LOCAL INTELLIGENCE,

ECONOMIZE! ECONOMIZE!!

Farmers, Mechanics, Laboring men, you are to bear the brunt of this war. Remember you are to pay 2½ cents duty per pound on brown sugar, on white refined 4 cents, on candied and colorded 6 cents, on coffee 5 cents, on pepper and allspice 6 cents, on raisons, figs, dates, prunes and currants 5 cents, on tea 15 centf, on cinnamon 20 cents on nutmegs 25 cents, on oranges and lemons 20 per cent, on molasses 5 cents per gallon, on salt 18 cents per 100 pounds. Remember this exta duty is to pay for a war that conld have been avoided, but for the uncompromising policy of the Black Republicans.

THE ARMY WORM.—A worm supposed to be the army worm has made its appearace in some sections of our county and done great damage to the potatoes, oats, corn and everything, in fact, that comes in its way. Previous to last Saturday they existed in such numbers in the out-lots on the northern side of town that a general desolation marked their course. On Friday and Saturday they had approached so near the northern border of town that they threatened to overrun the houses, and some families only prevented their homes from being swarmed by the most vigorons exertions. We have been informed of one instance of a man and his wife having to sweep them back from their doors with brooms for some considerable time in order to prevent them from taking full possession. The heavy rain which fell on Saturday afternoon swept away immense numbers, and left the infested portions of town almost entirely freed of their presence. In other portions of the county they have been equally troublesome, in some places devastating entire fields of oats and corn in a few hours. Their presence has given rise to some very quaint impressions in the minds of some people.

RETURN OF THE CURTIN GUARDS.—The Curtin Guards, to the number of about fifteen or twenty, returned to this place on last Saturday evening. This company was formed from the excess volunteers at Harrisburg, with a number of recruits from this county, and included some of the best material of the old Keystone army. J. H. Stover, Esq., of this place, had command of this company, and proved himself a valient officer in every emergency. They were attached to the Tenth Regiment, Patterson's column, and were engaged in one of the severe skirmishes attending the advancement of that portion of the Federal army, but passed through all without the loss of any of their number.

THE MAMMOTH CAR.—It will no doubt be a source of gratification to those of our readers residing in and about this place to learn that Mr. T. J. Taylor, the most successful ambrotype artist that has ever visited this place, will arrive in a few days with his mammoth car, which will be immediately opened to the public. To those who want pictures we would recommend the mammoth car and the fully attested ability of T. J. Taylor.

NEW SADDLERY ESTABLISHMENT.—As will be seen by referring to our advertising columns, our young friend Jerry Tolen has opened a saddle and harness establishment, in the room formerly occupied by Mr. McClure for the same purpose, northwest corner of Bishop and Allegheny streets. After an experience of several years, Jerry feels confident that he can furnish work of the best quality, at rates suited to the times.

THE LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.

The idea prevails that the Rebels will not receive flags of truce. This is a mistake. They sent in a flag last night, stating that the body of Col. Cameron had been found, was preserved, and would be sent here as soon as a request to that effect should be sent for it, properly addressed. A letter addressed to General Beauregard, commander of the forces at Manassas, was returned unoped. They claim that their officers must be addressed as commanding the troops of the Confederate States, at such and such a place. The reason why it has not been done is because, in the opinion of the Administration, such an address would imply, on the part of our Government, a recognition of the Southern Confederacy.

The following is a correct list of all the confirmations that have been made by the Senate up to this time:

For Major Generals, George R. McClellan, of Pennsylvania; Mr. Banks, of Massachusetts; John C. Fremont and John A. Dix, of New York. For Brigadier Generals, Philio Kenney and Peter McCall, of Pennsylvania; Mansfield, of the District of Columbia; Meigs, McDowell, Buell, Hooker, Curtis, of Iowa; Sherman, Reynolds, Lander, Kelley, Pope, of Illinois; Heintzleman, Porter, Stone, Hunter, of Illinois; Franklin, Rosencranz, Richardson and McClernand have not yet been confirmed, and Lewis Wallace has not yet been appointed.

The Pennsylvania regiments will be placed under the command of General Cadwallader and General McCall. They will amount to fifty thousand men; and attached to the various regiments will be eight batteries of artillery of six guns each, making forty eight pieces of cannon in all. Most of these are brass rifled twelve pounders. There is one battery of thirty-two pounders. One of the regiments will be cavalry. With such an immense force in the field Pennsylvania is entitled to a Major General.

The steamer *Yankee* arrived at the Navy Yard, last night, in a very disabled condition. In coming up the river yesterday she was fired at by two batteries on the Virginia side, just below Aquia Creek. The shots were fired at her at a distance of over two miles and took effect in her hull, in the wheel-house, and in the engineer's store room. The steamer did not return the fire, and got out of the range as quickly as possible. Nobody was hurt. It was ascertained that the batteries were mounted with cannon of the largest calibre, and that there were at least eight guns in each.

The gentlemen who went to Manassas in order to get the body of Col. Cameron, and who returned yesterday, of course gave no information whatever about the enemy.—But on one point they bring satisfactory news. All the dead left upon the field have been decently burried, friend and foe alike. It has been within the last three days that this pious work has been completed. The rebels refused to let a flag of truce pass within their lines to do it, because they wished to conceal all their movements from us. They commenced the work immediately after the battle and it was completed only on last Thursday.

Two men were arrested to-day for supplying the soldiers with liquor, illegally. They were each fined twenty dollars and costs. The guard at Long Bridge, to-day and yesterday, seized a large quantity of liquor and beer from parties who were endeavoring to get it over the river.

Civilians are rapily leaving Washinton, it is believed that there is not at present a quorum of members of Congress here to do the business of to-morrow.

Col. Phelps, from Missouri, who has been fighting for the Union at the head of his regiment in Missouri, made his appearance on the floor to-day. He was surrounded by the members and heartily welcomed. He was sworn in and took his seat. He is considerably sunburnt, but otherwise looks as well as usual.

The Eleventh Pennsylvania this morning marched out to General McCall's camp, on the heights above Georgetown. The men had their knapsacks in their wagons and marching without them, not minding the march, though the heat was oppressive—this being the warmest day of the season.

Reports still continue to reach here that the Rebels are mining the roads, digging pits, &c.

CHICAGO, July 27.—The Democratic State Convention of Iowa met at Des Moines the 24th inst, and nominated CHARLES MASON for Governor.

Resolutions were adopted, declaring the "Irrepressible Conflict" the cause of war, censuring the South for resorting to arme to redress their grievances, denominating secession a political heresy, and also censuring the President for assuming and exercising military power, but pledging the support of the Democracy of Iowa to the Government in the exercise of itr legitimate functions in a *Constitutional* manner, and also recommending a NATIONAL CONVENTION to settle the pending difficulties.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.

Mr. SAULSBURY (Del) moved to take up the resolution which he offered some time since, proposing amendments to the Constitution for the adjustment of the present difficulty. The motion was disagreed to—yeas 11, nays 24. The yeas were as follows:

Messrs. Breckinridge, Bright, Carlise, Johnson, (Mo.) Latham, McDougall, Pearce, Powell, Rice and Saulsbury.

Mr. TRUMBULL (Ill.) moved to take up the Confiscation bill as returned from the House, and also moved that the Senate concur in the House amendments.

The motion to take up the bill was agreed to.

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE (Ky) called for the yeas and nays on the amendment of the House, which was agreed to—yeas 24, nays 11, as follows:

NAYS—Messrs. Breckinridge, Bright, Carlisle, Cowan, Johnson (Mo) Latham, Pearce, Polk, Powell, Rice and Saulsbury.

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE presented a petition, signed by six hundred citizens of Niagara county, New York, deprecating civil war as leading to disunion, asking Congress to pass amendments to the Constitution, or call, immediately, a National Convention.

He said the petition was accompanied by a letter, stating that many more names would be sent if Congress continued in session a few days longer.

Mr. JOHNSON (Mo.) offered an amendment, that this Congress recommend to the Governors of the several States, that delegates be selected by each Congressional District to form a general Convention, to meet at Louisville, Ky., to take measures for the restoration of peace to the country.

Mr. McDOUGALL (Cal.) said the passage of such an amendment was not only inopportune, but cowardly. The amendment was disagreed to, yeas 9, nays 28, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Bayard, Breckinridge, Bright, Johnson. Latham, Pearce, Polk, Powell, and Saulsbury.

Mr. WILSON moved to take up the bill increasing the pay of privates and non commissioned officers of the army, and volunteers, and marines, and sailors.

Mr. COLLAMER (Vt.) moved to amend, so as to increase the pay four dollars per month, instead of two. Carried—yeas 18, nays 17.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.

Mr. CALVERT (Md.) offered a preamble, setting forth that, while it is the duty of Congress by proper legislation, to strengthen the hands of the Government and to maintain the supremacy of the laws, it is no less their duty to examine into the original cause of the dissension, and apply such remedies as may restore peace; concluding with a resolution that a joint committee, consisting of nine members of the House and four of the Senate, be appointed to consider and report such amendments to the Constitution as in their judgment will best restore confidence and insure the preservation of the Union.

Mr. LOVEJOY (Ill.) moved that the resolution be laid on the table. Agreed to—yeas 72, nays 39.

Mr. VALLANDIGHAM (O.) asked leave to present a number of petitions from several States, asking a peaceful adjustment of the national difficulties. The reason why he asked their presentation in open House, was that the *Congressional Globe* does not contain the record of the petitions presented under the rule.

Mr. BLAKE (Ohio) and others objected.

Mr. ALLEN (Ohio) *asked, but the House refused, to suspend the rules in order to enable him to introduce a resolution declaring that whenever the people of the disloyal States shall lay down their arms, the war ought to cease, and that in the judgment of the House, if no part of the object of the operations on the part of the United States to interfere with the institution of slavery in any slaveholding State.*

Mr. KELLOGG (Ill.) asked and obtained leave to support, from the Judiciary Committee, a bill fixing the number of members of the House of Representatives, under the late census, after March 3d, 1863, at two hundred and thirty nine; to be apportioned among the several States in accordance with the acts of 1860. The bill was passed.

On motion of Mr. STEVENS (Pa.) the House took up the Senate bill, adding four dollars per month to the pay of non commissioned officers and musicians of the volunteers, marines, seamen and ordinary seamen, and approving and legalizing all the acts under the proclamation of the President, after March 4th, 1861, respecting the army and navy, regarding them of the same effect as if they had been warranted by the previously expressed will of Congress.

Mr. VALLANDIGHAM objected, unless there could be a distinct vote on the second section, approving the acts of the President.

Mr. STEVENS moved to reduce the proposed increase of pay from four to two dollars. He remarked that the expenses of the Government were at the rate of a million and a quarter per day. He could not see where the money was to come from; hence his amendment.

The amendment was rejected—yeas 32, nays 66.

Mr. VALLANDIGHAM'S motion to strike out the second section of the bill being under consideration.

Mr. WICKLIFFE asked to be excuseed from voting, stating that he did not approve of all the measures of the President.

The House refused to excuse him, but when his name was called he was absent.

Mr. VALLANDIGHAM'S motion was rejected—yeas 19, nays 74. The bill was then passed in the same form as it came from the Senate.

MEETING IN VENANGO COUNTY, PA.—At a meeting of the citizens of Sugarcreek and Jackson townships, held at the Cross Roads on the 1st of July, Joseph Hale, Esq., was elected President, W. S. Bowman and John Vannatin, Vice-Presidents, and J. C. Neil, Secretary.

The house was crowded to overflowing, and after several animated speeches, the following resolutions were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted:

WHEREAS, By the valor, blood and treasure of our fathers, this country was wrested from British tyrants, and by mutual compromise and concession the Union was formed, and the constitution as it is, bequeathed to us to be kept sacred and inviolate for all times as the palladium of our liberty, and that we cheerfully accord to every section of our country the right therein granted them as interpreted by Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, and the Supreme Court. and,

WHEREAS, Many of these sacred rights have been wantonly and maliciously assailed by Abolitionists, Republicans, preachers and editors, until they have goaded the South to rebellion and secession, and by refusing to offer, and rejecting all compromise for a peaceful settlement of difficulties, have involved the nation in an unholy, unnecessary and fratricidal war, which will desolate our country, cripple our commerce and manfactures, destroy the lieves of thousands of our citizens, and involve us in an overwhelming national debt, therefore,

Resolved, That we regard the Constitution as the fundamental law of the land;—and as law abiding citizens, will give a hearty support to all laws passed in pursuance thereof.

Resolved, That the taking of human life under the frivolous pretext of war, before all reasonable means have been resorted to which human wisdom can invent to avert the evil, and before Congress has made a declaration of war in a legal and constitutional manner, is as unjustifiable as the taking of life contrary to civil law.

Resolved, That we have entire confidence in the disposition and ability of the people, to make a complete and satisfactory settlement of all difficulties, if they are coolly and dispassionately consulted, and their representative guided by their counsel.

Resolved, That we recommend to Congress the calling of a National Convention, for the purpose of settling our national difficulties.

An official register of graduates from the United States Military Academy furnishes the following particulars concerning individuals who have become conspicuous in the course of the Rebellion:

Joseph K. F. Mansfield of Conn., graduated in 1822, second in rank in a class of 40.

Robert Anderson of Ky., in 1825, fifteenth in a class of 37.

Samuel P. Heintzleman of Pa., 1826, seventeenth in a class of 41.

Jefferson Davis, of Miss., in 1828, twenty-third in a class of 23.

Robert E. Lee, of Va., in 1829, second in a class of 46.

John B. Magruder, of Va., in 1830, fifteenth in a class of 42.

William H. Emory, of Md., in 1831, fourteenth in a class of 33.

Montgomery Blair of Ky., in 1845, 18th in a class of 56.

Peter T. G Beauregard of La., 1838, second in a class of 45.

William J. Hardee of Ga., in 1838, twenty-sixth in a class of 45.

Thomas J. Rodman, of Ind., in 1841, seventh in class of 52.

Nathaniel Lyon of Conn., in 1841, eleventh in a class of 52.

Abner Doubleday of New York, in 1842, twenty-fourth, class of 56.

Braxton Bragg, who, if it is true, has command of the forces in Florida, threatening Fort Pickens, was appointed from North Carolina and graduated in 1837, fourth in a class of 50.

WHAT HAS BECOME OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY?—We notice the call of the Chairman of what was once the Executive Committee of the Republican party, published in what were once the organs of this party. The one (the *Central Press*) calls it the "People's Union Party," while the other (the *Centre Democrat*) loth to put in any new term, leaves out the Union, and simply calls it the "People's Party." What has become of the Republican party? Can it be that it is played out already. Is it possible that that great, great party that we were told would live forever, is already dead?

EDWARD P. DOUGHERTY, of the N. Y., 71st who was taken prisoner at Manasses, and escaped says, the prisoners are well provided for, and that on Thursday a number of persons from the neighborhood visited them, bringing soup, gruel, eggs, cakes, etc. A number of Secession doctors also made their appearance, bringing with them bottles of liquors and delicacies, which they presented to our doctors for the benefit of our wounded.

THE Democracy of Pennsylvania are loyal! They will show that loyalty by defending AT ALL HAZARDS *freedom of thought, of speech, and of the press*—by denying the right of the President, Congress, or any other power, to violate the Constitution, to destroy the privilege of the haheas corpus, or to prevent the right to petition—and by holding the judiciary above the military power. They hold that the soil of the Old Keystone State is not the land on which despotic power, whether of the mob or monarch, can live and flourish.

We are authorized to announce the name of JNO. PROUDFOOT of Milesburg, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. C. WITHERITE, of Boggs Township, as a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOSEPH M. WILSON as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of ROBERT THOMPSON Esq., as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce that C DERR, of Bellefonte, will be a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Reported for the Watchman.]

Bellefonte Markets.

White Wheat.....	$1 00	Bacon.....	10
Red do.	95	Butter.....	10
Rye.....	45	Eggs.....	10
Corn.....	40	Lard.....	10
Oats	25	Tallow.....	12½
Potatoes.....	75		

☞ Rheumatism can be permanently cured by "Dr. Leland's Antic Rheumatic Band." See advertisement of "Great Cure" in another column.

☞ We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, in another column of our paper. It is seldom we take any notice of patent medicines, but we cannot refrain from speaking of this Cordial, and do justice to the afflicted as well as ourselves. We have watched the progress of this Cordial since its first introduction to the public, and we are satisfied that there is nothing in use for cleansing the system and renovating the blood, that can be compared with Prof. Wood's Cordial. Any one suffering from general debility, after using one bottle will see its beneficial effects. We have had a long acquaintance with the proprietor, and know him to be skilled in the science of medicine; and anything compounded by him the public can rely upon as being just what it is recommended. We would advise all sick or well to get a bottle. It is pleasant to the taste, and exhilerating to the system. But we refrain from further comments, as any one, after using one bottle, will be satisfied as to its effects.

SADDLE AND HARNESS EMPORIUM.

JEREMIAH TOLEN

Has fitted up the shop on the northwest corner of Allegheny and Bishop streets, and is now prepared to manufacture Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Trunks, Valises, Whips, &c., &c., in a style superior to any manufactured in Central Pennsylvania. His work is made of the best materials that can be procured, and for neatness and durability is second to none, with the determination to put his work up according to order, and sell lower than any manufacturers in Centre county. He politely asks a share of the public patronage.

August 8, 61-1y.

LOCK HAVEN ADVERTISEMENT.

SOMETHING NEW

TO THE CITIZENS OF

Bellefonte and of Centre and Clinton Counties,

As "Hard Times," and "Scarcity of Money," have led many country merchants to curtail their business very much, or even to suspend making any fresh purchases at all, so hat those who wish "things to eat and wear," are obliged to take *old goods at old prices*, or do without them, we deem it of great interest

To Every Person, Rich or Poor,

o know that *we* have made large purchases, availing ourselves of the immense and unprecedented advantages in this time of general

PANIC AND WRECK OF PRICES,

in the markets, where with the cash we have obtained many goods at

ONE-HALF THEIR VALUE!

Confident that we can save every one 25 *per cent*, we would most cordially invite all

FROM EVERY SECTION,

TO CALL AT THE

KEYSTONE,

which is now *crowded* with now and desirable goods, consisting of Dress Goods, such as

Mohairs, Poplins, Silks, Gray Goods, Lawns, &c.,

5000 YARDS BEAUTIFUL PRINTS,

2500 YARDS BROWN AND BLEACHED MUSLINS,

Silk Mantillas, Lace Mantillas, Lace Points, Dusters of Cloth and Gray Goods,

SHAWLS,

Stella, Thibet, Broche, and French Lace,

AT UNHEARD OF PRICES.

We desire to call particular attention to our Groceries, consisting of "Sugar Loaf" and "Bee Hive" Syrups, White clarified Sugar, Coffees Spices, &c., &c. We have a rare quality o

BROWN SUGAR AT 7 CENTS!

OUR STOCK OF

CARPETS

is excellent, and the prices are very low, as will satisfactorily appear on examination.

As our business is

EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH OR FARMES'S PRODUCE

we have unusual facilities for doing a large business at a small profit, and we ask all to avail hemselves of the great inducements we offer.

Respectfully, MERCERAU & CO.

THE KEYSTONE STORE,

between the Fallon House and White's Hotel, Water Street, Lock Haven.

Bellefonte, June 27, 5t.

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale his excellent Farm, situate in Patton township, on the turnpike leading from Buffalo Run to Philipsburg, and within two and a half miles of the Bald Eagle Railroad, containing about one hundred acres 45 of which are cleared, and under a good state of cultivation; ten acres of meadow land and a bearing young orchard. There is also a new one and a half story house, new bank barn, and out buildings of all kinds. A never failing spring of water is at the door. Persons wishing a desirable home, would do well to call on the undersigned, residing on the premises, or Edmund Blanchard, or at this office. Terms will be made to suit the purchaser.

July 11th, '61-3m. H. J. CARTIN.

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL, AND BLOOD RENOVATOR.

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL & BLOOD RENOVATOR.

Is precisely what its name indicates, r. while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating, and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all. So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet, so perfectly adapated to *as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach*, and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never in jure. Such a remedy has long been felt to be a disderatum in the medical world both by the thoroughly skilled in medical science, and also by all who have suffered from debility; for it needs no medical skill or knowledge even to see that debility follows all attacks of disease, and lays the unguarded system open to the attacks of many of the most dangerous to which poor humanity is constantly reliable. Such for example, as the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholy, Hypocondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Giddiness, and all that class of cases, so fearfully fatal if unattended to in time, called *Female weakness and Irregularities*. Also, Liver Derangement or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, Scalding or Incontinence of the Urine, or any general derangement of the Urinary Organs, Pain in the Back, Side, and between the Shoulders, predisposition to Slight Colds, Hacking and Continued Cough, Emaciation, Difficulty of Breathing, and indeed we might enumerate manly more still, but we have space only to say, it will not only cure the debility following Chills and Fever, but prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic Influences, and cure the diseases at once, if already attacked. And as it acts directly and persistently upon the biliary system, arousing the Liver to action, promoting, in fact, all the excretions and secretions of the system, it will infallibly prevent any deliterious consequences following upon change of climate and water; hence all travelers should have a bottle with them, and all should take a table spoonful at least before eating. As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits, students, ministers, literary men. And all ladies not accustomed to much out door exercise, should always use it. If they will they will find an agreeable, pleasant, and efficient remedy against those ills which rob them of their beauty; for beauty cannot exist without health, and health cannot exist while the above irregularities continue. Then again, the Cordial is a perfect Mother's Relief. Taken a month or two before the final trial she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety. *There is no mistake about it; this Cordial is all we claim for it. Mothers, try it!* And to you we appeal to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it be too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former, from false delicacy, often goes down to a premature grave rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter are often so mixed up with the excitement of business that if it were not for you they would travel in the same downward path, until too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure your never failing affection will unerringly point you to Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator as the remedy which should always be on hand in time of need.

O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114, Market street, St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists. Price One Dollar per Bottle.

John Harris & Co., Ag't, Bellefonte, Pa.

July, 18, '61-1y.

GREAT CURE.

DR. LELAND'S

ANTI RHEUMATIC BAND,

IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR

RHEUMATISM, GOUT AND NEURALGIA,

AND A SURE CURE FOR

ALL MERCURIAL DISEASES.

It is a conveniently arranged Band, containing a medicated compound, to be worn around the Waist, without injury to the most delicate persons, no change in habits of living is required, and it entirely removes the disease from the system without producing the injurious effects arising, from the use of powerful internal medicines which weaken and destroy the constitution, and give temporary relief only. By ihis treatment, the medicinal properties contained in the Band, come in contact with the blood and reaches the disease, through the pores of the skin, effecting in *every* instance a perfect cure, and restores the parts afflicted to a healthy condition This Band is also a most powerful ANTI-MERCURIAL agent, and will entirely relieve the system from the *pernicious* effects of Mercury. Moderate cases are cured in a few days, and we are constantly receiving testimonials of its efficacy in aggravated cases of long standing.

PRICE $2,00, to be had of Druggists generally, or can be sent by mail or express, with full directions for use, to any part of the country, direct from the Principal Office,

No. 409, BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

G. SMITH & CO., Sole Proprietors.

N. B.—Descriptive Circulars Sent Free.

☞ Agents Wanted Everywhere. ☜

Bellefonte, July 11, '61-1y.

EXAMINATIONS OF TEACHERS.

The Teachers of Centre county are hereby notified that examinations, in strict conformity with the recent instructions (see *School Journal*, June, 1861,) of the School Department, will be held at the following specified time and places:

Benner, Hoy's s h	Monday, Aug.	12	at 9 A. M.
Patton, Waddle's s h	Tues., "	13	"
Halfmoon, Stormstown,	Wed. "	14	"
Taylor, Hannah,	Thurs., "	15	"
Worth, Port Matilda,	Fri., "	16	"
Huston, Julian Furnace	Sat., "	17	"
Union, Unionville,	Mon. "	19	"
Snow Shoe, Askey's s h	Tues. "	20	"
Burnside, Pine Glenn,	Wed. "	21	"
Boggs, Milesburg,	Thurs., "	22	"
Curtin, Mann's s h	Fri., "	23	"
Liberty, Eagleville,	Sat., "	24	"
Howard, Howardville,	Mon. "	26	"
Marion, Jacksonville,	Tues. "	27	"
Walker, Hublersburg,	Wed. "	28	"
Spring, Harrisonville,	Thur. "	29	"
Harris, Boalsburg,	Sat. "	31	"
Potter, Centre Hill,	Mon. Sep.	2	"
Gregg, Spring Mills,	Tues. "	3	"
Penn, Millheim,	Wed. "	4	"
Haines, Aaronsburg,	Thur. "	5	"
Miles, Rebersburg,	Fri. "	6	"
Ferguson, Weaver's s h	Mon. "	9	"

Teachers will provide themselves with the necessary stationery. Special or private examinations will not be accorded to any, unless by request of Directors, and, under certain circumstances. The Directors and citizens of the respective districts are respectfully invited to attend.

THOS. HOLAHAN,
Co. Sup't.

July 25, 1861, 2t.

Reader, have you seen Prof. Wood's advertisement? Read it, it it will interest you.

THE DEMOCRATIC WATCHMAN,

IS PUBLISHED AT BELLEFONTE, PA.,

EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

BY

C. T. ALEXANDER AND P. G. MEEK.

TERMS:—$1,50 cts. if paid within three month $2,00 if delayed six months, and $2,50 if not paid within the year. These terms will be rigidly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS and Business Notices inserted at the usual rates, and every description of

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED in the neatest manner, at the lowest prices, and with the utmost despatch. Having purchased a large collection of type, we are prepared to satisfy the orders of our friends.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

WILLIAM H. BLAIR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in the Arcade, second floor.

H. N. M'ALLISTER. JAMES A. BEAVER.
M'ALLISTER & BEAVER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

JAMES H. RANKIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Office, on the Diamond, one door west of the Post Office.

J. D. SHUGERT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Office in the Southwest corner of the Diamond

WM. J. KEALSH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Office in the Arcade, second floor.

EVEN M. BLANCHARD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PEN'NA.
Office formally occupied by the Hon. James Burnside.

J. J. LINGLE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.
Is now prepared to wait upon all who may desire his professional services.
Rooms at his residence on Spring street.

DR. G. L. POTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
BELLEFONTE, CENTER CO., PA.
Office on High Street (old office.) Will attend to professional calls as heretofore, and respectfully offers his services to his friends and the public.

DR. J. B. MITCHELL,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.
Will attend to professional calls as heretofore, he respectfully offers his services to his friends and the public. Office next door to his residence on Spring street. Oct 28-58-tf.

S. T. MURRAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
OFFICE—The one formerly occupied by Judge Burnside.
Feb. 14th, 1861—Vol. 6: No. 6.

AMBROTYPES,
PHOTOGRAPHS, AND DAGUERREOTYPES taken daily (except Sundays) from 8 o'clock, A. M., to 5 P. M., by
WILLIAM SCHRIBER,
at his Splendid Car on High Street, above the Court House, Bellefonte, Pa.

IRA C. MITCHELL. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER.
MITCHELL & ALEXANDER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A
Office in Reynolds' Arcade on the Diamond.
Ira C. Mitchell has associated C. T. Alexander with him in the practice of law, and they will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them in Centre, Mifflin, Clinton and Clearfield counties.

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—OF—
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ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
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Will practice his profession in the several Courts of Centre County, All business intrusted to him will be faithfully attended to. Particular attention paid to collections, and all monies promptly remitted. Can be consulted in the German as well as in the English language.
Office on High st., formerly occupied by Judge Burnside and D. C. Boal, Esq.

CHARLES H. HALE. ADAM HOY.
HALE & HOY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care. Office in the building formerly occupied by Hon. Jas. T. Hale.
A CARD.
Messrs HALE & HOY will attend to my business during my absence in Congress, and will be assisted by me in the trial of all causes entrusted to them. JAMES T. HALE.
December 15, 1859.

A. O. FURST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
WILL practice in the several Courts of Centre and Clinton counties. All legal business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
OFFICE—On the North-west corner of the Diamond.
March 28, 1861.—1y.

NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm of Scely and Barnhart, former publishers of this paper, are hereby notified that unless immediate attention be given to the settling of their accounts, costs will be imposed. The indebtedness of the said firm will be paid by the undersigned, in whose hands the books and accounts are placed for collection, and to whom all outstanding accounts must be paid.

July 11,'61 tf. J. S. BARNHART.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Frederick Stover, late of Potter twp., dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers, who request all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having demands against said estate to present them duly authenticated for settlement. JNO SHANNON,
July 2, '61-6t. SAM'L STOVER.

THE CENTRE OF ATTRACTION.

A. STERNERG & CO'S., cheap and fashionable Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, in the Diamond, Bellefonte, Pa.
Oct. 23, 1860.