

The Democratic Watchman,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

P. GRAY MEEK, Editor and Proprietor
JOHN P. MITCHELL, Associate Editor.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1868.

TERMS.—\$2 per year when paid in advance, 2.50 when not paid in advance, and \$3.00 when not paid before the expiration of the year.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE,
of Fayette County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
GRN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,
of Columbia County.

We Must Succeed on Principle.

It is not to be wondered at that the government has become surrounded by difficulties, when we reflect upon the utter carelessness of the people in selecting candidates for important positions. The idea is widespread in this country now that there are certain politicians who hold the destiny of parties in their hands, and that to secure their assistance is to secure triumph and to lose it is to be defeated. These men are nearly always the unscrupulous ones, who are ready to buy and sell and to be bought and sold, without any regard whatever to principle. In the first years of this government, there was never any such thing known, and corruption in politics has only been recent years. That such a system can be successful at all, is a source of discouragement to many, and has led some to doubt the capacity of the people for self government. Now we hold that our people have been cheated by those in whom they had confidence, and that they will in time thoroughly discourage the corrupting and destroying system by which the Mongrel organization is entirely controlled, and which has been adopted to some extent by a few members of the Democratic party. Those who hold in their hands the wire working machinery which has so often been used to defeat the wishes of the people in the choice of candidates are far seeing and cunning, they have set their traps skillfully and baited them well, but it is impossible for them to entirely control such a party as ours, when the people are aroused to the danger and watching an opportunity to turn it aside.

The Abolitionists first introduced the idea that party success ought to be the prime consideration with the members of a political party, and the selection of good representative men only of secondary importance, and we have observed with pain that this rule has been adopted to some extent by our own party. We believe that ours is not such an organization as can follow this rule with safety to our own principles, or to the success of free government. The effect of making success the only political virtue is to put the entire control of a party, however numerous and honest its members may be, in the hands of tricksters and thieves, who manipulate its platforms, handle its purse, select its candidates from amongst themselves, and sell out the whole affair to the opposition whenever they get an opportunity to line their own pockets with the price of their treachery and infamy. No wonder that honest men should turn from politics in disgust, when they see indications that the whole thing is to be plunged into such a slough as this. Our party was never designed for any such purpose, and whenever politics becomes only a question between rogues, as to which shall hold offices of responsibility and profit, we are not far from a despotism in which the purse shall control the sword, and the most unscrupulous scoundrel shall control them both.

But honest men should bear in mind that they are largely in the majority, and that it rests with them to put a sudden stop to all schemes of fraud and corruption, whenever they choose to avail themselves of their rights as members of the Democratic party and control its organization from the selection of a district delegate to the choosing of a candidate for president of the United States. All this is in the hands of the people, and our party is such a one as cannot be used for any bad purpose if the people really desire to prevent it, and enter themselves into the work on which our existence depends. It is to urge this duty upon our fellow democrats that we have introduced this subject. Let us see that power goes from the people to their representatives, and take care that we do not fall under the domination of those

who should serve and obey us. If we reverse the engine, we will retrograde as a matter of course, while if we keep it running as our fathers meant it should run, we will move right on to success, and soon be rid of the few mercenary men who desire to lead only that they may rob us and betray us to the waiting enemy.

We have always despised what is known among politicians as "policy" or "expediency," not because we do not approve of using both in a proper way; but because they are generally used among Democrats to represent the same idea which the Mongrels adopted when they made success the cardinal political virtue. With us, the first consideration ought always to be the success of principle. The first question should be how will we best put in operation the principles of our party? Then if there is a question of expediency, it must be decided. But to make mere success at the polls the all absorbing question and risk our principles in the hands of any one, honest or dishonest, who can carry an election, is monstrous, and must ruin our party, and with it the government its principles have made. Let the people be watchful and careful, and they will secure party success as well as the success of principle, and rescue our country from the danger by which it is surrounded.

Object of impeachment.

The real object of the impeachment of the President is now apparent. It was to relieve Mr. BOUTWELL, and the other managers, but especially BOUTWELL, who was in mortal pain to be delivered of the ponderous ideas which his mighty brain had begotten. But for this mode of providing a safety valve, who can tell what serious consequences might have resulted to these gentlemen, physically and mentally! What agony must Mr. BOUTWELL have suffered while compelled to carry with him unspoken the following eloquent passage: "What mortal man could long exist under such a pressure! The mouse in the mountain was nothing to this. Surely some Yankee maker of school books will preserve this paragraph from oblivion, by publishing it in a child's primer. Listen to it: "Travellers and astronomers inform us that in the Southern heavens, near the southern cross, there is a vast space which the uneducated call the hole in the sky, where the eye of man, with the aid of the powers of the telescope, has been unable to discover nebulae or a steroid, or comet, or planet, or star, or sun. In that dreary, dark, cold region of space, which is known to be only less than infinite by the evidence of creation elsewhere, the great author of celestial mechanism has left the chaos which was in the beginning. If this earth were capable of the sentiments and emotions of justice and virtue which in human, mortal beings are the evidences and pledges of our Divine origin and immortal destiny. She would heave and throw with the combined forces of air, fire and water, and project this enemy of two races of men into that vast region, there forever to exist in a solitude eternal as life, or as the absence of life, emblematical of, if not really, that "outer darkness" of which the Saviour of man spoke in warning to those who are the enemies to themselves, their race and their God."

Yet, this very man, who is now to be banished to this fearful "hole in the sky," where God himself has not penetrated, is the person whom BOUTWELL, and others of his ilk, declared to be the President of Providence, savage enough to carry out measures so cruel and bloody for the pure, humane, and lamb like LINCOLN. But really, the fact that such silly bombast can be tolerated by the American people at all, and above all that it should form part of an argument in the most important trial ever had in America, shows how much we have retrograded since Mongrelism attained power. A school boy who would "spout" such stuff in a society debate ought to be hissed from the floor, yet these very words were the utterance of a Yankee lawyer, chosen by Congress to prosecute the chief Magistrate of this Republic, and escaped him in presence of what ought to be the most august tribunal on earth, and on what should be the most important occasion that the world has ever seen. "Oh, shame, where is thy blush?"

The following burst of eloquence from an Irish orator, who desired to "take off" the bombastic effort of an opponent puts the grand effort of BOUTWELL to shame, having more sense in it, and being quite as rhetorical. Said he: "I would that I were great enough to stand with one foot upon the South pole and the other upon the North pole of the earth, and reach with my right hand eastward to

the extreme verge of the world and take my paddle, and reaching to the far west I would take my tar can, and grease the gudgeons of the universe." But, now that these rhetorical gentlemen have had an opportunity to get off the great ideas which New England has so long been crazy over, we trust that we may be excused from suffering another affliction of the same kind for some time. We have somewhere read of a bird, which, after attaining maturity, awaited an opportunity to sing a most entrancing song and immediately expired. New England had better look to it, for BOUTWELL may be a bird of this species and having given utterance to this grand burst, he may disappear in this terrible "hole in the sky," and pull the hole in after him.

The Ku-Klux Klan.

The Ku-Klux Klan is frightening many of the Mongrels whose hearts alone are black when it was intended only to scare those with black faces. "The guilty flee when no man pursueth," and these cowardly whelps who laid their bloody hands so heavily upon a vanquished foe, already feel the knife at their ribs which their craven hearts have so well deserved. We are only sorry that the Ku-Klux Klan is not all that is said of it. If there was a secret organization at the South of sufficient power to hold the scoundrel knife over every Yankee scoundrel who goes amongst them to interfere with their institutions and overthrow their laws, we would be glad of it, and if such were the condition of things at this hour we would bid the betrayed, cheated and oppressed sons of the South to strike in the name of God, and leave not one to tell who dealt the blow.

We believe that the history of the world shows no parallel to the manner in which the Southern people have been treated by the Mongrels of the North, and if it were possible it would be well to record, side by side on histories pages, as a warning to all men in the future, the unequalled wrongs which a great, free, liberty loving people have suffered, and an unequalled vengeance which they wreaked upon their oppressors. We greatly fear that the record will be only half written, as has to often been the case in this world, where wrong so often tramples down and overcomes right, and we have little idea that the outraged South is able at present to strike any certain blow to avenge the wrongs which she struggled so long and nobly to escape. But the very fact that the mere dread of such a thing can fill the imaginations of the guilty wretches who have trodden upon the fallen, with pictures of devils, and goblins, and knives, and daggers, is enough to inspire a hope that God will even in this world, use as instruments of His wrath the victims of His enemy, and that the strolling yankoes who have assisted to ravish, burn and destroy the South, may find a terrible death and bloody grave in the land they have desolated.

This dreaded secret association may exist only in the imagination of those who have the greatest reason to fear its existence. But it would not be at all remarkable if such a thing really had been organized, or if it accomplished all that is feared of it. Such oppression as has been the rule at the South always begets such secret associations, and they often become very powerful before they are suspected. When government fails to protect life and property, men naturally seek other means of self preservation, and the knife, the halter and the bow become the instruments in the hands of desperate men for the uncertain vindication of rights which the laws ought to secure against all violence. If the present order of things continues, all government at the South must degenerate into that savage state of nature where men are "a law unto themselves," and all is merged in one mad struggle for existence.

The great effort of the Mongrel party has always been to produce something new, and they led the people away from the support of Democratic principles because they alleged they were too ancient for the enlightened reason of this progressive age. Yet with all their efforts they have not been able to produce a single new thing, though they have succeeded in initiating nearly all the bad things which have been done by bad men in all ages. In place of advancing, they have retrograded, and in their own pet schemes of reconstruction, they have but repeated the example of ignorant, short-sighted, vindictive despots for the thousandth time in the worlds history. They attempted in this instance to invent something modern, and have hit upon a plan of government as old and despotic as Pharaoh.

The Result in Connecticut.

We promised a week or two ago, when the smoke of battle yet rested on the field of victory, to give the official result of the election in Connecticut as soon as it could be accurately ascertained, and we are now enabled to fulfill our promise. The official returns, as announced from the office of the Secretary of State are as follows: Total vote, 99,337; Democratic, 50,551; Republican, 48,779; scattering 7. Democratic majority, 1,772.

The vote last year stood: Total vote 61,754; Democratic, 47,505; Republican, 46,578; Democratic majority, 977.

We have thus made in a single year, in a State polling less than one hundred thousand votes, the handsome gain of seven hundred and ninety-five, and that notwithstanding all the efforts of all the powers Mongrelism could muster in the whole Union which were employed to carry the State against us.

All honor to gallant little Connecticut! She led off last year in a series of brilliant victories for the Democracy, and her guns once more thunder forth the first roar of a battle which is to end in the total and overwhelming defeat of Mongrelism from one end of the land to the other.

A SLIGHT CHANGE.—Four years ago all Mongrelism, big and little, old and young, black and white, wanted to hang the "secess" Senator and "traitor" from Tennessee, JEFFERSON DAVIS, on a "sour apple tree," and denounced every body and all their relatives as worse than traitors who would not fall down and worship the "great" the "good" the "fearless," the "patriotic," the "loyal Union" Senator from Tennessee, ANDREW JOHNSON. Now JEFFERSON DAVIS with all his "treason," is sent out from court without a trial, while ANDREW JOHNSON with his abundant "loyalty" and "Unionism" stands arraigned before them as a criminal unworthy the place they placed him in.

MORE HELP.—We have before us the second number of the *Altoona Vindicator*, a strait-haired, stiff-backed, outspoken Democratic paper, just started by our old friend, COL. JAMES F. CAMPBELL. Mr. Campbell is an experienced publisher, having been connected for years with different Democratic papers in this State, and his ability as an editor will insure to his subscribers full compensation for their patronage. The *Vindicator* looks well, promises well, and takes well. May it have an abundance of success.

—Aint it nice brother working men? You pay about one half your earnings, either directly or indirectly to feed and clothe a lot of lazy negroes and thieving officials—about one fourth to pay bondholders interest upon the mortgages they hold upon your labor, and upon which, they do not pay a cent of tax—and the other fourth is left you to feed, clothe and school your families. You admire this way of getting along, or you would not vote for Mongrelism that has fastened this State of affairs upon you.

—When the Mongrel Convention was called to meet in the city of Chicago, it was thought they would assemble in a city ruled by their Radical brethren. But the people of that city have returned to the God of their fathers, and Mongrelism will find itself in the camp of the enemy. Chicago, like every other place where white men love their race, has been swept by a most complete Democratic revolution.

—The party which claims that suffrage is one of the natural rights of man, is yet willing to grant that natural right only to those who think as they do in politics. They are willing to give the ballot to half savage negroes, yet seek to disfranchise the white freemen who were born on another soil than ours; because white foreigners cannot be induced to vote the black ticket.

—Of all the Mongrel leaders and papers who demand the removal of ANDREW JOHNSON from office, not one puts their demand on any other ground than that his removal is necessary to the success of their party. What think the people of this? Is the success of a party more to be desired, than the success of Republican institutions?

—If men desire to see the rate at which we have been progressing towards ruin, let them compare our condition now with what it was eight years ago. The principles of Democracy made us what we were, opposite principles make us what we are.

—The Central Press exonerating the exploded charges of frauds in the late Senatorial election, declaring the democracy guilty of heinous offences, bursts out in eloquent indignation thus: "They even attempted to bribe the Committee."

The innocent editor must have dreamed of the virtue of the harlot! Who would dare thus approach the virtuous and pious George Landon, the honest and incorruptible Jake Ridgeway, the integrity and high-toned disinterestedness of Brandy Fisher, or the sensitive and courageous Taylor? Who would dare even suspect that any of these pure patriots, sworn to decide impartially, would allow themselves to be placed in circumstances to fall to the highest bidder. We defend them from any such imputation, and trust the Press will not cease to protest their integrity, until the public mind is disabused of any impression of the kind it may have received by the singularity of their decision, against the evidence and the law in the case.

—It is said that arsenic eaters reach a point when it is death for them to cease eating the deadly mineral, and death for them to continue its use. In just such a straight the Mongrel party now finds itself. It has fed upon negro to a greater extent than the cannibals who visited the island of Robinson Crusoe, and now finds it death to continue the feast, and death to attempt to spue Coffee out of their mouth. In the one case, they lose the honest white men, without whom they cannot win, and in the other, they lose the fighting men of the party, without whom they can maintain no organization.

Their dilemma is embarrassing and awkward enough to them, but it furnishes a chance of escape to the country from the deadly grasp of the monsters who hold it.

A few papers pretending to be democratic seem terribly afraid of raising any question about finances. But the question is raised. The tax gatherers, who swarm over the land like locusts, have raised the question, and keep it constantly agitated, and the people demand that the party which they support shall meet it and solve it to the bottom. Democracy has never yet shrunk from duty, and will not now. The difficulty is not of our making, but we are ready and able to settle it, and will do so to the entire satisfaction of the groaning, oppressed people, whatever may be the feelings of the bondholders who hold the scorpion lash with which we are being scourged.

—The scene now going on at Washington is the most disgraceful which was ever enacted in this country. BEN BUTLER, and the thieves who plundered with him in New Orleans, are using the money which they stole from us to destroy the people's liberties, and to depose the lawfully elected chief magistrate of the Republic. It is simply a high-handed open game, in defiance of the people and the laws, and the manner in which we bear it will decide what is to be our fate in the future. Are we to be ruled by such men as BEAST BUTLER, or have we a government of laws?

—Let the Mongrels, who take comfort to themselves in the thought that a people which will tamely bear what ours have done will bear anything, remember, that the more lowly a spring is bowed down the more swift and terrible will be its recoil. The vengeance of our people will be measured by the weight with which they are oppressed.

New Advertisements

IN BANKRUPTCY. In the District Court of the United States, Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of William L. Musser, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, Western District of Pennsylvania, ss: At the Borough of Bellefonte, the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of William L. Musser, of the township of Penn, in the county of Centre, and state of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

IN BANKRUPTCY. In the District Court of the United States, Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of William Reed, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, Western District of Pennsylvania, ss: At the Borough of Bellefonte, the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of William Reed, of Millsburg borough, in the county of Centre and state of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration on the estate of David Frederick, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

Legal Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, doing business under the name of Leonard Mackall & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to said firm will please pay such indebtedness to C. T. Alexander, and all parties having accounts against said firm will present them to him for settlement. The manufacture of "Bobby Bide Lique" will be continued at the old place, under the firm name of James R. Alexander & Co.

CENTRE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. The committee appointed at the last meeting of the Society, to lay out and improve the grounds for the fall exhibition are requested to meet at the office of Bush & Yeocum in Bellefonte, on MONDAY, the 11th day of MAY, at 10 o'clock P. M. consultant, D. G. BUSH, Chairman.

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the court of common pleas of Centre county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the court house in Bellefonte, on Friday the 1st day of May, 1868. The following described real estate, to wit: All that certain lot of ground situated in the borough of Bellefonte, county of Centre, State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by lot of Hannah Harl, on the east by Penn street, on the south by Bureau alley and on the west by Decatur alley, fronting on Penn street 100 feet and extending back 120 feet to Decatur alley. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Roland C. Choeeman. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration on the estate of Morgan Malone, late of Hogs township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SEALED PROPOSALS. Will be received until 12 o'clock, M. on Saturday the 2nd day of May next, for the erection of a Stone Building, for the Public Schools of the Borough of Bellefonte. Plans and specifications of the building may be seen at the store of Wm. McClellan. By order of the School Board.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration on the estate of Wm. Swann, dec'd, late of Millsburg borough, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all having claims to present them duly authenticated by law for settlement.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration on the estate of Peter Hiron, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The partnership heretofore existing between A. B. Hutchinson and H. S. Clark, in the Insurance Agency at Bellefonte, Pa., is hereby dissolved. A. B. Hutchinson, will settle up all matters connected with the business, and continue the same.

FOR SALE. Valuable Farm for sale bordering on the town of Hubersburg, in Walker township, Centre County, within five miles of railroad and two miles from coal mine, about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES, cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The balance well timbered, the whole tract is first rate lime stone land with an apple and peach orchard, a thicket of ten acres bearing yearly, two dwelling houses thereon, a well of good water at the door, a large bank barn, with power house attached. Also an elegant water power for a gristmill or factory and plenty of iron ore thereon. For further information call at the premises.

BOALSBURG ACADEMY. BOALSBURG, CENTRE CO. PA. This institution will be open for the reception of pupils of both sexes on Monday April 27th 1868. Normal, Classical and Business departments will be established. No prescribed course of study required. Tuition from \$2.00 to \$7.00 per term of ten weeks, according to branches pursued. Boarding in private families from \$3.25 to \$3.50 per week. For further information address the principal.

WALL PAPER, WALL PAPER. The subscriber takes pleasure in informing his patrons and the public generally, that he has just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT of the LATEST STYLES OF WALL PAPER, which he is selling at city retail prices. He has the LARGEST STOCK OF WALL PAPER, in the county, and is selling at such figures as defy competition.

REDUCED PRICES. Ambrotypes taken at the Excelsior Card by the Court House as low as TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. 4 Card Photographs for ONE DOLLAR. When sold by the dozen the charge will be low as TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS.

STOVES! STOVES!!! Isaac Haupt has got already a new supply of Shears Amidst Cook and Parlor Stoves. They have proved themselves to be the best stove out for burning either hard or soft coal they save their own ash, make no dust, economize fuel and are the best bakers in the world, and have more convenience than any other stove now in use. People in want of stoves would do well to call at his Ware Rooms near the Depot and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere as by a neglect of this they may be sorry many have been already.