

Ink Slings.

The mince pie and sausage season is around again.

November continues to shine as brightly as the days of early spring.

Diphtheria is pronounced only slight in Hollidaysburg. Well, its only a slight place.

Forty thousand majority for Horvax in New York State. How do you like it, gentlemen Radicals?

Mr. PIKE, of the Cambria Freeman, aided by his friend Quinine, has succeeded in conquering the ague.

Snow has fallen in some portions of the country already. Here the mercury has not yet fallen to freeze.

The Radicals undertook to carry West Virginia. But they set her down before they got half way to the end of the journey.

The Democratic majority in Indiana is 2,848. Very good, from the State that Monroe had so confidently gerrymandered.

The late elections have overthrown the two-third Radical majority in Congress. The God and Morality party now tremble for their majority.

Too much running about at night is very apt to result in the penitentiary or matrimony. Young gentlemen, remember that. Don't hasten an adverse fate.

GRANT is anxious to appoint a Jew to some office, in order, we presume to apologize for that order expelling them from the lines of his army. CRAIG GRANT.

There is a rumor that Chief Justice CHASE will soon resign his position. We hope he'll wait till GRANT'S term expires, and then we don't care how soon he resigns.

HORACE GREENEY has told us what he knows about farming. We presume the next thing he tells us will be what he knows about running for Congress against SAM COX.

We saw BROWN of the Republican eat oysters, at his ease, the other night. In silent astonishment we sat by and looked. It is our opinion that he can beat JOHN LOEWENBERGER, or any other man.

Some of the Navy ROBINSON, who have to Norfolk to make speeches for a dinky candidate for Congress. But a sea breaking out, that gallant old sea-boy made a straight coat tail for Washington.

We know some married men in town, who, after kissing their wives good by after supper, come back to them at late bed time, smelling very strongly of cloves. They eat them to kill a bad breath!

Our Bellefonte Radicals are already agitating the new Senatorial district. But they don't like Huntingdon. There's too much BRUCE PETERIX there. The Democratic SPEER is too pointed for them.

A little boy, aged seven years, was killed by being struck in the stomach with a base ball, the other day, at St. Charles, Illinois. Such accidents will cease whenever howling idiots quit playing this infernal game.

A man named ADAMS, unfortunately made a mistake in Pittsburg the other day, and got 24 years in the penitentiary for it. His mistake was only a trifling affair—knocking down and robbing a man in the streets.

Fifteen Radicals in Columbus, Ohio, worked hard to get one darkey to the polls, and then, after all, the ungrateful nigger voted the Democratic ticket. My sakes alive, what a cousin there was about that time.

Chicago has 50,000 children in her public and private schools. This is pretty well for Chicago, considering what a mean place she is. If she will now tell us how many husbands and wives she has in her divorce courts, we shall be satisfied.

Our cotemporary of the Republic writes a long article this week about a visit he has been making to the various hog-pens in this vicinity. So long as he stays in such society, he will be appropriately mated, but we give him fully to understand that we don't desire his presence in the neighborhood of our chicken coop.

Some of our un-country exchanges are trying to get their people excited over the prospective lectures by Dr. CHAMBLE. When we tell them that Dr. CHAMBLE is a regular gorilla, with horns and a pronged tail, that he has slain 40,000 tigers, 23,247 lions, 396 elephants, and about a million other varmints, we know the house will be crowded.

Democratic Watchman

STATE RIGHTS AND FEDERAL UNION.

VOL. 15.

BELLEFONTE, PA., FRIDAY, NOV. 11, 1870.

NO. 44

The League and the Constitutional Convention.

As yet we have not seen a single Radical paper that opposes the League movement for a new Constitution. Those that have had anything to say on the subject have spoken in its favor. All from the same standpoint—all using the same arguments. If the feeling in favor of it was not so unanimous on the part of the Radical politicians of the State, we would have hope that the movement was designed for some good purpose—to effect reform—to benefit our people, and stay the tide of corruption that has been flowing so tearfully since 1860.

But when we see the men, who have been guilty of the very corruptions and extravagance and profligacy and crimes which have disgraced our State, and heaped misery and suffering and exhortation upon our people, for a new Constitution in order to put a stop to their own villainies, we confess our inability to "understand the situation," or to see the necessity of joining in the general clamor for their proposed method of doctoring our State ills, as many of our Democratic exchanges have done.

If the Union League, that has taken the initiative in this movement, and that now talks so glibly about the necessity of reform, is in earnest in the matter, why does it go to the Constitution of the State to begin it? Why not commence at its own door steps and among its own members? There is no one will deny, that since the creation of our State Government, no party, no club, no organization, no political body of any kind, has ever fastened upon the public as many thieving officials, corrupt representatives or political demagogues, as this same Union League has done in the last six years. Its Senators and members of Congress, are the most debauched and devilish pack of thieves that ever breathed outside of New Gate or Sing Sing. Its representatives in the Legislatures of the States are no better. Its chosen officials in the Judicial and Administration departments of the General and State Governments, if anything are worse, and its own officers, advocates and members, and the very set of villains that ever disgraced a government or cursed a people. What does it mean by clamoring for a New Constitution in order to compel reform? Will some of the Democratic Solons, who are laboring with this answer?

Before the Union League came into power, we had honest Legislators, correct laws, faithful governors, and just judges. We had these too under the Constitution as it now is. The League was organized. It succeeded. It revolutionized it corrupted. It intrigued, it deceived. Under it, the teachings of our fathers, and the provisions of the Constitution, alike were disregarded, and villainies, and crime, and corruption, and bribery, and profligacy, characterized all branches of the Government. Of this the people have grown tired. They want reform, and on the 2d Tuesday of October last, began it, by overwhelmingly defeating many of the candidates of the League, and placing in their places, as representatives of reform, members of the party, that years upon years controlled our State under the present Constitution, correctly, conscientiously and honorably.

It is because the people have begun reform, that the League now pretends to favor it. It still controls the Governor, Senate and Legislature. It feels its power wavering. It sees the scepter departing from its grasp. It knows that faith in its profligacy is entirely lost, and hence now under this movement, for a new Constitution while it has the Governor and Legislature, to so sorry mander and fix up the thing, that it may have the control of the Convention and the election, and secure the adoption of a Constitution, that will give it a new lease of power and a longer hold on the public purse.

This is the why—the only why, that radical politicians are availing a Constitutional Convention. They know that a Legislature, elected, owned and controlled by them, will have the power to appoint the number of delegates, and apportion the districts, and they know too, that this will be done with direct reference to the wants and wishes of the radical party. It will

thus secure the Convention—that secured, it will incorporate its negro suffrage, its coolie labor dogmas, its Know Nothing ostracism—its denial of States Sovereignty its protection of capitalists, &c., and coat them over with some reform about special legislation, the State funds, and public schools, and offer them as a New Constitution. This they will adopt with the power of their Marines in Philadelphia, their Federal soldiers in the other large cities and their twenty thousand illegal negro votes throughout the State.

Let the Democratic press and people throughout the State beware! A Democratic, we can afford to wait for another Legislature to take charge of this matter.

Niggers in High Places.

The election in South Carolina is a Radical victory, sure. The whole ticket elected is, including even a negro lieutenant governor, and three possibly more, darky Congressmen. This is certainly a Radical victory, and we wish them joy of it.

But how was it achieved? By the aid of United States soldiers, sent to that State by President Grant, for the purpose of intimidating white voters and preventing them from going to the polls. That's how it was done. All the darkeys in the State voted, while half of the white men stayed at home, disgusted with the way things were going on, and refusing to have any thing to do with the election. In this way the Radicals achieved what they call a victory, but which all decent men pronounce one of the most infamous and disgusting swindles ever perpetrated upon any people.

A nigger lieutenant governor and three nigger Congressmen for South Carolina! Such is the result of the Radical bayonet tactics in that State. What an outrage—what a shame! Is there a white man living, north or south, who does not feel his cheek burning with indignant blood at this shameless, this indecent thing? If there be, he is no better than the ignorant, base born bastards who have been elevated to high positions only to disgrace them, and bring shame and contempt upon the country.

In Radical estimation, this victory, being a triumph over white men, is a grand thing, and they are consequently making much ado about it. But the day of vengeance will come ere long, when all this humiliating outrage and disgrace will be forever wiped out.

Another Joan of Arc seems to have arisen in France, but she is called the Maid of Tours. It appears that, like her illustrious prototype, she claims to have been called by God to clear France of her invaders. Her eloquence is said to be very persuasive, and hundreds are enlisting under her banner. This is all very well, so far as it goes, but the Maid of Tours, we imagine, will find it somewhat harder to drive the Prussians out of France than did Joan of Arc the English. Circumstances have changed since then, and superstition, which worked so much for the Maid of Orleans, will hardly do as much for the Maid of Tours. Nevertheless, we shall be glad to see her succeed, and if she can win for herself as high a niche in the Temple of Fame as her celebrated sister of long gone years, she will achieve a triumph that will, mayhap, conduce to the advantage of the aspiring women of her sex, in this country, in a political way. At least, they wouldn't be backward about bragging of it. So, go in, Maid of Tours!

Father Goun, late of the National at this place, since his removal to Emporium, has got himself into jail—that is, we mean he has become the jailor, and lives in the jail building. But he is not a success as a jailor, it seems. At least, we have his own words for it in his paper of the 3d instant, as follows:

Let us—We have been priding myself on being a model jailor and in my own imagination, that we would become a terror to evil-doers by the stern and dignified manner we should inflict justice and the safe security of those under our charge would in time be rewarded by a promotion. But, alas! These elegant anticipations have vanishes, and so has our only prisoner. He departed at three o'clock to-day in the full vigor of his manhood. We realize now that leaving jail is not our best hold. We shall in a future article publish what we know about being a jailor.

Forgive thyself nothing and others much.

Among our Exchanges.

A good many people in Bellefonte like to play croquet. In fact it is quite a fashionable game here, and is indulged in frequently. But it must be stopped. It must be played anymore. It is a sin. At least the Methodist Episcopal conference of Wisconsin says so, and we don't see how such a body could say anything that wasn't true! We do wish we had known sooner that it was a sin to play croquet, for then we might have warned our people, and thus saved much wickedness. But, perhaps some hardened sinner may ask us for our authority for saying that croquet-playing is a sin. If so here it is from one of our exchanges, which copied it from one of its exchanges and didn't give any credit:

The Methodist Episcopal Conference of Wisconsin, which met last week at Janesville, has made a new application of church discipline, which will be grievous to the souls of young christians of that denomination. They must not play croquet anymore, for it is wicked. The report of the majority of the committee, to whom the subject was referred, advised that ministers feel "with great care" the requirements of the discipline that no amusement be engaged in that "does not tend to the glory of God." Certainly, a quiet has no such tendency, as the glory of God is understood in that particular Conference, and therefore, croquet must be abandoned by members, or worse comes of it. This seems to be perfectly logical. However we do not believe according to the tenets of that Conference, with a single eye to God's glory, nobody should play croquet, for it cannot be pretended that to knock wooden balls about with a mallet, for the sole purpose of sending them through an iron wicket, is anything else than a purely carnal amusement. With this view of it, it is clearly the duty of elders to frown upon such an abomination, to first labor with sinners by tender ministrance, and, if they prove hardened and obstinate, to cast them out from among the faithful.

That's what's the matter with croquet. But, after all, people will have their own ideas about it, just as they have about other matters. And, speaking of ideas, the Columbus Crisis thinks it has an idea about white men, which it gets off in good style in the article below. Curious as it may seem, we always had an idea, too, that the white man had done something for this country, although, of course, we suppose the principal credit ought to be given to the negro. "The colored troops fought nobly," you know? But here goes the Crisis:

In the midst of the crusade against the white race for the elevation of the negro, perhaps it would not be amiss to cite a few of the meritorious acts of white men. White men were those who first discovered America, white men were those who first founded colonies in America, white men were those who threw British tea into Boston harbor, white men were those who first disputed the right of King George the Third to rule America, white men were those who promulgated the Declaration of Independence, white men were those who fought so successfully the battles of the American Revolution, white men were those who founded the Government of the United States, white men were those for whose benefit the Government was established, white men were those who organized the Constitution of the United States; white men were elected by a free people to administer the Government for the benefit of the governed, white men were those who brought the American flag to be respected everywhere as an emblem of power abroad and protection at home, white men were those who handled the Government for eighty years, and made our prosperous Republic; white men are those who comprise the earnest, true men of the country, who contribute to its wealth, push its arts and science into the front rank of civilization's grandeur; and white men should be permitted to enjoy the fruits of their labor, and stand by negro legislation and negro elevation, to that exalted position which gives him the "highest power," in our civil government. What acts of the negro entitle him to the commanding influence the Radical party have legislated him into?

Parties, like individuals, often over shoot the mark, and thus has emphatically been the case with the Radicals in the matter of West Virginia. They divided the "Old Dominion" in the hope of adding a State to their list of Radical commonwealths, but the end has been exactly contrary to their anticipations. On this subject, the Philadelphia Sunday Mercury has the following:

It is an old proverb that "curses, like chickens, come home to roost," and, upon the same principle, had measures of government, contrived by unscrupulous party men for party purposes, "return to plague the inventors." There is an example at hand strikingly illustrative of the maxim. During the late civil war, Congress, in which Virginia was not then represented, passed an act cutting that State out of one of the two States out of one. This was done in plain violation of that provision of the Federal Constitution, Article 4, Section 3, Clause 1, which expressly declares that "no new State shall be formed or created within the jurisdiction of any other State;" nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or parts of States, without the consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned, as well as of the Congress. Commenting on this in the forty-third number of the Edinburgist, James Madison says, "The general precaution that no new States shall be formed without the concurrence of the Federal authority, and that of the States concerned, is consonant to the principles which ought to govern such transactions, while the particular precaution against the creation of new States by the partition of a State without its consent, guards the jealousy of the larger States, as that of the smaller is quoted by a late pronouncement against a junction of States without their consent."

But notwithstanding this clear constitutional provision, Virginia was cut in two, without her consent and at a time when she was not in a situation to express her will upon the subject at all, and West Virginia was cut out of her and organized as a new State, by the arbitrary power of a "rump" Congress. This was done in order to give their Radical Republican party additional votes in both branches of the Federal Legislature. Now mark the distribution. The Democratic party in West Virginia have just carried the elections there by a decisive majority, gaining certainly two out of three Congressmen, and probably such a preponderance in the Legislature of West Virginia as to give them the choice of a United States Senator. Nor is this all. The former State of Virginia, has, by the partition mentioned, had her voice in the Federal Senate practically doubled, with the probability that it will in the end be held and expressed by Democratic Senators for an indefinite course of years. Thus do time make all things even; at once correcting the wrongs that are inflicted for unjust purposes upon defenceless communities or minorities of people, and causing the evil machinations of corrupt and tyrannical majorities to recoil upon themselves and become the means of their own defeat.

That the ex Emperor, NAPOLEON III, has betrayed his country, we do not believe. We do believe, however, that he badly managed his army matters of late years, and that the present overthrow and humiliation of the French Empire, is the result of that mismanagement. The French Emperor was a very able man at one time, but all health and old age have robbed him of his former vigor, and he has been imposed on and deceived by his ministers. The result is that he has been beaten in his struggle with Prussia. That he ever entertained any idea, however, of betraying France in to the hands of her enemies for the purpose of crushing the republican spirit of her people and securing permanent rule for his family, as intimated in the following article, we do not credit for an instant. We believe he went into the war with Prussia honestly and patriotically, under the impression that his course was a just one, and without the remotest idea that he could be overcome. He believed in the strength and valor of the French armies and in the enthusiasm of the French people. That his expectations have not been realized, does not make him a traitor. The following article from an exchange, it will be seen, differs widely from our views, but we give it as showing what absurd conclusions some people come to:

Frenchmen begin to believe that Napoleon has betrayed France, and are gradually and deliberately losing their own advantage. They point out that for years he has been steadily losing his popularity, while Republicanism has been gaining strength. They declare that he could not have retained his throne much longer, and that he knew that France was nearly ready to free herself from his rule. They argue that it was his will that the recent surrender took place, and that he and all the other monarchies of Europe knew that a French Republic was an impending danger, and were resolved to prevent it. Therefore he planned, they say, a war with Prussia, in which France was to be crushed; therefore, he surrendered at Sedan; therefore, his trusted servant, Bazaine, surrendered at Metz. It is a theory, which finds intelligent advocates, that all this was done that finally, after the ruin of the French military power, Louis NAPO-

LEON SHOULD BE REINSTATED BY THE INFLUENCE OF PRUSSIA AND OTHER CONTINENTAL POWERS. The honors paid to him at Wilhelmshohe, the recent negotiations between Bazaine and Bismarck, followed by the immediate repudiation of the Emperor and Empress, the absolute refusal of Prussia to recognize any government in France excepting the Imperial, give color to this theory. It is astonishing, but it is not incredible. That Louis Napoleon breeds and hates republicanism, that his meanness has infinite capacity, is notorious, no one can doubt, it who has read his history of infamy.

Spawls from the Keystone.

- Holiday shurg has the diphtheria
Lewistown is bringing out its home lectures
A good idea
The interest in the Hanlon murder case in Philadelphia continues to increase
Blair county has just completed one of the best arranged prisons in the State
The store of James Patterson, in Williamsport, was robbed last week
John Spangler, of Stony Creek Somerset county, killed two porcupines, last week
The Jews of Danville are going to build a new and beautiful synagogue
Jefferson Davis was at Bethlehem last week on a visit to his niece, the widow of Hon. Richard Brodhead
A fire broke out at Parker's landing, on the 10th inst., destroying two thirds of the town, with a loss of \$100,000
Lawney's two dwellings and two stables near Allegheny City, were burned on the 7th inst. Loss \$10,000, insured for \$4,000
Stephen A. Anderson, two miles from Mill Creek, gathered ripe strawberries on his farm last week. They were the Wilson Albany
The doctor of Huntingdon (Robt. Say) has been shown an apple that measured one inch in circumference. What a whopper of an apple!
Judge Woodward has removed with his family from Wilkes-Barre to Philadelphia, where he will hereafter practice his profession.
Joseph Young, one of the oldest and most respectable citizens of Indiana, Pa., accidentally shot himself through the heart, while out gunning on the 20th ult.
Burglars interviewed the Huntingdon Postoffice, on the morning of the 27th ult., to the amount of two hundred dollars in postage stamps.
John Allen, Jr., of Orer township, is the best deer shot in Millin county. He shot one square between the eyes off-hand at 142 yard distance.
An old dilapidated bank note is going the rounds with a piece of yellow paper pasted on the back of it, on which is written, "Go it, Bill, I'll back you."
A young child of Peter Helfrick of Plattsburgh, Cambria county, whilst the family was making apple butter, fell into a kettle of boiling cider, and was scalded to death.
Lizzie a daughter of Benjamin Shpley, whilst walking across a plank at a canal lock at Millington, was blown into the canal and drowned. She was fourteen years old.
W. Bunk, an engineer on the Pittsburg Port Wayne & Chicago railroad, was run over at Pittsburg on the 10th inst., and both legs were cut off near the hip. He died on the spot.
On Saturday last, October 29th, E. Moore, a young man belonging to Williamsport, devoted his life by taking a large dose of laudanum at the Danville hotel, in Danville.
The extensive Woolen Mills of John Campbell on the west bank of the Schuylkill river, opposite Manayunk, were destroyed by fire on the night of the 6th instant. Loss \$80,000; insured for \$45,000.
Samuel McClinton, of Perry county, died quite suddenly from a paralytic stroke and in half an hour afterwards his daughter, Mrs. Stoner died both being buried together the day following.
A locomotive whistle got out of gear the other night near Watsonstown, in consequence of which the engine could not shut off the steam. He had to "let her howl" all the way to Sunbury.
A few days ago Mrs. Catharine Spittler, of East Buffalo, near Lewisburg, was pecked upon the back of the hand by a chicken, causing a slight abrasion of the skin. The wound caused erysipelas, which increased until death ensued.
On the 10th inst., Mrs. Lewis, wife of John Lewis, near Bald Eagle, Blair county, died very suddenly. She did her customary house work in the morning, suddenly fell unwell and in a few moments was dead. The deceased was in the 60th year of her age.
Joseph Kearney, of Berry township, Mifflin county, invited his wife to whom he had been married but a few months, to take a walk a short time ago, and after strolling to an out-of-the-way place, jumped over a fence, drew out a razor and cut his throat from ear to ear. It is thought he was laboring under a fit of insanity.
Fire—A disastrous fire occurred at the borough of Trunkhannock, the county seat of Wyoming county, on Thursday last week, consuming a large portion of the town. It originated in the barn connected with the Hufford House. About twenty buildings were destroyed, and the loss is estimated at \$100,000.
During the trial of John Hanlon for the murder of the little girl, Mary Mohrman, large crowds have visited the Court House daily, a large number being women. Yesterday one of the tipslaves of the court counted the number of women whose curiosity had been excited, and found that 461 had visited the room from the time of opening the court until noon.
MURDER—A cold blooded murder occurred at Shamokin on Monday night last, in which Mathew Kearney, of Cold township, lost his life, being shot and killed by Jacob Shook, the keeper and owner of a house of ill fame in the above named place. The Shamokin Herald says, "from the evidence brought out at the inquest we gather the following particulars: About eleven o'clock Kearney, in company with Edward Carey and Daniel Eisenhart, visited the house of Shook—where it appears a dance was being held—and demanded to be let in but were refused. They remained on the premises insisting upon being admitted, for some time when Shook opened a door on the south side of the house and fired two shots from a revolver, after which he went to a door at the east end and fired three more. Shortly after the firing some of the party in the house went out and found Kearney lying on the ground about 5 feet from the S. E. corner of the building, dead, having been shot in the back of the head, the ball entering nearly on a line with the ears.—Sunbury Democrat.