# Democratic Watchman

P. GRAY MEEK, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

JOHN P. MITCHELL, ASSOCIATE EDITOR

BELLEFONTE, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 20, 1867.

TERMS.—$2 per year when paid in advance 2 50 when not paid in advance, and $3,00 when not paid before the expiration of the year.


FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD,

of Philadelphia.

FOR SENATORS,

S. T. SHUGERT, of Bellefonte,
C. J. T. M'INTIRE, of Perry Co.

FOR ASSEMBLY,

P. GRAY MEEK, of Bellefonte.

FOR TREASURER,

A. C. GEARY, of Walker Twp

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

Wm KELLER, of Potter Twp.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,

JOHN SHANNON, of Potter Twp.

FOR AUDITOR,

S. ETLINGER, of Haines Twp

### Keep your Pledges.

Brother laboring man, one year ago when depositing your ballot for JOHN W GEARY and the Mongrel ticket, you solemnly declared, that *"unless times changed for the better, it would be the last vote you would ever cast for that party."* A year has gone by since that time; another election is at hand, and now we ask you to reflect over that promise Are you any better off to day than you were then? Are times any better? Are wages higher and the prices of the goods you buy lower? Are your taxes less and can you make a livin easier? Are your prospects for the future better or has the year shown that your last vote was cast for the interests of the laboring classes? Think over these things before you vote again We who are compelled to work for a living must look out for ourselves; the rich will not take care of us We must vote as it is to our own interests, and not as the few who have money direct.

This government before the party now in power became the law makers, protected the rich as well as the poor. How is it now? *It protects the rich at the expense of the poor* It pays the man who has money to invest in government bonds IN GOLD, while it compels us who have to labor for a living to TAKE GREENBACKS. Why should the rich have one kind of money and the poor another? It exempts the wealth of the bond holder from taxation, and makes us pay his proportion of the expense of the government. Why should we make roads, build school houses, keep the poor, pay government officials, and bear all the burdens of the government, while those who have money to put in government bonds pay none?

Can you tell us brother working man, why you should pay MORE taxes on your little property valued at perhaps five hundred, one thousand or fifteen hundred dollars, than bond holders, whom we can point you to in this county, do on fifty thousand dollars! And while this state of affairs continues, can you expect better times? If you vote for your own interests, for the interests of the laboring classes, you must vote for Democratic men and Democratic measures

Times have been bettered a little since last fall—bettered for the rich, but not for the poor nor will they be, until the working masses open their eyes to the fact that a party that taxes them to keep niggers, pay bond holders taxes, and one hundred and fifty millions of dollars per year interest—that compels them to keep up a freedman's bureau to clothe and feed niggers, and robs them of millions of dollars annually. to enrich contractors and government officials, is not the party for the poor men to vote with. Keep your pledges, laboring men, and remember that it is not the Mongrel party, that we have to thank for the splendid grain crop and the reduction in the price of flour.

### Senatorial.

Our party has placed in nomination for the office of State Senator two of the best men in this district, SAMUEL T SHUGERT and CHAS. J. T. MCINTYRE, Esqrs They are intelligent, honest and capable. Their past records guarantee their future purity. They are not the tools of any corporations or monopolies, and are neither owned nor controlled by any corruptionists. They are the kind of men, whom any man, whether democrat or abolitionist, upon his death-bed, would be willing to make the executors of his estate or the guardians of his children. Such men should be sent to the Senate by the people, to withstand and oppose the schemes of corruption and extravagance which have been pushed through our state legislature for the last four or five years.

Their opponents are not men known to the people of this county, nor were they in fact nominated by the *people* of this district. They were placed on the ticket by a ring of corruptionists, at the head of which was the notorious *pimp*, JOHN J. PATTERSON who five years ago perjured himself before a committee of the Legislature to screen SIMON CAMERON in the BOYER bribery case. This vile miscreant PATTERSON, nominated both ROBISON and MCVITTY. Without his vote in the conference, neither of them would now be a candidate for the high and responsible office of State Senator. PATTERSON also boasts that he *owns both these candidates* and will make *ten thousand dollars* out of them next winter at Harrisburg if they are elected. If our opponents dare deny that PATTERSON made this boast, WE WILL PROVE IT BY THE AFFIDAVITS OF REPUBLICANS who heard him make it! Let the honest people of this county then decide between SHUGERT and MCINTYRE on the one side, and these tools of PATTERSON on the other.

——Honest men remember Ben. Deininger, the abolition candidate for County Treasurer, is in correspondence with his partner D. A. Ruhl, the forger, and refuses to let the officers of the law know whre he is, for fear the conviction of Ruhl will convict himself.

## FACTS FROM THE RECORD!

### How Sam. McVitty Escaped the Penitentiary.

### Read, Honest Men Read!!

As the Mongrel party has seen proper to place SAM'L MCVITTY, of Huntingdon Co., upon their ticket, as one of their candidates for State Senate, it is but proper in us to hunt up his record, and show to the people of the district the kind of a man that party would have placed in power as their representative. Here are a few facts, from the records of the courts at Huntingdon, which it will be well for every honest voter to ponder over. In 1861 there were three candidates for the office of Sheriff in Huntingdon Co., John Brotherline, Whig Christian Couts, independent Democrat, and John Shaver. independent Whig. To secure the election of Shaver, it was necessary to get Couts off the track. This SAMUEL MCVITTY, Wm. B Leas, one of his conferees at Lewistown, and John Shaver undertook and *did* accomplish, by bribery and corruption. (The articles of agreement entered into by them we shall publish next week.) Under the arrangement they had made everything passed off finely until after the election. when the facts becoming known to the public, Shaver was indicted for *"corruptly influencing Christian Couts to support his election"* On this indictment a *true bill* was found, and on the 15th of January, 1842, he was arraigned, plead *not guilty*, but the jury returned a verdict of *"guilty in the manner and form as he stands indicted"* The same grand jury that found the bill against Shaver made the following presentment

> The Grand Jury (in connection with the indictment against John Shaver) do present Christian Couts, Inn-keeper, of the Borough of Huntingdon, and SAMUEL MCVITTY, Esq., and Wm B Leas, of the Borough of Shirleysburg, Huntingdon Co., for a violation of the 122d and 123d sections of the act of July, 1839, entitled "an act relating to the election of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," and the other acts of the General Assembly and laws and Constitution of the said Commonwealth.
>
> JOSEPH SMITH, *Foreman*

Upon this presentment, an indictment for conspiracy was drawn, (a copy of which we shall publish next week) and a *true bill* found on the 14th of January, 1842, by a Grand Jury of which Jeremiah Hutchinson, late of Warriors Mark, and well known to many of the citizens of the upper end of this county was Foreman. The case being continued at April and August sessions, on the 15th of November, 1842, it was called up for trial when the defendants Christian Couts, SAMUEL MCVITTY and W. B. Leas, presented through their attorney, a PARDON from the Governor of Pennsylvania, dated the 31st of August, 1842, of which the following is a correct copy taken from the records at Harrisburg

> **PENNSYLVANIA, SS:**
>
> *In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania* David R. Porter, *Governor of the said Commonwealth*
>
> DAVID R. PORTER
>
> *To whom all these presents shall come, sends greeting.*
>
> WHEREAS, at a Court of Quarter Sessions of the peace held in and for the county of Huntingddn, at January Sessions of said Court, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, Christian Couts, William B. Leas, SAMUEL MCVITTY and John Shaver, were indicted and charged with the crime of conspiracy, in unlawfully and wickedly conspiring, combining, confederating and agreeing together to promise to confer divers gifts and rewards upon a certain Christian Couts, one of the before named conspirators in order to procure the election of the said John Shaver, one of the before named conspirators, to the office of Sheriff of said county; and *nolle prosequi* having been subsequently entered by the Attorney General as to John Shaver, one of the said defendants
>
> And whereas, it has been represented to me the said indictmet was prefered at a period of great political excitement, when the minds of men were in some degree excited with rancorous animosity against each other, but that upon more mature reflection this unfortunate state of feeling has been allayed, and that neither public justice of the good of society will be promoted by any punishment, of the individuals charged in said indictment.
>
> Now therefore, in consideration of the premises I have deemed this a proper case for the exercise of the Executive clemency, and do pardon the said Christian Couty William B. Lease and SAMUEL MCVITTY, the said defendants, of the offence and offences alleged in said indictment, and they are hereby severally and fully pardoned accordingly.
>
> Given under my handand the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this thirty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth the sixty-sixth
>
> By the Governor,
>
> A. V. PARSONS, *Secretary of the Commonwealth*

These are the facts in the case—FACTS WHICH NO ONE WILL DARE DENY, and they show what kind of a man Mongrelism would have represent this district in the State Senate. It is no wonder that the notorious jail bird John J. Patterson of Juniata county, boasts openly that if McVitty and Robison are elected that he can make *ten thousand dollars out of them at Harrisburg* It is no wonder that corruptionists everywhere are working for their success. It is no wonder that the hangers on about the capitol, the public thieves and treasury robbers at Harrisburg are doing all in their power to elect the se two men,—one a PARDONED CRIMINAL, the other *but little better.*

Honest men of the district, compare this record of SAM MCVITTY, with the records of Hon S. T. Shugert and Chas. J. T. McIntyre Esq.,—men against whose private or public characters, their bitterest opponents can bring no charge—not even create a suspicion, and then decide who you would rather have to represent you in the Senate of Pennsylvania. If you want a man to assist in making laws for our proud old Commonwealth, who escaped the Penitentiary simply through the executive clemency of Gov. Porter, vote for SAM MCVITTY, he will be a fit tool for any set of corruptionists that may desire to use him.

**The facts just as we have given them in this case can be found UNDER SEAL in the Prothonotary's Office in Huntingdon, and we defy the friends and supporters of MCVITTY to deny them.**

ROUGH ON THE SOLDIER.—Last week's *Press* charges the Centre county soldiers while encamped at Falmouth, Va., with having carried the vice of gambling to such an extent that it had to be suppressed by a general order!! And yet the same individual who would thus slander the memory of the dead as well as the reputation of the living soldiers, has the audacity to ask the "boys in blue" to support him and his negro worsiyping candidates. "O shame, where is thy blush."

### The Campaign.

The Mongrels have opened the campaign in this county in a characteristic manner. The fellows who run the office of their party organ, last week filled the columns of that paper with low, scurilous, malignant and indecent attacks upon almost every candidate upon our ticket—attacks upon the characters of old and well known, and highly respectable citizens of the county, whose "shoe's latchets they are worthy to stoop down and unloose." This alone was insufficient to satisfy their vulgar malignity. They issued a reprint of these same slanders in a little dingy anonymous sheet called the *"Bellefonte Paper"* which has not even the irresponsible name of JOHN GEORGE KURTZ attached to give currency to its libels, We are told that this same *"Bellefonte Paper"* is to be an anonymous vehicle for lies and calumny until the election, and is to be scattered broadcast over this county in the vain hope that the intelligent voters can be imposed upon by its oft repeated lies to support the negro suffrage ticket What a sad commentary this is upon the arrogant claim that our opponents constituted the party of "grand moral ideas" and was devoted to the interest of "God and humanity." Although there is no name appended to this sheet in order that no individual may be held responsible for its contents, yet we know every puppy in the snarling pack, and if they want the campaign to be confined to attacks upon the private characters of individuals instead of the advocacy and defence of the principles professed by the respective parties, we can give them blow for blow until they will be hissed and hooted from respectable society We propose hereafter to take up these scoundrels one by one and ventilate their characters and practices, in order that the community, as well as their clients and patrons may know what they really are. Unless we are mistaken, some of them may find themselves dropped from the rolls of an honorable profession, and will have cause to thank their good fortune if they keep outside of the penitentiary

The more respectable portion of the abolitionists in the county refusing to to recognize or endorse the filth and vulgarity which is being poured through the columns of the *Press* and its bastard offspring the *Bellefonte Paper* have started a third abolition sheet in the county called the *Campaigner* and secured the services of our *quondam* friend Col. W. W. BROWN as its editor. While under ordinary circumstances we could gladly welcome the Col. back to the "corps editorial" yet we are sincerely sorry to see him array himself with "those narrow minded blockheads," which Greely says "edits the abolition county papers." BROWN is a gentleman," (when in good company,) and would be "a foeman worthy of our steel," if he had a respectable cause to advocate or defend. Come Col. your real friends are not in the nigger camp. We had hopes of your ultimate conversion from the doctrines of the nigger equality party, after you course last year, but we now fear our hopes were illusory and that you are one of those of whom it is said "the dog is turned to his own vomit again, and the sow that was washed, to her wallowing in the mire," or as the same idea is pointly expressed in Prov. 26 ch. 11 v "As a dog returneth to his vomit so a fool returneth to his folly."

To our people we say that it now behooves them to be vigilant and active to prevent any of these appliances of the common enemy from effecting the result in the county. Let the Mongrels fight among themselves as much as they please if our people are aroused to the importance of the coming election and strive as white men ought to for their rights and liberties in a death struggle with the cohorts of ethiopian despotism we can roll up a thousand majority in "Old Centre" in October next.

### A Word to Foreigners.

Of our Irish, German, and other citizens of foreign birth, we would ask have you your papers ready? Are you ready to prove at the polls that you are entitled to vote? Yearly, we know that there are hundreds of honest voters cheated out of their votes because they have neglected having their naturalization papers on hand. Shall that be the case this fall? Recollect that the men whom many of you will vote against at the coming election, are the ones who burnt your churches, imprisoned your women, and attempted to disfranchise you, but a few years ago. The leaders of the Mongrel party, with WILLIAMS at its head, are the identical individuals, who, during the reign of Know-nothingism, did their best to prevent you having a say in the government of this country! Since they failed in that, they now seek to overcome your strength by giving the ballot to the negroes. They boastingly assert that if they cannot "get you down one way, they will another." Is it not to your own interests to go to some trouble, in order to prevent the success of the party that has always been your enemy? It is but little trouble to hunt up your papers and have them ready. If you have left them in some other county or State SEND FOR THEM IMMEDIATELY. You have as much at stake, as any of us! This is as much your country, as it is ours. Do your duty then. HUNT UP YOUR PAPERS AT ONCE. Lay them where you can get them. See that you are assessed, and when election day comes round go to the polls and administer a fitting rebuke to the party that has attempted to put you beneath the negro.

CHANGE OF BASE.—Last fall the Mongrel ticket in this county was composed largely of soldiers, and the "dear boys in blue" was all the cry. STEWART, WHIPPO, BENNER and MILES, were all soldiers and some of them crippled at that, and yet most of them ran behind the candidate for Governor. This fall there is not a soldier upon their county ticket, but on the other hand, either by accident or design, every one of the Mongrel candidates is a *renegade Democrat* even down to AB. TIPTON. Talking to a prominent radical manager the other day, we asked him why they had ignored the soldier this year? He sneeringly replied: "Humph! *that soldier dodge is played out!*" Thus showing that he never cared anything in reality for the soldiers, but wished to use them as *tools* with which to achieve *party* success.

——If you want to vote for negro suffrage, vote the Mongrel ticket.

### A BASE FASLEHOOD NAILED.

### WHAT IT WAS STARTED FOR!!

### How J. G. KURTZ Made His Money.

The desperate and reckless creatures who are conducting the campaign for the Mongrel party in Centre Co. being wholly destitute of character themselves are attempting to injure and destroy the good characters of the democratic nominees by the most base and *malignant falsehood* in order to bring our candidates down to their own level. For this purpose they are circulating the report that ANTHONY C. GEARY, Esq., is a gambler and that he was engaged in that business among the soldiers in the camp at Falmouth Va., in 1863, and in consequences of practising this and other vices he was driven from the camp by a general order. The whole story is a BLACK AND MALIGNANT LIE, as is clearly shown by the following correspondence between the Chairman of our Committee and Maj. FOSTER, together with the certificate of Dept. Sheriff WOODRING. The facts are simply these. In the winter of 1863 A. C. GEARY, Esq. went to Falmouth, Va., to engage in the business of a Photographer and expended several hundred dollars for material to start the business. After he had been there about ten days *he was taken sick and for that reason* ALONE left the camp, leaving his photographing establishment in charge of a young man by the name of CHARLES NOLL, who was to carry it on for a portion of the profits. Soon after this, NOLL was taken sick and died. Whereupon the Quarter Master of the 148th Regt., J. G KURTZ, (the god-father of this slander,) *took possession of the establishment*, USED AND SOLD MR. GEARY'S PROPERTY POCKETING THE PROCEEDS OF IT, AMOUNTING TO OVER $800. The very money with which J. G. Kurtz paid off the debts against his office when he returned home, he thus STOLE FROM MR. GEARY, and now he is giving circulation to what he knows to be an *unmitigated falsehood* for the purpose of covering up his own infamy. IF KURTZ DENIES THESE FACTS, WE WILL PRODUCE THE CERTIFICATES OF SOLDIERS OF THE 148th REGT. TO PROVE THEM.

We thus nail this lie upon the backs of its authors, and hold them up to the community as convicted libelers. Let these hounds produce their ORDER if any such exists Let them prove their charges by the Colonel or other officers of the Regiment or stand before the public self confessed liars and slanderers. But we have already wasted too much space upon the arrant knaves. Here is the proof of their black-hearted scoundrelism

> Bellefonte, Sept. 18th., 1867
>
> MAJ R. H. FOSTER, *U. S. Assessor, 28th Dist. of Pa.*
>
> It is alleged in the columns of the *Central Press*, that ANTHONY C. GEARY, Esq., of Walker township, the nominee of the Democratic party for the office of county Treasurer, as a Camp follower, carried on the practice or occupation of gambling among the soldiers of the 148th Regiment, while they were encamped at Falmouth Va., in the Winter and Spring of 1863, and that in consequence thereof he was driven from the camp, by virtue of an official order issued for that purpose. Knowing that you were an officer in that Regiment during the time referred to, I desire to know from you whether the said statement, or any of them are true. By a direct and frank answer at your earliest convenience, you will greatly oblige.
>
> Yours very Respectfully,
>
> JOHN H ORVIS, *Chairman Dem. Co. Com*
>
> Bellefonte, September 18th, 1867.
>
> JOHN H ORVIS, ESQ., *Chairman Dem. Co. Com*
>
> DEAR SIR:—I have your note of this date, relative to certain statements, made in the columns of the *Central Press* against ANTHONY C. GEARY, Esq., the nominee of your party, in this county, for the office of County Treasurer. You desire me to state whether "said statements or any of them are true."
>
> I reply that in the fall of 1862 I was Captain of Company "C" of the 148th Regiment of Penn'a. Vols., and about the 1st of October of that year, was ordered into this State on recruiting service. I continued on that duty until about the middle of January 1863, when I returned to my Regiment—then in Camp near Falmouth, Va. Shortly after my return to the Regiment I met Mr. GEARY there—having had a slight acquaintance with him before the war. He came there to engage in the business of a Photographer, but only remained a short time.
>
> It is but justice to Mr. GEARY, to say that I did not then hear from any one that I now heard, such accusations against him *as* those contained in the *Press*, and am positive that he was not driven from the Regiment, by order, for any cause whatever. During the short time that Mr. G. was at the Camp of the 148th, I know of nothing in his conduct that would lead me to suspect, or cause me to believe that he was there for improper purposes, or that he followed dishonest practices.
>
> You are at Liberty to make such use of this reply as you see proper.
>
> Truly, yours &c.,
>
> R. H. FORSTER
>
> I was a private in Company H., 148th Reg., P. V., and was present in the Reg. all the time it was encamped at Falmouth, Va., in the winter and spring of 1863 I knew A. C. GEARY, Esq., who came to Falmouth to engage in the business of a Photographer, and remained but a short time when he was taken sick and left Falmouth, leaving his business in charge of another man. I never heard any accusations against Mr GEARY, while he was there, or after he left, charging him with gambling or any other malpractices and I am possitive that he was not driven out of camp for any evil practices whatever.
>
> DANIEL WOODRING, *Dept. Sheriff of Centre County*
>
> September 18th, 1867.

——The Mongrel whippers-in ask the people to vote for BEN. DEININGER for Treasurer in preference to A.C. GEARY, Esq. The people of Penn and surrounding townships will not soon forget that this same DEININGER was the secret confident and trusted friend of D. A. RUHL, who issued some eight thousand dollars of forged paper, and by other fraudulent devices fleeced the honest people of Penn's Valley out of many thousand dollars more, and then fled to Canada, (as it is supposed) leaving everything he could not carry with him in the hands of the aforesaid BEN. DEININGER, Esq.!! who is supposed to have shared the profits of this little speculation concocted by the firm of "RUHL & DEININGER."

UNKIND.—"The narrow minded blockheads" of the *Press*, last week tried to impose upon their readers by charging upon our worthy candidate for County Treasurer A. C. GEARY, Esq., of Walker township, the vices and crimes practiced and perpetrated in the army by JOHN W. GEARY, whose election as Governor they advocated but a year ago, thinking the people would be deceived by the *name*. Let the abolition GEARY father his own vile acts and not attempt to palm them off upon an honest Democrat.

——Why was Capt. CHEESMAN and all the other one-legged and one-armed soldiers belonging to the abolition party in this county set aside by their Convention and such a "stay-at-home patriot as BEN. DEININGER nominated for County Treasurer? The "soldier dodge played out," eh?

### Are you Assessed?

Democrats are you Assessed? Remember it is but a little over two weeks until the election, and that unless you attend to this important matter, you will be denied the privilege of voting against the men and infamous measures of the party that is now seeking to place you beneath the rule of bond-holders and niggers. See that you are assessed at once. Take no man's word for it, *but go to the assess'list and see that your name is upon it.* We are cheated out of scores of votes yearly, in districts where there are Mongrel assessors, by leaving this matter to their honesty. Trust them no longer! SEE FOR YOURSELF! See that your Democratic neighbor's name is upon the list? Have every Democratic voter about you assessed, and when the election comes off see that they are to the polls, and "Old Centre" will be good for 1,000 of a majority.

### Afraid to Tell.

The Mongrel papers in this place are afraid to let their readers know how their infamous doctrines are being repudiated at the polls by the people.—Look at the list of actual gains made by the Democracy during the last six months

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Connecticut, | Democratic | Gain | 12,000 |
| New Hampshire | " | " | 2,000 |
| Kentucky, | " | " | 20,000 |
| Vermont, | " | " | 5,000 |
| California, | " | " | 27,000 |
| Montana, | " | " | 6,000 |
| Maine, | " | " | 14,000 |
| **Total.** | | | **86,700** |

Let the Democracy of Pennsylvania do their duty and we will add to this amount 40,000 more, on the second Tuesday of October next Democrats of old Centre, are you ready to assist? Roll up your sleeves and work.

### The Financier.

B. O. Demminger, our candidate for Treasurer, is a young man of fine talents and education, a good book keeper and financier —*Mongrel Campaigner.*

He kept the books of D. A RUHL, in such a manner, as to cheat everybody that had any dealings with him, and he financiered the hard working farmers and other citizens of Penn's Valley out of some eight thousand dollars, with RUHL'S forged paper. If the *Campaigner* will tell its few readers how easily RUHL & DEININER "financiered" Mrs. SANDERS, a poor widow woman out of twelve hundred dollars, they can form a very good opinion of his financial abilities and qualifications.

### Tell us Will You!

Judge Sharswood proclaimed secession doctrines as early as 1834, and by his official decisions during the late rebellion, gave unmistakable evidence of sympathy with traitors —*Central Press.*

If Judge SHARSWOOD, "proclaimed secession doctrines as early as 1834," why did your party elect him to the Legislature, as a whig in 1840, '41? And if his sympathies were "with traitors," why did your party support him for Judge of the District Court of Philadelphia during the most critical period of the war? Answer will ye, or hold your peace? Why did you support "secessionists" and "traitors?"

Now we are not exactly spoiling, nor itching for a fight, but we have got on, once more our fighting clothes, and we feel at home and never a bit of it do we want any one to tread upon our coat tail.—*Brown's Campaigner.*

Not for the world Mr. BROWN would we tread upon your coat tail, for fear you might do as you did when Mrs. SWISSHELM threw the dish rag in your face—get under the table and befoul your breeches

——The *Central Press* the Mongrel organ of this county asserts that the soldiers, while in the army gambled so much, that a general order had to be issued in order to stop it Will the "boys in blue" swallow this insult, and listen to men who would thus defame their characters, in order to attain a partisan purpose? *Ib.*

——If J. G. KURTZ did not make between eight hundred and one thousand dollars by gobbling up the effects of a deceased camp-follower, while the said J. G. was playing quarter-master in the army, let him explain the circumstances through the columns of the *Press*. He has heretofore told the tale in one of his "mellow moods."

——Is a man who secretes a forger, helps him out of the country, pockets part of the proceeds of his rascality, and refuses to tell honest men who have been defrauded by him, where the scamp is, a fit person to be in charge of the people's money? Ben. Deining, the Mongrel candidate for County Treasurers is charged with doing these things and so far has not dared to deny it.

——HUTCHISON crows over Governor GEARY, because of his failure to secure LOU. HALL'S nomination for the Senate, and tauntingly tells him *"the ace takes the king."* Don't plume yourself upon your achievments too soon, BOYD, they have a rod in soak for you yet, which will not be pleasant to feel.

——How much did HUTCHISON make by selling out WILSON to PATTERSON? Did he get the consideration in money or was he satisfied with JOHN'S promise that he (A. B. H.) should be on the Senatorial ticket next time?

——JOHN J. PATTERSON says he owns JACK ROBISON and SAM MCVITTY, and will make $10,000 out of them next winter at Harrisburg if they are elected!! How do you like the prospects honest tax-payers?

——If you want your taxes lessened by stopping the interest on the public debt—one hundred and fifty millions of dollars yearly—vote the Democratic ticket.

——If ever the Democratic party gets power, its first act will be to fund the federal and rebel debts.—*From the first editorial column of the Telegraph, of the 13th*

"Do the Copperheads contemplate repudiating the debt incurred by the Government in the work of reducing the rebellious people of the South to obedience to the Constitution and laws? We answer most emphatically, THEY DO.—*From the second editorial column of the same*"

Now, which does the Deacon intend for the lie and which for the truth? The Democratic party cannot be in favor of funding the debt and repudiating it at the same time. Either the party is in favor of paying the debt or not paying it, as you say, Deacon, but which?

### How Has The State Debt Been Reduced?

The local black and tan organ makes a "big blow" about a reduction of the State debt. It claims that $1,794,644 have been paid in one year, "without collecting one single dollar from the farmer and mechanic in the shape of tax on his Real Estate" It neglects to state, however, in what other shape the tax has been levied and collected. Geary, Kemble and Hartranft have not paid that amount from their private pockets, and there is not the remotest probability that the shoddy thieves advanced the money It is not true, however, that a dollar of this amount was collected as a tax upon real estate. In 1866 an act was passed remitting the real estate tax, but there is no evidence that it has been discontinued. There is abundant evidence, however, that the taxes upon the people—the "mechanic and farmer" included—have been more than double during the past year

These same parties—who now announce this reduction of the State debt—lately sent requisitions to the various county authorities for amounts of money aggregating (judging from the amounts claimed from Berks, York Fayette, Allegheny, Indiana and Westmoreland) fully two million dollars ($2,000,000) This, they said, was to be paid in lieu of the real estate tax for 1866 and 1867 The additional sum thus demanded amounts, for each of these years to nearly the total of the original levey, and the whole sum for both years will have to be paid during the present year. To do this a tax levy will have to be made The State officials can and will pay off $1,794,644 of the State debt out of the $8,000,000 in the Treasury, when they have so good a prospect of getting $2,000,000 before the year is out, by means of an extra tax levy. By that time, however, the people will have learned to their cost, how State debts are reduced under Radical officials. Those who paid real estate tax from 1865 to the present time know that there has been no reduction in their taxes. When they come to pay, during this year, the extra levy for 1866 and 1867, they will discover, also, that then taxes have been more than doubled over 1864 and 1865.

Not only are the people required to pay in extra tax the whole sum thus denominated a "reduction of the State debt, but they are required to make up, in the same way, about three hundred thousand dollars for increased salaries authorized by the late corrupt Legislature, about one million dollars for sums squandered in contracts and donations to political favorites by the same body, and about one half a million dollars lost to the State on the twenty three million loan, by paying six per cent. interest on untaxed bonds to take taxed bonds of the State bearing five per cent. interest

It is entirely too late in the day to set up a claim of good management in finances for Radicals officials—State or Federal The people have a constant refutation of the claim in the vast burden of taxation under which they are wearily plodding, and, whilst comforts are abridged and all luxuries are debarred the majority of the working classes, it will require something more tangible than words to convince them that the Radical State administration is a success. *When the people feel relieved, they will not need to be told that their burdens have been lightened —Latrobe and Union*

### Attention Voters!---Patterson "On the Make!"

The notoriously corrupt John J Patterson, of Juniata county—who boasted at Lewistown, on the day of the Republican Senatorial Conference, that he would nominate Robison if it cost *him* two thousand dollars, *because he could make ten thousand dollars out of him at Harrisburg in one winter* —after the nominations were made, took a reliable gentleman from Lewistown to one side and declared that he intened to take the two candidates for Senator, and Wilson, his candidate for the House from Juniata county, to Philadelphia on wednesday, September 11th, where he could pledge them to *certain interests* in order to MAKE HIMSELF WHOLE and raise money to use in the campaign *On Wednesday, the 11th of September*, PATTERSON, *with his men was at the Girard House, in Philadelphia*

Is not this enough to startle the honest men of all parties in this district?—Is Patterson to succeed in electing *his men* by BRIBERY and CORRUPTION? If he dares deny our charge as to what he *said* in Lewistown, or as to what he *did* in Philadelpia, we have the proof on hand, ready primed for him We are determined that the people shall know Patterson as well in this county as he is known in Juniata county We have further developments to make of the schemes of these corrupt men, that we will disclose as the campaign progresses. Robison and McVitty, if elected to the Senate, would be the merest tools of the corporation interests of the State The effrontery of either of these men pretending to be in favor of a Free Railroad Law, surpasses the trickery of even Patterson himself *Patterson says he will elect Robison and McVitty and control them at Harrisburg* Honest men, of all parties, will repudiate this Patterson ticket, conceived to be elected through fraud and corruption—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

THE "WHOLE HOG."—The Radicals of Carbon county adopted the following resolution of their platform with applause and cheers:

"Resolved, That we are unconditionally in favor of manhood suffrage, and that upon this line we will fight from this day on, until the great principles of the Declaration of Independence shall include *all* of our fellow-citizens, white or Black?"

Judge Henry W. Williams is the candidate of those who made the above resolve The inference is plain that, he, too, is fighting it out on the negro suffrage and equality line. Can honest conscientious white men support him under these circumstances? Elected by such men as the Carbon county Radicals, and pledged to decide all cases in accordance with the opinions of the majority which elected him, negro suffrage would at once be enforced in this State and thousands—of vagrant Southern blacks would come or be brought here *to vote and control our elections and then be left in charge of the poor authorities as a burdon upon the white working people whose votes they have killed at the ballot box.* White men are you prepared for this?—*Patriot & Union.*


## New Advertisements.

KIP BOOTS, of the best kind, and of his own manufacture, warranted, and at the lowest prices for sale at McMAHON'S.

CALF SKIN BOOTS, of his own manufacture, warranted to be the best in market for sale at McMAHON'S.

GENTLEMEN.—I can furnish you with all sizes of the Quaker City White Shirts, and challenge any trade to produce its equal. W. W. MONTGOMERY.

GREEN HIDES. The highest market price is paid for green hides of all kinds, at 1123 SUSSMANS

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act relating to the election of this Commonwealth" approved the 2d day of July, A. D. 1839, I D. Z. KLINE, high Sheriff of the county of Centre, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a general election will be held in the county of Centre, on the SECOND TUESDAY (8th) of OCTOBER, 1867, at which time the following persons are to be elected.

One person as Supreme Judge of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to fill the office of the State Senate of the 21st Senatorial district, composed of the counties of Centre, Blair, Huntingdon, Juniata, Mifflin and Perry.

One person to fill the office of member of the House of Representatives, to represent the county of Centre in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

One person for Treasurer of Centre county.

One person for Commissioner of Centre county.

One person for Jury Commissioner of Centre county.

One person for Auditor of Centre county.

In pursuance of said Act, I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several boroughs and townships within the county of Centre, are as follows, to wit;

The electors of the county of Centre will take notice that the said General Election will be held at the following places:

For the township of Haines, at the public house of Absalom Harter, in the town of Aaronsburg

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the school house near Hannah Furnace.

For the township of Miles, at the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter, at the house of R. H. Porter Old Fort.

For the township of Gregg, at the house of M. Guise.

For the township of Ferguson, at the school-house in Pine Grove.

For the township of Harris, at the school-house in Boalesburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the borough of Bellefonte, and Spring and Benner townships, at the court house in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, at the school-house in Rubbersburg.

For the borough and township of Howard, at the house of Mrs. Eliza Tipton.

For the borough of Philipsburg and township of Rush at the school-house in Philipsburg.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school-house near the house of Saml. Askey.

For the township of Marion, at the school-house in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg and Boggs township, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Houston, at the former place of holding elections.

For the township of Penn, at the house of W. L. Musser.

For the township of Liberty, at the school-house in Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school-house in Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of John Boas.

For the township of Curtin, at the school-house near Robt. Manns.

For the borough of Unionville and Union township, at the school-house in Unionville.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

"That every person except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit, or trust under the United States or of this state, or any city or incorporated districts, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, as subordinated officer, agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive, or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or any corporated district, and, also, that every member of Congress or of the State Legislature and of select or common council of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspectors or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or officer of such election shall be eligible to be voted for

And the said Act of Assembly entitled 'An Act referring to elections of this Commonwealth,' passed July 2d, 1839, further provides as follows, to wit:

"In case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector, shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceeding election, shall act as inspector in his place And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected judge shall not attend then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of an hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors, respectfully to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges when called on in relation to the right of any assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matter in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, of such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspector or either of them may from time to time require"

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election other than a white freeman, at the age of twenty one years or more who who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days, immediately preceeding such election; and within two years paid a State tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and remove therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. PROVIDED That the free white citizens of the United States between the ages of twenty one and twenty two years, and have resided in the election districts ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote although they shall have paid no taxes.

"No person shall be entitled to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless, First, he produces a receipt for the payment, within two years, of a State or county tax, assessed either on his oath or affirmation, or the oath or affirmation of another, but that he has paid such a tax, or any failure to produce such a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof, or second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of twenty one and twenty two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State one year next before his application and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the inspector's list and a note made opposite thereon by writing the word 'tax,' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of, for such votes all be called out by the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessors, of his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualification, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance to his lawful calling is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside

"If any person shall attempt to prevent an officer of an election under this act, from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall