



THE WATCHMAN.

S. S. KELLY AND J. S. BARNHART, EDITORS.

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1859.

Agents for the Watchman.

The following gentlemen are authorized and will please act as Agents for the Democratic Watchman, in procuring Subscribers, Advertising, &c., and receiving for the same.

Headquarters—James O'Brien
Farm School—John W. Crumrine, Jr.
Harrisburg—Hon. S. Strohecker
Ephrata—Alexander Sample
Nanticoke—Isaac Shaffer
Mountain Edge—Capt. H. Duggan
Howard—Isaac Shaffer
Pleasant Gap—J. G. Linnert
Buffalo—G. S. Rees
Snoo Hill—Wm. Hoff
Mifflin—R. C. Rees
Eagle Lake—P. W. Barnhart
Becks Creek—Shadrach
Half Moon—C. A. Hunter
Centre Hill—Wm. Wolf
New Market—Shadrach
Spring Mill—Jared B. Fisher
Walker—Wm. Allison, Esq.

The Latest News.

The condition of affairs in Europe continues quiet or less complicated as each new pretension set up by some lesser power is put down or kept in abeyance by a greater. The peace treaty entered into at Zurich proves itself to be merely the Villfranca arrangement, with additional stipulations, and an unsatisfactory to the Italians as the final cessation of hostilities. The congress decided upon will probably be held in Brussels. What powers will there be represented, seems to be a question especially as regards the lesser ones, without a special permit, and upon certain conditions. France, manifestly adheres to a Napoleonic principle of progression, which will be satisfied with nothing less than at least a half-side of Morocco—a goodly weight of Tripoli—a pleasure garden at Tunis, the right to search for minerals in Egypt, and gather ivory and gold dust on the shores of Northern Africa, without consulting anybody but Napoleon and his will. Filibustering may be checked in our own Gulf Stream, but the spirit abroad and is as apparent in France and England as in America the spirit of the French and English Journals to the contrary notwithstanding.

The French China Expedition is said to have departed on the 15th. Its departure has been delayed until the close of the year. A portion of these men may be retained for Monsieur Bally, to assist in the construction of the great Inter-Oceanic Canal across the Isthmus, conceived and completed by Louis Napoleon long before American Colonization was thought of in Central America.

Spain seems to be intent on having a turn at Morocco, although for a season the first blow is withheld, through the influence of her conciliatory neighbor, England. In all probability war will be declared before the arrival of another steamer. Sardinia has issued a decree for a loan of 100,000,000 francs. Garibaldi is to be assisted in the purchase of muskets by a liberal subscription of the Council of Milan, amounting to over 100,000 francs.

The above, with sundry rumors of movements on the Roman frontier and at Piedmont, that need corroboration, is the gist of the latest European news up to our going to press. The project for a transatlantic voyage of the Great Eastern had been withdrawn for the present season, at least. The Directors, at a meeting held on the 10th ult., definitely decided on that course.

From Mexico.—The same spirit that has ever pervaded this volcanic region, is ever ready for an eruption upon the slightest ignition. Revolution is the life-giving and life-taking pest of the Mexican. It is the only inspiration to action, and without one constantly on hand, the Spaniard would die of ennui. It therefore matters but little who leads or who follows. Revolution changes the position of parties and persons as rapidly in Mexico, as the tropical sun and frequent showers change the face of her gardens and her flowers. Of the whole race, there are few fit to inherit, and none content and govern so delightful and important a country.—Miramon, Zuloaga, Ampudia, and Gervais, are about equal in honesty, and alike reliable in all matters of national negotiation or individual safety, when in their province. It will require another lesson from General Scott before the education of Mexico will be completed; and the sooner she receives it, the better it will be for Americans on her border.

Election News.

NEW JERSEY.—The returns indicate the election of the Abolition candidate for Governor, by about 2000 majority over Wright, Democrat. The Senate will be Democratic. The House doubtful. Latest news, says both branches Democratic.

NEW YORK.—The returns are meagre.—And it will be difficult to tell the true result, as to the influence of parties. In the city the Democrats carried by from 13,000 to 19,000 majority. It is generally conceded that the Abolitionists have carried the State ticket, by the aid of the Americans, and the 1100 free negro votes under Fred Douglas. The Abolitionists claim the election, but by greatly reduced majorities.

The returns from Kansas and Wisconsin are very incomplete and unsatisfactory. It is anticipated that the Abolitionists have carried the delegate to congress in Kansas, but by a much smaller vote than was polled for the Constitution.

Wisconsin will probably retain her Abolition majority in the Legislature. Massachusetts of course has gone for the Abolitionists.

Letter from Gov. Robinson to Old Brown.

Care, John Brown—My Dear Sir: I take this opportunity to express to you my sincere gratification that the late report that you were among the killed at the battle of Ossawatimie is incorrect.

Your course, so far as I have been informed, has been such as to merit the highest praise from every patriot, and I cheerfully accord to you my hearty thanks for your prompt, efficient, and timely action against the invaders of our rights and the murderers of our citizens. History will give you a name as proud as any on her pages, and posterity will pay homage to your heroism in the cause of God and humanity.

Trusting that you will conclude to remain in Kansas, and serve "during the war" the cause you have done so much to sustain, and with earnest prayers for your health and protection from the shafts of death that so thickly beset your path, I subscribe myself very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. ROBINSON.

The author of the above is now the Republican candidate for Governor in Kansas. His letter is important as showing the cordial relations which have always existed between Brown and the Republican leaders. It is worthy of republication when the Republican organ is attempting to prove that he was not connected with their organization. The Hartford (Conn.) Courant, a leading Republican paper, in its issue of the 21st of March, 1857, said:

"W. H. D. Callender, cashier of the State Bank Hartford Connecticut, will take care that all money received for Captain Brown's benefit are forwarded by the Captain. Brown is just the man we need in Kansas, and if every man who loves freedom and can spare a dollar or two would put in Brown's purse, we will warrant they get their money's worth out of Brown thereafter. Let us back up the men who are fighting our battles."

It was this kind of encouragement which urged Brown into his Harper's Ferry expedition.

The Maryland Reform Committee.

The Central Reform Committee, in Baltimore, have issued an address to the people upon the election, in which they say:

"The men who have been returned by the officers of the law as your rulers and representatives have no right to these places. Amongst them are those who claim to be, and who have always been considered honest and honorable. It is both a principle of law and a maxim of morality, that the electors of a body, known to have been obtained by robbery, is as guilty as the taker, and they who, by fraud and violence, are elected to offices of trust, cannot retain without incurring guilt equal to that of the instruments by which they were chosen.—But how long a good man will persevere, before he will resign a position, if he has been returned as elected, will depend upon the office to which he has no just title."

If they do not do this, the Committee urge upon the people to immediately institute the most effectual legal measures to prevent the officers being taken possession of by these who have no right to fill them, by contesting their election, &c. The Committee also advise application to the Legislature for the passage of more wholesome election laws, and recommend a continuance of the organization of the Reform party.

Judge Kemp, who was elected Judge of the Orphans' Court under the mob rule in Baltimore, refuses to accept the office, unless fairly and honestly elected by a free exercise of the elective franchise. He is right.

GERRIT SMITH. The telegraph, on Thursday last, announced that Gerrit Smith had been sent to the Lunatic Asylum at Utica, having become seriously deranged since the failure of Brown, at the Ferry. No one is allowed to see him, but that it is understood that in his ravings he refers to the Harper's Ferry matter, and supposes himself under arrest.

The full spirit of abolitionism is doing its work. It has driven some of its deluded victims to acts of outrage, insurrection, murder and treason; and is destroying the intellects of others who suffered it to gain possession of their superior minds. Will not the wreck of such a mind as Gerrit Smith's, induce the heedless zealots whose violent appeals to the prejudices and passions of Northern men have kindled the flame of fanaticism which now rages to so fearful an extent, to pause, and consider the consequences of their impious work?

CONGRESS will meet in three weeks from next Monday. As neither party has a clear majority in the House, considerable delay will probably occur in the organization.—The balance of power is in the hands of the so-called Anti-Lecompton Democrats and Southern "Americans." If either unites with the Republicans, they can elect the Speaker, &c.; but if both take an independent position, they can defeat a strict partisan organization. It is possible that a proposal will be carried to organize by a plurality vote, as was done in 1855.—The coming session will doubtless be one of considerable interest and excitement.

Thrilling Incident.

HEROIC ACT.—On Friday last, as a freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, going east, was rounding a sharp curve, near Jersey Sidling, in Blair county, the engineer saw a small child sitting in the middle of the track, playing, unconscious of its danger.—He instantly whistled down brakes and reversed his engine, but the weight of the train, and the high speed at which it was running, rendered it impossible to stop before reaching the child, which must inevitably have been crushed to death. In this emergency, when most men would have stood paralyzed with horror, the conductor of the train, Daniel McCoy, with a bravery and steadiness of nerve that has few parallels, ran to the front of the engine, crawled down on the cow catcher, and holding himself with one hand, leaped as far forward as possible, and as he approached the child, with a sweeping blow of the other, he threw it off the track. It was the work of an instant, and required a steady hand and cool head to accomplish it, but he was equal to the emergency. The train was immediately stopped, and on going back the child was found lying at the foot of a small embankment, some twenty or thirty feet from the track, and dead, alive and kicking, but somewhat stunned and bruised. The child belonged to a farmer named Neff, residing immediately along the road. As may well be supposed, the parents were prone to their expressions of gratitude, to the noble-hearted conductor, but for whom their child would have been carried to his home a shapeless mass of flesh and bones.

John W. Forney and old John Brown.

In days gone by, says the Daily Argus, when John W. Forney was surrounded by the heart and intellect of the Democracy of our good old State, and he used to thunder on his bold, brave, convincing truths through the columns of the Pennsylvania, the treasonable murderous acts of old John Brown, the emissary of Republicanism, would have been to him a perfect god-send; he would have rolled them as a sweet morsel on his tongue, and day by day offered them as unanswerable arguments why the dread hand of Black Republicanism should never be allowed to touch the sacred helm of State in our national government. The onward rush of the inky waves of abolitionism, which are calculated to smother and smother all that is fair and lovely in our Republican institutions, would have been portrayed by him in vivid colors, and every true man, every patriot, called upon to stand by the constitution, the Union and the country.—But how is it now? At the commencement of this "irrepressible conflict," with Secession, and Republicanism and Diabolism, arrayed in a death struggle against Democracy and Patriotism, where is John W. Forney to be found? We repeat—where is he to be found? And answer—with Black Republicanism, sympathizing with John Brown, the house thief, negro thief, traitor and murderer. He is not only sympathizing with him, but calls him "poor, brave old John Brown," and essays to make him better than the man he once pretended to denounce. James Buchanan, the President of the United States.

A Word to Our Subscribers.

A few more weeks will close the 4th Vol. of the Democratic Watchman. During our connection with this paper we have labored faithfully to discharge our duty as the publishers of a paper devoted to the principles of the Democratic party, and to the dissemination of general intelligence. In discharging this duty we have had many evidences of encouragement from the people, and while we know how to reciprocate the good wishes of our friends, there is something more than their smiles of approval needed to sustain us. Money is wanted, and the publication of a newspaper cannot be carried on without it. We have many delinquents upon our subscription books who have paid nothing since the Watchman has been established. To them especially, we intend this notice to apply, and do hope that each and every subscriber, as well as those knowing themselves indebted for job work or advertising, will come forward and pay off their indebtedness—however small the amount. Small sums can be the more easily discharged, and a little from every one is a matter of no inconsiderable importance to us. We intend to charge every delinquent at the end of the 4th volume two dollars and fifty cents. Those having neglected this until the present time will be charged two dollars for the current year. It is important to our subscribers that they give an early attention to this business if they wish to economize. We shall expect to hear from all of them, either at or previous to the November court. Persons having business with the Watchman will find one of the proprietors either at the office or the Arcade Ambrotype rooms.

Further from Brownville Texas.

Startling Intelligence.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 11.—The Delta, of this city, publishes a letter, dated Corpus Christi, Nov. 7th, which says that it is almost certain that the town of Brownsville has been captured by the Mexicans. The Mexican flag was flying four miles above the town.

All communication had been cut off. The entire population on both sides of the Rio Grande were in arms, with the intention of exterminating the Americans, and reconquering the country to the Colorado river.

The news is confirmed by the affidavits of citizens of Cameron county, who were obliged to fly for their lives.

Another affidavit, signed by the frontier of the Rio Grande, in the hands of Cortes, says that the Mexican flag was flying four miles above the town.

All communication had been cut off. The entire population on both sides of the Rio Grande were in arms, with the intention of exterminating the Americans, and reconquering the country to the Colorado river.

Harper's Ferry Affair.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 11.—When the prisoners were brought out for sentence the negroes Copeland and Green declined to say anything. Cook and Coppee both addressed the Court, denying that they had any knowledge of the intention to capture the Ferry until the Sunday previous, when they were called upon to take the oath of obedience to their commander. They expected to be punished, but did not think they should be hung.

John Culvert, the Foundling.

Many of our readers will probably recollect the circumstance of a new born babe being found on the morning of the railroad track, at Postoria, in this county. It was found lying in the snow near a culvert, by John Eakins, and from this fact received the name of John Culvert. The mother went on in the train and was never heard of, but the babe was humanely taken charge of, by Mr. John Miller and his wife, and treated as one of their own. John Culvert has grown to be a fine bouncing boy, and although many applications have been made to them by parties anxious to adopt the little stranger, they have persistently refused to give him up. A few days since, a well-dressed young woman stopped at their house, apparently much fatigued. She said she had walked from Altoona. Seeing the child, she made many inquiries in regard to it, and asked if she might be permitted to kiss it.—Upon taking it up she became so visibly affected that they charged her with being the mother. This she strenuously denied at first, but upon the charge being reiterated, she finally admitted the truth of it. She then told her story—that she was the daughter of a Methodist sturgeonman—that, whilst on a visit to Postoria, she had been seduced by a wealthy physician residing in Allegheny City—that when the babe was born she was on her way to see him, and that she could not prevail on the conductor of the train to stop at Postoria and take care of that babe, she believed that the babe was dead, prevented her saying anything about its birth—but, that learning it was still alive, maternal affection had brought her back, a portion of the distance, on foot, to see it. She is still at Mr. Miller's, but does not know whether she will be allowed to take the babe or not. For obvious reasons we suppress the names of the parties for the present.—Tribune Star

THE HARPER'S FERRY AFFAIR.

THE EXCITEMENT AND CRISIS IN THE SOUTH.

Correspondence of the New York Herald.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 5, 1859.

Gerrit Smith to be Demanded for Trial—His Surrender to be Made the Issue for the Preservation of the Union—Brown to be Hanged before the Court—The Application of the Law to a Conspiring General—Governor Wise Offered the Presidency by his Pardoning Brown—Presidency Vote of the South to the Herald—Effects of the Targeted Revolution in regard to the Trial of Gerrit Smith.

I have ascertained to-day that a rigid scrutiny is being instituted to ascertain the extent of Gerrit Smith's complicity in the Harper's Ferry insurrection, preparatory to the issue of a requisition for his surrender to the judicial authorities of this State, for trial upon a charge of conspiracy. All the testimony bearing upon his connection with this insurrection, necessary before the fact, is being carefully compiled, and the probability is that the matter will be before the Grand Jury of Jefferson county at an early day. Such, at least, is my information. It is estimated, moreover, that the question of his surrender, in obedience to the requisition of the Governor of Virginia, will be made the issue for a continuance or disruption of the Union. It is to be held here by every prominent man with whom I have conversed upon this subject, that such an issue is inevitable; and the universal public sentiment of this region, so far as I can ascertain, favors the presentation of Smith's surrender, upon the requisition of the Governor of the State of Virginia. The crisis is near at hand, and it is for the North to say whether the Union shall be preserved or not.

Brown's execution is as certain as that tomorrow's sun will rise. All statements made to you to the contrary are without a shadow of foundation. The requisition of his surrender need not be assumed as a basis for hope by the friends of the unfortunate conspirator. The policy which suggests this should not be understood as contemplating the question of pardon or commutation of sentence. It involves no such sequel, necessarily, and no such purpose is contemplated by this act of clemency. He must die, no matter what the influence in behalf of his pardon may be. Let Brown's friends therefore, reconcile themselves as best they can to his sad fate, and spare themselves any further fruitless exertions, in the event of a commutation of his sentence, for it will all prove utterly vain.

Governor Wise is still in receipt of scores of letters pleading pardon for Old Brown. Some guarantee the Presidency to his Excellency as a prize for this act of mercy others parade Scriptural quotations on the subject of taking a guilty man off the streets, and to such purpose, while others still resort to threats against the life of the Governor should he suffer Brown to be executed. Letters have been addressed to Brown himself, urging him to prolong his trial, and averting his execution to the remotest period possible, in order that his pardon may be readily and profitably secured. The inference from this is of course a purpose to rescue, which is just as practicable as the efforts at obtaining a pardon. To all these pleadings and threats the Governor turns a deaf ear, and is not to be moved, and he will not let it pass.

I have information which justifies me in stating that most of the Southern members of Congress are being influenced to oppose on the first pretext that may offer, during the coming session to return from the hall of the House of Representatives, and break up the Union.

I am in connection with the Harper's Ferry insurrection, is urged as sufficient ground for such an issue. Inasmuch, however, as the end of justice in reference to the parties involved in this matter has not been retarded by any act on the part of the North, it is manifestly by many that the crisis has not come. Prospectively, this event is contemplated as involving such a crisis: for it is hoped that the disunion growing out of it in Congress will inevitably involve the final issue of disunion. Virginia, hitherto conservative, is now ripe for such an event; and I am certain that it would not have followed upon the heels of the Harper's Ferry outrage, had a man of less courage, firmness and conservatism than Gov. Wise been at the helm of the State. This result was obtained, not less through his individual energy than through the universal confidence reposed in him. With a man of less courage and decision at the helm of affairs there was reason to apprehend a prompt interference on the part of the people; and informed as they necessarily would become upon a more intimate connection with the scenes of the Harper's Ferry, they would have permitted the wild passions of the hour to govern; and, as is now generally presumed, the standard of a Southern confederacy would have been raised upon the spot. All this was unquestionably averted.

My inquiries, a few days ago regarding the number of the half-breed negroes sent from this city by the North by their white parents, to be educated and brought back contrary to the law, have made the addressed parents quite uneasy, especially on hearing the object of my inquiries to be the furnishing of their names to the Herald. The result has been a development involving many names in the office, besides those whose names I first obtained. Statesmen, politicians, lawyers, doctors and a host of other men of good standing, are comprised in this criminal record. As the conduct of these gentlemen will form a subject of legal inquiry, I will forego the publication of the catalogue of names for the present. When they come before the court of course all restraint in regard to the publication of the names and offenses will be removed. We shall have a pretty kettle of fish when the catalogue is published.

An indignation meeting was recently held in Tucker county, in this State, on the subject of the Harper's Ferry insurrection, at which was adopted a resolution of thanks to the President, Gov. Wise, the marines and military from Maryland and Virginia, for their prompt exertions in crushing the heinous mob that invaded our soil. Also a resolution pledging the people of all that county to stand ready at all times, and under all circumstances, to maintain and uphold the constitution and laws of the State, and to tender to our authorities every obsequious and hearty co-operation to repel by force all attempts, coming from any quarter, to interfere with our domestic institutions."

Page county, one of the three counties which compose the great Tenth Legion, or the stronghold of Democracy in the State, has, in public meeting, declared for Wise as President of the Republic. We want a leader in this time of peril who is acquainted with the constitution as it is, who has a perfect knowledge of home and foreign governments, a statesman this is bold, brave, independent, experienced and decisive, and suited to the times. We therefore, have no hesitation in declaring that Henry A. Wise, the present Governor of Virginia, is that man."

McClelland, Democrat, is supposed to be elected to Congress in the place of Hon. T. L. Harris deceased, in Illinois.

PEN, PASTE & SCISSORS.

Pleasant—The weather.

Court commences on Monday week next.

The return of Gov. Houston, to the United States Senate is said to be regarded as certain.

An old man in Indiana recently cowarded his daughter, nineteen years old, for wearing hoops.

A bachelor merchant's advice in collecting a wife—"Get hold of a piece of clothing that will wash."

Removal—Wilson & Brothers have leased the large room in Reynolds' new building, where they will move their store soon.

Several boys in Lock Haven, were taken before a Justice of the Peace, and bound over in bonds of \$500 each, for their acts on "Hollow Ere."

Senator Sumner was to sail on the Canada from Liverpool on Saturday last, and will probably arrive in Boston next week.

Among those at Charlestown who shouldered a musket for duty, against the Harper's Ferry insurrectionists, was the Rev. Mr. Atkisson, of the Presbyterian Church.

It is extraordinary how many defects we can discern in a friend after we have quarreled with him. The same remark applies to a woman after she has rejected us.

A fellow entered a German ball room in Baltimore on the other day and went to rocking the seats about the apartment. After getting his own kicked, he left.

It is said that Horace Greeley intends risking his life in the balloon adventure about to be undertaken by Prof. Lowe, with his mammoth air ship, "The City of New York."

Senator Douglas has the bilious fever, and not got in the stomach, as previously reported. He is dangerously ill.—Mrs. Miller and Garnett are in attendance. Mrs. Douglas is improving.

Mr. Burgess' Bunsides' Bears will be exhibited on Saturday next at 1 o'clock, in the Diamond for the benefit of the LEASX Sugar Guild and will act as Ring Master, and Mr. Livingston as Treasurer. Turn out to the show.

The Thirty-sixth Congress will assemble three weeks from Monday next. It will be a long session, as it is termed, and lively times are anticipated at Washington socially as well as politically.

An election for five Senators and seventeen Legislators took place in Philadelphia, on Tuesday morning last, and resulted in the almost entire success of the friends of the Federal Administration.

A country editor announces, in the following terms, that he has suspended specie payments:—"If any man wants to see stars, and appreciate one of the uses to which blackbats may be put, let him approach our vicinity with an account.—P. S.—We keep a pile of black in our sanctum, and carry one in our hat."

Wig Wag Club was formed in Philadelphia last week. The officers and members are mostly old politicians who served in the Filmore ranks during the last contest for the Presidency. The object is to assist Simon Cameron into the Presidential Chair. Simon would make a first rate horse jockey and that is about all.

We don't know who wrote the following epigram, but he was a sharp observer of men and things, that's certain.

The commencement and the decline of love may be recognized by the equibarrance we feel at finding ourselves alone with the beloved.

The Atlanta Monthly says "its always vulgar to be in a hurry. But suppose you are going after a doctor for your sick wife?"—Journal.

Then we would go in all haste, and accomplish our purpose, while hurry was still tussing to get in his boots.

Judge Gould, a leading Know Nothing politician in New York, fell from a stambour at Albany, and was rescued by an Irishman. Judge G., though a rigid American in politics, did not ask McCarthy the birth or religion, or intimate that he should require two years' residence, after naturalization, before helping him to resume his place on the bench.

TO RENT! TO RENT! TO RENT!!!

IN THE Borough of Millburg, a first rate Store House and Warehouse and a good Water, with a good Crane, also, a new Dwelling House, convenient with the Store, on Main street, in the center of the Borough. This is a first rate situation for a man who wants to do a business, ranging from the Tyrone, Lock Haven and Snow Shoe Routes.

Possession will be given on the first day of April next. The Store and Warehouse can be had with or without the Dwelling House. Apply to Aaron Partridge, Millburg, or at the Auction Store of Martin Store, Bellefonte, Pa. Nov. 10, 1859.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

D. LEYDEN & CO.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED the largest and best assortment of Fall and Winter Goods ever offered in Bellefonte. A full stock of LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Also, Cloth for Ladies' Winter Gowns, Tartan Shawls for Misses Dresses, a large assortment of SHAWLS, POPLIN VELVETS, FRENCH MERINOS, COBURGS, DELAINS, THIBET CLOTHS, PERSIAN TWILLS, &c. &c.

CLOTHS, FOR GENTLEMEN.

CASSIMERES.

SATINETTES, AND JEANS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

BOOTS & SHOES of all sorts. A large and well selected stock of

COOKIES,

QUEENSWARE AND HARDWARE.

Which will be sold low for cash or country produce. Nov. 5, 1859.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRE CO., SS.

J. J. Taylor, Clerk of the Orphan's Court of Allegheny County, do hereby certify, that an Orphan's Court held at Bellefonte on the 28th day of August, A. D. 1859, before the Honorable the Judge of said Court; On motion of and by the undersigned, do hereby certify, that the same was granted upon the heirs and representatives of (Wendell) Hartholmwood, do hereby come into Court on the fourth Monday of November next, to accept or refuse or show cause why the real estate of said deceased should not be sold.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, at Bellefonte the 12th day of September, A. D. 1859.

JESSE L. TAYLOR, C. C.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 1859.

Register's Office, Nov. 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 5, 185