

The Democratic Watchman.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Grant—the Fenians—Cuba.

To the Editors of the WATCHMAN—

Dear Sirs: We have proclaimed and it was generally understood that the people of this republic were always ready to aid all people struggling for liberty. Can we repeat that assertion any more? No. It is the President of the United States represents the American people, we are confounded. What did he say in his first message to Congress? "Cuban Independence, and Alabama claims the world being to a final issue, reconstruction could take care of itself."

What has he done in either the one or the other? Johnston was called home, Motley was sent to replace him, and it was who persuaded radical organs, that this veteran statesman, backed up by the cowardly, lying, drunk, drunken-to-death grant, would demand the money from the British Government, and that the main of grant was sufficient to insure it. But his ingenuities were found out that he was a traitor and a fool, and they showed him gold, as did Goldbugs when he landed on the shore, show gold and silver to the Indians. Columbus captured the Indians in like manner, the British captured the Fenians, so the personal gain of this would be Washington ended the Alabama claims, until a few weeks ago, when the British Government, when the administration denied the right of suffrage as a consequence were no citizens because they did not accept of the Fifteenth Amendment.

Can You Keep A Secret.

Dorothy said Ichabod, pale and trembling, to his wife, "Dorothy I have a secret, and if I thought you would keep it, I would not hesitate to reveal it to you; but, O Dorothy, woman!"

Why, Ichabod, it must certainly be a secret of great importance, for you are in awful agitation. You know, husband, you can place implicit confidence in your wife. Have I ever given you occasion to doubt my fidelity?"

Never, never, Dorothy, but the secret which I have to communicate is one that requires more than ordinary faithfulness and prudence to prevent you from divulging it. O dear! I shudder when I think of it.

Why husband, do you know how your lips tremble and your eyes roll? What is the matter? Ichabod, surely you cannot mistrust the confidence of one who vowed at the altar to be faithful to you. Come, unbosom yourself!

May I rely on your fidelity? "Ichabod, you know you may!"

Well, then—we are both ruined! "Undone—I have committed murder!"

"Murder!"—and I have buried him at the foot of a tree in the orchard!

O, awful! Ichabod committed murder! This indeed has ruined us, and our children with us."

Ichabod left the room, and Dorothy hurried off to a neighbor.

Mrs. Prattle observed a great change in Dorothy's countenance, and her general appearance, so great, indeed, as to cause her to inquire into the cause of it.

O, Mrs. Prattle, said Dorothy, "I am the most unfortunate of women! I am ruined forever."

"Mercy! Dorothy, how gloomy you look! What has turned up to make you look so dejected? Why, you sigh, woman. Tell me the cause."

I wish I might, Mrs. Prattle, but the occasion of my unhappiness is a secret which I am not permitted to divulge.

O, you may tell me Dorothy, I shall never speak of it again.

"Will you promise never to reveal it to any person living?"

You know, Dorothy, I never tell secrets."

Well, Mrs. Prattle—I scarcely dare say it, my husband has committed murder, and buried him at the foot of a tree in the orchard! He told me of it himself! For heaven's sake don't name it to any one!"

"Murder! Indeed, indeed, Dorothy, you have reason to think yourself ruined! Poor thing! I pity you from the bottom of my heart."

Dorothy went home weeping and wringing her hands, and Mrs. Prattle, leaving her dough half kneaded and her infant crying in the cradle, hastened to hold a tea-tete with Mrs. Tella.

persons and property. But the Democracy do now and will forever repudiate the act, the spirit which actuated the actors and the means taken to pass and enforce the Fifteenth Amendment." The act is a fraud upon the country, concocted not in a spirit of magnanimity or justice toward the negroes, but for the purpose of enabling the Radical leaders to retain political supremacy, notwithstanding the changing sentiment of the people against the party in power. If, in the Northern States, the concoctors of this contemptible and debasing scheme should lose all they thought to gain, (and the probability is very strong that they will,) it will be a just retribution upon them, for, in that event, they will be consigned to a position of obliquity by no means enviable.

The Radical press, like one of the late editors of the New York Tribune, tell us that "the world accepts accomplished facts," and will accept negro suffrage as readily as anything else. We will see. The negro suffrage "fact" will not be accomplished until the people have abolished the existing minority rule and resumed the power of which for the past ten years they have been unjustly deprived by "reconstruction" laws, bayonet elections and "germandering" of election districts. If we are not very much mistaken the XVth amendment will then share the fate of the individual who thought an injured husband had tacitly accepted of "accomplished fact."

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Soon after this confab ended, the report of Ichabod's having committed murder became general, and the disclosure of the fact was traced to his wife Dorothy. Process was immediately issued against him by a magistrate, before whom, in the presence of a multitude of anxious spectators, he gave the following explanation.

"My object," said Ichabod, "in the course I have pursued, was to test my wife's capability of keeping a secret. I have committed murder inasmuch as I killed a toad, and buried it at the foot of a tree in my orchard. How far my wife is capable of keeping a secret, has been sufficiently proved, and with respect to the murder, those that feel an interest in it are at liberty to inspect the body."

Living in Europe.

Why American Women Like it—Cheaper Habits of Living and Dress—Going to Paris to acquire the Fashion.

Undoubtedly economy is a leading motive in taking so many American women abroad, for habits there are much less expensive than here, the same articles of dress costing much less, and a far less quantity of them being required. The expenses of young girls there are next to nothing, for a school girl in Europe has neat clothing, but nothing of what we call dress. I met an elegant New York mother in Paris, who had just got three or four pretty daughters to boarding school there, with no articles in the wardrobe more showy than the plain black gowns of the regular pattern. Surely a great change from our New York fashions, which bring all the treasures of the dressmaker, milliner, and sometimes even of the jeweler, to bear upon the pet girl of fourteen or fifteen years, who is forced to bloom out into the precocious woman when she should be in the bud of her childhood. Not only is dress less expensive abroad, but, as I said in a previous article, the whole method of living is simpler. The choice here at home is between an expensive house and a hotel or costly boarding house. It is difficult, almost impossible, to procure here for a moderate price comfortable apartments. Free from nuisances and with proper privacy. The moment we go into cheap quarters, we find that the nasty goes with the cheap, and we are lucky if dirt is the only bad neighbor. In Dresden, Florence or Paris, nay, even in Rome, we can find good rooms, generally for a small sum, where we can live and see our friends as really and independently as if we owned the whole block. I called on two American ladies in Rome in November, far up in the old palace, and found them as much at home as once in their own father's house, on the Connecticut. They had their servants to look after their tables, and they could have a carriage at any time at the door to take them to a concert, or gallery, or church, or to the Campagna when they chose, without being troubled by any body else in the house. Here with us those ladies would be held responsible for the whole establishment, and their character and fortune would be mixed up with the whole neighborhood. Such instances explain the fact that so many women go abroad to find frugal living and refined associations at once. There is generally, of course, some man of character to advise them, yet a banker seems to be sufficient protection, and it seems to me that some of our most accomplished women had learned to take care of themselves all together.—Dr. Osgood.

How an Old Darkey Calculated his Age.

The Petersburg (Va.) papers related the following registration incident in that city:

An aged colored man came up to his voting place on crutches, seeming to have great difficulty. The prescribed formula, "How old are you?" was asked, when the old man was thrown into much perplexity. Recovering himself, however, he muttered in an undertone, which was overheard:

"Well, how old is my old massa?"

"It so happened that a gentleman was standing by, well acquainted with him, who promptly answered:

"Your old massa is about fifty five years old."

"Well, how old is my massa?"

"She is about forty-five years of age."

"An' Miss Sally?"

"Thirty-five, perhaps, next fall."

"An' your missus?"

"Nineteen this coming August."

"Well, I see older den all put together for I knows when dey all was born. It is needless to say that the old man was passed amid the good feelings of all present.

TARIFF ON POTATOES.—Dunn Pratt thus pathetically sketches a tariff scene in the House: "In the same way Mr. Peters came in for protecting the potatoes of Maine. With tears in his eyes he pulled out two potatoes—small potatoes, that he carries in his pan-pockets to ward off rheumatism, and begged the House to stand by poor old Maine who was reduced to her last potato. He said pathetically that Boston like a vampire sucked the life blood from Maine. The Hub, he said, was a great sucker, all the representatives on the floor from Massachusetts were suckers, and the biggest sucker of them all was Old Ben-Butler. Old Ben at this swung up and said in wrath that the potato was the food of the poor, and he would not have its price enhanced by the proposed duty. Maine was not so poor as she let on. She had her lumber and she had her hay. He (Butler) had been on the landing in Boston, and saw as many as six hales of hay from Maine at one time. But the agricultural ducks sustained our little Peters, and his potatoes were protected."

A lady who writes a long communication to the St. Paul (Press) in opposition to female claims for the ballot, and growing hotly enthusiastic towards the close, breaks out into paradoxical poetry, of which the following verse is a specimen:

The vote that all are praising Is not the vote for me, Its claims are so amazing, 'Tid rather far be free, But there's a vote in yonder crib, A baby vote, shrill and gay, That vote is worth the raking, And that's the vote for me! Oh! that's the vote for me!"

The New Orleans Times asserts that some sad news received recently "dropped like a great stone into the well of a world's heart, and splashed the water into its eyes."

SCHOOLS IN THE MOUNTAINS AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

Spring term begins WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13th, 1870, with every facility for the training of youth of both sexes, in all that constitutes a liberal and thorough education. The plan of the institution embraces three separate departments for the accommodation of three different classes of pupils: First, a

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT, where children will be carefully instructed in all the Elementary English Studies—Second,

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT, embracing a thorough course in Orthography, Reading, Geography, Arithmetic, English Grammar, History, Penmanship & Book-Keeping—Third,

COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT, embracing all the higher branches taught in first class Seminars, including the Latin, Greek and French Languages, Engineering, Latinity, Natural Sciences, and advanced Mathematics.

MUSIC AND DRAWING are made regular branches in the course of study and will be taught to the pupils without extra charge. Each scholar has the share of individual attention.

INSTRUCTORS: REV. J. P. HUGHES, A. M., Teacher of Ancient Languages and Natural Sciences; REV. L. A. PUGHES, A. M., Teacher of Mathematics and English Studies; MISS MARY E. SNYDER, Teacher of French, Drawing and Literature; MISS E. W. HUGHES, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

A limited number of boys can have a pleasant home with the Principal, where very necessary attention is given to promote the moral, physical and comfort of those committed to his care. For further particulars, address: BELLEFONTE, PA. REA T. P. HUGHES, Principal.

Watchmaking & Jewelry.

FRANK P. BLAIR, (Successor to J. H. Hahn) PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER. A GLENNVIEW, BELLEFONTE, PENNA. ALSO DEALER IN

American English and Swiss Watches, Clocks, Fine Jewelry, and Silver plated Ware. Watches Repaired on the spot.

SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES.

And warranted to GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

MASON MARRS, GLENNVIEW, PENNA. SOCIETY BADGES.

Mention of a short notice. Selling Gold and Silver Jewelry Manufactured to Order. DON'T FORGET THE PLACE. Next door to Harper Bros, Store, Spring St near Bush, Bellefonte Centre county, Pa. 1870.

Printing.

BILL HEADS. Every business man should have a printed heading on his Letters and Bills, and his Cards printed on his Envelopes. The cheapest and the best place to get them is at the office of the

DEMOCRATIC WATCHMAN.

W H A

Because our stock of paper is very variety is purchased from the manufacturers at the lowest prices, and our facilities for printing are unparalleled.

EVERY KIND OF JOB PRINTING DONE IN A STYLE THAT DEPIES COMPETITION.

Furniture.

S. H. WILLIAMS & CO. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

COTTAGE FURNITURE. All kinds of TURNED WORK.

furnished to the trade at CITY PRICES.

Also TURNED PANELS, BALUSTERS, and HAND RAILING, furnished to Builders.

Upholstering, Repairing Furniture and every thing pertaining to the business promptly attended to.

Factory, near Blanchard & Co's. Plashing Mill.

UNDERTAKING. We also make COFFINS, and attend funerals ever in this part of the country.

WARE ROOMS: OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE. 16-12 BELLEFONTE, PA.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

JOHN BRACHBILL, Manufacturer and dealer in HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, SPRING STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Keeps constantly on hand a choice assortment of Matts, Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Bedsteads, &c. A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will always be found at LOW PRICES. 16-46-17

FURNITURE WARE ROOM. Howard Street, Bellefonte, Pa., where

Bureaus, Lounges, Sofas, Hat Racks, Wash Stands, Stools, Chairs, Extension Tables, Etc.

of every description, quality, and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in central Pennsylvania. \$10-20 HENRY P. HARRIS

Liquors.

LATER AND BETTER NEWS. Notwithstanding hard times, high taxes, and other public oppressions, intense excitement reigns at the

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE. In the marble front on Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa., where is kept constantly a full supply of the

BEST LIQUORS.

Acquiesce lower than can be found elsewhere outside of Philadelphia. His stock consists of the best

Old Rye, Bourbon, Monongahela and Old Irish Whiskies, Holland Gin, Cognac, and other

Brandies; Jamaica and New England Rum, German, Madeira, Sherry and Port

Wines, Cordials, and All kinds of Straps, which he is selling so low as to astonish all.

J. B. ETTELE, DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES & LIQUORS.

In the room formerly occupied by the Keystone Bakery, on Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa., takes pleasure in informing the public that he keeps constantly on hand a supply of choice Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

All orders warranted to contain the amount marked. The attention of practicing physicians is called to his stock of PURE LIQUORS, suitable for medical purposes. Bottles, Jugs, and demijohns constantly on hand. He has the

ONLY PURE NECTAR WHISKY on hand. Liquors are warranted to give satisfaction. Liquors will be sold by the quart, barrel, or cask.

He has a large lot of BOTTLED LIQUORS. Of the finest grades on hand. Confident that he can please customers, he respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

THE HEIRS and LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES of PETER SEYLER deceased, take notice that, by virtue of a Writ of Partition, issued out of the Orphan's Court of Centre county and to me directed, an Inquest will be held at the late residence of Peter Seyler deceased in the township of Waller, and county of Centre, on Friday the 8th day of July, 1870, at 11 o'clock a. m. of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoliation of the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you may be present, if you think proper.

15-19 D. W. WOODRING, Sheriff, May 10th 1870.

Books and Stationery.

LIVINGSTON'S BOOK STORE. (Established in 1848). At this well known establishment may be found everything in the

BOOK LINE, whether THEOLOGICAL, CLASSICAL, LAW, SCIENTIFIC, OR LITERARY

An extensive assortment of FAMILY BIBLES, with or without Photographs, Plates, hanging in prices from \$3.75 to \$25.00. Also all the Day and Sunday School Books in general use.

BLANK BOOKS, LEGAL BLANKS, LEGAL BLANKS, STATIONERY, etc.

Prompt attention given to orders. A liberal discount made to those who buy to see again.

NEW BOOK STORE. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Books, Stationery and News Emporium.

JACOB D. MILLER. Has purchased the Book, Stationery and News establishment of Kinios and Bro., on Allegheny street, near the Diamond, to which he has just added a large invoice of goods, such as is generally kept in a well conducted Book and Stationery Store. His stock consists of Theological, Medical, Law, Miscellaneous, Sunday School, School Books, Times Books, Pass-Books, and Journals. Every grade and price of Cap. Legal, Letter, Blank and Note Paper; fine French Paper. Envelopes of every description and Price, Pens, Ink, India-stone, Erasers, Ruler, Pen-knives, Transparencies, and common Staples, Slate Pencils, Lead Pencils, Crayons, etc.

Also Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazine and Sheet Music, a large supply of Legal and Stationery Blanks constantly on hand. Also U.S. Internal Revenue Stamps at face. He is also Wholesale Agent for Lochman's Celebrated Writing Fluid.

Country merchants would do well to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I can sell at manufacturers prices. Books got to order when desired. \$130-34-17

Hotels and Saloons.

BROKERHOFF HOUSE. ALLEGANY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

HOUSEL & KROM, (Proprietors.) A first class hotel—comfortable rooms—prompt attendance.

All the modern conveniences and reasonable charges. The proprietors offer to the traveling public and to their country friends first class accommodations, and careful attention to the wants of guests, at all times, at fair rates. Careful hostlers and good stabling. An excellent table well served. A bar, supplied with the best of liquors, foreign and domestic, and every thing requisite in a first class hotel.

Our location is in the business portion of the town, near the post office, the court house, the churches, the bank, and the principal places of business, rendering it very eligible place to stop for those who visit Bellefonte either on business or for pleasure.

An omnibus will carry passengers and baggage to and from all trains free of charge.

BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PENNA. RICHARD A. HOWELL, Proprietor.

This elegant hotel, having come under the supervision of the undersigned, they would respectfully announce to the public that they are prepared to accommodate them after the style of the best houses of the order. The House is a magnificent building, splendidly furnished, and capable of comfortably accommodating

THREE HUNDRED GUESTS. It is situated near the depot, and convenient to all places of business, and is the best hotel in central Pennsylvania. Its waiters are obliging, polite, and attentive. Its tables are supplied with every luxury. Its stables are supplied with the best of liquors, foreign and domestic, and every thing requisite in a first class hotel.

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GARMAN'S HOTEL—DANIEL GARMAN, Proprietor.

This long-established and well-known Hotel, situated on the southeast corner of the Diamond, opposite the Court house, having been purchased by Daniel Garmann, he announces to the former patrons of this establishment and to the traveling public generally, that he has thoroughly refitted his house, and is prepared to render the most satisfactory accommodations to all who may favor him with their patronage. No pains will be spared on his part to add to the comfort and convenience of his guests. All who stop with him will find his table abundantly supplied with the most sumptuous fare the market will afford, done up in style by the most experienced cooks. His bar will always contain the choicest of liquors. His stabling is the best in town, and will always be attended by the most trustworthy and attentive hostlers. Give him a call, and he feels confident that all will be satisfied with their accommodation. An excellent library is attached to this establishment, which attracts from abroad will find greatly to their advantage.

CUMMINGS HOUSE. JAMES H. LIPTON, Proprietor. BELLEFONTE PENNA. The undersigned, having assumed control of this fine hotel, would respectfully ask the patronage of the public. He is prepared to accommodate guests in the best of style, and will take care that his tables are supplied with the best in the market. Good stables attached to the hotel, with careful and attentive waiters. The traveling public are invited to give the Cummings House a call. 16-30-17

NATIONAL HOTEL. MILLERIM, PA. JONATHAN KREMER, Proprietor.

Having purchased this admirable property, the proprietor takes pleasure in informing his friends, that he has refitted and refurbished it from top to bottom, and is now prepared to accommodate travelers and others in a style that he hopes will prove not only satisfactory, but pleasant. His table and bar, will not be excelled by any in the country. His stable is large and new, and is attended by experienced and attentive ostlers. 16-30-17

MONTEUR HOUSE, LOCK HAVEN.—E. W. BIGONY, Proprietor.

This elegant Hotel, formerly known as the Washington House, on Water street, is now ready for the reception of visitors and boarders. It has been recently refitted and furnished, and is always supplied with the best of liquors. Lock Haven will find this the pleasantest place in the city. A free bus conveys the guests of the house to and from the trains.

SALE BILLS NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE.