Democratic Watchman

TERMS—$2 per year when paid in advance $2,50 when not paid in advance, and $3,00 when not paid before the expiration of the year.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

ETOYNE.—The population of Norway is about 1,200,000.

DOUBTER.—Call at our office and we will give you our authority, which we know will satisfy even you.

SOLDIER.—Come and examine the file of our paper and convince yourself.

EDNA.—It is taken from a poem by Francis Ann Butler, which commences—

Thou comest not in sober guise,
In mellow cloak of russet clad—
Thine are no melancholy skies,
Nor hueless flowers pale and sad."

VOTER.—No sir. President's proclamations or acts of Assembly, have nothing to do in a matter of the kind. The Constitution of the State, declares who shall and who shall not vote, and Judges of elections who act under any other authority are liable to prosecution.

THINGS ABOUT TOWN AND COUNTY

FILLING UP.—Last week our jail had but two occupants, now it has six.

BROCKERHOFF'S new building is rapidly approaching completion. The floors are laid, and the ceilings and walls are being finished. The roof is also being slated. It will not be long until that portion of our town will be as lively as ever.

THE FAIR.—We hope the farmers of our county will not forget that next Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, is the time for holding the State Fair. If they have nothing to exhibit themselves, let them go and see what agriculturalists from other sections of the State have.

ARRESTED.—Two young men, giving their names as Charles Canley and Robert Magee were arraigned before Squire Klinger, on Sunday morning last, on the charge of robbing the boarders of Garman's Hotel of money and watches. In default of bail, they were committed to await a further hearing.

SUSPECTED HORSE THIEVES.—A couple of young men suspected of stealing a horse and buggy from a livery stable in Lancaster city, Lancaster, county, were lodged in jail, in this place on Tuesday last. Suspicion was aroused by their attempting to sell the "rigging," at a figure much below its actual worth.

"A PALPABLE HIT."—Want to see Grant mighty bad, do you?" said a blue coated veteran to the people crowding aboard the cars the other morning, on their way to get a squint at our famous General. "Wa-a-a-l! why in the thunder didn't you come down to the front, when he wanted to see you, hey?" If you want to see the largest assortment of boots and shoes, ever brought to this town go to Burnside's.

A RUNAWAY.—On Thursday morning one of the horses attached to the Conrad House omnibus, became frightened, and ran away, taking with him the tongue of the vehicle, which, by some means, had become detached from the axle. The horse was stopped and caught at McBride's corner by Captain Cook, after having narrowly escaped precipition into the cellar of the house, the door of which happened to be open

JUST SO.—In conversation with a Republican a few days ago, he remarked that the old party issues were all on the shelf, and the most important one to be voted on at present was that of negro suffrage, and for his part he thought enough had been done for the negro, that he was in favor of the negro, but opposed the suffrage, and he would therefore vote the Democratic ticket in October. There are just lots of white men heretofore in opposition to the Democratic party who consider themselves better than negroes.

FIRE.—On Friday night last, through some means unknown, the millinery establishment of Miss Marie Raphael, on Allegany street, caught fire, and was totally destroyed, with its contents, before assistance could be rendered. The building was old and dry, and the flames burnt fiercely, leaving nothing but ashes to tell that a building had been there. This is the second time Miss Raphael has been burnt out. She seems to be peculiarly unfortunate in this respect, but we hope she may have met with her last disaster.

A DIRTY TRICK.—Personal malice and hatred sometimes go to great extremes. A case has recently occurred at Milesburg in illustration of this fact. It seems that a woman in that town had made some peach butter, and set it out in the air to cool. Another woman, who had some personal spite against the maker of the peach-butter, very slily slipped a portion of manure into the vessels containing it, thinking, no doubt, that she had accomplished a sweet revenge. We understand that the injured party has applied for counsel, and that the facts of the case will be developed at the next court.

THE "UNITED STATES" HOTEL AT WILLIAMSPORT.—Those of our friends who contemplate attending the State Fair at Williamsport, will find the United States Hotel kept by the Messrs. Doebler, a first class house. It is large and commodious, and well furnished with every convenience that guests can desire. The table is always abundantly supplied with the best in the market, and the waiters are obliging and attentive. Every exertion is made to secure the comfort of the guests, and one does not encounter anything inhospitable or rude about the premises. The clerks are all gentlemen, anxious to make the guests of the house at home. Packer Floyd, the chief clerk, is one of the most obliging of men, and will see that his guests are well attended to. He is a whole-souled fellow, and a good Democrat, and knows how to "keep hotel." The rooms of the "United States" are all cheerful, clean and comfortable, and it is just the place for our friends to stop.

A LITTLE MATTER NOT GENERALLY KNOWN.—Under the management of an abolition board of Commissioners in this county, we became indebted to the Commonwealth in the sum of *twenty nine thousand two hundred and eighty dollars, and thirty nine cents* ($29,280,39,) as shown by the report of the Auditor General, of February, A. D., 1862. No one acquainted with the financial affairs of the county, except the then abolition board of Commissioners, could account for this sudden increase of the debt of the county due the Commonwealth, as every year the tax payers of the county were called upon for, and paid all the State taxes levied upon them—to the full amount assessed by the board of Revenue Commissioners. When in the fall of 1862, the Democracy had succeeded in electing a majority of the board of Commissioners, and having appointed Mr Alexander as their legal adviser, a system of retrenchments and reform were at once inaugurated which led to an investigation into the accounts between the county and the Commonwealth. It was then discovered that there was a gross error in the settlements of the accounts between the county and the Commonwealth in the settlement of January 1861, and that really, we did not owe the Commonwealth one half the amount with which we were charged. That the abolition board of Commissioners, through their ignorance and reckless management, had shown to the county auditors such a statement of their accounts, upon which they based their report to the Auditor General showing such indebtedness to exist A remedy was at once sought for, but six months and more having elapsed since the settlement under the laws of the State, there was no appeal, and no means left open whereby the accounts could be adjusted. Thus was Centre county under abolition management, charged with a debt she never owed, and from the payment of which there was apparently no escape. Thanks however to the efficiency of the Democratic board of Commissioners and their counsel—a bill was passed through the Legislature of the session of 1864 by Mr. Alexander, which became a law without the approval of the Governor, which authorized and required a re-settlement of the accounts between the county and the Commonwealth, in pursuance of which John H. Orvis and J. D. Shugert were appointed Auditors on the part of Centre county to re audit and settle the accounts. The result of this settlement was to reduce the indebtedness of the county to about two thousand dollars, thus saving to the tax payers over twenty thousand dollars. The balance of the indebtedness of the county to the State was made up of the defalcation of the abolition treasurer, W. W. Brown.—This sum has been collected off Mr. Brown's securities by Orvis & Alexander, the present counsel for the Commissioners, and paid over to the State, so that to-day we are not indebted one penny to the Commonwealth. So much for abolition mismanagement of the financial affairs of the county. Had it not been for the efficiency of Mr. Alexander as counsel for the Commissioners and as member of the Legislature, and of J. D Shugert deputy treasurer of the county. The tax payers would have had to pay this debt, which the stupidity of the abolition commissioners had heaped upon them out of their hard earning, inconnection with this we have but one more word to say. Will the tax payers of the county again trust the management of the financial affairs of the county to a party that has showed itself so incompetent and regardless of their interests?

THE BELLEFONTE POLICE.—If ever there was a useless organization attached to any municipal community, it is that bleating brotherhood known as the Bellefonte police. A more arrant set of cowards, if we may judge by their actions, were never banded together for the protection of a town. The cardinal principle of their creed seems to be to keep away from all disturbances, and to let everybody do as they please, no matter whose head gets smashed in a melee. With one or two exceptions, perhaps, they are as worthless as the rowdies whom they are called upon to keep in order, and as fleet of foot when danger comes as the stag before the hounds. A most valiant body, truly—one which broken headed men will curse and insulted ladies despise!

We witnessed a muss the other day in which one of our policeman, officer McClure, *tried* to do his duty. He had hold of a "gay and festive cuss," and was endeavoring to impress upon his mind the fact that the strong arm of the law was upon him—Mr. McClure, was, however, left to struggle with the offender alone, not another policemen venturing to offer him any assistance. The fellow was, finally, with the assistance of one or two citizens, landed in the jail, where he was left to reflect upon his dilemma.

At the head of this gallant corps of our town's defenders, as Chief Burgess, is Brigadier Gen. James A. Beaver, abolition candidate for assembly. General Beaver, though a brave man in the army, seems to neglect his duty sadly as Chief Burgess of Bellefonte. He does not give that attention to his municipal duties which a faithful officer should do, and we do not do him injustice when we say that a great deal of the rowdyism of this town may be traced to the inefficiency of his police arrangements. A rigorous enforcement of the borough laws, against all offenders, would work a wondrous change in the moral atmosphere of this town, and be productive of much good to our citizens. The people cannot fail to argue that a man who is careless in small things will be careless in greater ones: or, in other words, they will reflect that if General Beaver neglects his duties as chief Burgess of Bellefonte, he will neglect his duties as Representative from Centre county. This may be a little fact which the gallant General would not be unwise to ponder over, and it would probably, be as well to shape his course accordingly. Who the subordinate members of the police department of this borough are, (with one or two exceptions,) we do not know. We never see any of them except on menagerie or circus occasions, when they may be known by their badges, which they put on to insure them free admittance into the tent and side-shows. Were the showmen, when they come here, only aware of the worthlessness of these "dead head" gentry as officers, that game would soon be stopped, and badges would not be so plenty on show days. Will the Chief Burgess give his attention to this matter, and try to remedy the evil. We hope so.

ANOTHER VERSION.—For months, about the streets of our town, we have heard nothing but "tramp, tramp, tramp the boys are marching," &c. As the "tramp" the "marching," and the "prison cells" are about "played out," we have thought it not out of place to furnish a new version of the song for our singers, which at this particular time is exceedingly appropriate:—Here it is:

O, who would like to see,
In this country of the free,
The nigger on an equal with the whites
Would it be a splendid view,
Pray tell me what think you?
If all of us could see it in that light!

CHORUS.—Tramp, tramp, tramp, the "vets" are marching,
Cheer up darkies, you were born
To enjoy as best you can,
All the inborn rights of man,
And you shall cast your ballot—in a horn.

It would be a great curse to
The country through and through,
If abolish could this time have its way:
Its banner is unfurled—
It proclaims to all the world
That the cause of negro voting rules the day!

CHORUS.—Tramp, tramp, &c.

Boys is this for what you bled?
Upon the Southern sod!
To make the "nigs" and your condition worse?
You have heard the "abs" decree,
"The black to vote is free,"
Such doctrines will the veterans endorse?

CHORUS.—Tramp, tramp, &c.

No! they'll say in thunder tone,
To the "power behind the throne,"
'Tis not for what they suffered fought and bled,
And they'll turn away in shame
From this stigma on their name
And bravery of our immortal dead.

CHORUS.—Tramp, tramp, &c.

MR. KELLER, of the firm of Hoffer & Keller, has been making a little improvement, in the way of a convienience for the ladies, in their store room. The improvement consists of a row of stools along the counter for ladies to sit on when purchasing goods. This is a good idea of Christ's and is another evidence of his regard for the ladies. We hope they will appreciate the compliment, and be thankful accordingly. He has just returned from Philadelphia, where he has purchased one of the largest stock of goods ever brought to this market. Many of them are already on hand, and more are being received every day. For a general assortment of ladies dress goods, alpacas &c., we do not suppose any firm in Central Pennsylvania will beat them.

GENERAL BRISBIN.—We find in the Lexington, Kentucky, *Standard*, the following notice of the doings of our former townsman, Gen. Jas. S. Brisbin, who is in command of the "colored" troops of Kentucky. He and Gen. Palmer are the only general officers on duty in that State.

"Gen. Brisbin, commanding this Division is manifesting the same energy which he has displayed in other positions. He has organized a mounted guard which will patrol the suburbs and bye streets of the city, from dark till daylight. He has also formed a "shoe brigade," in which delinquents of all classes will be enlisted to clean and keep clean the streets and alleys of the city.

3. A SUPERIOR REMEDY.—We can conscientiously recommend to those suffering from a distressing cough, Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam. It gives relief almost instantaneous, and is withal not disagreeable to the taste. There is no doubt but the Mellifluous Cough Balsam is one of the best preparations in use, and is all that its proprietor claims for it We have tried it during the past week, and found relief from a most distressing cough. It is prepared by Dr. Strickland, No. 6 East Fourth street Cincinnati, Ohio, and for sale by druggists. may 26

4. DYSPEPSIA.—What everybody says must be true. We have heard Dr. Strickland's Tonic spoken of so frequently by those who have been benefitted by it, that at last we are compelled to make it known to the public that we really believe it effects a cure in every case; therefore, we say to those who are suffering with Dyspepsia or Nervous Debility, to go to their druggist and get a bottle of Dr. Strickland's Tonic, may 26.

The Bellefonte Market.

White Wheat,	per bushel,	$ 1,95
Red,	do	1,90
Rye,	do	75
Corn Shelled,	do	66
Oats,	do	40
Barley,	do	75
Buckwheat,	do	62
Clove Seed	do	5,00
Potatoes,	do	62
Lard,	per pound,	23
Bacon,	do	22
Pork,	do	15
Tallow,	do	12
Butter,	do	35
Eggs,	per dozen	20
Plaster, ground,	per ton,	10,00

MARRIED.

On the 12th of September, at Pine Grove Mills by the Rev. J. A. DeMoyer, Mr. John N. Dunkle to Miss Catharine B. Raymon, both of Gregg township, Centre county.

DIED,

On September 2nd, 1865 of Dropsey, Mr. Jonathan Krise, of Spring Township.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Thomas Mayes deceased.

Take notice, that by virtue of a writ of partition issued out of the Orphan's Court in and for Centre county, and to me directed, and inquest will be held at the late residence of Thomas Mayes deceased, in the township of Ferguson, Centre county, on Tuesday the 24 day of October next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased, to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spolling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

Sheriff's Office, R. CONLEY.
Bellefonte, sep 22,—4t. *Sheriff.*

IF YOU WANT GOOD BOOTS & SHOES
WARRANTED,
GO TO BURNSIDES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!

Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price $1,00. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address, WARNER & CO., Box 138, Brooklyn, N. Y. feb 17 1y

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER as an essay o Warning and Instruction for young men—published by the Howard Association, and sent free of charge in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. feb 17 1y

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, forty different styles adapted to sacred and secular music, for $80 to $600 each.—THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. 10-33-1y.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH—treated with the utmost success by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, No. 519 Pine street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country may be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. July 24. 1y.

ARITHMETIC OF CONSUMPTION.—Two thin shoes make one cold; two colds, one attack of bronchitis; two attacks of bronchitisit, one coffin.

All of the above diseases can be AVOIDED by the timely use of Sellers' Imperial Cough Syrup—a sure and speedy remedy for Coughs, Colds, Influenza Hoarseness, Whooping-Cough &c. Sold everywhere. june 23, 1865—1y.

HAPPINESS OR MISERY?
THAT IS THE QUESTION.

All nervous sufferers afflicted with spermatorrhœa, seminal emissions, loss of power, impotence &c. caused by self abuse, sexual excesses and impure connections, can have the means of self cure furnished them, by addressing, with stamp,

JOHN B. WILLIAMS, M. D. Box 2863,
apr 14 1y Philadelphia, Pa.

A CARD TO INALIDS.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge*.

Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. jly21-6m

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA.—Numerous remedies for these complaints have been brought before the public, and used with varying success, as they generally contain some curative qualities. But unfortunately for the afflicted, they are of little efficiency. For often they only modify diseases, and do little towards perfecting a radical cure. But the Great Internal Remedy, Johnson's R. Compound, effectually banishes the disease from the system. It is beyond a doubt the surest and most speedy remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout &c. ever used. It has gained the patronage and favor of persons of every rank, and the demand is steadily increasing. It is a priceless remedy to those afflicted. Sold by Druggists everywhere. june 23, 1865.-1y

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever,

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

Ask for Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, and take no other.

R. P HALL & CO.
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. aug 15 '65 6m.

DR. TALBOTT'S PILLS, Anti Dyspeptic.—Composed of highly concentrated Extracts from

ROOTS AND HERBS,

of the greatest medicinal value, prepared from the original prescription of the celebrated Dr. Talbott, and used by him with remarkable success for twenty years. An infallible remedy in all

Diseases of the Liver, or any derangement of the Digestive Organs, they cure Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Jaundice, Biliousness, Liver Complaint.

The well known Dr. Mott says of these Pills "I have used the formula from which your Pills are made, in my practice for over 12 years, they have the finest effect upon the Liver and Digestive Organs of any medicine in the world, and are the most perfect Purgative which has ever yet been made by anybody. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease.—They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases, and being purely vegetable are free from any risk or harm. No person who has once used these Pills will ever be without them."

They create pure blood and remove all impurities from the system, hence are a positive cure for Fevers, Headache, Piles, Mecurial Diseases, and Hereditary Humors, &c.

DOSE.—For Adults, one Pill in the morning, for children under 8 years, half a Pill.

Price $1 per box. Trade supplied, or sent by mail, post paid, to any part of the U. States or Canadas on receipt of price. None genuine without the fac simile of V. Mott Talbott, Md. D.

V. MOTT TALBOTT & Co.,
No. 62 Fulton Street, New York.
June 2, 1865. 10—1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.—HOPKINS "OWN MAKE" OF HOOP SKIRTS, are gotten up expressly to meet the wants of FIRST CLASS TRADE.

They embrace a complete assortment of ALL the NEW and DESIRABLE Styles, Sizes, and Length, for Ladies, Misses, and Children, and are superior to all others MADE in point of Symmetry, Finish, and Durability; being made of the finest tempered English steel springs with Linen finished covering, and having all the metallic fastenings immovably secured, by improved machinery. They retain their shape and elasticity to the last, and are warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Also, constantly in receip of full lines of good Eastern Made SKIRTS, at very low Prices. Skirts made to order, altered and repaired. Wholesale and retail, at Manufactory and Sales Room.

No 628 Arch Street, above 6th, Philadelphia.
Terms cash. One price only!
aug 7 '65-4mos.

ESTRAY.

Came to the residence of the undersigned in Marion township, Centre county, on the 10th day of July, 1865, one red steer supposed to be 2 years old. Therefore the owner is requested to come forward and prove property and pay all charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

ISAAC S. TRAIN.
Sept. 8, 1865-3t.

WANTED!

An agent in each township and borough of this county, to whom an opportunity will be given to make from $10 to $20 per day. For urther particulars address F. A. Meek, Bellefonte, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

Pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth, approved the second day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine," I, RICHARD CONLEY, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Pennsylvania, do hereby make Known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said county, of Centre, Pennsylvania, on the

SECOND TUESDAY, 10th OCTOBER, 1865,

at which time County and State officers will be elected, to wit:

One person for Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Surveyor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the county of Centre in the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Treasurer of the county of Centre.

One person for Commissioner of the county of Centre.

One person for District Attorney of the county of Centre.

One person for Auditor of the county of Centre.

I ALSO HEREBY MAKE KNOWN AND GIVE NOTICE that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Centre, are as follows, to wit:

For the borough of Bellefonte and Spring and Benner townships at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Burnside at the house of Martin Murphy.

For the township of Curtin at the school house of Robert Mann.

For the township of Ferguson at the school house in Pine Grove.

For the township of Gregg at the public house of Wm. Musser.

For the township of Harris at the school house in Boalsburg.

For the township of Haines at the public house of John Russel, in Aaronsburg.

For the township of Hall Moon at the school house in Walkerville.

For the borough of Howardville and Howard township, at the house of Mrs. Eliza Tipton.

For the township of Huston at the former place of holding election.

For the township of Liberty at the school house in Eaglesville.

For the township of Miles at the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Marion at the school house in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg and Boggs township, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Potter at the public house of George Miller at Potter's Fort.

For the township of Patton at the house of Peter Murray.

For the township of Penn at the public house of Wm. L. Musser.

For the township of Rush and the borough of Phillipsburg, at the school house in Phillipsburg.

For the township of Snowshoe at the school house near the house of Samuel Askey.

For the township of Taylor at the school house near Hannah Furnace.

For the borough of Unionville and Union township, at the school house in Unionville

For the township of Walker at the school house in Hublersburg.

For the township of Worth at the school house in Port Matilda.

I also make known and give notice, as, in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act, I am directed "that every person excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether commissioned or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Judiciary or Executive departments of this State or United States, or any incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, and the State Legislature, and the select or Common Council of any city, Commissioners of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of the Commonwealth; and that no Inspector or Judge or other officer of such election, shall be eligible to any office to be voted for."

Also, that in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 19, 1810, it is enacted that the aforesaid section "shall not be construed so as to prevent him serving as Judge, Inspector or Clerk at any General or Special election in this commonwealth."

Also, that in the 61st section of said Act it is enacted that "every General and Special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue voting without any interruption or adjournment, until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The general, special, incorporated district and township elections, shall be held and conducted by the inspectors and judges elected as aforesaid, and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the next highest number of votes at the last spring election, shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, or if any vacancy continue an hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which said officer shall have been elected present at the place of election, shall select one of their number to fill such vacancy."

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general or special or township election during the time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such elections, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors, or either of them, shall from time to time require."

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, but a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States, who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom, and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district, and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall have not paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants, furnished by the Commissioners, unless first he produce a receipt for the payment within two years of the State or county tax, assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence, either on his own oath or affirmation, or that of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath of the payment thereof, or, second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make due proof, of his residence in the district as is required by this Act, thereupon the name of the person admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "Tax," if he shall be permitted to vote by reason of having paid tax; or the word "Age," if he shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of a person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the Commissioners and Assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall not be sufficient proof, but shall make proof thereof by at least one competent witness who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district, for more than ten days next preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his *bona fide* residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district and that he did not move into said district for the purpose or voting therein.

Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, as required of his residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent, or attempt to prevent, any officer of any election under this act from holding such elections, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window, or avenue to any window where the same be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly, or overawe, any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, be imprisoned for any time not less than one month, nor more than one year, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district, or township, where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, and imprisoned not less than six months, nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of the election within this Commonwealth, or, shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or any printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet."

"If any person not qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election in this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person offending, shall on conviction be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote, or else and procure another so to do, he or they so offending, shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeable to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 4th section of the Act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one Judge from each district, at the Court House in the borough of Bellefonte, on the third day (Friday) after the 10th day of October next, then and there to perform the duties required by law of said Judges. Also, that where a Judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend said meeting of Judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or Clerks of the election of said district, who shall do, and perform the duties of said Judge unable to attend.

Given under my hand at my office in the borough of Bellefonte, the 15th day of September A. D. 1865.

(God save the Commonwealth.)
RICHARD CONLEY,
sep 15 1865. *Sheriff.*

CENTRE COUNTY ss.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to George Livingston, executor of account of Henry Vandyke, late of the borough of Bellefonte, deceased, and heirs and legal representatives of said Henry Vandyke deceased, you and each of you are hereby cited and commanded to be and appear at our Orphan's Court to be held at Bellefonte, in and for the county of Centre on the fourth Monday of November next, (26th.) then and there to answer the bill or petition of Edmund Blanchard Esq., and show cause why specific performance of certain contracts between the said Henry Vandyke and James T. Hale and the said Edmund Blanchard should not be decreed.

Witness the Hon. Samuel Linn, President Judge of the said Court at Bellefonte, the 28th day of August A. D. 1865

J. P. GEPHART,
sep 15—6t. *C. O.*

NOTICE.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Elizabeth Layers deceased. Take notice that by virtue of a writ of partition issued out of the Orphan's Court, in and for Centre county, and to me directed, an inquest will be held at the late residence of Elizabeth Layers, deceased, in Eagleville, Liberty township, Centre county, on Tuesday the 31st day of October next, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased, to and among her heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law: at which time and place you may be present if you think proper.

Sheriff's Office, R. CONLEY.
Bellefonte Sept. 11—6t. Sheriff.

NOTICE.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Sarah Mitchell deceased.

Take notice, that by virtue of a writ of partition, issued out of the Orphan's Court, in and for the county of Centre and to me directed, an inquest will be held at the late residence of Sarah Mitchell deceased, in the township of Harris, county of Centre, on Wednesday the 25th day of October next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased, to and among her heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

Sheriff's Office, R. CONLEY.
Bellefonte sep 11—6t. Sheriff.

NOTICE.

To the heirs and legal representatives of John Mitchell, deceased.

Take notice, that by virtue of a writ of partition issued out of the Orphan's Court in and for the county of Centre, and to me directed, an inquest will be held at the late residence of John Mitchell deceased, in the township of Harris, Centre county, on Wednesday the 25th day of October next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased, to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law: at which time and place you may be present if you think proper.

Sheriff's Office, R. CONLEY.
Bellefonte sep 11—6t. Sheriff.

NOTICE.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Conrad Deckard deceased.

Take notice, that by virtue of a writ of partition issued out of the Orphan's Court, in and for Centre county, and to me directed, an inquest will be held at the late dwelling house of Conrad Deckard, deceased, in the township of Potter, Centre county, On Thursday the 2d day of November next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased, to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law; at which time and place you may be present if you think proper.

Sheriff's Office, R. CONLEY.
Bellefonte sep 11—6t. Sheriff.

MARK YOUR BAGS!

Stamps for Bags, Buffalo, Robes or any thing else of the kind, to be had at all times and at exceedingly low prices, at the shop of the subscriber in Bellefonte.

D. DERR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW FIRM! NEW GOODS! AND LOW PRICES!!

HIGH RATES RUBBED OUT!

GOODS AT OLD FASHIONED PRICES.

HOFFER & KELLER,
(Formerly Hoffer Bro's.)

Would respectfully inform the world and the rest of mankind, that they have just opened out, and are daily receiving a large

STOCK OF GOODS OF ALL KINDS,

which they are offering at the very lowest market price.

DRY GOODS!

Consisting of the latest styles of

BLEACHED AND PLAIN ALPACAS,
PRINTED AND PLAIN ALL WOOL DE LAINES,
SHEPHERD PLAIDS,
BLACK SILKS,
SUMMER SILKS,
IRISH POPLINS,
WHITE GOODS,
White Counterpanes,
Linen and Cotton Sheetings,
Checks,
Ginghams,
Ticks,
Tickings,
Flannels, &c.,
Shepherd Plaid Balmorals,
Black Cloth,
Cassimeres,
Velvetine,
Corduroy,
Kentucky Jeans,
Drills,
Ladies Cloaking,
Plain Colors,
Middlesex Cloths,
Repellants, and
PLAIDS OF VARIOUS COLORS.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

A full line of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinettes and Vesting, all kinds and prices, which will be sold cheap. We have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of all kinds of

CROCKERY,
GROCERIES,
MACKEREL.

Which we will dispose of at the very lowest cash prices.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the *highest market prices allowed.*

FRIENDS AWAKE TO YOUR INTEREST

For we feel satisfied that we can suit your wants as well as your neighbors.

Bellefonte, Sept. 8, '65-1y.

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE.

GEORGE D. PIFER

Announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,

in the room formerly occupied by Mr. Sternberg as a clothing store, two doors above Mr. Humston's book store, and near the Post Office, where he will

CONSTANTLY KEEP ON HAND

the very choicest

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
CONFECTIONARY,
FRUIT, &c.

These he will sell as *low as possible*, for cash or country produce. He hopes by strict attention to business to secure a reasonable share of the public patronage. aug 2, 1865-tf

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

The undersigned very respectfully informs the public, and especially lovers of music, that having obtained from the manufacturer the sole agency for the sale of

STEINWAY & SON'S PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS AND CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO'S MELODEONS,

He is prepared to deliver to persons wishing good instruments the above at Philadelphia and New York retail prices.

Circulars sent promptly upon application, with any additional information desired.

N B.—Every instrument is warranted for *five years.*

feb17tf H. M. GREENE, Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Jonathan Daughenbaugh, deceased, late of Huston township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

LEVI DAUGHENBAUGH,
Sept. 8-6t. *Administrator.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Samuel Carlisle, deceased, late of