

More about Godly New England.

The whitewash is fast being effaced from that whitened sepulchre, that unclean vessel, within and without, white-crested, solemn-toned, sanctimonious New England.

One of the moral reform party, who were wont to band and preach on the sin of "slavery," who is known by the name of Abraham Knowlston, of Wilbraham, Mass., has been arrested for murdering his unmarried daughter's child, which he is charged with begetting.

Another page of New England morality is found in the report of an officer employed to enforce a law which regulates the employment of children in factories. This witness says: "I found one thousand children employed in factories, generally of low condition, ignorant in many cases of their own ages, deprived in great part or altogether of the school privileges which the law requires."

When this master was asked if it was not his custom to do something for the physical, intellectual or moral welfare of his working people, he replied: "We never do. As for myself, I regard my working people, as I regard my machinery, solely as they can do my work for what I choose to pay."

In another part of the State of benevolent, humanity-loving Massachusetts, one of these factory overseers replied to a similar question: "I use my mill hands as I do my horse as long as he is in good condition and renders good service. I treat him well; when otherwise, I get rid of him; what becomes of him afterward is no affair of mine."

Stagnation.

The complaint is universal that there is no business doing; no part of the country is free from it; from the great trading cities to the small country towns alike we hear that there is nothing doing.

We have the political vices of our Radical opponents of full control—a financial lock in North and West, and paralyzed labor at the South and whilst these evils are abusing the people the governors of the land are spending their days and energies in the daily increasing excitement of party contests.

The administration of the Federal and State governments which should result to the benefit of the community and the individual, and which should produce comfort, not yield oppression, must be put in the hands of the men who will closely study and carefully pursue the public good; at least they should be those who if they cannot bring as blessings, will put no abuse upon us.

To restore confidence, giving credit, we must raise the tone of the people, and put in charge of public affairs worthy and honest representatives, who, administering the society for its benefit, will produce harmony throughout the land.

Depreciated Lands at the South.

The Pittsburg Advocate, the organ of workingmen, says that "farm lands in the Southern States have depreciated in value to the extent of six hundred and thirty six million dollars since 1860."

If to this be added the difference between the value of currency then and now the depreciation will be found to be \$880,000,000. The cause of this no one can fail to trace to the disastrous political measures which the Radical politicians in Congress have determined to force upon the people of that section.

Few Northern men—no matter to what party they belong—care to purchase land in the South with a view to locate themselves there, so long as a negro and unscrupulous Northern politician monopolize the State offices, conventions, legislatures, jury boxes, election boards, school boards, &c., assess and collect the taxes, occupy magistracy positions, and conduct the whole administration of civil government.

If negro slavery was a curse, negro supremacy is a worse curse, for never before were the Southern States reduced to so deplorable a condition, politically, civilly, socially, commercially, financially, and industrially.

Judge Woodward.

Most of the Democratic journals of this State, have already declared their preference for some one or other of the distinguished sons of Pennsylvania or elsewhere, for the Presidency. We have refrained from doing so for various reasons, and prominent among these are that we have failed to see in any of them that boldness and affirmativeness so necessary to success.

Question Answered.—The Chicago Post the liveliest organ of the Radicals in Chicago, on Monday night, contained a hundred frantic appeals to the radicals of that city to turn out and vote against the Democratic ticket.

Who is inconsistent?—Some of the Radical papers consider it very inconsistent in Mr. Pendleton because, while he originally opposed the passage of the legal tender act, which made it legal to pay debts that were contracted in gold with depreciated paper, he now insists that after the policy has been established, debts contracted in legal tenders ought to be paid in legal tenders.

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The Democratic Party.

There cannot certainly be a Democrat in the land, who does not feel proud of his party—its old time honored principles, hard-fought battles, and its brilliant achievements. Organized in 1800, it came into power upon its own intrinsic merits and strength, one year later—1801; and with brief intervals continued in power until 1861, giving tone and strength, character and vitality to every department of the Government—commanding the respect and admiration of nations abroad, and justly inspiring the pride of the people at home.

During all this time no nation was more prosperous than this—no Government more honored. Taxes were lighter than under any other Government in the world; labor was better regulated and political and religious liberty more universally enjoyed.

Democracy is it not time that the memory of the glorious past awakened the people to an ambition for a glorious future? What the country was, the Democratic party made it; what it is, has been accomplished by the enemies of that party.

The Perjury of Radical Senators and Congressmen.

Every Senator and Member of Congress is required, on entering upon the discharge of his official duties, to take an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States. The third section of article six of the Constitution requires this. A law of Congress, approved June 1, 1878, prescribes the following as the form of oath.

Now the violation of this oath is perjury. It is nothing else. That Congress has committed perjury, we have the written testimony of Thaddeus Stevens, the leader of the Republican party in Congress. In a letter written by him to Col. Samuel Schock, under date of Lancaster, Pa. August 26, 1867, in correcting a misapprehension as to the existence of a law prohibiting "the removal of District Commanders without the consent of the Senate," and reciting the history of its passage, he says:

Working as a legislative body—as the law making department of the Government—under the solemnity of an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution, they "repudiated" the Constitution, acted "wholly outside" of it. Tested by the Constitution their "whole work of reconstruction was usurpation."

Which is to be honored and justified, the Radicals in Congress who have been guilty of this perjury and usurpation, or the President who has undertaken to maintain the Constitution?—Ohio Statesman.

The New York Evening Post hits its Radical brethren in Congress some hard blows, in relation to the impeachment question. It says, "do the Republicans in Congress believe that the country will see with patience the most necessary legislation on the currency and the taxes put off, in order that they may prosecute their quarrel with the President? Let them not so deceive themselves. The use of a politician, in a free country, is to serve the people, and advance measures which shall make them more comfortable and happy.

In view of the impossibility of convicting President Johnson of "high crimes and misdemeanors," it is now proposed by the New York Tribune and other Radicals, that he should be convicted in spite of the evidence, but in a technical sense only. This will be without the aid of the "great" impeachment fiasco. They will find the President guilty of one or two of the charges, so stated in spite of their deluded followers "he is guilty," but will not attempt to remove him. Thus, the republican party has again expended hundreds of thousands of dollars in a barren attempt to make a little capital for itself and get into the offices. Its failure will be as conspicuous as has been the malice and recklessness.—Exchange

What it was that Frightened Satrap Meade.

There are many instances on record of brave men having been scared to death nearly at the merest trifles. Men who have been up to their armpits in blood, have dared the greatest perils, and revealed in the torture of humanity, are often awed and shake like the aspen, at hearing the ominous tick, tick, tick, of the worm in waistcoat.

General Mead, has been in a terrible state; he has had the night sweats and the cork screws over the terrible hobgoblins to be feared down South. We wouldn't have his "feelings" for the world. What is it Shakespeare says? "Quilt makes cowards of us all." "Is that it?" Shouldn't wonder if it had that effect. But the "Feel it to him," "I smell the blood of an Englishman," "Dead or alive I will have some," that frightened the children to sleep, in old times was nothing at all, to the "Ku Klux Klan."

that has scared mighty Generals and the great party of the "moral ideas," and all the intelligence" into fits. If he had his anything to do with the Meade fever, we suggest to Congress to repeal the tax, and let our pious Generals and Freedmen's chaplains have some "good old rye" at a little more reasonable price. Here is what frightened Meade: BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD! A QUART OF BLOOD! WE HAVE COME! WE ARE HERE! THIRTY THE BRIDLE CAT HATH MEWED! THE CALDEIRON BOILS!

When the black cat is gliding under the shadows of darkness and the death watch ticks at the lone hour of midnight, then we, the pale riders, are abroad. Speak in whispers and we bear you. Dream as you sleep in the inmost recesses of your houses, and hovering over your beds, we gather your sleeping thoughts while you are at your throats.

Revisers of the liberties of the people for whom we die and yet live, be gone ere it is too late. Unholy Blacks, cursed of God, take warning and fly. Twice hath the Sacred Serpent been hissed.

When again his voice is heard your doom is sealed. Given under our hand in the Day of the Sacred Serpent on the Mystic Day of the Bloody Moon. B. K. N. & L. G. Q. Grand Cyclops of the Ku Klux Klan For the Tenth Division To be executed by the Grand White Death and the Rattling Skeleton

How Long can we Stand it

In the month of March, the United States Treasury paid out the following sums:—Item—Civil and Miscellaneous, \$3,760,000. Item—Interest on Public Debt, \$6,462,000. Item—War, \$13,960,000. Item—Navy, \$2,365,000. Item—Interior Penalties and Indians, \$5,608,000. Or and total, \$82,010,000, or say \$384,000,000 per year. There were no incidents here. This was the regular monthly pull on the Treasury. Now glance at "our resources." If we continue the fiscal year to July 1st, as we have thus far brought it along, financially we shall show receipts from Internal Revenue \$180,000,000. We then have Custom Receipts, say \$150,000,000. Call sales of public lands, \$10,000,000 for the year, and miscellaneous receipts from war material yet on hand, \$5,000,000, making total resources for the year \$345,000,000, with which to pay \$384,000,000, leaving a deficit of some \$40,000,000. How long can we stand this? It is folly, worse than folly, to allow Congress to keep its iron heel upon the poor South. That the people are hardly able to earn their bread, through the inebriety of negro pauperism, which has been fastened upon the shoulders of the whites down there, and grinding taxation in the North has fastened an incubus here, which is strangling general industry. The tremendous strain upon the North the past three years has contracted the "resources" from some \$560,000,000 to \$350,000,000, and even this sum is double the load the nation is able to carry. England can only carry \$370,000,000 of expenses, and she has resources equal to the combined labor of 400,000,000 of men. Those resources are the immense machinery she works. We, with all our machinery, do not foot up like resources at over \$90,000,000 of men. How long will it take our statement to arrive at a true comprehension of the actual ability of this nation? Our burden is breaking us down, and Congress cannot be made to understand it.—Day-Book.

The Pittsburg Republic is neither a Democratic or Republican paper, it is what might be termed a "go between the two parties." In its issue of Wednesday it contains the following startling editorial:

There are thousands of people in the land who believe John Wilkes Booth was hired by now prominent Radicals to slay Abraham Lincoln, and that they then treacherously gave him up to destruction by their minions in the hope of covering their tracks. The closeness with which the other prisoners were guarded from outside intercourse; the unfairness of their trial, and the haste with which they were put out of the world, all give color to the suspicion, whilst the plot now maturing to complete the work which the assassin left unfinished—i. e. the destruction of Andrew Johnson—seems to all the measure of proof against them. Abraham Lincoln fell a victim not when he performed his most arbitrary and hostile acts against secession, but at a time when he was healing the wounds of war; holding the olive branch, and preparing to gather the republican "rebels" into the Old Union. Andrew Johnson is falling beneath hostile blows for following in the last footsteps made by Abraham Lincoln.

A Voice from the West.

Among all the victories that have crowned the efforts of the Democracy during the present year, the late one at Chicago is one of the most significant. The Democratic ticket for judge and clerk was elected on Tuesday, by a majority of five hundred, which is a gain of over four thousand votes in a single year.

Twenty Radicals and twelve Democrats constitute the City Councils. This proportion is the result of the holding-over system in force in Chicago, so far as this branch of the municipal government of that place is concerned. If the Council had been an open fight, as the offices of Judge and Recorder were, the Democrats would have carried a large majority of the members of both branches. This will not be questioned when the preponderance of the vote is taken into consideration.

The solid men of Chicago, the merchants, manufacturers, capitalists, and workingmen, are tired of Radical rule in city affairs, as well as in the State and nation. Boston is in the hands of the Democrats. So are New York and Baltimore. Philadelphia gave a Democratic majority last fall, and will make the work of redemption complete at the next election. To this array of cities and commercial centres must now be added Chicago.

This is no mere coincidence in political history. Like causes are producing like results in all parts of the country. The decline of business caused by the sectional and despotic action of the Radical party, hurts the people on the borders of the lakes as well as those on the seacoast. Merchants are standing idle in their stores in Philadelphia and Boston, and the same fact is equally apparent in Chicago.

In the meantime property, incomes and business are taxed to the uttermost verge of endurance, and yet the party in power are still driving on the political war with reckless unconcern as to the real interests of the country.

But a change has commenced. From the seacoast it is extending inland, and the prudent patriots of the West, are responding to their brethren of the East, by hurrying from power those who have misused it in such an unprecedented and unpardonable manner. When the recent victory at Chicago is thus viewed in connection with other events of a like character, its full import and meaning can be gathered and garnered for future use.—Age.

The Perils of the Times.

No people of modern times have lost so much in so short a period as the boastful sons of liberty in these States, and none have received with more slavish meekness, the aggressions and usurpations of power than those who professed to pity all other people who had lost their liberties. The American people, in years ago, were wont to commemorate the woes of the oppressed of Ireland, of Poland, and of Mexico; and to express contempt for the masses of such nations as were ruled by the rod of royalty, and yet we are to-day, the identical object of all the people of the world, who have possessed and lost the priceless boon of Liberty! With all our boasted self-asserting egotism, the American republicans have proved most truly that they are truly Yankees not only in name but in principle and practice—cross-bearing, burden-lifting, unresisting, learning, pusillanimous.

This unresisting oppression-accepting spirit of the American people is that from which we have most to fear for the future. It is the peril of the times! Unless the masses shall arise and cast off, in the majesty of their power, the chains forging upon their persons, slavery, degradation, and damnation are theirs forever.

Men of the North! Scions of noble sires! Brave men and true! Now is the hour of peril! Stand by your wronged country, as your fathers stood by it in its infancy; lift it up from its fallen estate; restore its beauty and glory and past.

Stand by your liberties, as a Christian should stand by the cross of his God! Uphold the bulwarks of the people against the assaults of power! Restore the grand fabric to its grand foundation of Constitutional law!

The hopes of millions of men are centered upon you. Fail not in the hour of our national peril! Remember that "resistance to tyrants is obedience to God." Organize everywhere! Organize in the towns, counties, and States!

Organize the mighty hosts of the wronged and liberty-robed—organize for peace, but, to organize for peace, first organize for war!—Valley Sentinel.

We ask the careful reading of every qualified voter of either party of the following questions: Why is the burden of taxation so oppressive, and employment scarce? Why are there to-day hundreds of thousands of white men and women in the North living in dread of starvation within the present year? Why are thirty millions of white men taxed for the special benefit of a class who pay no taxes on the great bulk of their property? Why should there be over two thousand millions of dollars exempt from taxation? If negroes are fit for freedom, why has a great poorhouse system for their support to be kept up at the expense of Northern industry? If the war was prosecuted for the preservation of the Union, why are ten States kept out of it? Let the answer as your own heart and intelligence suggest, be given next October and November.

Mongrel organs oppose a secret ballot in deciding the impeachment case, because that would neutralize the whipping-in measures. Every Radical Senator who has manifested the least degree of fairness or sense of justice has been assailed and threatened so violently by Radical bullies, that an open ballot will not show their own convictions but merely a reflection of the malignance of the knavish whippers-in.

Grant is said to be in serious trouble; but Ben Davis should get into the Navy Bureau, which position has been assigned him in lieu of the Treasury Department.

The New York Tribune is afraid Repudiator Willtham will talk for two weeks about the Tardors on the impeachment case, and call his effort a stream of useless gab. How ungrateful!

No Reduction of the Army.

The Radicals in Congress refuse to reduce the army. When the army appropriation bill was under consideration, a few days ago, in the Senate, Mr. Davis, Democrat, offered an amendment reducing the army to twenty thousand, but it was rejected. Senator Buckalew, Democrat, then proposed that it be reduced to thirty thousand. This too was voted down. So we are to be burdened in future, as we have been for three years past, with an immense standing army in time of peace, to carry out the tyrannical and revolutionary behests of an infamous Congress!

The country groans and suffers under the weight of taxes imposed upon its energies, but Congress refuses relief by reducing the needless expenses of an army in time of peace. The people must toil, sweat and suffer to pay for an army to enforce measures of tyranny in the South, "enacted outside of the Constitution," and to parade around Washington for the gratification of "Carnot Stanton" and other revolutionists. To-day Washington resounds with the tread of an armed soldiery, quartered there in the interests of those who are seeking through a mock-trial to depose the President, who stands in the way of their revolutionary schemes. Soldiers stand guard around the War Office, and soldiers accompany the children of Grant, proposed military Dictator, to school and elsewhere. Soldiers everywhere to overawe the people and carry out by force measures of tyranny and usurpation.

The expenses are not paid by taxes upon accumulated property but upon business classes are paying all the bill. It costs nothing to the office-holders and Shylocks in whose interests all this machinery of despotism is run.

According to the Philadelphia Post, District Attorney Mann, of that city, lately declared, while conducting a libel case against a publisher, that "The newspaper are growing too strong, their power is becoming greater than the law, and they must be put down." A combination of newspapers could water the gas pipes out of the streets if they wanted to. This declaration is an involuntary tribute to the value and power of newspapers, whilst, at the same time, it strikingly exhibits the bigotry and intolerance of its utterer. Equally untrue newspapers are powerful they should not be put down. Curial, rather, their ability and tendency to do evil, and encourage them to wield their influence only for good, for truth and justice, and society will soon testify to their value in reduced criminal lists, deserted penitentiaries and feeble and threadbare district attorneys. Put them down and disgrace, the servant of crime, will flourish and plunge the country into darkness, raise them up and intelligence, the handmaid of civilization and Christianity will brighten and elevate to the remotest regions of the land.

Grant's Pastor.—Ole Hull gave a concert in Washington a few evenings since for the benefit of the Lincoln Monument. It was a decided failure, and did not pay expenses. The Rev. Byron Sunderland, whose church Grant had joined since he became a candidate for President, tendered his services to open the concert with prayer. He prayed that the Almighty would forever deprive the Democratic party of power, mentioning it by name. We wonder what Grant's pastor thinks of the efficacy of his prayers since the elections in Connecticut and elsewhere. Perhaps he may come to the conclusion that he and the Almighty differ somewhat in the estimate of the Democratic party. The Lord appears to be fighting on the side of the Democracy, and the chances of the Rev. Byron Sunderland's prayer being answered seem to be very slim indeed.—Lancaster Intelligencer.

Your men would you not like to be free again? Would you not like to be you were in the halcyon days of the Farmer Republic, when taxes were light, money plenty and goodly quality, when everything was peace and prosperity? Think a moment and answer! We would and we would like for all our fellow laborers to be in the same condition. We are now at the Forks of the Road. The finger boardpoints in the direction to take "Democracy" is the easy road to our past state, while "Radicalism" is the rough road to still further trouble and oppression! Which will you take? Ponder before you start! The move is for your salvation or final oppression and degradation.—Exchange.

The Revolution says, "There are 60,000 people in New York, and 200,000 in the United States out of employment. A millions mouths short of food in a country, which was groaning with abundance in 1865!" Yet the Government through the Rump, finds means to keep up a Bureau for the support of a host of Radical negro voters at the South, and money to pay an army of thirty thousand men to keep the Southern whites in a state of vassalage. Can the taxpayers tell where the money comes from for those purposes?

The mythical "Golden Circle" formerly had to stand sponsor for all the crimes committed in the South, and a majority of those perpetrated in the North. The Ku-Klux Klan is now blamed with everything—not only the outrages resulting from personal hostility but all the horrid crimes committed by black legal leaguers and negro outlaws.

A Democratic voter of Hartford, Connecticut, who was incapacitated by rheumatism was carried to the polls Monday, on his wife's back. The crowd at the polls gave three cheers to the woman, and made a purse of \$200 for her.

An army of "loyal" mongrels have taken up quarters in Washington, ready and willing to "Wade in" under the prospective dynasty.

The New York Tribune is afraid Repudiator Willtham will talk for two weeks about the Tardors on the impeachment case, and call his effort a stream of useless gab. How ungrateful!