Demberatic Watchman

P. GRAY, MERK, Thirtie And Profesi Men JOS W. FURET, ... Aspeciara Morros BELLEFONTE PA

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1866.

TBRMS. 43 per year whom poid in advance 2,48 when not paid in advance, and \$3,09 when not paid before the expiration of the year.

-- Yankee Abelitionism.

A grauine Jonathan took a ride with his girl, and hopped of a store for "a glass of gin with moissee." Expres prepared, and availored at one death; then terming to her he said: "Bal, that was derned good; why don't you buy some for yourself?"

The above is about as mean as mean con be, but it is not too mean to be the wet, of a real, genuino, Aou, abolition Yankee. They are, as a class, of a real, genuine, New England, the mouncet people, whom God allows to live upon the face of the earth, and the man of whom the story is told that he cought's poor, little, unsuspecting fly, and looked into the pracks of its feet to see if it hadn't been stealing some of his randed sugar, has been ascertained to be a nativo of Massaoliusetts. They are not only stingy, but they will he and steel, as was proved in the late war, where they stole the niggers from kind and generous masters, under the promice, which they will not fulfill, nor ever intended to, of giving to the poor, credwlous darkeys free and happy homes in the North. Bus not content with stealing niggers, they stole money and plate and fewels and rings and spoons and horses and cattle and sheep and hogs and chickens and geese and ducks and surkeys and peacocks and birds, and everything takeable, not excepting underclothes and bed-quilts, and even robbing unprotected and virtuous women of honor and home and friends and country. warrior of the great nigger-loving State of Massachusetts, and others of that ilk.

Nothing is too mean for a New England abolitionist to do; nothing too chameful for him to advocate; miscege nation and negro suffrage are his hebbies, and he apholds them with brazen effrontery. He'll soll wooden nutmers to a statving woman, and steal the cents off his dead grandfather's eyes to bribe as abolition member of Congress to vote Tor a nigger hill. He is bold in everyshing that is bad; a coward in every shing that is good. He can stare the devil out of countenance, but is ashamed so look a moderately decent man in the fage. In moral courses he is a pigmy-In rescality a giant. His equal in infamy is found nowhere in the wide world. He is a "meak" without a peer or a rival, and that he has won this title by his own meanness, in everywhere conceded. His delight is a buxom wench; his terror, a southern soldier. Like a chameleon; he is the color of whatever he crawls on, and his presence is an offense in the nostrils of all honest men.

As appropriate to New England abo litionism, we apply the following text from JEREMIAH, 9th chap, and 5th verse: "And they will deceive every one his neighbor, and will not speak the truth: they have taught short tongue to speak lice, and weary themselves to dominitioniquity."

But, even as there were a few righteous men in Sodom, and even as good came out of Nazareth, so there are a few brave and generous spirits in that benighted and unrighteous country.-The struggles of this devoted band to stay the tide of fanaticism and wrong, command our admiration, and bid us cess in the future. The fact that they pray them God speed in their efforts to are able to buy new type for their paper check the maddening current. We give these good men our hands in fellowship, and cheer them on the rugged way?

The above remarksh we not from among the new thank of the Bachang-ton, (N. Y.) Editor Philadelphi, which appears to be more than accounty air for an abolition paper. But we have no doubt of its truth. It is infinitely more likely to be correct than the stories efrpulated by abolition newspapers generally, of the hatred existing between the segrees and their masters, and of the ruelty of the latter towards their servants. The truth of the matter is, the tiegroes themselves are beginning to realize the vast difference between comfortable servitude with a kind master, and pauper freedem under a yankee gendraf. They see the great contrast between the warm, cozy cottages of former lays, where they always had lots of corn-cakes, bacon, potatoes, molasses, chickens, etc., etc., and the freezing, starving penuty, which is the dower brought to them by their abolition friends. Friends, did we say? Bather enemies, for we hold abolitionism to be the worst foe the negro has. It has tempted him to his present misery—has obbed him of his comfort, his home and his bread. . Like an Tonis fatuus, it is still leading him, through miry ways, into impenetrable morasses: still leading him away from the firm ground of his master's care into the quicksands and cesspools of abolition philanthropy, and will finally leave him, sunk in darkness and ruin, amid the broken wrecks of his own bredulity. Better, far better, for

John Cessca, the renegade demcrat, and prospective abolition candidate for Governor of Pennsplyania, has aned the editors of the Bedford Gazette for libel. The Gazette men do not seem to be very much alarmed about it, as witness the following remarks on the subbject:

the poor negro, were Southern "alavery"

with its kindness and plenty, than North-

ern "freedom" with its harshness and bones.

P-H z-w! Phansy our pheelinks! We have been proseouted for libel by "Governor" Cessna! We. Meyers and Mangel, together with that other awful reprobate, O. Shannon, have been held, severally, in three hundred dollars ball, for publishing three hundred dollars hall, for publishing sundry "mallicious and defignatory articles" on the character of the future chief magistrate of this great Commonwealth. Well, all we say is to be permitted, upon our trial, to give the truth in evidence, and if we don't prove all we ever said or printed about the gentleman, he may, in future, give raitroad passes to whomsoever he pleases. Now, all when it may concern take notice. whem it may concern, take notice, that if the Court will permit us, we will prove to be true all that we core said of John Cessna, AND A GOOD DEAL MORE! If Mr. Cessna wants to vindicate himself, let, him demand that we prove what we alleged against him,— and let him not hide his character behind any legal quibbles. The public shall see whether he will face the music.

Mr. Cessos will probably find that the new law allowing the truth to be given in evidence, will not be much to his advantage. We hope our Bedford cotemporaries may succeed in proving the infamous abolitionist as big a villian as he

NEW DRESS.-The American Volunteer, a sound Democratic paper, publish; ed at Carlisle, Pa., makes its appearance in a complete new dress of elegant "long primer." The Volunteer is now printed on a power press, one of Campbell's, and the impression is distinct and beautiful. We are glad to see this evidence of prosperity on the part of our Carlisle cotemporaries, and wish them all sucis evidence that the Democracy of Cum- every ignorant and thriftless negro, berland county appreciate their efforts in the good cause, and are willing to support them heartily. We hope the Democrats of Cumberland will head the bitter lessons of the past, as we of Central country and the property of the past, as we of Central country and the property of the past, as we of Central country and the property of the past, as we of Central country and the property of the past, as we of Central country and the property of the past, as we of Central country and the property of the past, as we of Central country and the property of the past and the property of the past and the property of the past and the

with the first control of the production of the

-through army frauds—through the disfranchisement of voters, as in the M'Constiglity case—through the revolutionary and
unlawful creation of a State. ("Westerb
Virginis"), and through "test-oaths" and
bayonet elections, as in Maryland, Missouri, Kentucky and Tennesses. Hence the
haste with which the constitutions amend
ments are rusched through the Rump. No
time is to be great the People to express their
wishes; through nemby elected representatives in
future Liquitatured. Nor is popular reprements are divit rights to be regarded,
when expressed through public meetings,
through the press or by means of petitions.
The recent outrage of the Rump House upon
the People of the District of Columbia is
clearly indicative of the course to be pursued toward the people of all the States.

Now, it is well known that the negrees
through out the country are in possession of
all the argusts the land and release at
the recent outrage of the States.

Now, it is well known that the negrees
throughout the country are in possession of
all the argusts to schick they are

RIGHT TO PRIVILEGES NOT PRESELT GRANTED domin of human conduct a people once than at the WHOLE of the WHITE PEOPLE of the country—who alone have the right and pewer to restrict or extend givil and power to restrict or extend givil and political privileges. Any and every attempt, therefore, that shall be made by attempt, therefore, that shall be made by the revolutionary leaders of the dominant party, to force or emugals neare sufface and attempt, therefore, that shall be made by the revolutionary leaders of the dominant party, to force or smuggle appro suffage and negro equality upon the people of ANY of the States, for the purpose of perpetuating the supremacy of one political party, (AB HAS BERN AVOWED BY THE REPUBLICAN HAMPERS,) must be met by FORCE—BY ARMED REVOLUTION! The people witsi, if need be, appeal to the sword and the musket, and vious if our on teat line, until this land shall be universally admitted to be—as was intended by its founders—"a Governments of White Mens, for White Mens, and their Posterior Teature Torons was Intended to the party of the party

The trong was l'
Let the people at once speak out this determination in thunder tones, and forevar
estop the Negro Disunifyists who are rushing the country on to sunchay and destruction!— Patriot and Union. TERITY FORBYER!

Abolition inconsistency.

Abolitionism is daily involving its follow-ers in worse and more perplexing inconsis-tencies. But a few years since they oppo-sed the admission of Kansas, under the Lecompten constitution, because, as they alleged, that constitution was not ratified by the voice of the people. Now they pass a bill allowing negroes to vote, in the District of Columbia, when the people of the District, at a public election, decided almost triet, at a public election, desired and retusing to do the lart, but any unanimonstly against exerce suffrage. Ars. the people of the District of Columbia less able to take care of themselves than were able to take care of the more than were examined, the better it will be for the peothe outlaws and murderers of the rather wishes in regard to their own local government entitled to some slight respect, at the hands of the aboliton fanatics in Congress.

The truth of the matter is, this action of Congress in regard to the District is but the entering wedge to prepare the way for universal negro suffrage and equality; and these same radicals are already declaring that as liberty to the slave was first secured in the District, followed by his liberation throughout the whole country; so will his enfranchisement in the District be followed by noncessing the sum of the sum of the state as the sum of the sum of the sum of the sum of the state as the sum of the the outlaws and murderers of the Kansas border? If they are not, then are not their wishes in regard to their own local govern-ment entitled to some slight respect at the hands of the abolition fanatics in Congress?

The fee destered purpose is the feele of the

throughout the country are in possession of me as the realization of this fact. But all all the NATURAL RIGHTS to which they are bistory, with a loud unbroken voice, proall the NATURAL RIGHTS to which they ere bistory, with a loud unbroken voice, proentitled by law and by right. Tury never claims it, and the ovidence of what the prorossessed equality of folitical rights been is couglusive to my mind of what
under our Government, and have no the future will be. Wherever in the wide

> Jonn Given has applied to the Court of Common Pleas for a mandamus commanding the City Councils to allow him to enter his the City Councils to allow him to enter his security and perform the duties of City Commissioner. If this were done, then he would ask the Court to compel Mr. Lyndall to countersign warrants bearing the name of John Given, "City Commissioner," for the City Controller will not recognize his right to act in that capacity. But as the case of Mr. Given is now undergoing a judicial investigation with a view of ascertaining in a legal manner the extent of the fraud committed in the so called array returns, it is not likely that the Court of Common Pleas will act in such a way as to prejudice that movement. The city Counprejudice that movement. The city Councils are: salled upon to examine into the surrounding of public officers entrusted with the keeping and disbursement of the public moneys, and if in their judgements the cirmoneys, and if in their fadgements the circumstances attending any paticular case
> are such as to imperit the public interest,
> then to all in such a manuer as to protect
> the city. In this case, and peuding the decision of the Court as to the legality of the
> election of Mr. Given, the Councils have
> refused to acknowledge kim as City Commissioner, or accept his securities, and for
> refusing to do the latter, the mandamus hasbeen amplied for by Mr. Given. We have

ple.—Age. earth. Let them bring the issue before the people in the coming campaign in Pennsylvania. We are prepared to meet it, whither they are or not.—Cartisle Voluntee.

free government die The world is he trae dest, resulting from the earlies with the billion of decay. All arms in the hands of callid. The

Slevens & Co, have insued their proclama-ti nenjoining negro equality spen the peo-ple of Pennsylvania. White hen how do you like it. Those Jacobin leaders are de-termined to reduce you to the stains of the African; and you may as well begin now, to choose, your sides. Damocrafe, ask your "loyat" neighbors, what they think of the position assigned them by their party lead-

position assigned them by their party leaders?—Ex.

—It is announced by the "intelligent contrabands" that all the "loyal." negroes in the country, will be invited by Summer Stevens & Co, to remove to Washington, where they can "sociate wid de wite trash," and Senators and members of Congress in nationies. Go in Sambo, wo is a men and patioular. Go in Sambo, you is a man an a brudder-to Summer Stevens & their lowers, but not to the "white trash."- Ex.

The St. Louis Republican puts the The St. Louis Republican puts the following simple question to its radical contemporaries and hopes they will answer it: Should Congress refuse to admit the Representatives of the Bouthern States to their sents, on the ground that they are out of the Union, what will they do with the starp which represent those States upon "the old flag?" Do they themselves propose to deface the flag about which they have made such a noise?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RMY PENSIONS. A A Army Pensions are due and payables or after March 4th next. An persons having Pension Certificates are invited to cell upon A B. HUTOHINSON, at his onlice, next door to Baxstresser's hardware store, on or after the date, to execute the necessary papers to collect the amounts due upon that date. All kinds of business with the tinvarament transacted with agre and without unnecessary delay. Charges reasonable. Feb. 9-3t

arra and without unnecessary delay. Charges reasonable.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, an anditor appointed by the orphan's court of the County of Centre, to make distribution to and among those battided thereto, of the make in the hands of Mramary A. Berry, administrating of the state of Dr. Benjamin J. Berry, late of Harris township, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefunts, on Tuesday, the 37th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clk. p. m. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them then and there, or be forever debarred from receiving any portion of said fund.

A. B. HUTCHINSON, Jan. 9, 1866-3t. Auditor.

Jan. 9, 1866-St.

Auditor.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the orphans court of Centre country, is distribute the balance remaining in the hands of B. F. Brown, administrator of the estate of J. L. Brown, late of Harder township, deceased, to and among those legally splittled thereto, will attend to the daties of his appointment at his office in Billefonte, on Wednesday, the 28th day of February, A. D. 1866, at 2 o'clock p m. All persons having claims to any portion of said fund are hereby notified to present the same then and there, and to attend if they see fit.

A. B. HUTCHINSON,

Feb. 9-3t.

Auditor.

Edward w. Miller,

The state of the s

An assessed and previous and previous and previous and an arrangement of the previous and an arrangement of the previous and an arrangement of the previous and arrangement of the previous arrangement of the previou nts due by collectors A.D.

By amounts due by collectors A.D.
1865 and previous years, 19, 19, 19, 1833 20 16
By exonerations and previous large.
By int of colour of warming lifted.
By but of colour of warming lifted.
By part of colour of warming lifted. 144,84 By afronia entry of city order... By allowance for stationery..... By treesurer's com. on \$31,217 86... \$73126 96 By balance due Treasurer... 1808 94

IN ACCOUNT WITH BELIEF FUND-DR January 1, 1866. "January T. 1866." On the College 12 To bal, due by collectors 7554 and previous years.
To amt of daplicates E. D. 1886.
To amt of conmissioners receipts 21470 20

871729 51 CONTRA—CR.
Jennary 1, 1866. Janua
3y relief tax outstanding 1865 and By relief tax outstanding 1865 and provious yeers and percentage. 1236.71 69 By experations and percentage. 1236.71 72 00 By experations militia. 72 00 By concernious militia. 17175.22 By crose fifted. 17175.22 By treature's commission. 405 56 Balance. 17143.42 \$71729 51

To balance due by Treasurer...... By rec'pt of J. D. Shugurt, Treus. BICHARD CONLEY, Sheriff,

In account with Centre County.
DR.
January 1, 1868. January 1, 1866. To amount of jury fees and fines... Yo amount of pounty orders....... \$326 0

CONTRA-CR. January 1, 1866. Janua By jury feet and fines exonerated By bearding pris'n're and turnkey By Commonwealth costs, jurars' summons and proclamations..... 375 00 4LL, 33 **8838 33**

By balance due Sheriff

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, having examined the foregoing accounts of John Shanuon, Theaserer, and Nichard Conley, High Sheriff of said Country, do hereby certify that the foreigning accounts are borest as above stated. In testimony whereof we have hereunto set our hands this 5th days of January, A. D. 1868, JAMES W. S.Y.DER, JOHN B. THOMAS, Bellefonte, Pa. 11:5-3t Additors.

\$412 33

EXPENDITURES OF CENTRE COUNTY,

A. D. 1865. To order on treasurer for auditors' 303.89 205 00 225 00 Ditto Jaines Foresman, do
Ditto John L. Gray
Ditto John Morang Camme's elerk,
Ditto John Morang Camme's elerk,
Ditto J. B. Prottifton as m. B. B.,
Ditto J. Galbraith, as Jentier.
Ditto J. B. Parrimi, as dipitave... 85 50 98 75.,, Ditto Andrew White, court crier...
Ditto Opvis & Alexander, sal. atty's
to comm'rs & fees on collecti ns..
Ditto J. H. Kurts, printing '64 & '65

night water working the last PRESIDE AT OLU LAS PROPER DE STOOL HOFFER LESSEN

- Brock of Goppe of All Minds. which they are ellering the transplanted man

DRY GO OD Simeren Constitue of the latest styles of Pigura and Pearl Alphoas. " Ato Pigura and Pearla' ala gradia de Cardon de C BHRPHERD PEALDS,
BLACK SILKS,
SIMMER SILKS,
IRISH POPLINS,
WHITE GOODS,

White Counterpases,
White Counterpases,
Linen and Cetton Sheetings,
Checks,
Ginghams,
Beddicks,
Sheenherd Plaid Balmorals

Shopherd Plaid Balmorale

Shepherd Plaid Balmoraia.

Black Cloth.

Cassimeres,
Velvetine.
Velvetine.

Corduroy.

Rentuckey Jeans,
Drills,
Liddles Cloaking.

Plain Solvers

Plain Solvers

Plain Solvers

PLAIDS OF VARIOUS COLORS.

GENTLEMENTS SWEAR

A fall line of Cloths, Cassimiris, faitpetted and Vesting, all kinds and prices, which sim we large and wall selected stock of all kinds of GROCKELIS.

GROCKELIS.

MACKEREL.

GROCKRISS,
MACKEREL,
BALT, he
Which we will dispens of at the voly lowest
and in some special prices.
All kinds of country produce taken in exchange
or goods, and the highest minds: prices intended. PRIENDS AWARD TO YOUR INTEREST For we feel satisfied that we can spit, your yastun-as well as your russus. Book. 2. 65-19.

as well as your russes. Bept. 2 75-19.

I ALL AND WINTER TRADS.

I More goods that be had for less money at the cheap store of REVERS EXELURE.

at Centre Hill, Centre County, Pennsylvania, than at my other establisheing in the first.

#838-38- He beeps constantly making white firsts. STAPLE AND PANCY: GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, TATE & CAPS, READY MADE CLOTHING, ...

Notions, Queensware, Hardware, Willow and Wooden Waire,
And in fact a complete assortment of all the setirles usually found in a first elast, congrey
store.

drees göods. Franch Morinos, all wool, Plaids. Cobatgs, Reps., Alpacoss, Black Silks, 4., 44. IOBIERY—Webl and Cotton Shirts Drawers Fine, Shirts, Silic, Cotton and Li Handkerchiefs, Hoop Spirts, best makes. CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES - Remot Brond-

BHAWLE A full line, allieded." BOOTS AND SHORE.
We will keep at all times a full assertingut o

PRODUCE TAKEN, IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS, AND THE

... . Blogser Narrit: Reione PAID IN CASH FOR GRAIN OF

ALL RINDS.

ń. kultur. Aug. 7th, 1868-if. Aug. 7th. 1865-II. R. KELLER.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

10 b 2b hundred-and twenty eight stree of valuable farm land, situated in Howard-Kownship, Cambridge of the sale degree of the Bald Ragle Creek, within a mile and a quister of the depart of the Bald Ragle Valley Road, being one of the gnest desirable situations in the county. It has erected upon it a LARGE NEW FRAME DWENLERS HOUSE, ANEW BANK BURELLERS HOUSE, ANEW BANK

2 75 the houses and FIFTY ACRES OF GOOD WOOD LAND, a source of budger wyolf-Land, within a few hundred yards containing again to the streams which winds through the streams which winds through to make in

