LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE MOUNTAIN CAMP.—Gen. J. Y. James has organized a camp near the town of Huntingdon, directly under the authority of the United States Government, in which is now encamped about one thousand men.—The General has been authorized by the Secretary of War to raise a full brigade of four thousand men, to consist of infantry, cavalry and artillery. The brigade is rapidly filling up, as it has many advantages over the regular State organization. The camp is the most beautiful in the State. It is situated about two miles from the town of Huntingdon, in a field containing twenty acres, entirely surrounded by a beautiful grove of thrifty white oak timber, constituting a complete shelter from the strong and often piercing winds of Autumn. Right by the side of the entrance to the camp is a beautiful spring of clear mountain water, which bubbles up in sufficient abundance to supply a camp of ten thousand men. The situation is a healthy one, being surrounded by mountains which purify the air and render it free from all mulairous diseases. The ground was selected by our fellow citizen, Ira C. Mitchell, who has been appointed Quarter Master for the brigade. The tents for the soldiers are mostly constructed out of boards, are large and will make very comfortable winter quarters. in case the brigade should not be moved off till spring opens.—We understand the brigade is not to be moved until completely organized and the men thoroughly drilled. Gen. James is a man of considerable military experience, and is just the man to take command of this brigade which promises to constitute a very efficient arm of the military of these United States. The soldiers entering this brigade receive pay from the very day their names are entered upon the muster-roll, and besides this advantage of the State service, are entitled at the end of the service to 160 acres of land, the usual bounty and pension, and their wives and children to the benefit of the Home Relief Fund. The companies forming in this county will do well to enter this brigade.

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLIGRATION.—On Tuesday, the 10th inst., about 11 o'clock, p. m., the large flouring mills at Flemington, two miles west of this place, were discovered to be on fire on the fifth story of that part of the mill used for the storage of grain. Owing to the great height of the building, and the headway made by the fire before discovered the whole establishment was destroyed. A detached building used as a cooper shop was also burned. Almost the entire movable property, part of the books and papers, and all the valuable machinery and fixtures of the mill were lost. This mill was built in 1855, by Messrs Hugh Conley, W. S. Woods, John Sterrett, and J. B. McWilliams, at a cost of $80,000. It was by far the most complete structure of the kind in this part of the State—the main building being 50 by 73 and 50 by 100 feet upon the ground floor, and five stories from the basement, with all the modern arrangement for loading, unloading and elevating grain, and with additional buildings and expenditure for office room, engine houses, cooper shop and dockage. Two steam engines of 100 horse power afforded the driving power of the mill, which was capable of turning out two hundred barrels of flour per day.—There was storage room for 50,000 bushels of grain, and a distillery attached, which used, when in operation, 200 bushels of grain per day.

The destruction of this great property is a public as well as individual loss, and affects in this community not only those who have grain to sell but those who have bread to buy. The most painful apprehension exists that the fire was kindled by and incendiary. Since the suspension of operations at these mills in the winter, their engine has not been in use, and in that part where fire was first seen, no fire was ever used. It seems almost beyond a possibility that the fire could have resulted without design on the part of some person or persons. No more wanton or outrageous act, short of murder, ever happened in this county. We trust the perpetrators may be found out.—We learn that the insurances amount only to $19,000.—*Clinton Democrat.*

MAMMOTH AMBROTYPE CAR.—The arrival at this place of Thos. J. Taylor, with his Mammoth Ambrotype Car, will introduce a new epoch in the history of ambrotyping and photographing. Mr. Taylor, having disposed of the car with which he had canvassed almost this entire county, immediately commenced the erection of a much lager one than the first, one adapted to the development of every branch of the art. Having completed his car, he has again commenced business on a much enlarged basis and with greatly improved facilities, and from his well earned reputation as an artist we feel safe in predicting success to the Mammoth Car wherever it drops its steps. Mr. Taylor occupies at present his old stand on the hill near the school house, where he will remain a short time in order to afford our citizens an opportunity to get a life like picture of themselves and families.

CHURCH DEDICATION.—The splended new church edifice which has just been completed by the Methodist Episcopal congregation of Pine Grove, will be dedicated on next Sunday. It has been in course of erection for about a year and ranks among the best church edifices of this county. Several distinguished ministers are expected to be present to assist in the dedicatory services. A general invitation is extended to the public to attend.

ACCIDENT.—On Monday last, Mr. Lewis Hass, having left his horse and wagon standing in front of Frank Hine's bakery, on Bishop street, for the purpose of attending to some business with Mr. Hine, the horse started off, and Mr. Hass, in attempting to arrest him was thrown under the wagon, two wheels of which passed over him, seriously injuring him about side, arms and back.

DEATH OF A CENTRE COUNTY PRISONER.—James A. Zettle, of Potter's Mills, this county, who was one the members of Capt. Hess' company captured by the rebels, near Martinsburg, in July last, died in Richmond in one of the prison hospitals, on Monday last.

RELEASED ON BAIL.—Messrs. Hays and Lipton, who have been confined in the county jail for some time on the charged of killing Huston Poorman, were released on Saturday last, having entered bail to the amount $8000 each.

LATER FROM MISSOURI.

LATER FROM LEXINGTON.

The fight Continued on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Brave Defence by Col. Mulligan.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—A gentleman named King, who left a point on the Missouri river opposite Lexington, on Wednesday night, who arrived here on this morning, reports that a severe fight occurred on Tuesday for the possession of three ferry boats which lay at the levee. The Rebels, under Price, advanced on the boats in two bodies, one from above and the other from below the town, and after a very sharpe engagement they were repulsed. The boats were not in a fair range of Col. Mulligan's guns, his forsifications being so situated as to prevent him from cammanding them completely, and his force was too small to admit of his making a sortie against Price's overwhelmag numbers. Mr. King says he saw twelve wagons loaded with killed and wounded Rebels taken off after the fight.

He also says that Price assaulted Mulligan's forts four or five times on Wednesday, but was repulsed each time with a loss of from three to four hundred.

The reinforcements from the North, probably under Gen. Sturgis, were expected to arrive late on Wednesday, but as Price had obtained possession of the ferry boats they would not be able to cross the river, and of course, could be of little or no service in relieving Col. Mulligan.

Further Particulars.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.

The following additional particulars in reference to affairs in Lexington have been ascertained:—

The first attack upon the fortifications is said to have been made on Thursday of last week, but this is certainly a mistake, as Price did not leave Warrensburg, forty miles south of Lexington, until Wednesday night. The attack was probably made on Monday, as previous stated, with about 8000 men.—The engagement lasted two hours, when the Rebels were repulsed with the loss of 100 killed and between 200 and 400 wounded.—Our loss stated at five killed and several wounded.

The fortifications are situated at the edge of the town, on a bluff overlooking the river. The works are of earth, seven feet high and twelve feet thick, with a ditch six feet deep and twelve feet broad, surrounding them.—Another and smaller work is erected inside, defended by a ditch—the whole works being capable of holding ten thousand troops.

The attack on Wednesday was a determined one, and lasted nearly all day.

The reinforcements from the North, under Gen. Sturgis, probably number 3000, but should they be unable to cross the river which is quite likely, the only aid they can render will be to sweep the Rebels with their artillery. It is confidently hoped, however, that the 6000 troops that left Jefferson City on Wednesday, by steamers, will be able to land at or near Lexington, and cut their way through the Rebel forces and join Colonel Mulligan. It is said that Colonel Mulligan expressed confidence in being able to hold his position against any force not more than ten times greater than his own.

It was believed at Boonville that Lane had reached Lexington with reinforcements.

THE LATEST.

SURRENDER of COL. MULLIGAN.

59 Hours without Water.

FULL PARTICULARS OF THE FIGHT.

Col. Mulligan and all Commissioned officers Held as Prisoners.

HUDSON, Mo., Sept. 23.

The following account of the siege of Lexington is furnished to the St. Louis *Republican* by Henry Bradburn, one of Col. Mulligan's soldiers, who left Lexington on Saturday morning: The fort was surrendered on Friday afternoon. The men fought fifty nine hours without water, and had only three barrals of vinegar to quench their thirst during all that time. There were no springs or wells of water in the camp ground, as has been stated. The supply was from the river, and was cut off after a desperate fight on Wednesday. The camp ground consisted of about ten acres, and was located a short distance from the river. There were breastworks entirely around it with the exception of the portion next the river. It was here the hardest fighting took place.

The rebels procured a large number of hemp bales, rolled them in advance, and under their cover gradually succeeded in securing a position in the rear. They then cut off the supply of water, and had the fort completely surrounded. They made but few charges upon the breastworks during the entire siege, their object seemed to surround the fort and cut off the supply of water. Having succeeded in this, they awaited until Col. Mulligan was compelled to yield to the foe more terrible than the twenty-seven thousand rebels that surrounded him.

Previous to the surrender he offered to take a position on a level spot of ground and give Gen. Price the odds of four to one in a fair and open fight, but no attention was paid to it. After the surrender the rebels mounted the breatworks and seemed mad with joy.

As soon as the surrender took place a party took down the flag and trailed it in the dust. An immence amount of gold, supposed to be about a quarter of a million, fell into the possession of the rebels. It was taken from the banks and buried by Colonel Mulligan on the camp ground, some time ago. The rebels speedily unearthed it.

Col. Mulligan wept like a child when he found himself compelled to surrender. The morning after the surrender the men were all released on parole and ferried across the river. The officers were retained. The loss of the rebels is not known, but it is thought to be not less than a thousand killed and wounded. Their first attack proved more disastrous to them than the long siege which followed for a day or two previous to the last attack. They were engaged in burying their dead.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.

A special dispatch from Quincy to the *Journal* says that Col. Mulligan has been released on parole, will be here this evening. He will remain until Gen. Fremont's orders are received.

Gen. Prentiss has telegraped from Brookfield to the Assistant Quartermaster to provide subsistance for 2,000 men, and to have it ready upon their arrival.

The commissioned officers are retained as prisoners by the rebels.

QUINCY, Ill., Sept. 23.

A part of Col. Mulligan's command arrived this evening. The balance, amounting to nearly 2,000, are expected to-morrow. Those who have arrived say that the force at Lexington is only about 2,500 including several companies of Home Guards, who are accused of having shown cowardice. The surrender of Lexington was made at 5 o'clock on Friday afternoon.

The flag was hauled down by the home guards. Col. Mulligan is spoken of in the highest terms. He displayed great bravery during the action, and when asked to surrender he refused. His sword was taken away by force.

Col. Mulligan and all the commissioned officers are held prisoners by the rebels.

RAIL ROAD MASSCRE.

OVER ONE HUNDRED KILLED AND WOUNDED.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 18.

Last night about eight o'clock, a train on the Ohio and Missippi Railroad, containing a portion of Col. Torchin's Nineteeth Illinois Regiment, while passing over a bridge near Huron, Indiana, 143 miles west of Cincinna i, fell through, killing and wounding over 100 soldiers. The news reached here late last night, when a special train was despatched to the assistance of the survivers.

The following despatch has been received from the operator at Hudson, dated ten minutes after one o'clock this morning. "The bridge No. 18 was broken in two. It let four cars down into the bed of the creek, and one fell on the top of them. The engine and one car passed over safely. There are about 100 wounded and 10 or 15 killed. The Colonel of the regiment says there are about that number killed, although nearly all of one company are missing." It is thought the bridge was weakened by some malicious persons.

CINCINNATI, Sept 18.—The disaster on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad proves worse than at first reported. Four passenger cars were precipitated into the creek, and one box and one baggage car fell on top of them. These cars containined companies E, F, G and I, and the latter, two companies are the principal sufferers. Capt. Howard, of company I, is among the killed. Up to eleven o'clock this morning about thirty killed had been taken out, and more are supposed to be beneath the wreck. A train is on the way here with ninety-two wounded. The impression at the scene is that there have been from forty to fifty killed. There seems to be but little doubt that the bridge had been tampered with by malicious or traitorous persons. The bridge was sixty feet span and ten feet nigh, and was only recently inspected.

The Battle at Boonville.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sep. 17.

The correspondent of the St. Louis Democrat gives the following account of an engagement with the Rebels at Booneville on the 13th.

Capt. Eppstein says that after the battle had lasted about an hour the rebels whom he held as hostages became so restless that they begged him to allow one of their number to go with a flag of truce to ask an armistice. This hostage came back soon afterwards with the request to know to my conditions. I thereupon ordered the firing to cease, and demanded that they should withdraw the rebel forces two miles from the city, and not molest any union families, and to leave the arms of the killed and wounded on the field where they fell, while I promised to set the prisoners which I held, free, with the exception of Preacher Painter, whom, I informed them I woulk shoot in case they should not honorably keep their promise for seven days. They accordingly left town

Thus the gallant captain with one hundred and fifty men, actually dictated his own terms to four times his number.

Excitement at Kansas City.

BRILLIANT SKIRMISH AND ROUT OF THE REBELS—A ATTEMPT TO CROSS THE RIVER—THEIR BOAT SUNK.

KANSAT CITY, Mo., Sept. 17.—Considerable excitement was occasioned here on Saturday last, by the appearance of the Rebel scouts on the opposite banks of the river. A company of twenty-five mounted men was sent ovr from this place, who discovered a Rebel camp of from 200 to 300, six miles distant from the river. An additional force was detailed in the afternoon, who made a successful attack, killing seven of the Rebels, capturing six prisoners and their horses, and destroying their barracks. Only one of the Federal troops was wounded.

Yesterday a large force of Rebels supposed to be a part of the band recently encamped at St. Joseph, made their appearance four miles below, on the opposite shore, and attempted to cross the river on an old flat-boat, sending a part of their force to attrack the attention of the Federal troops by firing into this city and Wyandotte. They were, however, repulsed, and the boat sunk. It is believed that they succeeded in crossing at Zibley Ferry, sixteen miles below, which they had possession of last evening. The city was alive with reports of skirmishes of both parties. Several shots were heard, but it is believed no damage was done.

Horrible Accident in Berks Co.

TWO MEN INJURED BY THE EXPLOSION OF A BOMB SHELL.

READING, Sept. 20.—A horrible accident occurred to-day, in Doulags township, this county, as Mr. Charles B. Weaver, Colebrookdale Foundry, was experimenting with a bomb-shell, which had just been cast, it exploded, a piece of the missile striking him in the forehead, between the eyebrows and the root of the nose, penetrating to the brain. He is not expected to live.

At the same time, Mr. Samuel Weidner was terribly durned in the face, and will probably lose his eye-sight. The Weavers have a contract for making a lage number of shells for the Government.

Reconnoisance of Hardee's Position—A Skirmish.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Gen Fremont telegraphs to the head-quarters of the army, dated yesterday, giving the following information:—

"Major. Gavitt, of the First Indiana Regiment of Cavalry, who was sent on a reconnoisance towards Hardee's position at Greenville, met the the enemy's pickets, drove them in, killing two and taking two of the enemy prisoners. He also captured sixty muskets and twenty-five horses."

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre County, will be exposed to public sale on the premises on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER, 1st, 1861.

at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described real estate situate in Walker township, about two miles below Hublersburg, Centre county, late the property of John Beck, dec'd., bounded and described as follows:

One tract of land known as the "Old Mansion Farm," bounded on the North by lands of Thomas Huston and Henry Beck, on the West by land of Jonathan Philips, on the South by land of Chalres Dinge's heirs, and on the East by land of Michael Shaffer, containing One Hundred and Eleven acres and Ninety-five perches nett measure, about Ninety-five acres of which is cleared and in a high state of cultivation, and the balance is well timbered, on which is erected a two-story dwelling house, log barn and other out buildings. There is a good orchard on the farm, and a well of good water at the house, and a never failing stream of water runs through the place. The location of this farm is in one of the best wheat growing valleys in the State, which renders it a most desirable property.

—ALSO—

Another tract of land adjoining lands of Jonathan Philips, Joseph Sweyer, Daniel Pealer, Jacob Lutz and others, containing Four acres, all cleared and in good order, on which is erected a dwelling house, stable and other out buildings.—There is a thriving orchard and a good cistern on this tract.

—ALSO—

A lot of ground adjoining lands of Thos. Huston, the "Old Mansion Farm." and a road leading from Bellefonte to Lock Haven, containing One acre and Eight perches, on which is erected a small dwelling house and stable.

—ALSO—

Lot number Five of timber land containing about Eight acres, bounded by lands of James Martin, Frederick Markle, Dinges' heirs and William Powell

TERMS OF SALE.

One third of the purchase money to remain charged upon the land for the widow, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the promises, the interest thereof to be paid annually to the widow during her life, and at her death to pay the principal to the heirs and legal representatives of John Beck, dec'd—and one half of the remaining two thirds to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in one year with interest from the time posession is given to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

CHARLES BECK, Trustee

August, 29th, '61-ts.

READ! READ! GREAT ATTRACTION

NEW AND CHEAP

CLOTHING STORE.

IN THE DIAMOND, BELLEFONTE,

City Branch of Reizenstein Brothers, 124 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

The undersigned respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Centre County and the public in general, that they have opened at the above named place, the most extensive and best selected assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

and gentlemen's furnishing goods that has ever been exhibited in this Borough, and which they will sell 30 per cent. cheaper than the cheapest!

Our Stock embraces a full and complete assortment of Fine Black Cloth Dress and Frock Coats, Cassimere Business Coats; Satinet, Tweed, Jean, Farmers' and Mechanics', Cassimere, Frock and Sack Coats, Pea Jackets, &c., &c.

Summreoats of fine Cloth, President and Moscow Beavers, Seal and Lion skin, Union Cassimeres ribbed and plain,

Pantaloons of fine Cassimere and Deeskin, black, silk-mixed, and other fancy colors, of the latest styles, as well as Satinet and Union Cassimeres; Pants of strong and substantial stuff, for the Laborer, Farmer and Mechanic.

An endless variety of Vests, such as satin, silk and silk-finished Velvets, Grenadine, Valencia, Mattalese, Cassimere, Cloth, Satin, etc.

A general assortment of Boys' and youths' Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Undershirts and drawers, Knit Jackets, fine white and fancy-bosom Shirts, collars, neckties, handkerchiefs, stocks and cravats, stocks and gloves, trunks, valises, carpet bags, umbrellas, and in short everything usually found in a well assorted store of this kind. We also keep a fine assortment of Fancy goods and notions, such as Pocket books, porte-monnaies, pocket-knives and razors, combs and brushes, watch chains, keys, and guards, finger-rings and breastpins, violin and guitar strings, pistols and revolvers, caps, spectacles, spy glasses, and a great many other fancy and useful articles, too numerous to describe, all of which we will sell at the lowest cash prices.

We invite every person in need of Clothing or any other of the above-mentioned articles, to favor us with a call, and view our Goods and Prices, and we are confident that we can give satisfaction, and every person shall feel inclined to tell his friends where Goods and Cheap Clothing can be got. We are constantly receiving accessions to our stock from Reizenstein Bros., Philad'a, with whom we are connected, and shall always be supplied with a good variety of all articles in our line, which will surpass in style, cut, workmauship, and cheapness, those of any other establishment in this part of the country.

A. STERNBERG & Co.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned an Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, to make distribution of the moneys arising from the sale of the real estate of Jacob Finkel, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Saturday, the 5th day of October next, at his office in Bellefonte, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when and where all persons interested are invited to attend.

ADAM HOY,

Sept. 12, '61-4t Auditor.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.

Jacob Houser, Sr., of Harris Township, offers himself to the Free and Independent Voters of Centre County, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, at the coming election. If you think him worthy and capable of the office, he will be very thankful for your support.

MANY VOTERS OF HARRIS.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

THE CHEAP CASH STORE OF

Messrs. Hoffer Brothers,

THE Subscribers have just received a new and full supply of Spring and Summer Goods, which, for variety, have never been equaled by any establishment in this section of country. Having purchased the stock of goods on hand of Mr. George Jackson, they will continue the business at the old stand,

No. 2, Reynolds's Arcade.

Their stock consists of a general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Glassware,

including a host of other articles in their line, among which can be found an extensive and varied selection of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

such as

Ducals, Persian Cloths, Debeiges, Coburgs, Cashmeres, Delaines, Alpacas, French Merinoes, Plaids, &c.

Their gentlemen's wear consists of a large assortment of Casimeres, Cloths, Satinets, Satin, Vesting, Tweeds, Hats and Caps And an extensive assortment of Boots and Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen and Children, with almost every other article that may be necessary to supply the wants of the community.

The pressure of the money market having had the effect of reducing the price of many articles of merchandise, the undersigned have been enabled to buy their stock at such rates that they can sell goods at prices to suit the times. And as they intend to do their best to please their customers, both in the quality of goods, and prices, they hope to receive a reasonable share of patronage. All in want of goods will please call and examine their stock.

N. B.—They will keep constantly on hand, EXTRA FLOUR, which they will sell at the lowest cash price

☞ Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.

Dried Lumber and Shingles constantly on hand and for sale.

HOFFER BROTHESRS.

Bellefonte, March 28, 1861.—1y.

UP! UP!! UP!!!

WALK UP,
ROLL UP,
TUMBLE UP,
STEP UP,
JUMP UP,
CLIMB UP,
RUN UP,
SKATE UP,
RIDE UP,
RUSH UP
SWIM UP,
FLY UP,
CRAWL UP,
FIRE UP,
STEAM UP,
TAIL UP,
PUSH UP,

any way so that you *get up* to

A. STERNBERG & CO'S

Cheap Clothing Store (above Livingiton's Book Store) in the Diamond, Bellefonte.

May 23, 1861.

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Farmers' and Mechanics' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Nittany and Sugar Vallies, is now prepared to receive applications of insurance against loss by fire. The business of the Company is conducted upon a mutual principle, exclusively agreeable to an act of incorporation, passed the 18th of March, 1861, Within the borders of Walker, Marion, Spring, Benner, Patton, and Half Moon Townships, in Centre county, and Lamar, Porter, Green, and Logan Townships, Clinton county, an Agent has been appointed in each Townships within the borders of the Company's corporation. Persons wishing to become members can do so by making application to the agent residing in his respective township. Persons wishing any information concerning the business of the Company will address the Secretary at Hublersburg, Centre co. Applications of Insurance on Property in incorporated towns will not be accepted.

HENRY BECK, Pres't.

A. C. GEARY, Sec'y.

July 25, 1861-tf.

TO THE WORLD AT LARGE!

AND

BOALSBURG & VICINITY IN PARTICULAR.

The subscribers having taken the Store formerly occupied by Messrs Johnston & Keller, beg to say to the people of Boalsburg and vicinity that they will continue the

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY BUSINESS

in its various branches, and will spare no pains to keep up a full assortment of everything usually kept in any country store, and will sell at prices which we trust will solicit a share at least of your patronage

All kinds of country produce taken at full market prices in exchange for goods. Bring along your Grain, your Bacon, your Butter, your Eggs your Rags, your Tallow, your Lard, your Hard Soap, your Bees Wax, your Feathers, and in case you have nothing of this kind your *cash* will *never* be refused.

JOHN HIBLER & CO,

Boalsburg, April 20, 1860—tf.

ATTENTION COMPANY!

FORWARD MARCH!

TO. A. STERNBERG & CO'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORE,

in the Diamond, and get a suit of Spring and Summer Clothing at Reduced Prices.

"Hang the banner on the outer wall,
"That the people may know where to call.

A. STERNBERG & CO. is the place to buy all kinds of Mens' and Boys' clothing cheaper than at any other establishment in this vicinity.

THE WAR MOVEMENT is driving numbers for Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods to A. STERNBERG & Co.

NEW GOODS received every week, and sold cheaper than ever at

A. STERNBERG & CO.

Bellefonte May 30, 1861.

CLINTON HOUSE, LOCKHAVEN PA.

The subscriber having leased the above named Hotel in the borough of Lock Haven, Clinton county, Pa., takes this method of informing the public generally that he has made every necessary preparation to entertain strangers and travelers in the best possible manner.

His table will always contain the choicest luxuries that the country will afford, and he is determined not to be surpassed in this department by any other Hotel along the West Branch.

His Bar will contain the choicest liquors that can be purchased in the city market.

Careful and attentive Ostlers will constantly be on hand to take charge of horses and see that they are properly attended to.

Trusting that he may receive a portion of the patronage of the traveling public, he hopes by close attention to be able to render general satisfaction.

ALFRED MANN,

June 6, '61.-tf PROPRIETOR.

SADDLE AND HARNESS EMPORIUM.

JEREMIAH TOLEN & CO.

Has fitted up the shop on the northwest corner of Allegheny and Bishop streets, and is now prepared to manufacture Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Trunks, Valises, Whips, &c., &c., in a style superior to any manufactured in Central Pennsylvania. His work is made of the best materials that can be procured, and for neatness and durability is second to none, with the determination to put his work up according to order, and sell lower than any manufacturers in Centre county. He politely asks a share of the public patronage.

August 8, 61-1y.

NEWS OFFICE.

The undersigned is about opening a News Office, in connexion with his Book Store where Daily and Weekly papers may be had at rates nearly corresponding with subscription price Also monthlies at the usual prices.

March 24-'59-tf. GEO. LIVINGSTON.

THE DEMOCRATIC WATCHMAN,

PUBLISHED AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

BY

C. T. ALEXANDER AND P. G. MEEK

TERMS:—$1.50 cts if paid within three month $2.00 if delayed six months, and $2.50 if not paid within the year. These terms will be rigidly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS and Business Notices inserted at the usual rates, and every description of

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED in the neatest manner, at the lowest prices, and with the utmost despatch. Having purchased a large collection of type, we are prepared to satisfy the orders of our friends.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

WILLIAM H. BLAIR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in the Arcade, second floor.

H. N. M'ALLISTER. JAMES A. BEAVER.
M'ALLISTER & BEAVER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

JAMES H. RANKIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A
Office, on the Diamond, one door west of the Post Office.

J. D. SHUGERT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A
Office in the Southwest corner of the Diamond.

WM. J. KEALEH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Office in the Arcade, second floor.

EVEN M. BLANCHARD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PEN'A.
Office formally occupied by the Hon. James Burnside.

J. J. LINGLE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.
Is now prepared to wait upon all who may desire his professional services.
Rooms at his residence on Spring street.

DR. G. L. POTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.
Office on High Street (old office.) Will attend to professional calls as heretofore, and respectfully offers his services to his friends and the public.

DR. J. B. MITCHELL,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.
Will attend to professional calls as heretofore, he respectfully offers his services to his friends and the public. Office next door to his residence on Spring street. Oct 28-58-tf

AMBROTYPES.
PHOTOGRAPHS, AND DAGUERREOTYPES taken daily (except Sundays) from 8 o'clock, A. M., to 5 P. M., by
WILLIAM SCHRIBER,
at his Splendid Car on High Street, above the Court House, Bellefonte, Pa.

IRA C. MITCHELL. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER.
MITCHELL & ALEXANDER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELEFONTE, PENN'A
Office in Reynolds' Arcade on the Diamond.
Ira C. Mitchell has associated C. T. Alexander with him in the practice of law, and they will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them in Centre, Mifflin, Clinton and Clearfield counties.

BANKING HOUSE,
—OF—
WM. F. REYNOLDS & CO.,
BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.
Bills of exchange and Notes discounted. Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted.—Interest paid on special deposits. Exchange in the eastern cities constantly on hand for sale. Deposits received

S. C. HUMES. H. N. M'ALLISTER. J. T. HALE
A. G. CURTIN.
DEPOSIT BANK,
—OF—
HUMES, McALLISTER, HALE & CO.
BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.
Deposits Received—Bills of Exchange and Notes Discounted—Interest Paid on Special Deposits—Collections Made, and Proceeds Remitted Promptly—Exchange on the East constantly on hand.

J. H. STOVER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Will practice his profession in the several Courts of Centre County, All business intrusted to him will be faithfully attended to. Particular attention paid to collections, and all monies promptly remitted. Can be consulted in the German as well as in the English language.
Office on High st., formerly occupied by Judge Blanchard and D. C. Boal, Esq.

CHARLES H. HALE. ADAM HOY.
HALE & HOY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care. Office in the building formerly occupied by Hon. Jas. T. Hale.
A CARD.
Messrs HALE & HOY will attend to my business during my absence in Congress, and will be assisted by me in the trial of all causes entrusted to them. JAMES T. HALE.
December 15, 1859.

A. O. FURST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
WILL practice in the several Courts of Centre and Clinton counties. All legal business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
OFFICE—On the North-west corner of the Diamond.
March 28, 1861.—1y.

TO THE INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF CENTRE COUNTY.

I respectfully offer myself to your consideration as an Independent Candidate for the office of County Treasurer, of Centre county, at the ensuing general election. If elected, I hereby pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability, and to contribute the one half of the usual per centage accruing to said officer for his services, to the Soldier's Relief Fund. For the faithful performance of all which I am prepared to render to the authorities the most ample security. JACKSON LEVY.
Milesburg, Aug. 15th, 1861.

CONRAD HOUSE SALOON.

H. D. RUBLE, supplies the public, at the Conrad House Saloon, with all the freshments of the season. Oysters. Sardines. Eels. Fresh Fish, Rabbit, Chicken Soup, Barbacued Chicken, Pheasant, etc., etc., at all hours.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.

MRS. E. GRAFIUS

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity that she has just received from Philadelphia a splendid lot of

BONNETS, RIBBONS AND TRIMMINGS,

of all kinds, and a superior lot of

SKELETON SKIRTS,

to which she directs the attention of the ladies.
May 9th, 1859-tf.