

Ink Slings.

Fears are expressed that the poet TENNYSON is going blind.

The frogs have already begun to blubber their discordant music.

Eggs down to fifteen cents per dozen. Good gracious! won't JOHN LOSBERGER be glad?

A Lewistowner named STRATFORD, is now making temperance speeches in Cheltenham, England.

The town of Bedford was one hundred years old, on the 9th instant. She got up a feeble celebration of the fact.

Who'd a thought that there were so many "highly moral" young fellows in town? If you don't believe it, ride Republic.

If BOWEN, the Congressional big game, hadn't done quite so much business, he would have saved himself some trouble.

The Marquis of Lorne, a Scottish nobleman was married on Tuesday last to the Princess Louise, daughter of Queen VICTORIA.

Why is one of our lady school teachers in town like a successful sportsman? Because she is an accomplished HUNTER.

Our friend, GRAY, you'll be a candidate for President next year, unless he can't get out of it. Of course, they'll force it upon him.

The new King of Spain can't speak Spanish. His subjects may some day make him walk Spanish, though like they did ISABELLA.

Four grand pianos were recently presented to a newly wedded pair in New York. Of course it won't be long till there'll be considerable squalling.

Hon. R. MILTON SPEER, of Huntingdon, has speared a hole through the charge that he was a free trade man by making a speech in favor of protection.

The removal of SUMNER from the chairmanship of the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, has created a terrible hub-bub in the Radical party.

A school teacher in Michigan made a present of \$40 to the county, just because a boy allowed himself to be whipped for chewing tobacco in school.

The report that Brown intended to write something interesting for his paper, isn't true. He now says that he never had the least notion of such a thing.

The editor of the Republican is about to be presented with a pump for the removal of the gas from his stomach. The "highly moral young men" are to do it.

A letter says that rats originally came from Norway. That's just what we suspected, and the appearance of our cheese box confirms our belief in their gnaw away origin.

LLOYD BRITTON, the darkey who murdered the German, JACOB BAY, was hung in Williamsport on Wednesday the 22d instant. He was as ornary a nigger as ever kicked.

We read of a hen that was so pious that she went into the parlor and laid an egg on the family Bible. She then cackled such a hallelujah about it that the folks had to persuade her to leave with a broomstick.

Mrs. C. Cady STANTON is said to be one of the best Greek and Latin scholars in the country. If English is not expressive enough, therefore, she can "spout for woman's right to wear the breeches in the dead languages.

One of our exchanges says it has received two poems, one on "The Beating Heart" and another on "The Throbbing Brain." It remarks that it will wait until it gets one on "The Aching Stomach," and will then publish all three together. Correct.

BRANDER says that the man who went back on him in the Radical conference, at Huntingdon, was the same fellow who promised ARMSTRONG, now defunct, a hundred majority in Bellefonte borough. That looks like BROWN, it sounds like BROWN, and, by golly, we believe it was BROWN.

A friend took us down the other day by remarking that our amiable friend AMOS, who was married lately, had gone into the stock-raising business. When we asked him what kind of stock, he indignantly replied, "Why, MULLIN stock, of course." We didn't have anything more to say.

A worthy Quaker thus wrote: "I expect to pass through this world but once. If therefore there be any kindness I can show, or any good thing I can do to any fellow human being, let me do it now. Let me not defer or neglect it, for I will not pass this way again." The editor of the Tyrone Herald will please take notice.

Democratic Watchman

"STATE RIGHTS AND FEDERAL UNION."

VOL. 16. BELLEFONTE, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1871. NO. 12

Billingfelt's Sumner Resolution.

We should like to know what business the Democratic majority in the Senate had to pass a Radical Senator's (BILLINGFELT'S) resolution of regret at the removal of SUMNER from the Chairmanship of the Foreign Relations Committee? We should further like to know what difference it makes to us whether he was removed or not. And we should still further like to know when Democrats changed their opinion of CHARLES SUMNER? How long is it since Democratic journals denounced him as one of the very worst foes of the country as well as of the Democracy, and when did he become a man of such grand ability and unbending integrity? To our mind, the Democratic majority in the Senate have made themselves ridiculous—in fact, they should have the word "Ass" written on every one of their double-skulled foreheads.

What in the world is CHARLES SUMNER to the Democratic members of the Pennsylvania Senate that they should make such a fuss over him? All his life long he has been one of the bitterest, basest, most unrelenting and contemptible of the foes of the Democracy. He was bigger all over, from the top of his head to the sole of his foot, and even to day would rather hobnob with FRED DOUGLASS or HOWARD DAY, than with CHARLES R. BECKWITH or WILLIAM A. WALLACE. That he is a man of some book learning and has a knack of using high sounding phrases and gesticulating with his arms, gracefully, in oratory, no one wants to or cares to deny; but that he is a man of real ability—a statesman of whose services the country would be the worse for the deprivation, is not true. He is a mad one idea only. That idea was and is the freedom and equality, politically and socially, of the negro race with the white. On this question he is known to the people and only so by his fanaticism and bitter hatred for the southern portion of the country. On all other questions he has ever been silent. In fact he seems to have no knowledge of the existence of any other issues, so completely wrapped up has he been in his one single and solitary idea. It was the teaching of himself and a host of other like fanatics that brought on our terrible civil war, whereby so many our passions were stirred up and so many thousands of brave men lost their lives.

We see in this fight between SUMNER and GRANT only the culmination of the quarrel between the two greatest egotists of the age. GRANT hates SUMNER and SUMNER despises GRANT. Because the latter wanted San Domingo, the former didn't want it. Had GRANT been opposed to the annexation of that island, the probability is that SUMNER would have advocated its acquisition in the Senate. SUMNER is one of the founders of the Radical party. GRANT is a very late convert. That the latter should come from the tan vats of Galena, and with all his ignorance and boorishness, climb to the high position of President of the United States, was more than SUMNER could bear. He was the great light of Radicalism. In him centred all the learning, the eloquence, the dignity of the Radical party. Hence, he could not brook the smell of the tan yard about the White House. Then, GRANT removed his particular friend MOTLEY, from the lucrative position of Minister to England, and his views in relation to the course that ought to be pursued with the Alabama claims were not allowed to take precedence of all other views. So, a mortal hatred of the President sprang up in his egotistical heart, and ever since the two have been at the fiercest kind of loggerheads.

But why should the Democratic Senators of Pennsylvania take up the cudgel in behalf of the deposed tycoon of Radicalism? We confess we do not know. We are stricken with wonder and lost in amazement at the proceeding! To be sure, we believe they put it on the ground that the executive has no right to interfere with the Senate Committee, but certainly the head of an Administration has a right to get all the opponents of his policy out of office that he can. There was no dictation about it. It was simply a trial of strength between the two, and GRANT proved himself the stronger. His friends in the Senate were the more

timorous, and they, as they had a "perfect right to do, deposed Mr. SUMNER. It was a fair and square transaction, and for our part we are glad of it. It has taught the domineering old Senatorial tyrant a lesson. He can no longer crack his whip, at the sound of which all his brother Senators will dance. He has fallen, and with him has fallen one of the flimsiest and weakest but most pretentious edifices of conceit and vanity that was ever built under the form and structure of a statesman.

We beg leave to call the attention of our Democratic State Senators at Harrisburg, to the fact that they were not sent there to interfere, one way or the other, in Radical quarrels. We hold that it is none of their business, and they had better be attending to the legitimate duties of their positions, instead of helping a SUMNER Radical to pass resolutions in favor of his humiliated champion. Let GRANT and SUMNER and their Radical friends on either side fight their own battles. It does not become you, Democratic Senators, to open your mouths. It is no concern of yours. Let these men fight until they tear themselves to pieces. The sooner both are used up the better for the country. In the event of the utter extinction of both, there are plenty of men, even in their own party, far more capable of filling their places than they are.

We think the Radical Senators at Harrisburg showed more consistency and good sense in standing by the Administration of their chosen President and vindicating his right to have his friends do as they have done, than our Democratic Senators did in lifting their voices in defence of a man who only a short time ago they pronounced all that was despicable and infamous. Surely, a few short months cannot have so completely changed the character of the man that they should now become his laudators! What next? We confess that, after this, we shall not be surprised at anything.

Newspaperial.

Qui Vive is the name of a spicy little sheet published by a company of jovial printers, at James Creek, Huntingdon county, by which our friend and former typo, Mr. ROBERT C. OWEN, is the editor. It is to be printed "semi-occasionally"—which means, we presume, whenever "Bob" can find time sufficient from his other duties to get it out.

The Toga County Record comes to us all the way from Oswego, New York, and is a nice looking paper of 24 columns, devoted to general literature, news and local matters. C. H. KEZLER and O. S. WENSTER are the editors, and their first number promises well for the future.

The Watchman, from Georgetown, Texas, reached us this week, W. K. FOSTER, editor. It is a Radical sheet, which is just the opposite of what we supposed it to be. Moreover, we saw a notice in the time 22d that it was edited by a son of Gen. SAM HOUSTON, the old Texan hero. Hence, our desire to see it. However, we shan't throw it overboard just because it's Radical. To read such papers increases our Democratic faith. But we should like the Watchman to tell us whether Gen. HOUSTON'S son does edit a paper anywhere in that region of country.

The Paper, the new journal established in Pittsburg, having become impecunious, has suspended for the present. We are sorry, as it was one of the ablest, best and newest papers in the country.

The Emperor NAPOLEON left Wilhelmshoe, on Sunday last, for England. He was attended to the train by a Prussian guard of honor, and treated with much respect. He arrived at Dover, England, on Tuesday, where immense crowds were assembled to greet him. As he made his appearance, he was enthusiastically cheered by hundreds of French refugees, who no doubt felt proud of him, even in his misfortune. The English also demonstrated their respect for him, making his reception a most cordial and flattering one. What the future course of the Emperor will be is yet to be seen.

Mrs. Nancy Lewis, of Urcuban, Chester county, now maniacates her food with her third set of natural teeth.

The Lumberman's Lien Law.

Below will be found the Lien Law, securing to laborers in the lumber regions of our county surety for wages honestly due them. It was presented by the member from this county some two weeks since, at which time we gave a synopsis of it. On Tuesday last it passed the House, and is now awaiting action in the Senate. If it become a law, and we have no doubt it will, it will certainly go far towards protecting the interests of the laboring men in our lumber districts, and save to them many a hard earned dollar.

AN ACT TO SECURE TO LABORERS A LIEN FOR THEIR LABOR IN THE COUNTY OF CENTRE.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That all wages that may be due from any person or persons to any workmen or laborer, for work and labor done in, upon and about the cutting, peeling, skidding and hauling of saw logs, squared timber and other lumber in the county of Centre, shall be a lien for a period not exceeding six months, upon all such saw logs, squared timber and other lumber, and shall be paid before said lumber shall be removed by the owner or contractor under such owner, and said debts shall be first preferred and paid out of the proceeds of a judicial or assignee's sale of such lumber.

SEC. 2. For the purpose of enforcing the liens provided for by the first section of this act, it shall and may be lawful for any such laborer or workman, to issue an attachment against the owner of such lumber, or the contractor under such owner, upon proof by the affidavit of the plaintiff on said attachment, or his agent, or attorney, that the defendant or defendants are justly and lawfully indebted to him in the sum claimed, in which affidavit the kind of work and labor done, the time when the same was done, and the nature of the kind of lumber against which the lien is to be enforced, and where the same is situated, shall be set forth.

SEC. 3. Every such attachment shall be issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and shall be made returnable on the first return day of said court next after the issuing thereof, and shall be served by the sheriff of said county, or by some general or special deputy by him appointed, by attaching so much of the said logs, timber or other lumber, of said defendant as will be sufficient to pay the amount of debt demanded in said writ, with costs, and shall deliver to the defendant or defendants a copy of said attachment, with a schedule of the property attached, if said defendant can be found within the county by leaving a copy of the same at his or their residence with an adult member, and if the defendant does not reside in said county, and cannot be found therein, then by leaving a copy of said attachment and schedule with the person in whose possession and care said lumber may be found.

SEC. 4. That the provision of the third and fourth sections of the Act of Assembly approved seven months March 20th, 1869, and eight hundred and sixty nine entitled, "An Act relative to fraudulent debtors," have hereby made parts of this act and made applicable to all proceedings under this act.

The late election in New Hampshire was a complete Democratic triumph. It is true WESTON, the Democratic candidate, fails of an election by the people by a few votes, but both houses of the Legislature are Democratic, and he will be chosen governor anyway.

The New Hampshire law is, that, when there are more than two candidates for Governor, one of them must have a majority of all the votes cast before he can be considered elected by the people. In case he fail to receive this majority he is not elected, and the choice devolves upon the Legislature. This is the case now. Mr. WESTON, although he had a large majority over either one of his competitors, fell a few votes short of having a majority over both put together, and consequently is not elected by the people. But the choice will now have to be made by the Legislature, and as that body is Democratic, of course he will receive the appointment. So it is a great Democratic victory, take it as we may. The entire congressional delegation from New Hampshire is also Democratic, which leaves that State without a single Radical representative in the House at Washington.

The Senate at Washington has not yet done anything toward removing the tariff on coal, salt, sugar, tea and coffee. The House has passed a bill knocking the tariff off all these necessaries, but the Senate will not act on it this session. They seem to think that it will be best for the Radical party not to touch the tariff just now. The interests of the people they care nothing about.

A company for the manufacture of tinned and enameled ware has been organized in Marietta. Twenty five thousand dollars have already been subscribed and \$25,000 more will be secured at an early day.

Bubble, Bubble, Toil and Trouble.

We commend the following article from The Day to the attentive perusal of our young men: The young men of the republic have now a capital chance to gain a full knowledge of American politics. From this time on, to the nominations of 1872, party leaders will be unusually active. Every lever and every string, by means of which the intricate machinery of political action is operated, will be put to use. But as they gaze and wonder, let us hope that the young men will not mistake shadow for substance, or ambition of power for patriotism. As for the former, there is no end of it in the world, but as for the latter, there is mighty little of it, and that little is not very evenly distributed.

But as the boy of this year will be the man of five years hence, he must not refuse to look and to learn. He must not become disgusted at the inordinate selfishness of political managers, and abandon all hope. That will never do. Men cannot choose whose heirs they will be, or what they will inherit. They receive the world as they find it—that is, if they are wise—and if they are worthy of the trust, they will set about making it better. Hence when the young man has the opportunity to study political warfare he should embrace it as eagerly as the young man accepts an appointment at West Point or Annapolis. The observer at this present time will possibly be surprised to note that the struggle is not primarily to see who shall most benefit the country, but rather to determine who shall enjoy the honors and profits of office. We beg the student not to deceive himself into the belief that any of these little Warwick's trouble themselves about the experiment of self-government. They want to govern others, not themselves.

When they descend upon the triumph of certain principles, understand them to mean their own aggrandizement. That is the long and the short of it. These managers become egotistical in time. And the student will soon observe, possibly to his disgust, that the engineers never inquire whether a man has done well for the country, but only—has he done well for the party? On the other hand, the opponents of a public man never inquire whether he deserves credit for merit, but what has he done, or omitted, that we can turn to his disadvantage? These peculiarities may not give the student a very exalted notion of the business about to drop into his hands, and he may turn away in disgust, and vow never to dirty his immortal soul with such tergiversations. Men have done that before. But in a republic there must be no gradery. Young men must prepare themselves for the work. If they can leave their management with honorable purpose their reward will be very great. That may be impossible in five years from this time. But let no young man despair of the republic because he cannot, in the sum of political management, discover anything nobler than cunning, or grander than original sin. We must take the world as we find it, make it better if we can, and if we cannot do that, hold it level for the next generation. Thus, young men, life appears as a great responsibility. Study its duties, its needs, and its political rewards.

DEATH OF HON. ELLIS LEWIS.—The Hon. Ellis Lewis, ex chief justice of the Supreme court of this commonwealth, died at his residence in West Philadelphia, on Saturday, at the age of seventy three. He was born in Lewisburg, York county, and entered the office of the Pennsylvania Republican, in Harrisburg, at an early age. He abandoned printing for the law, and was admitted to practice at the age of twenty-four. Two years later he was appointed district attorney of Dauphin county by Governor Heister. At the age of thirty four he was elected to the legislature, and in a few months thereafter was appointed attorney general of the State by Governor Wolf. Subsequently he served as president judge in the Second and Eighth judicial districts of the State. In 1851 he was elected a member of the Supreme court, and was chief justice from 1854 to 1857. The democratic state convention of the latter year tendered Judge Lewis a renomination, which he declined.

Judge Lewis was not unknown in the world of letters, a realm in which he delighted to labor. He found time to write much for the press, and it was often remarked of him that had he not been a judge, he should have been a journalist. Several universities conferred honorary degrees upon him. He was a man of fine address, of polished manners, and pleasing and varied conversational powers. He leaves two children—a son and a daughter—the former Major Lewis of the marine corps, and the latter the wife of Hon. James H. Campbell, of this city.—The Day.

Instead of reconstructing the south, it is quite evident that radicalism is sadly in need of reconstruction.

No contested election cases in Congress will be acted on until the next session in December.

Spawls from the Keystone.

The Philadelphia M. E. Conference, met at Reading, on Wednesday the 15th.

Christopher Horn, of Franklin township has lost five children recently, by diphtheria, all died within a few days of each other.

Wm. F. Parker, son of the late Hezekiah Parker died at St. Paul, Minnesota, last week. His remains will be brought to Williamsport.

A little unpleasantness at Curwinnville, Clearfield county, one night last week, culminated in a man named Robinson, shooting another named Reed through the leg.

Ex-Congressman Calk, of Schuylkill county, was in his seat six days during the last session of the forty-first Congress, for which he received \$3,000, or \$600 per day.

Recent letters from Hon. Heister Clymer state that he had "come" and in good health. He is traveling in company with a sister who resides abroad. His return may be looked for next summer.

A four year old son of Alexander Heinege, of Conestoga accidentally shot his three year old sister last week, inflicting a ghastly flesh wound. The ball lodged in the thigh but has been extracted.

A son of William Downs, of Limestone township, was ploughing last Monday, with a span of spirited black horses, when they took flight, ran away, and one of them, in jumping over a fence, broke his leg.

Persons Pennsylvania are Christian already at this time of year, as reported by a contemporary, what will become of them when the real hot weather sets in?—Exchange.

Answer: "Make the 'shine fly'."

New Law.—The Senate has passed a bill to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on the day of general election, under a penalty of imprisonment of not more than one hundred days and a fine of twenty to five hundred dollars.

We had the following original wedding to be in the Litusville Courier: Married at Harrisburg, Thursday March 3, 1871, by his Excellency John W. Geary, Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, Mr. Ed. Gray to Miss A. Orange. City of Vengeance County, Pa.

The Warren Ledger says Hugh Malt, of Sugar Grove, a fellow of "exceeding" boldness, who has been interesting himself of late in the half of a new pension bill for soldiers, has disappeared, leaving notice to the amount of about \$2500 for the conflicting endorser to pay.

Dr. D. M. Wood, formerly of Erie, has been promoted to the office of Surgeon General in the navy, the highest position in the corps to which he is attached. This post carries the rank of Commodore, which is equivalent to that of Brigadier General in the army.

The Bedford County Court held two sessions, for noon and afternoon, on Sunday last certainly a new innovation. The trial of Mrs. Charlotte Gordon for the alleged murder of her husband, was in progress and occupied the attention of the Court for nine days ending on Tuesday night in a verdict of not guilty.

Attempting to fill a lighted lamp with oil has found another victim in the person of Miss Annora Ross, of Rosetown township, Westmoreland county. She was about seven years of age when she tried the experiment. A great part of her body was burned to a crisp, and she died in terrible agony on the following day.

LAST VICTIM.—An old man by the name of Joseph Ferguson, an inmate of the Delaware county almshouse, was loitering about the W. & P. Railroad on Tuesday last, and was instantly killed near Unionville Station, by the two thirty train from Philadelphia. He was evidently tired of living and, liberally stepped on the track in front of the approaching train.

The Democratic candidate for the office of Treasurer of McKean county, claims to have been elected at the polls last fall, and the seat is now being contested. The Democratic claimant has secured as his counsel J. R. Clark, Esq. of Warren, a leading Republican while the Republican aspirant has secured the services of Hon. R. Brown, of the same place a leader of the Democracy.

John Nagle, whose death at the age of 99 years is recorded elsewhere, was one of the oldest citizens of the northern portion of the county, the other two, still living being Patrick McVey and Peter Kerrigan, of Allegheny township, each about one hundred years old, Patrick McVey, of this place, aged about 97, and Christopher Luther of Carroll township, aged 96 years.—Cambria Freeman.

Extensive forgeries have been discovered in Philadelphia, committed by Tyron Reade, a young wholesale druggist, and which are said to amount to \$100,000. It is stated that Mr. Reade has been lately engaged in gambling in Reading stock, and that, to make up his losses, he had resorted to the means of raising money by forging the names of highly respectable business men to several bills and getting them discounted at the various banks.

A terrible story comes to us from East Mahoning township, Indiana county, on Tuesday night or Wednesday morning of last week, the dwelling house of Wm. Hopkins caught fire and was entirely consumed, and, horrible to relate, two of his daughters, aged respectively 12 and 20 years, and a little nephew between 4 and 4 years old, were burned to death in the flames. Not a vestige of the little boy is said to have been left except his skull and the remains of the young ladies also were almost entirely consumed. The fire is supposed to have been occasioned by coals dropping from the cook stove and igniting the floor beneath.

The Pennsylvania railroad company is one of the largest, if not the largest, corporation of the kind in the world. It was organized twenty four years ago, and was originally but four hundred miles long, including all its branches. As the country developed it has lessened or annexed one time after another, until it now owns or controls 1500 miles of railroad. The total receipts last year amounted to \$22,000,000. The expenses were \$13,250,000, leaving a net profit of \$8,750,000. It paid a dividend of ten per cent, free of taxes, to the lucky stockholders, and has a surplus of \$1,000,000, and this too, after substituting iron for wooden bridges, and steel for iron on its main route.

The Berks county game association had a meeting on Saturday, at which the president reported that much had been done by the society in inducing the observance of the game laws. The subject of stocking the Schuylkill and its larger tributaries with black bass was considered, and a general interchange of views was had. J. Knuth read letters he had received on the subject of procuring the fish from the Potomac, and after some further discussion a resolution was adopted by which Messrs. J. Knuth, S. U. Hollenbach, Geo. A. Baber, S. B. Stevens and Frederick W. Lauer were appointed a committee to co-operate with the movement and to take such measures as might be deemed proper to secure its success. It was stated that about \$30 had been already subscribed.