Democratic Watchman

P. GRAY MEEK, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
JOHN P. MITCHELL, - - ASSOCIATE EDITOR.

BELLEFONTE, PA

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 25, 1867.

TERMS—$2 per year when paid in advance $2.50 when not paid in advance, and $3.00 when not paid before the expiration of the year.

County Convention.

The delegates from the different townships and Boroughs in the County duly elected to the last annual county Democratic Convention will reassemble at the Court House, in Bellefonte on Tuesday evening, the 5th day of February at 7 o'clock for the purpose of electing a delegate to the next Democratic State Convention, and appointing conferees, to meet the conferees from Blair, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniatta and Perry, to elect two Senatorial delegates to represent this district in the said State Convention By order of the Committee,

JOHN H OWENS,
Chairman

Effects of Radical Policy.

There is a homely, but most forcible saying, which exactly applies to the insane course of the Mongrels towards the South. It is "cutting off one's nose to spite the face."

Since the endorsement of the Radical programme in the elections of last fall, we are forced to the conclusion that the Northern people are really blood thirsty and revengeful enough to do anything to annoy and injure the South No argument based upon the Constitution or upon the principles of natural justice and humanity can reach them But, we know that they are being led blindly, for the course now being pursued, for the purpose of humiliating and injuring the South, must in the end, be just as injurious to the North If there is any one base motive which more than all others characterizes the Yankee, it is selfishness. From our knowledge of the Yankee character, we are convinced that they are deceived in the policy they support, not because they do not know that it is unjust and unlawful, but because they have not discovered that it must work against their own selfish interests

The interests of the whole country demand an immediate and complete restoration of the Union Leaving out of consideration entirely what is Constitutional and just, the interests of the Northern people call for the representation of the South in Congress and the establishment of the Federal Government, as nearly as may be, upon the old basis.—Every effort of Abolitionism to humiliate the South is equally humiliating to the North.

No one will presume to deny that if the Union stood as the Democracy desired to have it, we could at once, if desirable successfully maintain the Monroe doctrine, and eject Maximilian's monarchy from the soil of Mexico. Yet when President Johnson proposes to enforce this doctrine—a doctrine, the merits of which we do not propose to discuss, for, whether right or wrong, it was an important plank in the platform on which he was elected—the whole radical press denounced him, and declared that our own internal difficulties were too serious to admit of our interference in those of any other people. Yet, by adopting the policy of the Democratic party, our troubles may be settled permanently in a week. In fact, our difficulties are of such a nature that there is no necessity for any effort to settle them. They are all *produced* by the very power which complains of them—It is like a thirsty man stirring up the sand at the bottom of a fine spring and complaining that the water is impure Let him cease to agitate, and the water becomes pure of itself. The sole obstacle to perfect union is the Mongrel party. Let them stand out of the way and the Union is at once restored, by the mere operation of existing laws, with nothing to prevent the most complete harmony throughout the whole country.

Thus, in a mean attempt to inflict injury upon the South, we are humiliated before the world, and the pettiest tyrant of Europe may spit upon our flag with impunity

In an effort to govern the South through unnatural and unlawful channels, we vastly increase our expenditures, and fail utterly to attain the objects of government. The Federal Government was never intended for any such purpose, and is altogether inadequate. While the States are constructed in the regular and proper administration of the laws, life and property are insecure, there is dissention and discord, and the people are prevented from following the pursuits of industry, and thus increasing the general prosperity of the country—Here is an argument addressed directly to the pocket of every tax-payer.

They very means we employ to prevent the South from producing their proportion of the wealth of the country is annually costing us millions of dollars. The Southern States are blessed by nature beyond any others on the Continent. With the government as it should be, they would in a few years become the most wealthy in the Union, and thus be able to relieve us of a great proportion of our vast debt. As long as the present policy is continued, there will be but little emigration to a part of the country unrepresented in the Federal Legislature; there will be little capital invested in States which are said to be possessed of no rights, they cannot prosper, they must languish, and yearly become more burdensome. Surely the speculating, money-worshipping Yankee has for once made a most serious blunder He is attempting to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs.

The right of *representation* in Congress is a personal one. When a Northern man goes beyond Maryland, either to reside permanently or for speculation, he is at once deprived of one of his dearest rights. He has no representative at Washington, and can present no petition to Congress through the channels created by the Constitution. He is only entitled to "the privileges and immunities" enjoyed by the people amongst whom he sojourns, and is put on the footing of a "bloody handed rebel."

By these few instances, out of many of a like kind, we see that no section of the country can inflict evil upon another without receiving a share of the injury. The Northern people have been deluded to their own ruin, and were foolish enough, at the bidding of their leaders, (in the language of a Scotch proverb,) "to spit in their hats and put them on their heads."

"Old Mocasin Tracks."

On Tuesday, the 15th inst., the Legislature of this State, in pursuance of the Constitution and laws, proceeded to elect a United States Senator to succeed Hon. EDGAR COWAN, who has, in part, represented Pennsylvania for the last six years. The Abolitionists having a large majority in each house of our State Legislature, the choice for Senator was actually made in their party caucus on Thursday evening, the 10th inst As our readers are doubtless aware this choice fell upon SIMON CAMERON, generally known as "*Old Mocasin Tracks*," *the Winnebago chief*. As this election, better than almost anything else, demonstrates the fearfully low ebb of public morality and virtue in the dominant party of the old Keystone State, we propose to give a brief sketch of the man upon whom the radicals have seen fit to confer Senatorial honors.

SIMON CAMERON has been a prominent man in Pennsylvania politics for more than a quarter of a century, *and yet has never been elected to any office by* THE PEOPLE. He started out in life a professed Democrat, and having been appointed an agent to pay out large sums of Government money to the tribe of Indians known as the Winnebagoes, he took the government gold and exchanged it for the paper money of the Middletown Bank, in which he was interested, and whose notes were then at a heavy discount. Proceeding to the Indian country in company with some parties interested with him, he refused to pay the claims of the Indians as he was authorized and required to do, but permitted these outside parties to buy them up with this Middletown money at an outrageous discount By this means he and his confederates made large fortunes at the expense of the poor, ignorant, and helpless savages CAMERON'S manipulations becoming known to the Government, he was removed in disgrace. We have not space to even glance at his subsequent career of private speculation—his connection with banks, railroads, canals and other corporations, in all of which the same characteristic existed as in his Winnebago speculation, to wit personal gain at the expense of those whose interests were confided to his care.

In 1845 CAMERON was a candidate for the Democratic caucus nomination for United State Senator In consequence of his bad reputation he was defeated, and GEO W. WOODWARD nominated in his stead CAMERON having a few pliant tools in the Legislature, succeeded in effecting a bargain with the Whigs to give him their votes if he could carry off enough Democrats to defeat WOODWARD, the nominee of the party By a liberal expenditure of money this traffic was carried through, and was the first instance in the history of this country in which the high and responsible position of U. S. Senator was bought and sold in market, and was the commencement of that terrible system of political corruption which has prevailed to such a fearful extent in Pennsylvania from that time to this For some years CAMERON endeavored to maintain a kind of standing in the Democratic party, being the recognized leader or chief of the corruptionists, who were called in memory of their leader's first achievement, the '*Winnebagoes*' but on the advent of the "*Know Nothing*" party in 1854 he joined that organization, and at the session for 1855 received their nomination for U S Senator Quite a large number of the more respectable portion of the Senators and members of that party refused to vote for him, and cast their votes for A G CURTIN who then had a respectable standing in the State. This defection among the Know Nothings prevented an election at the time, and at the meeting of the next Legislature the Democrats were in the majority and elected BIGLER

CAMERON having become a Republican, received the nomination of that party for the Senate in 1857, Forney being the Democratic caucus nominee "Old Mocasin Tracks" succeeded in buying *three votes*, the number necessary to change the election and was again sent to the Senate of the United States The three men who having been elected to the Legislature as Democrats, sold their votes to CAMERON, were LEBO, and WAGONSELLER, of Schuylkill county, and MANEAR, of York county. CAMERON remained in the Senate until March, 1861, when Lincoln made him Secretary of War This position he held only a few months, his conduct then being so openly corrupt that the House of Representatives, composed of his own party, passed a resolution of censure against him, and he was sent as minister to Russia in order that the public indignation might die away in his absence He remained at St Petersburg but a short time, and returned to this State to take part in the Senatorial contest of 1863 It happened that the Democrats had a majority of *one* on joint ballot in that Legislature. CAMERON thought he would have no trouble to buy one vote. He offered Dr. T. J. Boyer, a member from Clearfield county, *twenty-five thousand* dollars for his vote. To throw CAMERON off his guard, BOYER accepted the offer, but in the convention, he, with every other Democrat, voted for C. R. BUCKALEW, who was elected over the old Winnebago

That CAMERON obtained the nomination in the recent caucus over CURTIN, STEVENS and GROW by lavish use of money corruptly is openly charged by leading Abolitionists and not seriously denied by any one. That our sketch of the Senator elect is not exaggerated, we will show by abolition authority. The members of the Legislature who voted for CURTIN in 1855, issued an address to their constituents, showing why they could not vote for the caucus nominee, CAMERON, in which he was characterized as "*the fit representative of nothing good, and the exponent of no correct principle.*" WM. D. KELLEY, of Philadelphia, in 1865, wrote a long letter for publication, in which CAMERON'S corruption was denounced in unmeasured terms. JOHN W. FORNEY, in the *Press* of the 7th inst., says: "We believe that SIMON CAMERON is the *last man* in Pennsylvania to send to the Senate of the United States, and we are certain that his election would bring *certain disgrace if not inevitable defeat* upon the Union Republican party." Gen. Fisher, Senator from Lancaster, said in a private caucus at Harrisburg, "that he believed the election of SIMON CAMERON to the Senate of the United States at this time would be the *greatest disaster* that could happen to the Republican party." Col. LEMUEL TODD, of Cumberland, said "He had no hesitation in saying that the election of Simon Cameron would be the *worst calamity* that could befal the State" Col. Forney said the members of the Legislature who voted for Simon Cameron "would be signing their own death warrant." Senator Billingfelt, of Lancaster, said, "A *great crime* was to be perpetrated to night The high office of *United States Senator was to be bartered away for gain.*" A. K. McClure, in a letter to his paper, says "All efforts to avert the *blistering* dishonor of the election of Simon Cameron to the first legislative tribunal of the nation have proved utterly futile." The Pittsburg *Commercial*, and other radical papers in the State, without hesitation, allege that Cameron *bought* his election. To this fearful extent has politics become degraded in Pennsylvania under abolition rule Notwithstanding all this, Cameron was the *best* man the abolitionists had before their caucus. He has more *brains* than Grow, more *heart* than Stevens, and more *honesty* that Curtin.

A Difference.

At one stage in the history of this government, Congress was respected, and its recommendations and provisions cheerfully and willingly adopted by the people At that time no act on the part of Congress was repulsive, because it pretended to exercise no authority, but what it derived from the power creating it It was careful not to exceed its authority, and went no further than to offer recommendations to the several States, which at discretion adopted them or not At that time perfect order existed between all citizens, and violations of law were of rare occurrence That fact proves that the strength of government does not consist in anything *within itself*, but in the attachment and affections of the people, or States comprising it When the attachment of the people to their Government is lost, it is but a child in power, and though it may harrass, annoy, tax, and *rule* for awhile, it but facilitates its own fall

Since the present faction assuming to be Congress, has usurped powers and exercise them that do not belong to that body, even when legally constituted, it has lost the affections and respect of the people for the government it pretends to act for, and its own acts are no more respected by the masses than those of a country debating club; while the perfidious and peculating example of its members has so debauched public morals, that to be infamous is all that is necessary to receive the plaudits of the public.

"Labeling Butler.

Blear-eyed BUTLER, better known as the 'beast' or "spoon thief," has instituted suit against M M POMEROY, of the *La Crosse Democrat*, for libel. We cannot conceive what kind of a dictionary "Brick" has from which to cull words that when put together in any shape would or could libel the character of BEN BUTLER. Why, the idea that such a thing could be done is preposterous!—What, libel BEN BUTLER! There is not a thief in the country but is possessed of more honesty—not a liar in the land but has more truth—not a villain but has more honor—not a criminal but is less guilty—not a rake but has more virtue—not a coward but has more courage—not a traitor but has less treachery—not a beast but has less brutality—not a sycophant but has more independence

not a bull but has less bluster—not a dog that is more of a sneak and not a mean, miserable, scrubby, sniveling, disgusting, dirty wretch, but has more claims to the respect of the public.

If society were skimmed, and out of the dregs was raked the foulest, most offensive, stinking spot, it would be found to be the bloated carcass of BEN BUTLER—the insulter of women—the oppressor of children—a *thing* fit for nothing but a dog' post for posterity. Talk about libeling BUTLER! You might as well try to add sins to the devil, or stink to a skunk

MR COWAN, possesses, at least, the respect of the Radicals of the Senate They know full well that he has not violated his faith to the Republican party—having faithfully stood by the platform of 1860, upon which he was elected *Patriot & Union*

A queer position for a Democratic journal to assume, first, by intimation, that it was at least some honor some credit to a man to have the respect of a lot of individuals such as the mongrel majority in the United States Senate, are—the respect (?) of public thieves, convicted treasury robbers, whiskey soaks, wench huggers, and enemies of the white race. We can't see the honor in having the *respect* of such a crew, and second, by admission, that the Democratic party has left its old land marks and gone over to the abolition doctrines of 1860 If Mr. COWAN has not changed, the Democratic party must have, for it would just as soon have thought of supporting old cloven foot STEVENS, in 1860, as EDGAR COWAN. How is it, friend *Patriot*? Which has veered around, COWAN or our party? One or the other must have, or else the Democratic members of the Legislature, at the late election of United States Senator, acted very strangely in supporting a man for that position who is an opponent of the principles they claim to represent.

A Lesson from a Heathen.

Those who were recently so strongly in favor of Military Courts, urged as an excuse for this mockery of justice that their victims could not be convicted in a civil court. Such people, many of them professing christians and ministers of the gospel, may learn a useful lesson from the words of a *heathen* Emperor of Rome. Julian, the apostate, before he assumed the purple, governed the West under the title of Cæsar. Upon one occasion he restrained with calmness and dignity the warmth of an advocate who prosecuted a citizen for an offence against *government*. A person who censured him for his course, exclaimed: "Who will ever be found guilty, if it be enough to deny?" His noble reply was: "*Who will ever be innocent, if it be sufficient to affirm.*"

—The difference between the man who sings praises to the memory of JOHN BROWN, and old JOHN himself is, that one is possessed of a devil, and the other the devil is possessed of. A difference which after while will not exist.

A Fearful Picture.

The following terrible yet truthful picture of the condition to which fanaticism has brought the laboring masses of our country, we get from the Philadelphia *News*, a moderate abolition paper. The picture drawn and the facts given, are but one of the results of the success of a faction that has ever labored to benefit the few at the expense of the many. Those who have voted for abolition for the past five years can now see what they have done—can now reap the harvest that they have sown. Let them ponder over the following and console themselves with the reflection that it was their acts that brought this state of affairs about

Whilst members of Congres are living in luxurious ease, excited by the inspirations of rich wines, or laboring under the influence of even stronger beverages, and, rushing headlong though the mazes of radical and revolutionary legislation, poor men, women and children are quietly starving in various parts of the country, whilst every city in the land is nightly yielding up hundreds of victims the blood in whose veins has been frozen by the embrace of the ice king of the north The hoarse cough of the steam engine, which sounded through every hill and valley of our great State a year ago, is daily and hourly becoming more faint; the merry music of millions of spindles which whirred in a thousand factories has been hushed; the inspiring click of thousands upon thousands of shuttles, as they traversed their way to and fro on the looms of our cotton and woolen mills, is being silenced, and the bright lights that lit up the scene around the furnaces of our State are paling, and the fires that blazed forth from our rolling mills are being gradually extinguished Everywhere the hum of industry grows languid, and the rotund forms of the men and women who filled thousand of workshops twelve months ago, and made the air resound with the music of their voices, tuned in happy concord, are growing lean and lank Steadily the hours of employment are diminished, and, in an exact ratio, the wants of the toiler are more ully supplied Employers dream of bankruptcy, whilst night's pictures turn the mills within whose walls they have labored so happily into huge "bedlam houses" The capitalists shrink from investment, and the day laborer looks forward to the day he will be obliged to walk the streets of the city or the town in which he once prospered, as a beggar And all of this is coming upon us because the people themselves, the rich and the poor alike, have trusted men to guide and conduct the affairs of the nation who are prostituting their interest to the meanest and most contemptible purposes that ever disgraced a legislative hall

Somebody repeated in Congress a few days since that "revolutions do not go backward" No, they do not, for the essence of revolution is progress, no matter what

There need be no difficulty in tracing the progress of the revolution to which our members in Congress are hurrying us forward, and we do not need to gaze upon such pictures to familiarize our mind with what is in store here when the mad councils of the present Congress shall have their full fruition The men who compared the army of the North, and fought the battle of the Union, thanks to a generous people, who were then able to both pay and give, were well fed, well clothed, and drilled, but the army which will rise up to punish the authors of the coming bankruptcy and ruin will come from the North, the South; the East, and the West It will form a host of tall, gaunt forms, whith *despair* depicted in their faces, and they will carry a banner upon one side will be inscribed *give us bread*, and on the other side, copied after one of more ancient date, will be found, *let us go for gold* There will be but little order or system about the movements of the dread hosts which our legislators are invoking into being Frantic wives will go besides their despairing husbands, half naked and starving children will act as camp followers, flitting from place to place, mayhap with "torch and turpentine" in hand to make "bonfires" of Union League palaces and brownstone bank buildings which, in their ignorance, and inspired by the worst passions of the human heart, they may choose to look upon as responsible for the wreck of their hopes and the ruin and desolation of their once humble and happy homes

We do not prophecy, nor do we propose to create alarm We read the history of the world? we examine the structure of human society—we glance simply at the human heart, and without much study of its emotions we arrive, without difficulty, at an understanding of human conduct when impelled to action by certain forces The people of this country have been sadly deceived, and for the most part they are still under the same influences, but the work of revolution is now going on, and as it progresses their eyes will be opened The hard iron hand of want and destitution, which opens their eyes and closes their hearts at the same time, will do its work, and then will come the culmination, and with one loud voice, as though it came from the tombs of ages past, the masses of the people will curse those to whom they now furnish money and luxurious living, but who are betraying them

—We publish Geary's inaugural in full, not because it is worth publishing, or will repay reading, but for the purpose of having it on record We hope our readers will excuse us for taking up so much space in our paper with such silly and disgusting twaddle

New Publications.

ALEXANDER H STEPHENS, in Public and Private, with letters and speeches &c., by Henry Cleveland Esq., (formerly editor of the Augusta Ga Constitutionalist) National Publishing Co., 507 Minor St Philadelphia

We have received some specimen sheets of this work taken in advance of publication It is neatly printed on clear white paper, with good sized type, and when finished will make a very neat as well as exceedingly valuable addition to any ones library The author, we believe, judging from the few specimens before us, has done justice to the distinguished Southerner. He writes in an easy and graceful style, recording facts, and relating incidents in a manner that is not only attractive but exceedingly interesting The work will be comprised in one large volume of about 800 pages, and will be sold only by subscription Agents in every part of the country are wanted, who should address the publishers as above

THE OLD GUARD.—A monthly magazine devoted to Literature, Science and Art, and the principles of 1770 & '87 C Chauncy Burr, editor Van Everie Horton & Co, N Y, publishers $3,00 per annum

We have before us the February number of this fearless and able advocate of Democratic principles From the first page to the last, it is crowded with articles from the pens of some of the best writers on the American Continent. If the OLD GUARD could find a place on every table in the land, fanaticism would last but a short time,—and Democrats who have really the good of their country at heart, should labor to give it that circulation that its many merits deserve

PETERSONS MAGAZINE.—Devoted to Literature art, and fashion. Chas J Peterson publisher, Philadelphia $2,00 per annum.

Although *Peterson* is cheaper than any of the rest, it is in no manner inferior; in fact in many respects it far excells its more costly cotemporaries. We do not see how a magazine as large and as valuable, can be published for $2,00, nor do we know how any lady gets along with out it.

ENLARGED—the *Carlile Volunteer*, comes to us enlarged to a 32 column paper and greatly improved. The *Volunteer* is one of the best papers in Southern Pennsylvania and we are glad to see this evidence of its prosperity.

GODEYS LADY'S BOOK—A monthly magazine of Literature Art, Fashion. L. A Godey, publisher Philadelphia, per annum $3,00.

Godey has ever and still ranks as the ladies leading magazine Each number increase in beauty and excellence, and the lady who does not wish to be behind the times should send for it at once

THE DEMOCRATIC ALMANAC, and political compendium for 1867 Published by Van Evrie Horton & Co., N. Y

For the price (20 cts.) this is undoubtedly the best political and statistical manual extant It contains much more information of a valuable character, to politicians and the people generally, than many a work That cost ten times tne mony. It gives the election returns for 1866, 64, &60, names of the members of the XXXIX & XL Congress; List of State Capitals; Governors; date Legislatures meet; Ministers Plenipotentiary, negro Bureau and civil rights bill; with their vetoes; list of arbitrary arrests; and any amount of other important and interesting matters

New Advertisments.

GLOVE KID button boots at GRAHAM'S & McAFFREY'S.

OYSTER SUPPER.

A series of Oyster suppers will be given by the ladies connected with the Bellefonte Lodge of Good Templars, on the evenings of Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of the January Court Hot Coffee, Cold Ham, Turkey, Chickens, Corn Beef &c. Also, Ice Cream and Cake, all served when ordered. Charges reasonable; proceeds to be applied to furnishing the new Hall in the Bush building.

KOONS, SCHWARZ & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

Wholesale Fish, Cheese and Provision Dealers, No 114, North Wharve, and 137 North Water st PHILADELPHIA.

Orders Solicited and promptly executed at the lowest possible Rate, Satisfaction guaranteed

FRED A KOONS,
G SCHWARZ,
J SCHWARZ 12-4-1y

$230.00 REWARD!

Stolen from the stable of Daniel Brumbaugh, in Lincoln township, Huntingdon county, Pa, on the night of the 8th inst,

A DARK BROWN MARE,

Eight years old, 16 hands high, and branded on the left shoulder with the letter "C"

$200 will be paid for the arrest and conviction of the thief or thieves and $30 for the recovery of the Mare

D. STRICKLER, Sec'y
Penn'a Mutual Horse Thief Detecting and Insurance co, York Pa. The above company continues to Insure Horses against fire or theft, and the above is their standing reward

12 4 tf ISAAC HAUPT, Agent.

GAITERS & TIES Boots, of all descriptions for sale at GRAHAM'S & McAFFREY'S,

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.

In the Court of Com Pleas of Centre county, in the matter of the petition for the incorporation of "The German Reformed Congregation of St Peters Church of Rebersburg"

Notice is hereby given to all people whom it may concern, that at our Court of Common Pleas held at Bellefonte, in and for Centre county, on the 30th day of November, A D. 1866, application was made by petition for a charter incorporating the German Reformed Congregation of St Peters Church of Rebersburg That the same was examined and read together with the articles of association by our said Court, and the same directed to be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of said Court, which was done That unless sufficient reason be shown to the contrary at our next term of said Court, the said association will by the proper order or decree, be declared a corporation in body politic, by the above name style and title and according to the articles and conditions set forth in their said application, filed as aforesaid in the office of Prothonotary, of our said county, agreeably to the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided

J H LIPTON,
Prothonotary,
12 4 3t

FRENCH CALF, Stitched Boots, for sale at GRAHAM'S & McAFFREYS

PUBLIC SALE

Will be exposed to public sale at the residence of the subscriber in Ferguson township, Centre county, near Pennsylvania Furnace, ON FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22d, 1867,

Commencing at 10 o'clock, precisely, all the valuable Live stock, Farming Implements and Machinery, necessary for carrying on a large farm, to wit

SEVEN HEAD OF HORSES AND MARES, one Devonshire Bull—fat, one Full blood Short Horned yearling bull, cattle, cows and calves, fifteen head of hogs, seventy sheep, two farm wagons and ladders, one horse cart, two sleds, horse power and threshing machine Lewistown make, hay hoister rope and pulleys, Iron roller in sections, Fanning mill,

COMBINED BUCKEYE MOWER & REAPER

Grain drill, Bundle Horse rake, corn planter, plows, harrows, cultivators, log chains, eight full sets of farm harness, together with other articles too numerous to mention Every article enumerated, is of modern and approved style, well kept, in good order and will be sold without reserve. Also a lot of seasoned white and yellow pine lumber No postponement on account of weather.

ROBERT GOHEEN, BAYERS
Auctioneer 12-4 3t

THE BEST BOOTS & SHOES constantly on hand and for sale cheap at GRAHAM'S & McAFFREY'S

TEAS!

Teas for the People No more Enormous Profits for Consumers to Pay. Fifty cents to One Dollar per Pound Saved by buying your Teas direct from the Importers.

T. Y KELLEY & CO, Importers of Teas, in connection with their large wholesale business, have determined to introduce their Teas directly to consumers at importers prices, thus effecting a saving to the consumer of 30 to 60 per cent. Families can now club together for any kind or qualities of Teas, in packages of one pound and upwards, and we will send them a superior article of Tea at 5 per cent above the cost of importation Let some energetic lady or other person in each neighborhood call upon her acquaintances and take their orders for any of the following named Teas, and when a club often, twenty, or more is obtained, send to us and we will send the Teas put up in separate packages, with the name of each person marked on it, all enclosed in one box As a further inducement to the person getting up the club we will send for his or her services, an extra complimentary package on all orders of $30 and upward. It is perhaps not well understood why we can sell Teas so very low; but when it is taken into consideration that besides the original cost of importation, the Broker, Speculator, Jobber, Wholesale Dealer and Retailer, has each to reap a large profit and the innumerable Cartages, Cooperages, Insurances, Storages, &c, which Teas have to pass through before they reach the consumer, will readily explain this. We propose to do away with seven eights of these profits and expenses, and it now remains with the *people* to say whether they shall save 50 cents to $1 00 per pound on every pound of Tea they purchase, or be compelled to give their earnings to a host of useless go-betweens.

Pedlars and small dealers, wishing Teas to sell again, can be accommodated with small packages to suit their trade, but no reduction can be made, as these are our wholesale prices.

PRICE LIST.

Oolong, (Black) 70, 80, 90, $1.00, $1 10 best $1.25 per pound
English Breakfast (Black) 80, 90, $1 00 best $1 25 per pound,
Young Hyson (Green) 85, 95, $1 00, extra $1.25 superior $1 50 per pound.
Mixed (Green and Black) 70, 80, 90, best $1.00 per pound.
Imperial, (Green) $1.30 best per pound.
Japan, $1,00 $1,10, $1,25 best per pound.
Gunpowder, (Green) $1 30 best $1.50 per pound

COFFEE DEPARTMENT.

We have lately added a Coffee Department to our establishment, and although we cannot promise the consumer as great a saving as we can on Teas, (the margin for profit on Coffee being very small,) yet we can sell Coffee fully 25 per cent. cheaper than retailers charge. Our Coffee comes direct from the Custom House and we roast and grind them perfectly pure, put up in 1 or more pound packages, at an advance of 2 cents per pound.

Our Wholesale Price—Ground Coffees—Pure Rio, 25, 30 cents per pound. Best Old Government Java, 40 cents. Best Ceylon 40 cents.

SENDING MONEY.—Parties sending orders for less than $30 for Teas or Coffees should send with their order a P. O. Draft or the money, to save the expense of collecting by Express. But large orders we will forward by Express and collect on delivery.

We shall be happy at all times to receive a call at our warehouse from persons visiting the city, whether dealers or not.

T. Y. KELLEY & CO.,
Late Kelley & Vought,
56 VESEY St., NEW YORK.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas, Levari Facias and Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, will be exposed, to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Monday, the 28th day of January, A. D., 1867, at 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day, the following real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of H. P. Strauss, on and to a certain house and lot, situate in Hublersburg, Walker township, Centre county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the east by lot of John Devins; on the south by lands of Anthony Carner; on the west by lot on which is erected a public School House, and on the north by public road leading from Bellefonte to Lock Haven through Hublersburg, thereon erected a two story house and frame stable, containing about one-fourth of an acre.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of H. P. Strauss.

Also: A frame barn, situate in the township of Boggs, in said county, containing in front fifty feet and thirty feet in depth, and the tract or parcel of land on which the same frame barn stands; the said tract of land being bounded by lands of George Walker, Jacob Walker and others on Wallaces Run, the Bellefonte and Snow Shoe Railroad running through said tract, containing sixty acres, more or less.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Paul Shker

Also: A certain lot of ground, situate in the borough of Bellefonte, said county, bounded and described as follows, to wit on the east by lot of Daniel Derr; on the south by High street; on the west by lot of James Pruner; and on the north by an alley, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, thereon erected a two story frame house.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Charles Johnson.

Also: A certain messuage, tenement and tract of land, situate in Ferguson township, said county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the south by lands of David Reed, on the west by lands of Mrs. Archy; on the east by lands of David Eakly; and on the north by lands of Reed Barr, containing five acres, more or less, thereon erected a log house and stable, and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Mary Allen, Harry C. Allen and David B. Allen.

Also All the right, title and interest of D A. Ruhle, in and to the following described real estate, to wit, a certain tract of land situate in Penn township, Centre county, bounded on the north by lands of William Eisenhuth, on the west by lands of George Swineford, on the east by unimproved land, and on the south by lands of Albert Swineford, containing three hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less, thereon erected a log dwelling house, saw mill and other buildings.

Also All the right, title and interest of D. A. Ruhle, in and to one other lot of ground, situate near Milheim, in Penn township, Centre county, adjoining land of Michael Gephart and others, containing one fourth of an acre, more or less, thereon erected a house and other buildings, now occupied by Joseph Contner.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of D. A. Ruhle

Also All the right, title and interest of Thomas Tunis, in and to a certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Miles, county of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit, commencing at a pitch pine on the southwest corner of the tract herein mentioned, thence by land owned by John Jones north 6 degrees east 126 perches to a pitch pine; thence by land claimed by Derr and Stahl north 79 degrees east 107 perches to stones, thence by same south 81 degrees east 18 perches to stones, thence by land of P. Miller south 7 degrees west 126 perches to stones; thence by land claimed by Rockafeller north 81 degrees west 16 perches to stones, thence by same south 79 degrees west 107 perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty three acres, more or less, being the western part of a certain tract of land known as the William Wagner improvement, thereon erected a house, barn and other outbuildings

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Thomas Tunis.

Also The following tracts of land, situate in Gregg township, Centre county, Penn'a, bounded and described as follows the first thereof beginning at stones (old corner Spruce Stump,) thence along a tract of land of Peter Wilson and Charles Henry, formerly Henry Reeder, north 70 degrees east 117 perches to a spruce stump; thence along land of Jacob Breon south 59 degrees west 109¼ perches to stones, thence along land granted to Stephen Kenly by William Grove north 36¼ degrees west 4¼ perches to stones, thence along same south south 59¾ degrees west 9 perches to stones, along same south 36¼ degrees east 2½ perches to stones, thence along lands of the heirs of Jacob Cain, dec'd. south 46¼ degrees west 184 perches to stones; thence along land of the heirs of John Harter, dec'd north 26¼ degrees west 47 perches to a dead pine, thence along lands of the heirs of David Duncan, dec'd. north 70¼ degrees east 23¼ perches to stones, thence along lands of the next described tract south 21 degrees east 184 perches to the place of beginning, containing thirteen acres and 115 perches neat measure, thereon erected a house, barn and other buildings

The other thereof beginning at a stone (old corner spruce stump,) thence along the above described tract north 70 degrees west 40 perches to stones (new corner) thence along lands of Peter Wilson north 22 degrees west 18 perches to a stone, thence along land of John Colton south 70 degrees west 40 perches to stones near public road, thence along the above described tract south 22 degrees east 18 perches to the place of beginning, containing 4½ acres of land neat measure, thereon erected a dwelling house and barn, with the improvements and appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George C Breon.

Sheriff's Office
Bellefonte, Jan 7, '67 } D. Z KLINE, Sheriff.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Emissions, sexual debility, and impediments to marriage generally, nervousness, consumption, epilepsy and Fits; mental and physical incapacity, resulting from self abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J CULVERWELL, M D., Author of the "Green Book," &c

The world-renowned author, in this admirable lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps Also Dr Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents Address the publishers, Jan 1 67 9m

CHAS J. C KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4586

PUBLIC OR PRIVATE SALE!

The subscriber offers at private sale or will expose to public sale, at the Court House, on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1867,

his entire Port Matilda property, consisting of a TAVERN STAND AND STORE ROOM

The hotel is new large and commodious, and has splendid stabling, out houses, and all the modern conveniences attached Also

A FRAME HOUSE & SMITH SHOP,

with good stable, out buildings, and the lot upon which they are erected. Also,

A FARM OF 150 ACRES,

of good land, known as the "Kelly property," sixty acres are cleared, the balance well timbered. A good young orchard and two houses are upon this property. Also a

TRACT OF 30 ACRES,

known as the "slate hill property," and situated about half a mile from Port Matilda. All of this property lies directly on the line of the B E V R R and will positively be sold, to the highest bidder.

11-49-5t R. D. CUMMINGS.

DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name of J. G. Irwin & Co., has this day been dissolved by limitation. The books and accounts are in the hands of J. G. Irwin & J. D. Rankin, for settlement; all persons indebted to said firm either by note or book account, are requested to call and settle.

J. G IRWIN,
SAM'L. GILLILAND,
ISAAC KAUP,
J. D. RANKIN.

The undersigned will continue the business of manufacturing goods at the Oak Hall Woolen Manufactory, under the firm of Irwin & Rankin.

J. G. IRWIN,
12 2 4t J. D. RANKIN.

DISOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Moore and Haines, is this day by mutual concent dissolved.

C. H. MOORE,
J. HAINES,

The books of the firm are with the undersigned who will continue the business as heretofore.

12-3-3t C. H. MOORE.

New Advertisements.

YOU must have. CLOTHING.

You want, first, to get a Good article.
You then want it as Cheap as Possible.
This is natural and right enough.
The Question is, WHERE to Buy?

It is your PERSONAL interest to consider the following facts:

There is organized in Phil's, an immense establishment to make first-class clothing, and to make it cheaper than customary. The materials are bought direct from the best American and European manufacturers, and thus considerable is saved. Full prices are paid to workmen, so as to ensure substantial and handsome garments; the Salesmen and Clerks are such that customers can fully rely upon them, and every effort is made to please and suit patrons, so as to keep as well as make custom. The result of combined industry, system, and close application of all the employers, has secured a model establishment, a SUPERIOR style of Clothing, and VERY MODERATE prices.

We have,

1st. Gent's Ready-made CLOTHING
2d. Special Department for Youths and Boys Clothing.
3d. Custom Department to make to order.
4th Gent's Furnishing Goods in large Variety,

WANAMAKER AND BROWN, OAK HALL, S E conner 6th & Market, st. Philadelphia

Samples sent by mail or express, when desired. 11 49 1y

REGISTERS NOTICES

The following accounts have been examined and passed by me and remain filed of record in this office, for the inspection of heirs legatees, creditors and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the orphans' court of Centre county to be held at Bellefonte, for allowance and confirmation, on Wednesday, the 30th of January, A. D. 1867

1 The account of David R Geiss, guardian of Anna E Stover, minor child of David Rishel, late of Centre county deceased.

2 The account John Gardner, guardian of Margaret Bell, minor child of George Bell, late of Centre county deceased,

3 The account of John Gardner, guardian of Nancy C. Bell, minor child of George Bell late of Centre county deceased.

4 The account of John Stalker, dec'd, guardian of James N Bell minor child of George Bell, late of Centre county deceased, as filed by his administratrix Martha Stalker.

5 The account of John Stalker decd, guardian of Martha A. Bell, minor child of George Bell late of Centre county deceased, as filed by his administratrix Martha Stalker

6 The account of John Stalker dec'd, guardian of Elizabeth Goheen minor child of David R Goheen late of Ferguson Township, deceased, as filed by his administratrix Martha Stalker

7 The account of John Stalker dec'd, guardian of Joseph R. Goheen minor child of David R. Goheen, late of Ferguson township deceased, as filed by his administratrix Martha Stalker

8 The account of John Stalker dec'd, guardian of John Goheen minor child of David R. Goheen late of Ferguson township, deceased, as filed by his administratrix Martha St