

"The Empire is Peace"—"Let us have Peace."

In a recent letter Senator Davis alluded to the situation of parties and sections in this country, and concerning this with the peculiar and startling means which are being used to elect Grant, argued with great force that such an election would make this President a candidate at the head of his army of "Czarist Imperialists."

The New York Tribune makes an exceedingly laudable attempt to ridicule this suggestion. Similar alarms have been sounded so often, in times of comparative safety, that the Tribune deems it only necessary to laugh at this one to induce the people to disregard it as the shepherd boy's cry of wolf.

New methods of legislating "outside of the Constitution" for unrepresented populations, have been invented. This instrument which once held the needful safeguards for the rights of States of property and of persons, as well as of the several departments of the Federal Government, has been found to be too cumbersome and too slow in its action.

Why may it not be used to change the Constitution in toto and to ordain a monarchy? It is no wonder, then, that the vein of humor in which the Tribune attempts to treat the foregoing of Mr. Davis should prove to be very heavy indeed.

Not is it strange that the Tribune should in this connection mention itself "stuffed of hearing about the Romanesque?" The reckless effort to which party rivalries were carried and the animosities of civil war kept alive for party purposes at Rome, created the opportunity which has never existed in the history of any civilized nation.

The situation which resulted at Rome in the despotism of the Caesars bears in every essential particular, a startling analogy to that which the Radicals are preparing as an opportunity and a temptation for Grant's ambition. It matters not that they do not so intend it. It is by the passions and not by their reason that people enslave themselves.

He is all the more dangerous because he appears in the powerful secret of the dominant party. It is as the Angel of their passions that he must acquire the power to become their master. They go into a partnership of violence and usurpation with him to make him President, in the hope that, through him, the despotism of the Radical party may become fixed and secure.

Let our Radical friends read a little history and then laugh at this if they can! Whenever a republic has fallen, it has been effected by some such conni-

ance between the parties out of power and the chosen instruments of the dominant faction. A Rump Parliament once made Cromwell Lord Protector, and thought that in doing so they had obtained complete control of the Executive; but they were ignominiously kicked out of their seats by their servant.

In that page of history the Radicals of this country can witness the operations of the Nomis which factious upstarts are creating. They are erecting a government of force to hold power in spite of the white majority, and doing this they are preparing the minds of that majority to receive when this new element comes to plague the inventor.

The Napoleons were elevated as the favorites of Republican France, and both of them became Emperors by the assistance of the dissatisfied monarchist. "But," say the Radicals, "Grant is a common place man, and don't want to be Emperor. He is neither a Cromwell nor a Napoleon." True, but it is also true that the Bonapartes were not Cromwells, nor was Cromwell Caesar.

Let us look a little further at the practical effect of this exemption. A man desires to retire from business, put his money in some productive investment, and take his ease. He sells his farm or store house, and invests the proceeds in Government bonds. He returns from business. He no longer continues to earn his living in the sweat of his face, according to Divine Command.

Let it be remembered, that the Radicals during the nine years they have been in power, have collected twenty five millions of dollars, and have only redeemed four millions of the debt, thus squandering or stealing twenty one millions, which the law forbade them to touch for any other purpose, than the reduction of the State debt.

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The Way it is Done.

The Hon J. C. Allen of Illinois, made a speech in Indianapolis, last week, in which he explained

WHY THE BONDS WERE EXEMPTED.

Why is it that these bonds should be exempt from taxation? Is there any reason which can be given for their exemption? I remember well that a reason was given when these bills were pending in the United States. It was assigned as a reason, that to subject these bonds to taxation for state, county and municipal purposes, would decrease their value to the holder.

AN ILLUSTRATION.

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What it Will Lead To.

Have candid, moderate men considered what will be the consequence of a triumph of the Jacobin party in the coming election? Men of violence, revolutionary in their spirit, intent upon carrying out impracticable theories, is it safe to leave the Government longer in their hands?

The history of the French Revolution is full of instruction and warning. There the moderate men, one after the other, all went down before the fury of the Jacobins. So it has been in other countries, and will be here, until the party itself shall be put down by the uprising of the sober-minded, order loving people, who have become tired of the violence of fanaticism, and alarmed at the prospect of interminable disorder and ever increasing extravagance and corruption.

Does any man hope for repose, for stability, for order and prosperity, with the Government in the hands of such a party? It is without practical wisdom without statesmanship, and devoid of visionary theories and impracticable schemes which an experiment will fail, and yet will be persisted in to destruct ends because there will be wanting both capacity, to discover, and candor and patriotism to adopt measures of deliverance and safety.

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The Radicals.—What They Arg. and Who They Are.

The Press yesterday republished an article from the Indianapolis Journal headed "Who are Democrats?" As this opens an interesting field of inquiry "on the other side," we subjoin a partial list of the distinguished radicals of the country who are advocating the election of Grant and Colfax. Here are some of the worthies:

Parson Brownlow, who said he would rather go to hell with a loyal negro than to Heaven with a copperhead, is a radical.

Carl Schurz, who publicly announced that God was an imaginary being, the Bible only fit to amuse children, and the Christian Sabbath a relic of barbarism, is a radical.

Benjamin F. Butler, who took such good care of the silver spoons in the South that they have never been seen or heard of since, is a radical.

A. Algora Bradley, and ex convict from Sing Sing, and a colored carpenter banger, who wants to go to Congress, is a radical.

Parson Kellock, who was expelled from his parish in Massachusetts, on account of his beastly conduct, is a radical.

Hector Tyndale, who applauded the echo the brutal conduct of the murderer and incendiary John Brown is a radical.

Nathaniel P. Banks, who proposed to let the Union slide, is a radical.

William Lloyd Garrison, who denounced the Union and the Constitution as a league with death and a convent with hell, is a radical.

John A. Bingham, who assisted in the conviction and murder, by a military commission, of an innocent woman, is a radical.

Edwin M. Stanton, who helped to slaughter Union soldiers in the South by refusing to accede to a fair exchange of prisoners, is a radical.

Simon Cameron, who was compelled by President Lincoln to resign the office of Secretary of War, on account of his "hue and cry" raised against him and was censured by his own party in Congress, is a radical.

John W. Forney, who was forced to relinquish the lucrative position of Secretary of the Senate by Simon Cameron on account of serious charges made against him on the floor of the Senate, is a radical.

Morton McMichael, Mayor of Philadelphia, who "went a fishing" when the President came to town, and grossly insulted the chief magistrate of the nation is a radical.

T. C. Calhoun, who is now in prison in New York, for defending the government as a revenue thief, is a radical.

James M. Ashley, who wanted a government agreement for a friend, and wrote to the latter that in case of his success he desired to have a finger in all the contracts, is a radical.

Turner, the negro in the Georgia Legislature who denounced the white men of the country and announced that he intended to call a convention of his people, and send for carpet baggers, scalawags, Yankees, and any body else, is a radical.

The president of the Union League at Anderson, Texas, who is now in jail for swearing is a radical.

Horace Greeley who was willing to "let the wayward sisters go in peace" when secession was first threatened in the South, is a radical.

The spies and informers who were organized into a band of mercenaries during the war, and levied black mail on successful and unoffending citizens in the North are radicals.

The loyal leaguers who incited the masses to pillage, and arson, broke into private mansions, destroyed printing establishments, and muzzled free speech are radicals.

Whenever you hear a Radical declaim in favor of paying the 5-20 bonds in gold just ask him how much this will increase the national debt which is now two thousand six hundred and forty millions of dollars. If he does not know tell him his three bonds amount to the sum of one thousand, five hundred millions of dollars, and with gold at a premium of 40 per cent, will add to the debt just six hundred millions of dollars, besides thirty six millions of dollars of interest annually. The debt will then be in round numbers three thousand two hundred millions, the interest of which is one hundred and ninety-two millions in gold. At the last Presidential election we polled four millions of votes, every vote is therefore indebted to his "free country"—and for which the present Radical party has entered judgment—for \$500, the interest of which is annually \$165. Add in the face of all these treacherous facts, these loyal hypocrites talk about paying the debt in gold, when they can scarcely raise money enough to buy the greenbacks, national currency and shillings to pay the interest.

It is an official fact that the Auditor-General's Office, under the present incumbent, General Hartranft, has cost nearly \$20,000 more than under his Democratic predecessor. Why is this? The amount of labor performed does not warrant the increased outlay. Nothing appears on the surface to justify the account of expenditures as presented and paid. What, then, has become of the money? It has been squandered upon political favorites, who have drawn salaries for no labor. There are hundreds of such tools of the Radical party in the State. They attend to political matters, and are fed and clothed and made rich on the money made by hard working, honest people. Some of these corruptors are quartered on the Auditor-General's Office, and that accounts for the increased expenditure of that department of the State. If people wish to see the expenses of the Commonwealth reduced, they must elect the Democratic candidates for Auditor-General and Surveyor-General. They will dismiss the useless persons in those offices, and thus save thousands of dollars to the tax payers.—Age.

"I will have no policy of my own" says Gen. Grant. The mongrel policy as shown by the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, is a further increase of twelve millions more to the public debt.

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Robbery.

The little petty thief who may rob a hen-roost, or may steal some of the necessaries of life for his party and country, can be punished by our courts of law; but the thief who is backed up with the robes of office and hundreds of thousands goes at large with impunity, and not untruly becomes the greatest gentleman in society. The following lines come in good taste as society is now constituted:

"A little thieving is a danger usart, But thieving largely is a noble part, 'Tis vile to rob a hen-roost of a hen, But stealing largely makes a gentleman."

How frequently do we hear of frauds on the government? Hardly a paper can be opened and hardly a column scanned, but you read of frauds, most stupendous, against the government, yet, when you where can you read of any punishment? This cannot and dare not be continued if we desire the perpetuation of our liberties. Our sins and iniquities are based upon the morality and honesty of the people—undermine these, and our whole fabric of civil and religious liberty will apply to pieces. What, then, must be done to arrest the downward tendency of our institutions? Restore the Democratic party—the party that had made us what we were before the war, and what we desire to be again.—Humble Citizen.

Doomed!

In an article on the prospects of the campaign we ventured the opinion that the week that Radicalism was done, the New York Tribune is opposed to appointing to the party job to work, and some planning of the indifference in its ranks. The Philadelphia Press is urging the party to go to work, or declare itself unable. Among the most striking of these appeals is that of the Ohio State Journal, the leading Radical organ in Ohio. In

"For Heaven's sake, frankly work! Work from this day on! Do not allow us to be beaten in Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania, New York, and in the whole country!"

These conspirators against the rights and interests of the people began their hand-writing on the wall? How their hand-wrote appeals for work? They hear the clatter of the Democratic party along the whole line, in a shouting and a howling of Radicalism in Ohio and November.

We like to cheer our friends and encourage them in the good fight they are making for the restoration of civil government, that just laws, equal taxation and equal rights may be secured to all good citizens. Your friends in the States have the enemy in sight. We must beat them in West Virginia.

—In talking with the Editor of the political issues of the day, we cannot help being impressed with the fact that the party having all the intelligence, the Radical and non of them will not work. Seymour "got up" a list in New York. We heard of one the other day who swore that General Frank Pickens carried throughout the war, and that there are hundreds who believe that the Democrats want to re-establish slavery in the country, and as a result, who greedily swallow a number of "bull" stories. With one's staff in the Tribune and Press for their record in the explosion of faith? Such are the enemies of the party of non of them—Heaven save the country from being long afflicted by such unprincipled leaders!

A Sixteen Party. A friend of ours recently on a visit North, related the following. Dropping into a barbershop in New England town, to get a shave, he found a colored barber, whom he had met twenty five years since, compensation. The barber handed him back thirteen cents in change. "Never mind the change," said our friend, "keep it."

"Alister, what you from the South?" said the barber.

"I have been answered affirmatively, he continued. "I thought so. I have been here for three years, and this is the first time I ever got a quarter of a cent. I am myself from Old Virginia, an intend to go back home as soon as I can get money enough. These people up here care no more for a colored man than a dog. One can't go on the street but he is sneezed at as though he stinks."

The man who says that it is no importance which side wins at the next election, must remember that the same was said in 1860. Some silly people even predicted that the election of Lincoln would settle the Negro question, so that we would have no more of it. Every one now feels that the country is not what it used to be when the Democrats ruled, and that too, in a thousand ways. The poor man, especially, feels it in his increased expenses, and in the fact that he is denied many enjoyments he had before. Vote for Seymour and Blair.

The double price of tea, the triple price of sugar, the ruinous cost of clothing, and the velocity and volume with which property in almost every part of the country is running from the poor to the rich, in consequence of the inequality and injustice of taxation, are facts with which poor men can close the mouths of blatant Radicals at this time.

If somebody would only roast a freedman alive, flay a carpet-bagger's hide from his body, or insult a New England school-marm in the South, he would entail himself to imperishable honor in Radical estimation at this particular time. That party is sadly in want of something of a sensational order to fire the public heart. Won't somebody tread on somebody else's coat tail?

Grant cries "let us have peace." We agree that he shall have all the peace he desires after the election, as Seymour will soon settle the contentions which are brought about by the unconstitutional acts of a corrupt Congress.