, That the forced bayonet bills recently enacted by Congress, are gross attacks upon the sacred rights of the citizen, and intolerable to a free people, centralizing in tendency and should be forthwith repealed.

Resolved, That the proposed amendment to the constitution, which would strip the citizen of his right of property, and would place in the hands of a few men the power to control the lives, liberties and property of the people, is a gross violation of the rights of the citizen, and should be rejected.

Resolved, That the Democratic party is opposed to the existing system of Federal taxation and Finance, as it is in its effects upon the laboring producing mining and manufacturing classes, and in its tendency to create a source of hard times, personal imbecilities and individual bankruptcy.

Resolved, That labor and capital have no just claims upon each other, and that the only way to place the labor and the capitalist on such a platform as will enable both to amicably adjust their rights, is by the establishment of a tariff, which is a tariff for the purpose of degrading the standard and lowering the position of the laboring men of the country.

Resolved, That we recognize the binding obligation of all the provisions of the constitution of the United States as they now exist, and we deprecate the discussion of issues which have been settled in the manner and by the authority constitutionally appointed.

Resolved, That we are for a government rigidly frugal, and simply applying all the possible means of the public treasury to the discharge of the national debt, and opposed to a multiplication of offices and salaries, merely to make place for partisans and for increasing the power of the party in power.

Resolved, That the continuance by a Republican Congress of the income tax, when the same is at least of doubtful constitutionality, and is a source of revenue to the Government, is an exercise of a power opposed to the people, and a gross violation of their rights and interests.

Resolved, That the tariff is, in many of its features, oppressive, and should be revised, and that we herewith request our representatives in Congress, when the tariff shall be revised, to be guided by the interests of the immense products of the State and its industries are properly cared for.

Resolved, That the soldiers and sailors of Pennsylvania are entitled to and should receive at the hands of the national government a prompt recognition of their claims to a proper and just equalization of the bounty in land as well as in money granted for their patriotic services in the late war for the supremacy of the Union and the constitution.

A vote was taken by yeas and nays on the ninth resolution. This was deemed by some to be adopted by 70 yeas to 23 nays. Those voting against the ninth resolution were Messrs. Arbuckle, Alma, Baker, Brinton, Benton, Boyle, Barber, Barnes, Calmes, Dillingham, Davis (Montgomery), Flood, French, Ingraham, Kuris, Leisenring, Miller, Manning, Metzger, Miller, Markham, Martin, McSparran, McTrotter, McCall, McCallister, McCandless, Goodlander, Guernsey, Herrick, Horpes, Hepp, Riquie, Vandover, Wilson, Weaver, White, Hetseman, Heebner, Hofenstain, Hays (Northampton), Hanley, Hopkins, Orvis, Palmer, Rinehart, Sharrine, Herwald, Steiger, Sutzler, Riquie, Vandover, Wilson, Weaver, White, Rhodes and one other.

The resolutions were then adopted.

The coroner's jury, in the case of the recent disaster at the Pittston coal mine, whereby so many miners came to an untimely end, as referred to elsewhere, have found a verdict censuring the inspector of the mine, Mr. THOMAS W. WILLIAMS, for wilful neg-

lect of his duty. This is right, and we trust he may be indicted and put upon his trial. It has got to be demonstrated that men's lives are more valuable than so many beasts.

Right.

We are glad to learn that Captain SKINNER of Franklin county, has consented to be a candidate for re-election to the Legislature, and we are doubly glad to know that the people of his county recognizing the fact that it is to their interest to have a gentleman of experience and intelligence to represent them, have determined to return him to that position. Captain SKINNER has already served two sessions—the usual term from his county—and has proved himself to be an able, honest and industrious legislator. No one was more faithful in representing the interests of his constituents, and no one more careful that the interests of the people generally should be guarded. To his indomitable perseverance, his personal popularity and increasing efforts, the people of Chambersburg and the border counties are in great measure indebted for the recognition their claims against the State received of the late legislature, and the fact that they have concluded to return him as their representative, shows that they fully appreciate his labors as a faithful representative, and intend giving "honor to whom honor is due."

Among the names pre-eminently mentioned in connection with the candidacy for Governor, next year, that of the gallant young Senator from the Lycoming, Union, and Snyder district, Hon. ANDREW H. DILL, meets with particular favor. Mr. D. is a thorough representative of the young and progressive Democracy, and is exceedingly popular at home, as is attested by the fact of his carrying by hand-some majorities those supposed hopelessly radical counties, Union and Snyder. There is little doubt that his nomination would be equivalent to his election.

Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, Vice President of the United States, who was taken seriously ill last week from smoking six strong cigars upon an empty stomach, has nearly recovered. Any man who will do such a thing before breakfast, as he did, certainly invites death, and we don't know but that he deserves it. We hope the smiling Schuyler will take warning from this and act like a man of sense hereafter.

BEATH, the Radical candidate for Surveyor General, won his glory by commanding a nigger company in the late war. Since that time he has been playing for the 'anthracite board of trade' in Schuylkill county—a kind of a yellow dog, under the wagon of the coal monopolies and mammoth corporations, that are seeking to crush life out of labor in this State.

Treason in the Camp.

Seventy-six members of the late Democratic State Convention, against fifty three, voted in favor of the following resolution:

With, That we recognize the binding obligation of all the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, as they now exist, and we deprecate the discussion of issues which have been settled in the manner and by the authority constitutionally appointed.

These are the men who, seeking no ends but their own, would rather be wrong with success, than right with out it—rather prevail with a party, than perish with its principles. They are, in fact, the spies and allies of the Republicans, in the camp of the Democracy. They either betray their party by open acts and declarations that compromise its integrity, or, failing in that, secretly sell it out to the enemy for any price that will pay them for their treason. Everybody knows that the Democratic party is a Constitutional party, or is nothing, and that it is, therefore, worse than absurd to represent it as endorsing amendments of the organic national law which have never constitutionally enacted and ratified.

Hence we say, that the resolution above quoted either is a base abandonment of principle, or an infamous fraud, and that while it will tend to defeat the democracy in the coming contest, it ought to cover its authors and supporters with eternal odium. And what, pray, is the use of the Democratic party, if it is to accept and endorse all that the Republicans have done in the last decade? It is only essential differences of opinion that can justify political divisions in a State? Assuming this as a truism, we seriously aver that there is nothing whatever in the whole series of resolutions passed by the Democratic Convention last week, that materially differs in any degree, on any subject, from the declared principles and political policy of the Republican party. It is, therefore, fortunate, that Cassidy is not the whole Democratic party and that Pennsylvania is not the whole country. Assured of this, we undertake to say that the next National Democratic Convention will neither accept Cassidy as a representative Democrat, nor adopt his doctrines as forming any part of the true and vital principles of the National Democratic creed. It is very clear that Mr. Cassidy and his "ring," including "Bill

Mann," ruled the late Democratic Convention at the State Capitol. The result will be, either the defeat of the Democratic party through their influence, or its success in spite of it. Cassidy, Mann, and the thieves of this city, may triumph here; but if they do, the Democracy party will be beaten, both in Philadelphia and in this State. And the game of Cassidy is, to elect Mann to the District Attorneyship, in the interest of Mann, Cassidy, O'Byrne, and Crime, and against the success of the Democratic ticket, both here and in the State. In opposition to a conspiracy of three or four small pettifogging, Quarter Sessions lawyers, and petty quack politicians, who have often sold, and now seek to sell, the Democracy, for their private advantage, we sternly plant ourselves, and we shall fight them until we thoroughly expose and defeat the rascals who would remorselessly destroy any party which they can not betray for their own selfish purposes.—Sunday Mercury.

Imperialism.

It appears that the Imperialists are now more reticent than ever. No political information can be pumped out of these gentlemen, the only thing perfectly plain being that they are quite confident that in less than a month the Emperor will be again in France—abdication his rights in favor of his son and such a regency as the Assembly, a fresh one, or that still existing, may select. They avow, however, that this will be the work by no means of the imperialist party, which is not strong enough for such a purpose, although it is still the most considerable of all the existing parties, either Republican, Communist, legitimate or Orleanist. The restoration will simply be carried out by the Prussians, and the supposition of the exiled court at Chiselhurst in that neither the Communists nor the Versailles Government are at the present moment sufficiently popular or sufficiently strong to enforce anything like peace or order in France. The expected assault, whatever its result may be, will never bring back France to a moral state. Supposing even that chaos at Paris should cease, the discontented provinces will rise—at once in favor of Red Republicanism; in another, like Brittany, for instance, for the legitimists. Briefly stated, the expectation of the imperialist party is that the Prussians will have to interfere, and that having to do so they will support the young Prince Imperial, the new Emperor-King, as well as Bismarck, being thorough partisans of unlimited monarchy, and having apparently already given promises of support in this direction.

How far this be correct events will probably speedily show. But at all events there are a few other facts which seem to show that the hopes of the Imperialists are not quite devoid of foundation, for there is a constant interchange of communication between various parts of France and Chiselhurst. The correspondence carried on with the Emperor through the French embassy is one of them. The number of communications daily received from France seems to be something fabulous, and the messenger on the embassy starts every day from Albert gate by the five minutes to nine train, and at about a quarter to ten o'clock the Emperor opens the correspondence thus brought to him. Such Imperialists as are now residing in London—or rather in the parks and theatres of London—are also showing the most profound confidence in the speedy forth coming restoration of the imperial dynasty. Only yesterday, May 10th, one of them was starting for Brussels to settle some affair with his bankers there; and when he took leave of me and said his au revoir, I asked him, "Au revoir where—in London?" "No," said he, "in Paris. At all events I am making all my arrangements according."

As to the imperial couple themselves, their fate must be considered a very secure one, for the bankers at Madrid, Frankfurt, Brussels and London must be in possession of over 180,000,000 francs belonging to the Emperor and Empress. The Mediterranean and Transatlantic companies have also a sufficient amount of imperial funds in their possession to provide the imperial couple with a very comfortable living. And if there was even nothing of all this in the hands of the Napoleonic dynasty the winding up of the insurance company of the Soledad, a few days before the war began, would alone show a sufficient quantity of millions belonging to the Empress, and paid over to her hardly six weeks before she left the French soil.—N. Y. Herald.

The Pennsylvania School Journal for June, the last number of the current Volume, is now upon our table. Among articles of note is one by the Editor, H. J. P. Wickersham, upon 'Future Educational Development'—Shall we drive or shall we draw? opposing compulsory attendance until all other means have been tried and found to fail; a good article on 'The Ungraded School,' by Hon. M. A. Newell, State Superintendent of Maryland; 'The Old and the New,' by Henry Houck, Esq.; Reminiscences of Dr. Burrows; an illustrated article on School Architecture; 'School Government,' by Prof. A. N. Raub; the 'Co-Education of the sexes in St. Louis'; and the last of a series of interesting papers on 'The World's Birth-day.' Other articles appear which we have not space to enumerate, together with full editorial and official departments, department of scientific intelligence, book notices, etc. The Index to the nineteenth volume which is found in this number, occupies two large closely-printed pages, and should be the Journal's best advertisement. The twentieth volume begins with the July number. Every Teacher and Director would be benefited by its monthly visits. It is the educational journal of Pennsylvania. Subscription price, \$1.50; 1/2 clubs of five or more, \$1.25. Begin with the volume. Address J. P. Wickersham & Co., Lancaster, Pa.

In the exact sciences—Can a homely woman with a Grecian bend be accurately described as an "inclined plain?"

A citizen of Montreal is under arrest for refusing to tell a census enumerator the ages of his two unmarried daughters.

New Advertisements.

375 A MONTH—Expenses paid—Male or Female Agents—Horse and out-furnished Address Saco Novitz Co., Bangor, Me. 16-22-71

AGENTS LOOK! \$3 to \$90 per day. Easy, genteel, and profitable business. A little novelty which everybody wants, success sure. Send for circulars. Chittell & Templeton, Manufacturers, 616 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 16-22-71

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 cents with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address, W. Fox, P. O. Drawer 24, Fultonville, N. Y. 16-22-71

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE HISTORY OF THE WAR IN EUROPE. It contains over 100 fine engravings of battle scenes and incidents in the war, and is the only authentic and official history of that great conflict. Agents are meeting with unprecedented success selling from 20 to 40 copies per day, and it is published in both English and German. CAUTION—Inferior histories are being circulated. See that the book you buy contains 100 fine engravings and 740 pages. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address, National Publishing Co., Phila., Pa. 16-22-71

HO FOR MINNESOTA! 100 ACRE FARMS FREE! The Northwestern Colonization and Free Homestead Company, (chartered by the State of Minnesota), furnishes cheap rates of fare, and locates free Homesteads. Send for free pamphlet giving history of Minnesota, its resources, progress, fertility and advantages. Address, E. Page Davis, Commissioner of Immigration for the State of Minnesota, and General Agent for the N. W. Centre Co., 1st Broadway, N. Y. City. (Active and reliable agents wanted in every locality.) 16-22-71

AUDITORS NOTICE.—In the matter of the exceptions to the account of David Gilliland, executor of A. C. of William S. Gilliland, deceased. The auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre county, to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to the above mentioned account, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of appointment on Tuesday, July 11th, 1871, at 10 o'clock a.m. at his office in the borough of Bellefonte. 16-22-71 IRA C. MITCHELL, Auditor.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL CO., 88 N. J. H. Morrison, Clerk of the Orphan's Court of said County of Centre, do hereby certify, that the Orphan's Court held at Bellefonte, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1871, before the Honorable the Judges of said Court on motion made was granted upon the facts and representations of James E. Mitchell, deceased, to come into the Court on the fourth Monday of August next, and accept, or refuse to accept, of the valuation and appraisement of the real estate of said deceased, and to show cause why the real estate of said deceased should not be sold.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Margaret Wolf, late of Clinton county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. DANIEL WOLF, Administrator. 16-22-71

COAL, LIME, POWDERS REAPERS The best Wilkes Barre anthracite coal from Baltimore, Md., also Shamokin anthracite coal of all sizes, reported to be the family use, constantly on hand and for sale at LOWEST MARKET PRICES. Consumers of coal will please note that our coal is housed under covered sheds, which adds to its value. We now have a wharf at Look Haven for transferring Wilkes Barre coal from boats to cars, and will supply customers by car the latest when desired, from the old Baltimore mines. LIME. Lime burnt with wood or coal for sale at our Kilns on the pike leading to Milesburg. POWDER. Agents for the sale of Duponts powder at wholesale—store on hand. Merchants will find it to their interest to lay in of REAPERS. Agents for the sale of the 'Turkey' Mowers and Reapers, also the March Harrow, on which the binders ride, three men do the work of five, manufactured by Sifer, Wills & Shreve manufacturing company, Lewisburg, Pa. Office and yard near South End of B. E. V. R. R. Depot. SHORTLIDGE & CO. Bellefonte, Pa. 16-22-71

RUIL & GAULT, (Successors to Levi A. Miller) GROCERS & PROVISION DEALERS Allegheny Street, Bellefonte. Having purchased the extensive store of Levi A. Miller, the proprietors take pleasure in announcing to the public that they will keep constantly on hand, the choicest GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FLOUR, SPICES, FRUITS, &c. to be found in the market. EVERY THING AT ALL TIMES. and at THE LOWEST PRICES. 16-22-71

ESTRAY I—Strayed from the premises of the subscriber, in Bellefonte, on or about the 24th of April, a Good Milk Cow, about seven years old, said cow is a dark brindle of small size, with short hair. Any information in regard to her whereabouts, left at the Watchman office, will be thankfully received. 16-17-71

PRINTING IN COLORS A SPECIALTY AT THIS OFFICE.