The Democratic Watchman,

BY P. GRAY MEEK.

JOE. W. FUREY, Associate Editor.

Terms, $2 per Annum, in Advance.

BELLEFONTE, PA:

Friday Morning, December 24, 1869.

Then and Now.

When Senator Fessenden voted to clear Andrew Johnson from the impeachment charges, the Radical press and Congressmen united in denouncing him, and almost went so far in their bitterness as to call him a traitor. But Fessenden, noble old Roman that he was, despised their denunciations and paid no heed to their censure, satisfied that he had done his duty, and feeling in his conscience that he had served God.

But, not long ago, Mr Fessenden died. Suddenly, the Radical tune changed. Newspapers that had been bitter in their condemnation of the Senator a short time before, immediately discovered that he was a great and shining light. Long obituaries were published, in which Mr. Fessenden was lauded to the skies, and all former imputations against his integrity indignantly condemned. He was an honest, fearless, impartial public servant an ornament to the country and a credit to the Radical party. So said the Radical papers.

At the opening of the present Congress these same laudations were repeated. Eulogies upon the lamented dead were pronounced by the very men who had been foremost to condemn him for his course in the Johnson matter. He was no traitor, but a noble, noble just man, who feared God and was not afraid to to do his duty.

Now this is all true. Although Senator Fessenden did not believe politically as we do, yet we never had a doubt of his integrity, and he was one of the few Radical statesman to whom we gave credit for honesty of purpose. But how meanly do these laudations sound now, after the death of the Senator, coming from lips which vilified him when living. On this subject the *Bellefonte Spirit* says. "But how strongly do these utterances of Radical Congressmen, now that the grave has closed over this distinguished Senator contrast with the vituperation and contumely which these same men heaped upon his head when he cast the vote which, above all the votes of his life stamped him a brave, upright man. We mean the vote of "not guilty" as to Andrew Johnson when fanaticism had arraigned him at the bar of the United States Senate charged with high crimes and misdemeanors. How strikingly he exemplified the majesty, dignity and integrity of his nature when he uttered these bold, noble words: 'I should consider myself undeserving the confidence that the just and intelligent people imposed upon me in this great responsibility, and unworthy a place among honorable men, if for any fear of public reprobation, and for the sake of securing public favor, I should disregard the convictions of my judgment and conscience.'

In acting thus, Senator Fessenden was looking beyond the passion of the hour to the time in the future when reason would resume her sway, and his motives be properly appreciated. That time has come. The hounds who were on his trail during the impeachment trial, hoping to influence his action by threats as to the consequences likely to ensue, and who, after the failure of impeachment, hunted him down with relentless fury, have been compelled to cease their yelping and are now foremost among those who are trumpeting his virtues to the world. The storm of party hatred has swept by and the voice of calumny is hushed, while men of all parties delight in paying their tributes of respect to one who had the moral courage to subordinate party interests to the promptings of duty, at a time when he knew his action would thwart the whole scheme concocted by his strongest political friends."

—It looks very much as though the Government was paying a premium on crime. Daniel E. Sickles, who shot Philip Barton Key, is now United States minister to Spain, Gen. Cole, who murdered Hiscock, has a lucrative situation in the New York Custom House, and Miss Harris, who shot her seducer, Burroughs, has also just been provided with a situation in the Philadelphia post office. Truly, Radical sympathy with crime is becoming demonstrative.

—A charitable chap who died in Maine recently, willed a thousand dollars to each of his county papers. We trust he has gone to the happy land.

"Much Ado about Nothing."

The Watchman seems to bother some of our cotemporaries, and they try to say sharp things at our expense. The following is the latest we have seen:

> The names of the two editors who now run the Bellefonte *Watchman* are singularly appropos. One is *Meek* and the other is *Furey*.—*Ebensburg Freeman*.
>
> The Bellefonte *Watchman* is printed by water power and edited by *steam* power. No reference to "pitchforks" or gun slings.—*Hollidaysburg Standard*.
>
> The Bellefonte *Watchman* is now run by water power. It was formerly run by Gas.—*East Brady Independent*.
>
> Every one of the Bellefonte *Watchman* wants us to invite Daugh Meek and him to Harrisburg to fill a stock of sunshine out and a pocket full. You can have some, and how we would rejoice to see the bull the hog and the bonds eating together that which makes their favorite "slings." No personality intended.—*Harrisburg Independent*.
>
> Meek and Furey run the Bellefonte *Watchman*.—*Globe*.
>
> You would not read it reading, like you do the *Globe*.—*Watchman*.
>
> He editor Meek don't know the fall of the Globe [so old a publication] and while we run to destruction we'll excel to perfection, preaching we don't get sent to the Legislature. Eh!—*Globe*.

—Hon. John W. Stevenson, Governor of Kentucky, has been elected United States Senator from that State to succeed Mr. McCreery. Gov. Stevenson is an able man, and will do honor to the constituency that sends him to represent them on the floor of the Senate. What a pity it is that we cannot have more men of his calibre in our congressional halls.

Resumption of Specie Payments.

In the financial columns of the Philadelphia *Ledger* we find the following response of the probable action of congress in regard to the resumption of specie payments:

> It seems to be very generally conceded among business men that neither the President nor the Secretary of the Treasury are in favor of fixing a time for the resumption of specie payments. Notwithstanding this, there will no doubt be varied and innumerable projects before Congress during its session looking to this very desirable consummation. But we greatly mistake the signs of the times, if there is any time named by law in which the Government will pay all claims on it on demand in coin. We know that Senator Sumner expresses the opinion that it may do so on six months' notice, and there is much to show that Senator Sumner is a very influential man at Washington; but the facts will prove, we have little hesitation in saying, that he is not potential on this subject. Financially, the Secretary of the Treasury is not ready for it, and politically it is believed it would be disastrous to the party attempting to enforce it now. The Secretary is doing a more popular thing by a continuance of cheap money and buying largely of the public debt. Resumption would cause contraction and a narrowing of all prices. Every party in debt would feel that he was additionally taxed to pay it as the money of the country gradually appreciated, and every man holding real estate stocks, securities, and property of every character, would feel poorer as these prices respectively steadily declined under a more valuable money. There would be a continual marking down of values. This would happen as an inevitable consequence, and would naturally be most unsatisfactory, to say nothing of the collateral effect of the lessening of enterprise and the curtailment of almost every kind of business by reason of the fear of still further fall of prices. Thus, come when it may, and by whatever party, will array such a force in opposition as may sweep it from place and power. Hence the shrewd men at Washington, however advantageous resumption may ultimately prove to the best interests of the country, will not risk so much personally to themselves to its attainment. So, financially and politically, the thing is improbable just now. Neither the Executive nor the Legislative branches of the Government are in favor of it. But the Judicial branch just now occupies a position on the question of considerable importance. Notwithstanding positive assurances to the contrary, reiterated time and again, it is asserted that the Supreme Court of the United States will decide the legal tender act unconstitutional. This apprehension has cast a gloom over those most prominent in opposition to any immediate resumption, for a decision of the Supreme Court that the legal tender law is unconstitutional is a short cut to resumption. Should the Court further postpone a decision in the suits pending before them, or dispose of them on some technical point, then resumption goes over indefinitely.
>
> Mr. Ingersoll's bill in Congress to increase the legal tender circulation $44,000,000, after two or three unsuccessful efforts on the part of Mr. I. to have it referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, supposed to be favorable to it, has finally been disposed of by a reference to the Committee on Banking and Currency, four of the members of which Committee had just previously voted to table it. The vote of the House shows that there are twenty-five majority against laying the measure on the table, and the sixty-four who voted for doing so can certainly be counted on as determinedly opposed to any further inflation. The vote on sending it to the Banking Committee instead of to the Committee on Ways and Means was 99 to 57, and as everybody understands that this Committee is against inflation, these ninety-nine might as well have voted directly to kill the bill. Not much can be made, in a party point of view, out of the vote, for Democrats and Republicans were much divided on every call of the yeas and nays. The Eastern members almost to a man voted for sending the bill "to the Committee of Ways and Means. These proceedings may be taken as conclusive that the bill has little chance in the House, and renders it probable that any attempt at an increase and inflation of the currency will meet a like fate. The object of Mr. Ingersoll's bill is to restore the $44,000,000 withdrawn under the act of April, 1866, and before the law was repealed. The present amount of greenbacks issued is $356,000,000, having been reduced from $400,000,000 by the $44,000,000 which Mr. I. proposes to restore. We have no idea that there will be any determined effort made to bring about an immediate resumption of specie payments, and perhaps little of any importance will be effected in reference to the currency. If anything is done it is more likely to be an increase of the present limit to the issue of National bank notes—probably $50,000,000.

Shall Independence Square be Desecrated.

The Philadelphia *Sunday Mercury* has the following appropriate article on the projected erection of new public buildings on Independence square. We trust the attempt to desecrate that holy ground will not be successful. The *Mercury* says:

THE NEW PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Last week the *Press* and the *Ledger* urged Councils to hurry forward the scheme to place the new public buildings on Independence Square. They are so afraid of a change of site, that they want the spade put into the ground and the axe to the trees in that venerable enclosure, before anything can be done to prevent the desecration. The *Ledger* advises the Commissioners to give out the contracts for the work forthwith, notwithstanding there was no money appropriated for the purpose, and said that if it was too late for Councils to provide for the expense in the general tax bill for the next year, they might and should pass a special ordinance for, raising the required amount. And this it thought, ought to be done, to keep "the pledged faith of the city." Goodness gracious! How's that? Who pledged the faith of the city to erect a great barrack in the State House yard? If any such pledge was ever given, it should be revoked. The honor of the community is more concerned in saving that sacred ground from such profanation, than it possibly can be in making good any such promise, express or implied. But if Councils really made the illegal engagement, was it not an abuse of their authority to do so without taking the sense of their constituents on the subject? The projected buildings are needed for the public business, we admit, and the money to build them should be provided, and so far the public faith might properly be pledged. But when and in what way was that faith pledged as to the site? The people have never been heard upon the question. Neither the present, nor any preceding Councils, were elected with reference to it. It is probable that if it had been, or were now put to popular vote, the voice of a large majority of tax payers would be cast against hiding one of the holiest spots of earth in this wide land under an ugly pile of bricks and mortar. The very trees in that square, if they had tongues, would cry out against such sacrilege. Some of them yet standing overlooked the Convention that declared the independence of the American Colonies, and that later one which framed the present Federal Constitution, and under their shade and along the paths that stretched beneath them, sat or moved the master minds of our Revolutionary era, as they revolved, in silent thought or solemn converse, the portentous events and issues of a crisis big with the grandest empire that ever issued from the womb of time. It has always seemed to us that those trees are a part of the history of that epoch—the surviving witnesses and memorials of it—and that to touch them with an axe, would be an act of profane violence that might well move the very stones in the streets to mutiny. We shall not cease to protest against it. The people of this city should never permit it to be done. If done the people in all the rest of this country will denounce it as a wound given to the spirit of the nation, a shame put upon its honor, and the base iconoclasts will be damned to a more odious immortality than the youth who "fired the Ephesian dome." The *Press* actually had the stupid audacity to say last Thursday, in urging the erection of the buildings on Independence Square, that the edifice will be valuable to posterity, "not only for its utility, but *as a memorial of their ancestors!*" What must posterity think of those who would destroy the very birth place of the nation—blot out, at least from human view and recognition forever, the scene of those acts which called the nation into being and gave it a constitution? A memorial, indeed! A monstrous pile of stone placed on that hallowed spot would be a monument of infamy for all concerned in its erection and an eternal reproach to this city. The community is not pledged to any such abomination, and if it were, the pledge, as we have said, should be retracted. If it were not belittling the subject, we could easily show that the ground it is proposed to violate is not large enough to admit a building of adequate dimensions for the present wants of the public business, and that it will allow of no expansion to meet the still greater wants of fifty years hence. But this view of the question we disdain to associate with the higher argument of patriotic veneration, which should alone preserve the State House Square from destruction.

The Letters of Junius.

It seems to be pretty well ascertained that the "Junius" letters were written by Sir Philip Francis. On this subject the Harrisburg *Patriot*, has the following interesting article:

JUNIUS.

A writer in Lippincott's Magazine for January, 1870, (advance sheets of which have been kindly furnished us by the publishers) gives the following proof of the identity of Sir Philip Francis and the celebrated Junius: Upon the publication of the fac similes of the famous "feigned hand" of Junius, a Mrs. King (*nee* Giles), of Youngsbury in Essex, at once recognized it as the handwriting of an anonymous note which she had received in 1770, at Bath, with a copy of verses inclosed, written in a different and unknown hand. From various circumstances, she had always believed and stated that this note came from Philip Francis; but as the evidence on that point was not satisfactory, the story attracted no great attention. Upon the publication of the *Life of Sir Philip Francis*, about two years ago, however two lines of the verses in question were found quoted in a letter from Richard Tilghman of Phila delphia (elder brother of the late Chief Justice Tilghman) to Francis dated September 29, 1773, in a manner plainly implying that Francis had transcribed them. This led to a careful examination of the original papers, when it was found that the copy of verses *was in Tilghman's handwriting!* Now, Tilghman, as appears from the *Life of Francis*, while a law student in the Temple in 1769 and 1770—the two most important years of the Junius period—was the intimate friend of Francis, who was his near relation, and was with him at Bath at the time the verses were delivered. These facts led to a most careful examination, by the first experts in London, of the original note in which the verses were enveloped, and they unhesitatingly pronounce it to be, beyond all doubt, written in the "feigned hand" of Junius. It follows that Junius was the writer of the note. His friend Tilghman wrote the verses (no doubt copied them for Francis); and when, three years afterwards, we find him quoting the verses in a letter to *Francis*, the conclusion is irresistible that one of the two wrote the note which enveloped them. But the writer of the note was Junius, which Tilghman could not have been, because, among a thousand other reasons, the Junius letters began before his arrival in England and continued after his return to America. It follows, therefore, that Francis was the writer; and thus, after the secret has been kept in impenetrable mystery for just a century, a trivial accident has led to its discovery and to the absolute demonstration that Francis was Junius. The writer in "Lippincott" states that he himself computed the fac similes of the note with those of the feigned hand of Junius, and that of the verses with numerous contemporaneous letters of Tilghman, now in the possession of his relatives in Philadelphia, and concurs in the opinion of London experts that there cannot be a doubt of the identity in either case.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

New Advertisements.

TIMBER LEAVE FOR SALE!

All the standing timber on seven tracts of land, three thousand acres, being about ten millions feet of white pine together with large quantities of yellow Pine, Hemlock, and Oak located on Beech Creek in Clinton and Centre Counties will be sold on easy terms, and at a low figure.

The timber is on a navigable stream is easy of access and can be put in the Bald Eagle Boom for $1 50 per thousand feet board measure. For further particulars apply to J. J. Morris, Milesburg, or at Bellefonte to

D. F. FORTNEY
P. GRAY MEEK

14-50-5w*

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

JOHN FARERIA,

718 Arch St

Middle of the Block, between 7th and 8th South side,

PHILADELPHIA.

Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality of

FANCY FURS

FOR LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR

Having enlarged, remodeled and improved my old and favorably known FUR EMPORIUM, and having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, and have had them made up by the most skillful workmen I would respectfully invite my friends of Centre and adjacent counties, to call and examine my very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Furs, for Ladies and Children. I am determined to sell at as low prices as any other respectable House in the city. All Furs Warranted. No misrepresentations to effect sales.

JOHN FARERIA,
718 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

14-37

TO THE WORKING CLASS.

We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalled offer. To such are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, that will do commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published, all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address,

E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Augusta, Maine.

14-45-13w

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, on Monday evening, October 18 1869, one Samuel B. Hopper, an indentured apprentice from Girard College, Philadelphia, about 16 years old. Said Hopper is about five feet and eight inches high, slenderly built, blue eyes, light hair and florid complexion. Had on when he left a suit of light, grey-mixed cassimer, and a black hat. All persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting him on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting.

GEO. D. PIPER,
Bellefonte, Pa.

14-49-3t.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, living near Jacksonville, Lucinda Young a bound girl, aged about fourteen years. The public are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting her on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

PHILIP GATES.

14-49-3t.

FOR SALE!—A "HOME" Cooking Stove—small size—suitable for a small family with pipe, &c. For further information inquire at this office.

Legal Notices.

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Francis R. Crissman by her next friend Jesse Travel vs. John Albert Crissman. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County. No. 36. April Term, 1869.

The commissioner appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county to take testimony in the above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bellefonte on Friday the 14th day of January, A. D. 1870, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day.

D. E. FORTNEY,
Commissioner.

14-51-3t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Daniel Hosterman administrator &c. of Peter Hosterman deceased, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte on Monday the 17th day of January A. D. 1870, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all persons interested are required to attend and present their claims or be forever thereafter debarred from coming in on said fund.

ADAM HOY,
Auditor.

14-51 4t.

TO THE HEIRS AND LEGAL Representatives of Christian Clevenstine, deceased, take notice that, by virtue of a Writ of Partition, issued out of the Orphan's Court of Centre county and to me directed, an inquest will be held at the late residence of Christian Clevenstine, deceased in the township of Walker and the county of Centre on Saturday, the 15th day of January, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law at which time and place you may be present, if you think proper.

D. W. WOODRING,
Sheriff.

TO the Heirs and Legal Representatives of John Bailey, deceased:

Take notice that by virtue of a Writ of Partition, issued out of the Orphan's Court of Centre County and to me directed an inquest will be held at the late residence of John Bailey, deceased, in the Township of Ferguson, and County of Centre, on Tuesday the 18th day of January A. D. 1870; at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased to and among his heirs legal representatives; if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law at which time and place you may be present, if you think proper.

D. W. WOODRING, Sheriff
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa. 14-48-6t

PENNSYLVANIA, CENTRE CO ss:

I, J. P. GEPHART, Clerk of the Orphans' Court of said County, do hereby certify that at an Orphan's Court held at Bellefonte, the 23d day of November, A. D. 1869, before the Honorable the Judges of said Court. On motion rule was granted upon the heirs and representatives of Peter Fleisher deceased to come into the Court on the fourth Monday of January next, and accept or refuse to accept, at the valuation and appraisment or show cause why the real estate of said deceased should not be sold. In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court at Bellefonte the 23d day of Nov A. D. 1869.

D. W. WOODRING, Sheriff. J. P. GEPHART, C. O. C.

14-48-7t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the real estate of Michael Dougherty deceased.

The undersigned an Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre county at November term 1869 to make distribution of the balance of monies, in the hands of the administrator, and trustee in the sale of the above estate, to those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bellefonte on Friday the 14th day of January A. D. 1870, at 1 o'clock P. M.

JNO. G. LOVE,
Auditor.

14-50-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the estate of Michael Dougherty deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre county, to distribute the balance of monies in the hands of the administrator of said decedent, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte on the 14th day of January A. D. 1870, at 1 o'clock P. M.

JNO. G. LOVE,
Auditor.

14-50-4t.

1869. CHRISTMAS. 1869.

PRESENTS! PRESENTS! PRESENTS!

A rare chance for one and all to purchase

A Beautiful Christmas Gift

for a relative, friend, lover or sweetheart.

ZIMMERMAN BROS. & CO.,

again invite the attention of the public to their greatly increased stock, at reduced prices.

Just read the list, and then go and take a look.

Fine all wool French Merinos, yard wide,	65 cts. to $1.00
Magnificent all wool Empress Cloth	55 to 90 cents.
Splendid Plaids	30 to 75 cents
Superb Black Alpacas	40 cts to $1.00
Magnificent Sets Ladies' Furs $6 per sett.	
Wool Blankets $3 and $3.50 per pair.	
Appleton, a yard wide, muslin 16 cents per yard by the piece	
Best Calico 12½ cents per yard	

And the prices run the same way through the elegant stock of NOTIONS of all kinds. It is, beyond a doubt, the most complete labor saving machine for the household ever invented—simple, durable, effective, cheap, and therefore accessible to every family.

And also SHERMAN'S PATENT CLOTHES WRINGER, the best in use.

These machines are manufactured at the Bellefonte Planing Mill, and all inquiries should be addressed to

E. F. BARTLEY & Co.
Proprietors.

4-42

Sales.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE!

The undersigned offers for sale Two very desirable lots on the Bellefonte and Lewistown turnpike at Pleasant Gap, whereon there is erected

A GOOD TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE,

and Stable. There is also on the lots a thriving young orchard of apples, peaches, pears, &c., a never failing cistern at the door. They will be sold on very reasonable terms, as the subscriber intends moving to the West. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of

R. W. FISHBORN.

14-48-3m.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of Centre county there will exposed to public sale at the residence of Henry B. Holt, late of Boggs twp., deceased, on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 21st 1870,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., all that

MESSUAGE OR TRACT OF LAND

situate in the township of Boggs, about three miles north of Milesburg bounded by lands of John Holt, McCoy, Linn and others, containing

THREE AND THREE QUARTER ACRES,

all of which is cleared, and in good condition, having erected upon it,

A LOG HOUSE, STABLE, &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, the residue in one year thereafter with interest to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises.

T. M. HALL,
Admin'r &c'd'r of

14-48-4t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Centre county there will be exposed at public sale, at the residence of the late J. B. Taylor, in Howard township, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1870,

at 10 o'clock of said day, the following valuable Real estate

SIX ACRES MORE OR LESS,

upon which is erected

A TWO STORY LOG HOUSE AND STABLE.

The land is all cleared, and has upon it fruit of various kinds.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

T. M. HALL,
Administrator.

14-48-4t

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE

The large and valuable Real Estate held by Dr. Wm. J. Wilson in his own right and by the heirs of the late Mrs. Mary Wilson in Potter Township, Centre county, will be sold at private sale, on terms to suit purchasers, as follows:

1st. A lot of ground adjoining the village of Potters Mills containing about

SIX ACRES

with a large Two-Story Mansion, Two-Story Office, Stables and other out-buildings thereon erected. The grounds around the house are tastefully beautified with shrubbery. It is in all respects a desirable property, and is well situated for business purposes.

2nd. A tract of land situated near Centre Hall, adjoining lands of Peter, John and Geo. Hoffer, George and Daniel Durst, Francis Alexander, and others, containing

FOUR HUNDRED AND TWELVE ACRES AND ONE HUNDRED AND SIX PERCHES

This tract is now divided into

THREE FARMS

one of eighty acres, one of one hundred and fifty acres and one of one hundred and sixty-four acres respectively, with three sets of farm buildings. That part lying east of the turnpike containing about thirty acres will be divided into small lots to suit the people of Centre Hall if desired. That part lying west of the turnpike will be divided into three farms of about one hundred and twenty-eight acres each, or in any way that may suit purchasers.

3rd. A tract of land near the "Old Fort," adjoining lands of Geo. Odenkirk, John R. Keller, Jacob Arney, Samuel Foster and others, containing

THREE HUNDRED AND FORTY THREE ACRES AND SEVENTY FOUR PERCHES.

Thereon erected is a complete set of farm buildings and two extra tenant houses.

This tract will be sold as a whole—as divided by the turnpike—or in such other sub-divisions as may be desired.

The two tracts last described contain lands of the best quality which is in excellent condition, many of the improvements being almost new. They are reached by the best roads in the county.

They can be divided so as to give a sufficient amount of good timber land to each farm.

Inquire of Dr. WM. J. WILSON, at Potters Mills, of the tenants on the property or

McALLISTER & BEAVER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

14-27-tf.

FOR SALE.—Three new two-horse wagons, two second-hand wagons, one cart, one truck wagon, and two buggies, together with a variety of plows and cook-stoves will be sold at ten per cent. less than market value for cash.

v14n11 ISAAC HAUPT

GREAT DISTRIBUTION BY THE

METROPOLITAN GIFT CO.

CASH GIFTS TO THE AMOUNT OF $500,000

EVERY TICKET DRAWS A PRIZE.

5	Cash Gifts, each	$20,000
10	" " "	10,000
20	" " "	5,000
40	" " "	1,000
200	" " "	500
300	" " "	100
50	Elegant Rosewood Pianos each	$300 to $700
75	Elegant Rosewood Melodeons, each	75 to 100
350	Sewing Machines each	80 to 175
500	Gold Watches "	75 to 300
	Cash Prizes, Silver ware, &c., valued at	100 000

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25 cents. Tickets describing Prizes are sealed in envelopes and well mixed. One receipt of the *sealed ticket* is drawn, without choice, and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticketholder on payment of *one dollar*. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. *Any prize exchanged for another of its same value.* No blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES.—We select the following from many who have lately drawn Valuable Prizes, and kindly permitted us to publish them: Andrew J. Burns, Chicago, $10,000; Miss C. A. S. Walker, Baltimore, Piano, $600; James M. Mathews, Detroit, $5,000; John T. Andrews, Savannah, $5,000; Miss Agnes Simmons, Charleston, Piano $600. We publish no names without permission.

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