Pince our last issue we have any of war news; of the most exciting kind, The raid at that time which was looked upon as mere affort of a few Confederate Guerillas t staal horses in Western Maryland, has assume gigantic proportions. The Age says that "all the railroads leading out of" Baltimore and Washington "are destroyed, and some of them Communication with the North, except by water, is cut off. The Confederates, at last accounts, were in force five miles from five miles northwe of Washington and the ci-ty is m imminent danger. On Sunday moin ing the Confederates approached Baltimore and Vashington in various columns. One force was at Reisterstown, seventeen miles northwese of Baltimore. Another force was at Marriottaville miles west of Baltimore, tien Wallace, with the remnants of his army, was retreating before it. Another force was at Durnertone twenty miles northwest of Washington. A fourth column marched dewn the Potemac, seiring the fords and receiving constant accessions from Virginia. The Northern column of the Confederates was at Reisteretown. It was a large one and moved rapidly. At ten in the Morning is reached the Northern Centrel Railroud at Cock eyeville, eight miles east of Reight ratown. The wires were cut and cummuni- atton between Baittmore and Harrisburg coased. Near this place the railroad crosses the Cunpowder River on a undge about two-hundred feet leng. The brilge was burned. The force was then dividod, One body marched worth towards Alurris bulg, an other towards Bultimore, The ruiroad mithie seighborhood crietes many bridges. All were burned and the tract torn up Untinight carge, the two parties advanced along the railroad, destroying it as they marched. Yesterday morning at dawn they sent out a third party shirlemarched down the north bank of Gunpow. der River towords the Philadelphia and Balti more Railroad. The two parties on the Northern Central Railroad continued their destruction -Cockersville is uftern miles from Baltimire .-South ale ag the read the Confa lerates marches antil they reached Governitures, but five miles from Baltimore. They Jestroyed the road and burned the bridges all the way. A party came in a mile nearer town to the residence of Governor Fradford, of Maryland. They burned it. This was probably dene in retaliation for the burning of the residence of Governor Letcher, of Virgina, by general Hunter on his Lynchburg raid. For menty-our miles the Northern Central Ra Iroad has been torn up. Bridges have been burned and tice and rails dostroyed.

The expedition sext down the north bank of the Gunpowder marched about twelve migs to the Baltimore and Philadelphia Railroad. On Sunday fears began to be expressed for its safety. At 13 o'clock ye terday in the mid t of a de-patch an mounting fears for the safety, of the railroad, the elegraph wires were cut. The last communica-Philadelphia received timely in the and were turned back. Those from Baltimore were not -Two of them ran into the snare In one was Mar General Franklin returning home from Peters burg. He was captured. The second train wa leaded by the enemy with computables, fired unsent towords thunpowder Medge Guards' guehoats could not stop it. Zue bridge wat Ere and the immense structure burned.

Othr bodies cut the railroad between Gunnow dor River and Rultimote. Their cavalry swarmed in every direction. On all sides they approached the city. It has not yet been destroyed Washingtan is still in more danger than Baiti enally town has been abandoned by Federal troops and is on debateable ground. In fore this will see the light, communication will sechably be out between Washington and Balti Who is to defend Washington we do not know. The coemy are in overwhelming force:

And the properties of the prop by a self constituted and incompetent lespotisms and the question we must deide is whether they shall retain it until their power cannot be broken, or shall

Pennsylvania's Weakness and Strength. A sad spectacle the old Keystone State

presents to the world to day. A powerful and determined enemy upon her border, perhaps even now upon her soil, and not a hand raised to ward off the throatened blow Asinighty State, with half a million of stout arms to defend her, and in consequence of the imbecility of her executive, not one of them The second control of the control of available. With the resources of which Pennsylvania is pose-sed, her men and

motion of the plane's and the sun, had motion of the plane's and the sun, had not the laws established by the founders. The no ravaged and defroyed, while the drawny of the Rejudic been violeted. The no ravaged and defroyed, our homes and ment that himmany w. a destroyed, and attened upon our malth. And all this, the different states of the Confederacy the New Linguist Statistics, which now made to jar against each other, the destroyed and the confederacy the New Linguist Statistics. made to jar against each other, the des- governs the country, would gladly actruction of our government became only complish. They would blot our old a question of time. If the bodies of the State from existence for the furtherance

we assert our sovereignty and maintain to remain at home evjoying the riches others are fighting to protect.

Adjournment of Congress.

The people had reason the reason that the house at Washington had make a place in the polyne how known as the Congress of the Initial States, is not in assession—It is polyne that the make a precent with shaftsh subatishing the allow of Luccola and his Cabinet, and scarcely makes a precentiative of the people. Fear or fanaticism control its actions. A short

than any poor man in the County 7 their law ideas will not suffer during their absence and life is no dearer to them than it is to the laboring man; they and their kind have done more to get the country into the terrible condition of to day than any other class of citizens, why then should their places in the annual to the country into the terrible condition of the day than any other class of citizens, why then should their places in the annual to the country of sickness or mistorium. To escape the should their places in the anny be filled by other men, and they be permitted to remain at home evjoying the riches families them to protect. others are fighting to protect.

——If the Confederate troops now in the vicinity of Washington, should capture Abraham and his Cabinet, it would do more towards perforing peace to the country, than all the military demonstrations the North can make. Lengues might howl about it but the masses of the people would rejoice.

The Diarase-The Renery — Vasily more officed or the masses of the people would rejoice.

The Diarase-The Renery — Vasily more officed or the masses to the merely of the coldest and bloodest cubal that even taled a people would rejoice.

The Diarase-The Renery — Vasily more officed or the projections at the people would rejoice that the constraint of the first first decreased the first first dec

The people had reason



Governor of said Commonwealth, To Richard Conley Eaq., Sheriff of the county of Centre-Sends Officing:

In pursuance of the above prec'smation of the

in the said County of Centre. ON TUES DAY, THE SECOND DAY OF AUGUST. Isb., In the payer of ofing in "a point resolution proposity section amending instaction to the Constitution of the Common needs the I ALSO BERKES MAKE KNOWN AND GIVE NOTHER that the Jules of heiding the governing special cleen ten in the reversal words, to make districts and t windings within the county of Centre, are as follows, to wit:

For the bor up hour Bellefonts and spring and

of the geloof house allower covers.
For the two-layer Harras at the school house

. .

districts therein, on the first Tuesday of Alignas, but to sea of our Lord one shoustaid sighthan-drest specialty four, for the springer of deciding dipon the approval and militarities, or rejection of the said smeatquents; which said election shall be opened, held and sleesd upon the day; last aforesaid, at the player and within the hours at and within which the general elections of this Commonwealth are different to opened held and closed; and it shall be the duty of the judges, inspectors and distill of seath of serious of the common of th

stables, judges. Inspectors and all other others, whatever, in and about the general elections of shis Comm inwestth shall, be reformed by such officers in and about the election bersin, previousling and are pers its, whether officers or others what be made to the same puni, hunat for the neglect of arm offence at, in or about the sand electron as they would for the neglect of like dury or the commission of like offence at, in

duty or the commission of the onesce and or about the general elections of this Common-HENRY C. JOHNSON. Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN P. PENNY.
Speaker of the Scinit.

Approved — The twenty-third day of April.

Anno Domini on one thousend eight hundred

A. G. CURTIN. MEETING OF RETURNSUDGES. .

Pursuant to the provision contained in the second rection of the act aforesaid, the judgho of the act aforesaid, the judgho of their aforesaid district, and ratum of the election of their respective district, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district, at Belletonte on the third day after the day of the clotton, being I RIDAY, the 5th of August then and there to do and perform the duties quired by law of said judges.
Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavox

durly accident, is unable to attend such meeting of ficines, then the certificate or return aforasaid