THE WATCHMAN.

S. S. SEELY AND J. S. BARNHART, EDITORS

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1860.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATION.

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEN. HENRY D. FOSTER.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
ELECTORS AT LARGE.
GEORGE M. KEIM, of Berks county.
RICHARD VAUX, of Philadelphia.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. Fred'k. A. Server,	13 Jos. Laubach,
2. W. C. Patterson,	14 Isaac Reckhow,
3. Jas. Crockett, jr.	15. G. D. Jackson,
4. John B Brenner,	16 John A Ahl,
5. G. W. Jacoby,	17 Joel B Danner,
6. Charles Kelly,	18 J R Crawford,
7. Oliver P. James,	19 H. H Lee,
8. David Schall,	20. J B Howell,
9. Joel L Lightner,	21 N P Fetterman
10 S S Barber,	22 S Marshall,
11. Thos H. Walker,	23 William Book,
12. S S Winchester	24 B D Hamlin,
25. Gaylord Church	

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE

The following named gentlemen compose the Committee

WILLIAM H WELSH Chairman, (by Resolution of the Convention)

First District City of Philadelphia John Hamilton, Jr Vincent L Bradford J Henry Askew Benjamin H Brewster William Morgan H R Lindeman Charles W Carrigan Robert M Cay Edward D Cleary Hugh Harp Geo W Irwin, John McFadden, A C Cuth, Henry Dunlap Stephen D Anderson, G M Bowman Isaac Leech F J Magee, John R Chadwick George Link E C Mitchell Daniel Solomon

Second District Charles D Manly, Robert E Monaghan

Third District George Laur J H Hubbard

Fourth District Stokes L Roberts John Davis

Fifth District O H Meyers Nelson Weiser

Sixth District Dr Charles Hunter Howard L Miller, Dr Muhlenburg J Lawrence Getz Dr Greisemer, Reuben F Brown

Seventh District—Bernard Reily Samuel H Shannon

Eighth District H B Burnham Jackson Woodward

Ninth District John F Means Wm C Ward

Tenth District E B Chase D R Randall

Eleventh District—H A Guernsey S C Hyde

Twelfth District Henry L Dieffenbach, W H. Blair

Thirteenth District—Peter Ent, J W Brown, John Cummings Reuben Keeler

Fourteenth District—John B Bratton, Joseph W Parker

Fifteenth District—A L Roumfort Thomas C MacDowell, William H Miller, Philip Dougherty Monroe J Kreiter William D Boss George W Bowman Joseph Gleim, William H Eckels John B Zeigler

Sixteenth District—Frederick S Pyfer Dr S Parker James W Clark Dr A S Bird

Seventeenth District—Peter McIntyre A Hustand Glatz

Eighteenth District—Henry J Stable J B Sanson

Nineteenth District—B F Meyers, R Bruce Petriken

Twentieth District—Robert L Johnston, Israel Test

Twenty first District—J Alexander Fulton J M Thompson

Twenty second District—James C Clark T B Searight

Twenty third District—[illegible] Hunter, A

Twenty fourth District—Andrew Burke John M Irwin John McCleury, Wm H McGhee Hiram St Clair, Edward Campbell, Jr, F M Hutchinson James P Barr

Twenty fifth District—Thomas Cunningham, John Graham

Twenty sixth District—Thompson Graham J W Herr

Twenty seventh District Wilson Laird, James E McFarland

Twenty-eighth District—William T Alexander Jas S Hyde, By order of the Convention

WM H WELSH *Pres't Sent*

Will the Press Acknowledge the Corn.

Our cotemporary, the HOME ORGAN of Col Curtin and better known as the Central Press, has gone off into "conuption fits" on the result of the Borough election in this place, held during last week The editors claim it as a complete triumph for the Black Republicans in which they have elected their ticket by an "*overwhelming majority*" They further claim the result as a complete vindication of Col. Curtin as the Standard bearer of this mongrel party, and expatiate largely on the supposition that the same feeling prevails throughout the county

Now we have a word or two to say upon this subject as regards the facts. The Democratic party placed *no ticket* in nomination for Borough officers at all. Hence there was no contest on any subject involving either Col Curtin's popularity or his party principles. The Black Republican, Seward and Helperite politicians controled the matter in their own way, and without opposition, and have even had the unblushing impudence to pervert the truth This class of politicians must be hard run for material when they resort to such miserable attempts to misconstrue public opinion We have no doubt the Col could be elected by a very large majority if no person would run in opposition to him.

ELECTION IN PHILADELPHIA—FRAUD AND CORRUPTION.—The election in Philadelphia on Tuesday week resulted in the success of all the Black Republican candidates. The most shameful frauds were committed by colonizing voters, scraping up the paupers out of the Alms houses, altering the returns after the votes had been counted. In the 24th Ward of the city alone a difference of nearly 400 votes was made, after it was found that Hufty, for City Controller, was defeated—so as to elect him. All the officers' seats will be contested. Republican loss since last Mayor's election, 4000 votes! Another such a victory and Philadelphia will be right side up.

THE EDITORIAL CORPS.—During our visit to Pittsburg last week, we had the pleasure of taking by the paw, the following Democratic Editors, who were in attendance as Jurors in the U. S. District Court: Wm. McKnight, of the Democratic Register, Mercer; Clark Wilson, of the Messenger, Indiana; Campbell, of the Record, Blairsville; Barclay, of the Beaver Star; and McPike, of the Johnstown Echo. All good looking and clever set of fellows.

INCREASING IN NUMBER.—Candidates for the various county offices. A lively time may be expected soon.

Organization is Victory!

The two great political parties in Pennsylvania, says the *York Gazette*, have placed their standard bearers in the field, and the battle will soon commence with vigor and energy on both sides. That it will be a hotly contested fight, there is not the slightest doubt. Both parties will bring their most effective engines to bear upon the work, and no labor will be spared to secure a victory in October, which must necessarily have a controling influence on the Presidential struggle in November.

We are not disposed to be over sanguine, but we cannot keep believing that the signs of the times indicate a complete Democratic triumph. We will briefly give a reason for the faith that is in us. During the past two years, the Democracy in Pennsylvania were torn by feuds and dissensions in their own ranks. It was impossible to bring the whole Democratic army in line. Men, all over the Commonwealth, saw the evil genius of discord controlling the destincts of a great and mighty party. There was an absence of that united and harmonious action, without which no party can hope to win a triumph This was seen, and felt, and permitted to exert its malign influence in the two State battles which resulted so disastrously, to the Democratic party.

In the coming fight, however, the Republican party will find that 'a change has come over the spirit' of their antagonists. Where discord reigned before, now union and harmony prevail The break in our ranks has been closed, and our *column stands firm* unyielding impregnable There is not a dissenting voice, among the Democracy to the action of the Reading Convention. The nomination of Henry D Foster healed every wound, and removed every cause of dissension He is known to be honest, capable, and gifted with talents of the highest order. Whenever he has been called to perform a duty, whether in private or political life, he has discharged it with fearlessness and fidelity, winning "golden opinions from all sorts of people" He was no aspirant for the nomination, He postively refused to mingle with the strife of scuffling partisans. He remained away from the scene of action, and had no part in the action of the convention When the unanimous voice of that body summoned him from his retirement and proudly proclaimed him the leader of the fight, he heard that summons with regret and would gladly have yielded that honor to another. But he could not shrink from the high responsibilities which he was called upon to assume—and he now stands before the people of this Commonwealth, the chosen champion of the united Democracy, ready and willing to meet the foe wherever they may be found, and determined to do his whole duty to the party that demands his services With such a leader and thorough union in our ranks we believe that the Democracy will assuredly win the battle, and once more succeed in overthrowing the enemies of the Union and the Constitution

But there is one thing yet needed to make assurance doubly sure That is organization We can not too earnestly impress upon the importance It should be begun at once Every ward and borough and township and county should be thoroughly canvassed. Clubs should be formed in every section of the State, and documents should be distributed in every locality. Every democrat should feel the necessity of personal action and should not leave to others a single thing that he can do himself Each man should constitute himself a committeeman, and every one should remember that he has an equal share in the great responsibilities which now devolve upon the National Democracy The battle must be fought on National grounds and the contest will be between the friends and the foes of civil and religious liberty We have a leader—we have a united party and if we have complete and thorough organization, we will sweep the common enemy before us, like chaff before the whirlwind

The Presidency and House of Congress

In view of the possibility that the choice of the next President of the United States may devolve upon the present House of Representatives we subjoin a statement of its political cast by States It will be borne in mind that in choosing a President, each State casts one vote. The present House is divided politically as follows:

Democratic. Alabama, Arkansas, California Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Louisiana Mississippi Missouri, Oregon South Carolina, Texas, Virginia 14

Republican Connecticut, Indiana, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, New Jersey New York, Ohio Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Wisconsin 15

Equally Divided—Kentucky, Maryland and North Carolina 3.

American.—Tennessee 1.

It requires 17 votes to effect a choice, and as neither the Democrats nor the Republicans have a sufficient number the four last named States will, of course, hold "the balance of power." Should the House fail to elect a President before the 4th of March, that duty will then in effect devolve upon the Senate, which has the election of a Vice President, who, under the provisions of the United States The Senate is composed of a majority of Democrats

MODE OF VOTING IN THE CHARLESTON CONVENTION.—There are many persons no doubt, unable to explain how the "half votes" are given in the Charleston Convention. For the information of such, let us illustrate it: Each congressional district sends two delegates, but under the rules adopted by that body, a district is entitled to only one vote. When, therefore, the two delegates vote as a unit—for instance, for Mr. Douglas—they are counted as one; but when they divide, one for Mr. Douglas, and the other for Mr Guthrie, they are set down as half for each.

This mode of voting secures to each congressional district the full vote to which it is entitled, whereas, in case the two delegates disagreed, there would, under a different rule, be a *tie*, and therefore no vote be given. There is nothing new, however, in this mode of voting, as the same course has been pursued by previous Democratic National Convention.

A Bogus Set of Martyrs.

The Black Republicans just now, says the Detroit Free Press, have several incipient martyrs who are anxious, in a small way for somebody to hurt them. They are too arrant cowards to walk up to martyrdom as old John Brown did, so that their necks will be endangered, but they are nevertheless endeavoring to make people believe that they are terrible sufferers in the cause of freedom

The first of these is Hyatt, who is now luxuriating in the Washington jail because the Senate of the United States will not back down and acknowledge that he is right. The Senate, including nearly all the Black Republicans, think it easier for the contumacies of Hyatt to come to them than for them to go to him, and so he is left to vegetate within the four stone walls of his prison

The second is Sanborn, of Massachusetts, who furnished old Brown with money and means with which to invade a State of the Union and commit murder and treason. The Senate wished him to tell what he knew of the affair, and accordingly despatched an officer to serve a summons. Sanborn was frightened out of his five senses, and shouted fire and murder until a mob was collected who rescued him from the hands of the officials. He alleges that his fears for his personal safety, and well he may, if his full connection with old John Brown should come to light, and the law allowed to take their course.

The third is Cassius M Clay, who is lately out with a statement that his neighbors contemplated assassinating him because he was a Black Republican The committee who were to do this fearful deed publish a statement in which they state that "Mr Clay has been most cruelly hoaxed So far from any such design, his name has never been mentioned in a meeting of that committee, except incidentally" So he cannot be accommodated to a martyrdom just now.

The last is Booth of Wisconsin, who like Hyatt, is luxuriating in jail, serving out a term of violation of law. These are the kind of men who are endeavoring to foist themselves upon the public as sufferers and martyrs for freedom's sake

Horrible Outrage upon a Woman in Pennsylvania.

On Sunday night last, a series of the most barbarous cruelties were inflicted upon Mrs Riday, residing in Oxford borough, Chester county On Monday night previous the house had been entered Mrs Riday waking up alarmed the burglars and put them to flight On Sunday night last, Mr Riday went to church and left his brother at home to take charge of the family; but his brother also started away, and shortly after, about 9½ o'clock, a man entered and asked if she knew him She looked at him and saw that he wore a tomahawk breastpin and from that recognized him as one of the burglars who had been there and on Monday night He said, 'You —— if it had not been for you I would have got all away" Mrs Riday then run towards the door he caught her, locked the doors, thrust the key in her mouth, but finding the key would not gag her, he also thrust the burning candle in which scriously burned the roof of her mouth. He then tied her on the chair, with both hands behind her; kicked her several times straighten her head up, then taking a handkerchief from under her apron made use of it in fastening her head back to the chair.

Taking up a griddle which was on the stove, he spat upon it to see if it was hot and placed it upon her breast, burning part of the flesh to a crisp He then tied her feet on the baking plate of the stove. After sprinkling turpentine over her dress, and setting a candle behind her, so that her clothing might catch fire, and while in the midst of other acts too horrible and indecent to mention a man at the door cried, "Yes, yes!" as if to signify the approach of some one when they both left, locking the door after them Shortly after the children who had been up stairs, came down and moved their mother from the stove. An alram was given, the door was broken open and in a few minutes there was a large number of people present At last accounts Mrs Riday was not expected to live her limbs, feet breast and mouth being burned in many places to a crisp These and other injuries of a far more serious nature render her recovery almost impossible. She described the demon-like perpetrator as a tall, thin man, with heavy whiskers inclined to gray and would recognize him if brought before her Several have been arrested but liberated on her failing to recognize them

THE GROWING WHEAT CROP.—The accounts furnished by newspapers in regard to the prospects of the growing wheat crop in the chief granary of the Northwest are exceedingly favorable, so that unless the season between now and harvest should prove remarkably unpropitious, and effect a wide extent of territory, a large yield will be realized In Wisconsin, where farmers have been discouraged in their efforts to grow winter wheat, unusual effort is making to get in large crops of spring wheat. In the Southern States, judging from present indications, the wheat crop will yield a fair average; for while there are occasional instances of great promise, complaints of bad weather have, till lately, been very frequent From Virginia the accounts are very conflicting.

HON JOHN BELL.—The new political organization bearing the euphonious title of the Constitutional party, met at Baltimore on the 9th inst, and nominated Hon. JOHN BELL, of Tenn., for President. This party is composed of Old Line Whigs, who repudiate Abolitionism, and refuse to be led by the Abolition Convention about to assemble at Chicago. Whether the Chicago sectional movement will quietly withdraw from the contest, by accepting the instructions of the Baltimore movement, remains to be seen.—Hon. Edward Everett is on the ticket for Vice President.

A correspondent from Washington says: "Seward is perfectly confident of the Chicago nomination; in fact, he regards himself as already nominated. He speaks of "my position" as if the thing were fully settled. His manner is most arrogant."

ANOTHER POLITICAL MOVEMENT.—A large meeting of the friends of General Houston from all parts of the Union, was held at the Metropolitan Hotel, last evening. The Baltimore, Charleston and other national party conventions were represented and the determination expressed that the people shall make their own choice for President.

PEN, PASTE & SCISSORS.

☞ Political or professional reputation cannot last forever; but a conscience, void of offence before God and man, is an inheritance for eternity.

☞ The census takers are cautioned against communicating results to individuals for private purposes, or to the press for publication.

☞ From every direction we hear the very best accounts in regard to the crops—giving unmistakable promise of an abundant harvest.

☞ The man who put up a stove-pipe without any profanity has been found, and a company have secured him for exhibition in the principal cities. He will draw better than the pipe.

☞ We may discipline the muscles of the face, and control the voice; but there is something in the eye beyond the will, and we frequently find it giving the tongue the lie direct.

☞ A member of the Butler county bar, named Hipple, of the firm of Thompson & Hipple, lately eloped with a young lady named Maria J Brinker. He left a wife and two children, and took his eldest. He also carried away some $2 000 or $3,000 which did not belong to him.

☞ Never answer a calumniator If you will only give a rattlesnake time enough he will sting himself and die of his own venom

☞ Gen. Cass has conveyed to the city of Detroit a lot of land valued at fifteen thousand dollars, for a "Union School House"

☞ A young man advertises his desire for a wife "pretty and *entirely ignorant of the fact*" Evidently he wants a fool. Any smart *pretty* woman knows she's pretty—she wouldn't be smart if she didn't.

☞ A novel Team—The clown attached to a circus exhibition at Nashville, Tennessee, was on Wednesday last drawn about the Cumberland River in a wash-tub, to which a pair of geese were attached. The sublime spectacle was witnessed by a large crowd.

☞ On Saturday Andrew M'Ginty stabbed and instantly killed Thomas Shaveland, at Danville, Pa. M'Ginty went into Shaveland's house with a bottle of liquor, and invited him to drink. Shaveland refused and ordered M'Ginty to leave He went out but soon returned with a knife and committed the murder, without uttering a word—Shaveland died in three minutes. The murderer was captured and lodged in prison—The crowd was prevented from lynching the prisoner. The Coroner is investigating the facts

☞ An embassy of distinguished personages from the Japanese Empire have arrived in America in the U. S Steamer, Powhatan by way of Honolula and Aspinwal. This is the first embassy which ever left Japan for any distant country, and speaks volumes in favor of the eminently successful foreign policy of our national Administration The strangers bring with them many valuable presents for the President [illegible] ornaments and other valuables to the amount of about $80 000 are said to form part of the magnificent peace-offering of the Emperor. The embassy is now in Washington, and will proceed from thence to Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all the principal cities on the Atlantic coast The result of this visit will probably be a commercial treaty between Japan and the United States, throwing open to the trade of America the ports of that rich empire which have been so resolutely closed for centuries against all outside influences

TESTIMONIAL TO THE VANQUISHED.—A meeting has been held in Toronto, Canada, to get up a testimonial to Tom Sayers—for not giving up the Belt to the Benicia Boy, after having been fairly dogged by him, we suppose By the way, the following certificate as to the state of the ex Champion's arm, from the Surgeons of St Thomas' Hospital, London, indicates plainly enough how thoroughly he was flogged:

"Having examined Mr Sayers this day, we are of opinion, from the contused state of the muscles, tendons and inner bones of the right fore arm, that he will be unable to use that arm for two months or probably more."

The Republicans are preparing for a fight at Chicago Hon. Anson Burlingame, it is said, will lead Young America and bear aloft the standard of Gov Banks Mr. Corwin takes charge of the McLean Practicals, while Mr. Blair heads forlorn hope for Bates. Mr. F Thayer represents, in part, Oregon, with instructions for Bates. Gen. Wilson, with more impulse than prudence, will pitch in on his own book for whoever will win. Mr. Spaulding will represent Gov. Seward, but under instructions for Weed.

HEENAN AND SAYERS.—The Stock Exchange, London, and the aristocracy of England, generally, are paying handsome court to Tom Sayers for his great endurance under the sledge hammer blows of Heenan. They have made him up a handsome purse and run after him pretty much as the Abolitionists do after the nigger. Heenan in the meantime makes a formal demand for the "belt," which is refused, and Heenan demands another trial, but that will not be granted.

SENTENCE OF REV. J. S. HARDEN.—Rev. J. S. Harden, who was tried at Belvidere, N. J., and convicted of murder in the first degree, for killing his wife with poison, was brought to court on Thursday for sentence. He was greatly agitated and could hardly stand. When asked why sentence should not be pronounced, he replied with difficulty, "I have nothing to say." The Judge then sentenced him to be hung on the 28th day of June, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 3 P. M.

The Philadelphia Pennsylvanian of Tuesday says: "Nearly three hundred and fifty of the pauper inmates of the alms house were dressed up in citizens' clothes and quartered in various parts of the city, with a view of voting to-day, the 'People's ticket.'" And the editor published their names in full. No wonder Mayor Henry was re elected.

The Heenan and Sayers Fight.

The Canada's mails brings additional particulars of the international prize fight.—The excitement seems to be on the increase. The London Times devotes its columns to the controversy, and both the religious as well as the more worldly papers entertain their readers with their opinions pro and con. Recently the subject was again alluded to in the House of Commons, and led to an excited and angry discussion. The sporting papers have an unexampled sale in consequence of the reports they contain in reference to this subject. The feeling of animosity between the two men and their adherents is greater than ever. The Americans demanded the belt, and were backed by many Englishmen there, who believe Heenan did not receive fair play.

Mr. Wilkes, of New York, on behalf of Mr. Heenan and the Americans there, had addressed a letter to the London Times.

Heenan went to the Times office personally to contradict the statement that he was anxious for a draw. We are informed that he had an interview with the editor of that paper.

The result of this letter was most curious; he was inundated with letters of every description. The illustrated paper which contained the American account was returned remarked with all sorts of remarks, more forcible than elegant; many letters contained, threats that if Heenan entered the ring again he should not leave it alive, and that they would shoot him like a dog. On the other hand, the editor of Bell's Life has received letters from all parts of the United Kingdom containing remittances of immense amount for a testimonial to Sayers

On Friday morning the different seconds and backers of the principals met at Bell's Life The reporter of the London Times, Mr. Dowling, the referee and President of the railway which conveyed the parties to the fight, were there Mr Sayers was there, his face looking very well, but his arm in a sling Mr Heenan was not there, although we saw him that morning out riding, and apparently perfectly well. The various parties were evidently not on the most friendly terms. Sayers eyed the Americans very savagely, and did not seem in his usual good spirits

The President of the railway gave in his return, and the total amount of tickets sold proved to be seven hundred and sixty, at $10 each The treasurer answered several forged tickets, and said there had been probably over one hundred used. This will account for the presence of so many pick pockets.

The Americans suffered much from these gentlemen The special artist of a well known American illustrated paper, was, perhaps, the worst sufferer. While he was busily engaged sketching—one hand holding his book, and the other his pencil—the thieves quickly and dexteriously went to work and cleaned every pocket, from his watch to his pocket book.

The total amount of money to be divided was $10 263—the railway keeping one half, the other being divided between Sayers and Heenan Macdonald received $2,500 in gold for Heenan.

After having settled this business the fight became the subject. Heenan's friends wanted the fight to come off this week, or else the party objecting should lose The rules of the ring are that the fight must come off within the week or all bets are to be withdrawn Of course the betters on Sayers, who had laid their money two to one against Heenan, desired to make fresh bets, as the odds could not be so great. The friends of Mr Sayers finally prevailed upon Mr Dowling the editor of Bell's Life, to accept a certificate from a physician that Sayers arm was not in a condition to fight, and to wait until it was well. The friends of Heenan replied that if Mr Heenan had been blind no such favor would have been shown him, and that such a course as was recommended was against all the rules of the ring They were, however, compelled to acquiesce. Mr Sayers took but little part in the discussion. None can doubt his bravery or willingness to fight the moment he is in condition. He says the blows which Heenan levelled at him were terrific and that once when his seconds lifted him from the ground he could not see the ring or anything about him

Many of the friends of both parties suggest that Sayers shall present the belt to Heenan out of respect to him as a brave man, and for his pluck in coming across the Atlantic, and that afterwards shall give it back

Mr. Heenan says that may all be very pretty, but he has been accused of want of courage, and he does not intend to go back without the belt he came for

The fight will most probably be renewed, and that within two or three weeks We are very much afraid poor Tom will get the worst of it.

The number of persons of rank who were at the fight was unexampled in a scene of that kind. The editor of Bell's Life was surrounded by these distinguished noblemen, the Marquis of Stafford being on his right, while the Duke of Beaufort was on his left. Many of the Earls who were announced as being present have addressed letters to the papers denying it, the Earl of Eglintown being of that number. Two religious papers charge the Bishop of Oxford with being present; he is well known as being fond of sport, and therefore the public would not be greatly surprised if it should turn out to be true.

Tom Sayers was received to day by the stock brokers, at the Royal Exchange. He arrived there at one o'clock P. M. The scene was quite exciting Besides the portly and dignified moneyed men, who had assembled to do honor to the representative of muscle, there was an immense crowd of the imperial mass, who shouted until their lungs were hoarse. Sayers, upon his arrival, was presented with £100 by the stock brokers of London, and £70 was received from the Liverpool Stock Exchange.

Things Forgotten.

Mr. Worth, who got into limbo in a North Carolina jail, some months since, for circulating Helper's "Impending Crisis" and other incendiary publications, is now relating his adventures to the Northern public, under a temporary leave of absence. The following facts were omitted from his address in the city of New York on last Sunday evening:

"Mr. Worth was enabled to leave the State only through the interposition of two slaveholders, who signed his bail-bond, to the amount of $3.000—and another slave holder drove him (in disguise) by a circuitous route to the borders of the State."

HIGH LIVING.—Starvation stares the residents of Middle Tennessee in the face. The editor of the Nashville Christian Advocate complains that he has to pay forty cents a pound for all the butter used in his family, and thought himself particularly fortunate the other day in getting a "jack fish" for half a dollar. That fish furnished him a breakfast, but he says it is rarely he can afford to buy a cabbage or a salad for dinner—cabbages and other light and nutritious vegetables have been sadly neglected by the Tennessee farmers.

News from other Counties.

LYCOMING COUNTY.—TERRIBLE SUICIDE—BRAINS BLOWN OUT—PREMEDITATED ACT—NOT INSTANT DEATH, BUT SIX HOURS OF INTENSE AGONY.—The Gazette says: On Monday afternoon, about half past 2 o'clock, the citizens of this borough were thrown into a great state of excitement by the suicidal act of a young man residing with his parents, on Market street, below Fourth. His name was John Egger, son of G. L and Annie Maria Egger. He was born in Wissemburg, France, and was twenty-one years, eleven months and fourteen days old.

He came from the eastern part of Africa, to this country. After living in Africa four years, he became tired of that country, and came to this place to live with his father, who is a barber doing business in the basement of Mussina's building, corner of Third and Market streets. He has been in this country *seven months*, and growing tired here, he shot himself, the particulars of which are as follows:

His mother was out of town and his father was at his business, when the young man asked the father for the key of the house, which he obtained and proceeded immediately to it, on Market street, went into a wood shed, and shot himself through the forehead with a pistol the ball going into the right globe of the brain. It entered about half way up his forehead, above the right eye The report of the pistol was heard by several persons, who rushed to the spot of tragedy, and found the young man in the shed leaning against some boards with his forehead horribly disfigured, and a pistol lying within a few inches of his feet, without a charge in it. Much excitement prevailed, and many of the citizens soon convened to witness the sickening scene Drs. Crawford and Logan were immediately sent for, who had the body taken into the house They washed the *blood and brains from* his head and face, and made examinations as to the extent of injury done. They ascertained that the bones were broken and much shattered, and that the ball had lodged in the posterior part of the brain a considerable quantity of brains came out The physicians remained with the victim of suicide for several hours, dressed and bound up the wound—the patient being apparently insensible—About half past eight in the evening he expired in terrible struggles and gaspings for breath. He did not speak a word after he shot himself * * * * * MORMONS.—A large number of Mormons passed through this place, yesterday morning, on their way to Utah. There were seven Catawissa, Williamsport and Erie passenger cars filled with men, women and children—many of the latter—and three baggage cars loaded with baggage. They were a peculiar looking party, stowed away promiscuously all over the cars, and presented rather a filthy appearance They stopped here long enough to get something to eat and then left via Williamsport and Elmira railroad, on their way to join their brother Mormons in Salt Lake City.—* * * * * LARGE EGG.—George H Jones, of this place, had some English pheasant chickens imported some time since, by which he is supplied with very large eggs, one from the number weighing three ounces and three drams This is a "good egg," and its equal is hard to find.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY—THE NEW BANK The Journal says: The requisite amount of stock having been subscribed for the Clearfield County Bank, and the other requirements having been complied with, the Auditor General has issued a certificate, which is filed in the Recorder's office in this place and as soon as the notes can be procured, the bank will be fully organized and opened for business. This is the first charter granted under the new banking law, and there will necessarily be a little delay in getting up plates and printing bills The stock is all in the hands of citizens of the county. It is expected that the bank will be in operation in a short time.

Hymenial.

MARRIED.—On the 2d inst, by Rev N J Mitchell, of Howard, Centre County Mr Philip Berry and Miss Martha Crispen, both of Mill Hall Clinton Co

Obituary.

DIED In Bellefonte, at the residence of her mother, on Monday, April 23d, 1860, after a lingering illness, JANE M, daughter of Frederick and Jane H. Wheeling, in the 28th year of her age.

One after another is clasped in the cold embrace of the grim monster, and borne into the narrow limit of the grave. Young and old are indiscriminately cut down, and alternately children are left to mourn the loss of parents long venerated, and parents to weep over the tomb of their early departed off-spring High and low, rich and poor, young and old must bow in obedience to the immutable decree, that all must die!—But occasionally the shafts of death seem to be most unfortunately directed. So it was in the present instance. The deceased was the support and comfort of an aged mother, who is now left to linger out her few remaining years in the sad recollections of the tenderness of a devoted daughter. But, the sweet assurances of the Bible will be her stay and comfort, and when she thinks of JANE she can look upwards and say, "my daughter is in Heaven, commingling with the society of the good who have gone before, and then in a few more years at most I will be permitted to join her, and throughout the eternal year of God, we can sing praises together." The writer of this inadequate memento of what she was, had the pleasure of a long acquaintance with Miss Wheeling, and he knew her but to esteem her many noble qualities of head and heart. All the attributes that elevate and adorn the human mind seemed to be concentrated in her, and she apparently lived but to comfort and cheer those who were dependent upon her. Honest to a fault, she would have scorned at all times any act that could not command the complete approval of her sensitive conscience, and parental veneration, the noblest impulse of the human breast, had complete possession of her nature. A nobler girl never passed across the stage of human action, and while we draw the veil over the scenes of her departure, let us endeavor to emulate her good deeds, and to be as well prepared, when the final summons comes for us, to meet our Lord and our master.

She attached herself to the Protestant Episcopal Church when but fourteen years of age, and from that time till her death was a most devoted member, She was never absent from her place in the House of God when it was possible for her to be there, and she died in the complete faith of the "power of God through Jesus Christ, to save sinners."

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday the 17th day of June, 1860, the following described property, to wit:

All the right title and interest of defendant, Wm Underwood, in and to the following described real estate, messuage and lots of ground bounded and described as follows, viz The Unionville Mill property, bounded on the east by lands of Wm. P. Fisher, north by mill race of said property, adjoining the town of Unionville, Isaac Hick in, Jesse Underwood, south by Bald Eagle Creek to place of beginning, with a Grist Mill and old dwelling thereon erected, (new dwelling of Cyrus Jeffries excepted) containing twenty acres more or less.

ALSO:

Six lots, or parts of lots, of ground situate in the town of Unionville, on Main street, and numbered in the plot of said town as lots No. 26. 27 and 29, and part of lot No 30 in Chestnut street.

ALSO:

One tract of land situate in Rush township, Centre co., surveyed in the name of John Laiden, containing 437 acres, adjoining lands of H. A Prentice on the North.

ALSO:

One other tract of land situate in Rush township Centre co. surveyed in the name of John Whitman, containing 283 acres bounded on the north, by H. A Prentice, and adjoining the above

ALSO:

One other tract of land situate in Rush township, Centre co., surveyed in the name of John Brackbill, containing 436 acres, adjoining lands of John Louden.

ALSO:

One other tract of land situate in Rush township, surveyed in the name of Christian Hare, containing 492 acres, and adjoining the Brackbill tract

ALSO:

One other tract of land situate in Rush township, surveyed in the name of Christian Hare, containing 426 acres, adjoining the Christian Hare tract

ALSO:

One other tract situate in Rush township surveyed in the name of Jacob Stake, containing 267 acres, adjoining the above described tract

ALSO:

One other tract situate in Rush township, surveyed in the name of Geo Slough containing 167 acres, adjoining the above described tract

ALSO:

One other tract situate in Rush township surveyed in the name of David Hare, containing 43 acres and adjoining the above describe d tract

ALSO:

One other tract of land situate in Rush township surveyed in the name of Andrew Shank containing 433 acres and adjoining the David Hare tract

ALSO:

One other tract situate in Rush township and surveyed in the name of Christian Shank containing 433 acres, and adjoining the Andrew Shank tract

ALSO:

One other tract situate in Rush township surveyed in the name of Michael Shank containing 433 acres and adjoining the Christian Shank tract

ALSO:

One other tract situate in Rush township surveyed in the name of John Hard containing 433 acres and adjoining the Christian Rohrer on Burnside Thomas' tract

ALSO:

One other tract situate in Rush township, surveyed in the name of Alexander Scott, containing 219 acres and adjoining the Michael Shank tract

ALSO:

One other tract of land situate in Rush township surveyed in the name of ——Ramsey containing 433 acres adjoining John Louden Brackbill and others, and bounded generally by lands of H F Prentice on the north by Hale. Burnside and others on the west and J Thompson Grats and others on the south and east, upon which are erected two Steam Saw Mills, with dwelling house and other buildings

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Underwood.

THO S M'CAY, Sheriff

Sheriff's Office Bellefonte } May 17 1860

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphans' Court of Centre County the following property, the estate of Wendall Barthomew dec'd late of Walker township, Centre Co., will be exposed to sale on Thursday, the 14th day of June next, to wit:

A certain tract of land containing one hundred and twenty three acres and one hundred and twenty four perches, bounded on the North by lands of Henry McEwen and John Miller, east by lands of Jesse Swartz and Jeremiah Swartz, on the south by lands of Mr Filgeman, and west by lands of David Venada on which are erected a two story frame house, bank barn and out buildings

ALSO:

Another tract containing 49 acres and 99 perches, bounded on the north by lands belonging to Hecla Furnace, on the east by lands belonging to Daniel Emerick and Frederick Michtby's heirs, on the South by lands of Daniel Emerick and west by lands of Jesse Swartz on which are erected a log dwelling house frame barn, saw mill and other out buildings

ALSO:

Another tract of land containing one acre and nine perches, bounded by other lands of said dec'd, lands of Daniel Emerick and Michael Alt, on which is erected a log dwelling house and frame stable

ALSO:

Another tract of land containing twenty-one acres and forty perches bounded on the north by other lands of said intestate east by same, south by lands of Mr Fulghman, and west by lands of David Venada.

ALSO:

Another tract of land containing twenty-six acres and twenty-six perches and allowances, lying at the foot of Nittany Mountain, and bounded by lands of Henry Markle on the north, east by land of Henry McEwen, south by land of John Carner, and west by land of John Miller, with appurtenances All of which several tracts of land are situated in Walker township aforesaid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, P M

TERMS—One-half the purchase money on confirmation of the sale, the residue in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage THO'S M'CAY, Trustee.

May 17 '60-4 s.

AFFLICTED READ!

Dr GOLDSMITH, No 42 Sixth street near Smithfield, Pittsburg, Pa, still continues to be consulted on all diseases of a PRIVATE or DELICATE NATURE From a long course of study and practical experience of unlimited extent, Dr. G has the gratification of presenting the unfortunate with remedies that have never failed to cure the most alarming cases of Gonorrhea and Syphilis. Beneath his treatment, all the horrors of Venereal and Impure Blood Scrofula, Ulcers, Pain and Distress or Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, Abscesses, Humor Frightful Swellings and the long train of horrible symptoms attending this class of diseases are made to become as harmless as the simplest ailings of a child.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS.—Dr G devotes much of his attention to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret and solitary vice, CONSTITUTIONAL DECAY, ruins the body and mind, unfitting the aspirant individual for other business and society. Some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by these early habits of youth are, Weakness of the back and limbs, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia Nervousness, or Consumption, etc. The fearful effects on the mind are more to be dreaded, viz: Loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forbodings, aversion to society, self distrust, timidity, etc., are among the evils produced Such persons, before contemplating marriage should consult a person of skill and experience and be at once restored to health and happiness Ague and Fever cured, and warranted. All letters containing a fee, addressed to Dr GOLDSMITH, Pa., will meet with prompt attention, and medicines forwarded, secure from observation, and a cure guaranteed. The strictest secrecy observed in all cases

☞ Don't forget the place, No. 42, Sixth street, Pittsburg, Pa.

May. 17 '60-1y.

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity that he has commenced the Tailoring Business in all its various branches at his shop on Bishop street, directly over the office of the Democratic Watchman Having a long experience in the business he flatters himself that garments manufactured at his establishment will compare favorably with those manufactured at any similar establishment either in Bellefonte or elsewhere. His prices are moderate Cash or Country produce taken in exchange for work.

May 17,-3m. JOHN NOLAN.

ENCAMPMENT.

THE Commissioned Officers of the 14th Division, U. P. M., will meet in Convention in LEWISTOWN, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of MAY, to determine on the time and place for holding a military Encampment.

J. W. CRAWFORD,
Maj Gen. 14th Div: U. P. M.