THE WATCHMAN.

S. S. SMILY AND J. S. BARNHART, EDITORS

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1859

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT,

OF PHILADELPHIA CO.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,

JOHN ROWE,

OF FRANKLIN CO.

The Bogus Convention.

When we reflect for a moment, and consider what success the attempt to disorganize and break down the Democratic party, arises from we do not feel alarmed in the least degree. But on the contrary when we look who we are found those who as heretofore will adhere to the usages and the Democratic nominations made at the Feb March Convention, we are doubly encouraged that the Democracy are with us. Reader look for a moment at the self constituted Delegates to the late Wheel Barrow Convention. Who are they and where do you find them? Take for instance the President of said Convention W. Kelly McKinney a Westmoreland County *Democrat*. This same McKinney was a candidate for Congress in 1856 on the Congressional district composed of Westmoreland, Cambria and Bedford counties and received in Cambria county the enormous number of TWO VOTES. The proof of that declaration now in the hands of every body will show him to be a [illegible] H. is commonly [illegible] to be a man of an assemblage of *democrats* called a *Democratic*. Take again the Delegates from this County, only one of which stood voted the full Democratic ticket for the last decided it is unnecessary to comment upon the purity of such an organization.

The *people* those who do the voting at the ballot box are and right. In every Penn's, Bald Eagle, Half Moon, Nittany Valleys and every interior portion of the County, are with us. They are all alive to the great outrage about being committed upon the Democratic party, and are too well posted to be [illegible] by any [illegible] and right will be sustained by an intelligent and virtuous people majority over corruption and fraud will receive a due chance at the hands of every honest and well disposed citizen. The time has arrived when [illegible] *organizers* can control the people by their support, but when they will be made ashamed even of *Democracy*. The party being now purged of the corrupt and dishonest material which for years have brought a stain and a disgrace upon our escutcheon, (having sloughed off the rotten and nine of unscrupulous politicians who have ever been ready to do the dirty work of their corrupt and designing leaders) we can [illegible] the people now without fear or reproach and with the almost certainty and [illegible] of a triumphant victory. The party is at length purified, and will continue to grow stronger and stronger every day, proved all the honest duty

But what is the condition of the opposition? for we do not expect to walk over the field and win the prize without a struggle. Upon what terms are the different parties at war with the Democracy to unite? How are they to agree upon a common platform? That the Black Republicans and Bolters from the Democratic party will unite is more than probable as either alone would make out a sorry ticket at the united Democracy. Will it be under the flag of a general opposition or the name alone of Seward and the Abolitionists [illegible] in the cotton fields of the South? No one who has read John Hickman's speech at the Harrisburg Disorganizers Convention can hesitate to believe that he at least would prefer the latter kind of fight. He there exhibits the deepest rooted hatred to Southern men and their institutions and from the manner in which he was applauded no one can doubt that he had the sympathy of a large majority of those present. Whether he can induce them to stake their all upon a Black Republican venture, is a question which time only can solve. They must do that same thing, or have a *status* nowhere. They have voluntarily cut themselves loose from the Democratic party, and are too feeble to set up for themselves. The Black Republican faction, being by all odds the strongest, will, of course, preserve its identity and organization intact, and will not consent to be merged, lost and swallowed up in any insignificant squad of bolters from the Democratic ranks. Then where, we again ask, are these Disorganizers to go? The answer will readily occur to every intelligent mind. They must, of necessity, become part and parcel of the Black Republican party, or return to the Democratic fold. The latter course will doubtless be adopted by the honest portion of the rank and file who have been misled and deceived—the leaders will have to march, either from necessity or choice, right into the ranks of the Abolitionists.

In conclusion, we repeat that the Democracy of Pennsylvania are in a sound and healthy condition, and have nothing to fear from the combined efforts of a corrupt and embittered condition. Let us all do our duty fearlessly, and the old flag, that has carried us through so many contests, will again float in triumph over the Democratic legions.

Hon. JAMES B. CLAY has been re nominated for Congress by the Democrats of Franklin county, Ky., in spite of his previous declinature.

What Will They Do?

It is a matter of little importance to the Democratic party, says the West Chester Jeffersonian, what Forney's Seward wing of the Abolition party does in the future. They have marked out a course antagonistic to all former professions, and which admits of no harmony or sympathy with old associations. In adopting the Seward platform as enunciated by their main speaker they have passed in advance of the Black Republican party to meet Fred Douglas, Parker Pillsbury and the negro Purvis, in their crusade against the constitution and the institutions of our country. In this respect they must even retrograde before they can take comfortable seats with the Black Republicans. They profess, now, to favor a separate and distinct organization, and have placed Forney at the head of a large committee who are to meet at Altoona on the 4th of May next, to prepare for the campaign. Whether they will form a ticket of their own, with the expectation of carrying with them the Seward abolitionists is more than doubtful Forney, though writhing under the tortures of disappointment in obtaining place under the Administration, is none the less ambitious. His reputation as a politician has never been without suspicion and reproach while his pen and his talents have too often rested under charges of corruption Mr. Forney is not comfortable in his present position. He has set his affections upon a seat in the United States Senate and if he can buy the Republicans over to his support by selling the few disappointed office seekers that follow at his bidding to procure that post, or some other of equal prominence there will be no ticket formed at Altoona.

Just as we Expected.

The Washington States, Douglas' organ comes down on the Bogus Convention of the 12th inst. got up by Forney Packer Cameron Lamman Knox & Co. for the appearance to the Democratic party. The following extracts will show the opinion of Judge Douglas of these men who think they are the best Democrats in the country. We regret that we have not room to give more of them but the following will suffice for the present.

There is however another and still more fatal objection to this independent organization in Pennsylvania—we mean the ambiguity of its professions and the uncertainty of its object. Perhaps the Democracy would have demanded an explanation in another of these respects of Mr. Buchanan's speech in the Convention, though out of harmony with the temper of its resolutions had not exposed the movement to the suspicion of a Black Republican tendency.

He avowed the treasonable doctrine of Seward in the most explicit and emphatic language and the declaration was received with the warmest applause. Now what are we to infer from this incident? Must we prepare for an eventual alliance between the Black Republicans and these discontent Democrats of Pennsylvania? What is the purpose of Mr. Forney and his friends? Do they meditate apostacy to the Opposition or are they resolved to adhere in good faith to the Democratic party? Do they propose themselves to support the nominees of the Charleston Convention? In the name of the Democracy of the Union we respectfully entreat a reply to these inquiries."

Coming Round.

The following extracts in regard to the late Bogus Democratic Convention we publish with great pleasure particularly when we take into consideration that these same editors encouraged the holding of the last Convention. They are both Anti Lecompton Journals but when they see that this doctrine is not to be made a test and that the object of Forney's Convention is to aid the Black Republicans, they were out like honest men in support of the Regular Convention.

These extracts are as follows

"They have repudiated the regularly nominated Democratic State Ticket they have resolved to nominate another ticket and by so doing they have resolved deliberately and with *malice prepense* to aid the Abolitionists in defeating the Democratic party of the State and as such we repudiate its action and cleanse ourselves of any sympathy we may have had in the movement." *Somerset Democrat*.

We will continue to stand by the regular organization. It is in the hands of men who are not fit to control it the hopeless crew of the party have run their own concern to rob and fatten hirelings. If they are willing to suffer it to continue and its present management we feel ourselves bound to support its present nominees. In doing so we surrender no principle we have ever contended for, deserted no position that we have ever held and when the present troubles have been settled as they ultimately will be to the satisfaction of the majority of the Democratic party we feel confident that the course which the *Democrat* has pursued, and the position which it still maintains will be cordially endorsed by the Democracy of little Perry." *Perry Democrat*.

BOLTED AGAIN. Col Forney has selected J. K. Calhoun of Armstrong, and R. J. Nicholson of Jefferson, as two of his associates on the Bogus State Committee. This is the second time these gentlemen have bolted regular nominations. When Col Forney was nominated for United States Senator, in 1857, Messrs. Calhoun and Nicholson were members of the House of Representatives, and both bolted from his nomination. Calhoun and Nicholson then bolted from Forney, and now they all three bolt the party together.

The Boston Post bestows the following "first rate notice" upon the late Harrisburg Convention of the Forney disorganizers. It is true to the letter

"The bogus State Convention in Pennsylvania has turned out as we expected it would, an Abolition cat rolled in Democratic meal—a genuine Black Republican movement under the guise of Democracy. It will do no harm to Mr Buchanan's administration, or to the true Democracy of the Old Keystone."

The "African Civilization Society" held a meeting in New York, on Thursday evening. A tall negro with a "white chocker" presided, and Horace Greeley, Hon. Johnson and Rev Mr. Woodbury, the two latter being colored gentlemen, made speeches—The principal topics discussed were Liberia and Hayti.

The Truth Plainly Stated.

The Pennsylvanian exposes, in a clear and convincing manner, the absurdity of the allegation of the bolters, that Governor Packer was repudiated by the Democratic Convention because of his views on the Lecompton question. The fact that the same Convention nominates Mr. Rowe for Surveyor General, by acclamation, who had embraced the same views: and the additional fact that more than one half of the Delegates who voted on the Governor's side, were out and out Lecompton men, completely disposes of this charge. The simple truth is, that the infidelity of Knox and Lamman, his principal appointees, regardless of all other considerations, would have drawn the displeasure of the party upon the Governor and the same circumstances would broken down any one of his Democratic predecessors. How can any man, with a decent show of propriety, invoke the power of that organization for himself, if he refuses to maintain it as to others? The Governor having allowed his office holders to disregard the obligations of regular nominations should not claim the benefit of such nominations for himself or friends.

The Hon. Jacob Turney of Westmoreland, was a bolter and Lecompton man than Gov. Packer, and yet his Democratic associates elected him Speaker of the Senate the other day, though every man of them had differed with him on that vital issue. They did this because Mr. T. had been faithful to the organization of the party, to its nominees and its principles. No stronger refutation of the whining falsehood of Forney and his unprincipled followers, could be furnished.

A Gem.

A meeting was held in Philadelphia, on Saturday night last, to elect delegates to the Forney Convention. David Webster Esq. presided. His opening address contained the following gem

"Fellow citizens. The call which has just been read explains to you the nature of this assemblage. It is perhaps unnecessary for me at this stage of proceedings to comment at any length upon the action in view. In the name of a Democratic Convention, a number of men composed principally of Federal office holders, assembled at Harrisburg on the 16th of March, trashed the best men of our party, falsified the principles of our faith, and constructed a platform to which we cannot conscientiously subscribe."

The Convention which Mr. Webster says was composed *principally* of Federal office holders, contained 133 delegates of which number not more than a dozen were office holders. So much for that statement. It all becomes Mr. Webster to talk about office holders. If men are rendered incompetent to take part in Conventions because they hold office then Mr. Webster should be the last man to preside at a political Convention. He now holds an appointment from Governor Packer as one of the Commissioners to revise the Penal Code. Not long since he was in this place imploring the Legislature to extend his office and salary having failed to accomplish the work allotted within the prescribed time. The Senate refused to comply and pass the bill abolishing the Commission. When Mr. Webster draws his $2000 from the State Treasury for which he has read not the State no service we hope he will remember how cordially he detests office holders.—*Harrisburg Union*.

WOMANS' RIGHT TO LIVE. There is a bill now before the Legislature of New York which we commend to the consideration of all Legislatures of all States, and to all the principalities and powers of the earth. It provides that any married woman may invest or use her property and earnings or any portion of them in any trade or business, and that such investment with the profits and labor bestowed thereon by her or her agents or servants shall not be subject to the disposal of her husband nor liable for his debts, and that all contracts executed by her in any trade or business in which she may engage shall be in all respects as valid as if she were single. Such a law has long been sadly needed to protect the wives of lazy prodigate and drunken husbands, who are rather numerous in these days, from living upon and squandering the hard earnings of industrious and virtuous wives. Every State which legalizes or tolerates the infernal grog trade, should enact such a statute at once.

The position of the leader in the movement to divide and destroy the Democratic party of Pennsylvania appears to be properly understood throughout the country. The Baltimore Republican thus comments upon it: "No man can doubt that whatever Mr Forney may have been in the past he is now enrolled among the bitterest enemies of the Democratic party and all his labors are intended to bring about its division and destruction. We look upon such men as infinitely more to be shunned and more worthy of denunciation than the Abolitionists who have been brought up in that fanatical creed, and whose opposition to Democracy and the Union has at least the merit of consistency. Mr Forney has chosen his position and by that choice has proved himself unworthy the respect or confidence of any honest Democrat or any friend of the Constitution and the Union."

The Ohio Legislature have passed a law making a misdemeanor to carry a pistol bowie knife, dirk, or any other concealed weapon, under the penalty of a fine not exceeding $200, and imprisonment not more than thirty days for the first offence; and $500 fine and imprisonment for three months, or both, at the discretion of the Court, for the second offence; and in pursuance of the law, the Mayor of Cincinnati has directed the police to arrest and bring before him all persons whom they shall find with concealed weapons.

Paul Morphy, the great chess player, has just left Paris for England, from whence he soon sails to the United States. Before leaving a dinner was tendered him, at which M. St. Amant presided, and at which the usual speeches were made. Lequesne's bust in marble, of the guest, was crowned with laurel on the occasion, as a token that the assemblage considered him the greatest chess player that ever lived.

Matrimonial Difficulty.

A married couple residing on Friend street, near the canal, found that after a few years of connubial felicity, they were the most miserable mortals alive, being unable to agree upon any one point of domestic economy and diplomacy. Their daily cares were sure to culminate in an evening quarrel and they sometimes astonished each other's professions with blows accompanied by the usual mark of that respective distinguished considerations. The matrimonial relations of the wife it is said was mixed up in this family row, and added to the discord by her officious intervention. Finding life disagreeable and being able to agree upon no other point, they finally concluded to try the last grand experiment by jumping into the Schuylkill. Night before last was the time set for the attempt. A law and lotting ar prevailed, but their resolution was fixed and they descended the bank together, each trying to outvie the other by deprecating his and her course with bitter words. They reached the bank of the Schuylkill hand in hand they stood upon the bank of the abyss which mortality is wont to regard with horror. The air was cold and so was the water—neither was congenial neither was the existence they were about to leave. This thought was decisive, and they plunged into the water which was not deep, but very cold. The man could swim and his first impulse on rising to the surface was to strike out for the shore, but he wanted to see what his wife would do. She came sputtering and blowing to the surface, and supposing in the darkness that her head was at the bottom, called for help for help and sank again. When she next appeared the husband caught her and they both reached the shore in safety wet and freezing. Crestfallen and ashamed of the foolish act, they went home together, congratulated each other of peace and concluded a new, satisfied that nothing can be worse than the bottom of the river. There is now a fair prospect of the couple going down the hill of life together quietly and in peace.—*Ohio Statesman*.

A Clerical Wife Poisoner Captured.

Smith McDonald, city sexton of Wheeling, effected a very important arrest near that place, on Sunday last. About a month since, we published the details of a poisoning case near Belmden New Jersey in which a Methodist minister named Harding was charged with taking the life of his wife. An inquest was held on the woman's remains but pending the results of injury the husband fled, and though the most diligent search was made for him no traces whatever of his where about could be discovered. The jury in the meantime continued their investigation and the evidence of the man's guilt being strong, was forthcoming from they found that Mrs. Harding came her death by poison administered by her husband.

A reward of $500 was offered for the fugitive but nothing could be learned of him until Saturday. McDonald was informed that a man bearing a strong resemblance to Harding and answering his description in manner, and thinking possibly he might be the person resolved to watch him and satisfy himself whether or not his suspicions were correct. With this view he visited Fairmount, and was gratified to find that the stranger and fugitive were one and the same person. He was arrested to Wheeling by the first conveyance and is now in jail awaiting the requisition for him by the Executive of New Jersey. He is a very tall man of about forty two years of age, and is fully ironed. He and his wife were married but a few years. It was an unhappy and beautiful woman and her death produced the most intense excitement among her friends. The evidence of the prisoner's guilt is as we have stated of a very conclusive character.

Philadelphia Markets

The Flour market is exceedingly quiet and the only transactions reported are small lots of 300 barrels Western extra at $5 per barrel. The sales to the trade and consumers are limited on account of the commercial difficulties. Supplies continue to come forward very slowly and the stock is gradually diminishing. Rye Flour and Corn Meal are dull. We quote the former at $4 12½ and the latter at $4 87½ per barrel.

Grain. The market is very poorly supplied with Wheat and prime lots are wanted for milling. Sales of 2000 bushels of good Red at $1 58 per bushel and White at $1 60 a 1 65 in store. Rye is in demand at the advance noted yesterday, and further sales have been made at 87 cents. Corn is very scarce and wanted at a further advance of one cent per bushel. Sales of 1 000 bushels yellow at 88@89 cents. Oats are dull. 500 bushel Delaware sold at 50 cents and 1000 bushels Peoria at 52 cents per bushel.

Cloverseed comes forward slowly sales of 200 bushels at $5 25 per 64 lbs. Timothy is worth $2 25 and Flaxseed $1 75 per bushel.

JOHN HEENAN, the "Benicia Boy," now the lion of the common of America, sent out by a recent steamer a challenge to Tom Sayers the champion of England to fight him. The gallant Tom replies by the steamer Europa that of his three coming fights with Bill Benjamin, "The Unknown" and Bob Brettle are decided in his favor thus leaving him still the champion he will be most happy to fight Heenan for two hundred pounds and let him give five hundred or one thousand pounds that he wins the fight." The winner of the battle would also be entitled to the champion's belt. As the affair between Sayers and Benjamin has now been decided in favor of Sayers there are but two other gentlemen to be attended to before Mr. Heenan's claim to the personal attentions of the English champion will be taken into active consideration.

A MAN SHOOTING HIS IMAGE IN THE MIRROR. Singular Freak of Insanity. Last evening an unknown man entered a barber's shop up town and attracted the attention of those present by walking about in an excited manner, and sighing deeply while waiting his turn to be shaved. At last one of the persons in the room asked him if he was in trouble, but he made no reply. When his turn came he sat down in the chair, and the barber lathered his face, and was strapping his razor, when his unknown customer suddenly cried out "I am not fit to live!" and drawing a single barrelled pistol from his pocket, fired at his image in the mirror, shattering the glass to a thousand fragments. Before the barber recovered from his astonishment, his unprofitable patron ran off without waiting to wash his face.—*N. Y. Post*.

Some years ago, Dr. Webb, a well known physician in Windham Conn., committed suicide by hanging himself in the stable where he kept his horse. He was succeeded in his practice by Dr. Litchfield, who kept his horse in the same place, and once remarked to a friend, "I seem to see him hanging there every time I go into the barn." A short time afterwards Dr. L. hung himself in the same place. These are two cases out of a dozen suicides within as many years in the town of Windham.

Potatoes should never be used for seed in the soil in which they grew. The same seed continued in the same soil would deteriorate. Farmers will always do better to dispose of their whole crop and buy new seed each year.

PEN PASTE & SCISSORS.

When is a man like a rooster? When his head is combed.

The Clinton Democrat comes out in favor of the Regular Ticket.

A lady on Snow Shoe gave birth last week to three living babies.

Discharging his duty with promptness and Dispatch. Small McCoy.

Get up from the table with an appetite, and you will never sit down without one.

Jno C. Breckenridge is spoken of as the next Democratic candidate for President.

We had a pop visit on Saturday last from our good looking friend Mr. LAMBERT of the Clearfield Republican.

Why are Adam and Eve to be regarded as the oldest sugar planters? Because they were the first to raise *Cain*.

The true and reliable Democrats in Centre county approve of the course pursued by the 16th March Democratic Convention.

Always doubt the sincerity of a girl when you see her wipe her mouth after you have kissed her. If she smacks her lips—pitch in.

An editor down east boasts of having had a controversy with a woman and got the last word. The report lacks confirmation.

It is a good sign to see a man wiping the perspiration from his face; but it is a bad sign to see him coming out of a cellar with apple chops.

To keep cut worms from ruining the farm, scatter fresh plaster and ashes over it. This keeps them sweet and repels them from all insects.

All the Black Republican papers in the State pronounce the proceedings of the Bogus Convention held on the 12th inst. Of course they sympathize with them.

A calf raised in Prestown N. Y. four weeks old was slaughtered by its owner Dr. Palmer last week. It weighed when dressed four hundred and twenty six pounds!

The editor of the New Hampshire Democrat says that he is sure that he knows himself. If he does says Province he knows about the meanest press in New Hampshire.

The Jersey Shore Republican has an able article on the Bogus Convention and we regret we have no room to publish it. With the close of the Centre Reporter says "so far so good."

A man was committed to jail in New Haven last week on the charge of murdering a negro in Somerset county last winter. It is thought he will be convicted with out trouble. We have not learned the particulars.

There was recently a duel at Naples, in which one person was killed and another much cut to pieces with a cleaver, which he had to leg and threw at the duelist, cutting the lower extremity of the calf. They were made friends upon the ground the duel not agreeing to dress in uniform and one color to mount the dress worn that.

A speaking in reference to the gentlemanly conduct of the Ivy recently transpired at Columbus Ohio. A man was invited to partake of a cocktail. The proposal was that the stool two cents and a row between the winner to pay for the cocktail and sons to pay for the cow and sons to pay for fourteen days.

The Rock Island Argus has the following in a late letter from the Pikes Peak gold mines. In Arrapho county there are from eight to twelve hundred poor devils like myself hunting gold but not finding any. At present we are preparing to skim the spring emigration which is to be done by disposing of town sites and bad whiskey."

IMPORTANT FOREIGN NEWS. By the arrival of the Europa and Arabia we have news from Europe to the 9th inst. There had been a discussion in the House of Commons on the Reform bill. The vote was 291 for the second reading, and 330 for Lord John Russell's resolution showing a majority against the government of 39. The English Ministers had decided on a dissolution of Parliament but no day had yet been fixed for that event. The country is flooded with addresses to the English Queen on the subject. The India Loan bill, for seven millions, had passed. The continental advices are very warlike and threatening. The latest intelligence says that the crisis is at hand. Great bodies of Austrian troops are on the move for Italy. There is also great activity in France. The Bourse is depressed, and prices had declined nearly one per cent. the last two days. The decline in cotton is 1 16d, chiefly for inferior qualities.

ACQUITTAL OF THE ECHO PRISONERS. The Echo prisoners, on trial at Charleston, for engaging in the slave trade, have been acquitted. No testimony for the defence was offered nor any cross examination of witnesses for the Government. It was proved by the testimony of Lieut. Carpenter, Coxswain Monaghan and Captain Maffit, of the United States brig Dolphin and by other parties that the negroes on board the Echo were found in a very distressed and suffering condition; that Captain Townsend was a native of Newport, Rhode Island: that the construction of the vessel, when captured, was extremely filthy, and that the charts found in the possession of the Captain had marked upon them, in pencil, a continuous line from the coast of Africa to the point of her capture.

KANSAS POLITICS.—The official majority of the late election in Kansas, in favor of the calling of a State Constitutional Convention was 3881 votes. Governor Medary has issued a proclamation, providing for the election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention, to assemble at Wyandotte in June next.

Sickles in Princeton.

From a biographical sketch of Daniel E. Sickles published in Harper's Weekly, we learn that in 1837 and 1838 he was a resident of Princeton where he worked as a printer in the employ of the late Robert E. Horner. Sickles had acquired some knowledge of the art in New York and when he was about seventeen years of age, finding there was an irreconcilable difference of opinion between him and his father as to his future career, he left his house in Livingston, Essex county, N. J., and started out to seek his own fortune. Reaching Princeton on his way to Philadelphia—he sought the one newspaper office, and Mr. Horner although not needing more hands, gave him employment in the hope that he might succeed in his expressed wish to enter College and although he did not succeed in this, he remained in the Whig office for some months.

The Weekly says, "that while in Princeton he made several attempts to enter College but found his means were insufficient, and gradually became disheartened and desponde. Just then came news—great news. First there came to Princeton a rippling murmur in general terms of trouble on the northern frontier; and at last the tempest burst in all its fury. The Canadians had sent the Cyclone over the Falls of Niagara wrapped in a shroud of flame. Young America was roused. Sickles determined to abandon the mighty 'composing stick' for the glittering but less potent weapon of the warrior.

Fortunately, the more natured counsel of Mr. Horner prevailed over the filibustering instincts of youth and instead of rushing to Navy Island, Daniel having paid his bills and finding himself master of a whole dollar once more took up his staff and started for Philadelphia."

The Sickles Tragedy.

The trial of the Hon. D. E. Sickles, is not concluded yet. But we have no doubt by to morrow or next day, we will hear of his acquittal.

THE PROPOSED INSTRUCTIONS TO THE JURY BY THE PROSECUTION.

If the jury believe, from the whole evidence in this cause, that the prisoner on the day named in the indictment and in the county of Washington aforesaid killed the said Philip Barton Key by discharging at, a certain pistol into the body of him the said Philip Barton Key a ball of leaden pistols loaded with gun powder and ball thereby giving him one mortal wound or wounds, and that such killing was the willful and intentional act of the prisoner and was induced by the [illegible] of the said deceased had sedu[illegible] his daughter and on same day or days, or for any period, a little or indefinite prior to the day of such killing had adulterous intercourse with the said wife, and that the prisoner was not provoked to such killing by any assault or other violence then used and there made by the deceased unless a mortal one, then such willful and intentional killing, if found by the jury from all the facts and circumstances given in evidence is murder. But such killing cannot be found to have been willful and malicious in the sense of this instruction unless shall have been proven to the satisfaction of the jury upon the whole evidence aforesaid that the prisoner was in fact in same at the time of such killing.

THE INSTRUCTIONS BY THE DEFENCE.

After the adjournment of the court, the counsel for the defence met in the Marshal's room and agreed upon the following instructions to the jury.

First. There is no presumption of law or evidence to any proof of alleviation [illegible] arise out of the evidence for the prosecution. *Vide* the State vs. Johnson 3 Jones 266. M'Daniel vs. State 8 Smedes Marshall's Rep. Decisions 17 of pamphlet.

Second. The existence of malice is not presumed with a case if on any rational theory consistent with all the evidence the homicide is justifiable or excusable or amounts to manslaughter. *Vide* same cases cited also the United States vs. Wise 2 Cranch C. C. Rpt. The Commonwealth vs. York 2 Bennett & Heard's Leading Criminal Cases page 505.

Third. If on the whole evidence presented by the prosecution there is any rational hypothesis consistent with the conclusion that the homicide was justifiable or excusable the defendant cannot be convicted.

Fourth. If the jury believe that Sickles when the homicide occurred intended to kill Key he cannot be convicted of manslaughter.

Fifth. It is for the jury to determine, under all circumstances of the case, whether the act charged upon Sickles is murder or justifiable homicide. Ryan's case 2 Wheeler's Criminal Cases 54.

Sixth. If the jury find that Sickles killed Key while the latter was in criminal intercourse with the wife of the former Sickles cannot be convicted of either murder or manslaughter.

Seventh. If from the whole evidence the jury believe that Sickles committed the act but at the time of doing so was under the influence of a diseased mind and was really unconscious that he was committing a crime he is not guilty of murder. Day's case, pamphlet p. 9.

Eighth. If the jury believe that from any predisposing cause the prisoner's mind was impaired and at the time of killing Key became, or was mentally incapable of governing himself in reference to Key, as the debaucher of his wife and at the time of committing said act was, by reason of such cause, unconscious that he was committing as to said Key, he is not guilty of any offence whatever. Day's case, pamphlet, p. 17.

Ninth. It was for the jury to say what was the state of the prisoner's mind as to a capacity to decide upon the criminality of the particular act in question the homicide at the moment it occurred and what was the condition of the parties respectively, as to being armed or not at the same moment. These are open questions that may arise upon consideration of the evidence, the whole of which is to be taken into view by the jury. Jarboe's case, pamphlet, p. 29.

Tenth. The law does not require that the insanity which absolves from crime should exist for any definite period, but only that it exist at the moment when the act occurred with which the accused stands charged.

Eleventh. If the jury have any doubt as to the case either in reference to the homicide or the question of sanity, Sickles should be acquitted.

SICKLES ACQUITTED.

VERDICT OF THE JURY.

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT.

WASHINGTON, April 26, 1859.

The jury having remained out but a few minutes, returned into Court and rendered a verdict of NOT GUILTY. The announcement was received with wild applause by the audience, which could not be suppressed. Mr. Sickles was immediately discharged amid the congratulations of his friends.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF A TESTATUM WRIT of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the District Court of Philadelphia, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte on Saturday the 14th day of May, the following described property, to wit:—

All the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to all that certain tract, pressgage or tenement of land situate in Penn township, Centre county bounded and described as follows, viz adjoining lands of Geo Hubler, Jacob Harlen, John Harlen and others, containing four acres, more or less, being the same tract of land sold on an Alias venditioni Exponas, at the suit of Worman & Ely to Benj Kemerer Nov 26, 1856, the Deed for which was acknowledged Nov 28, 1856

ALSO,

All of two other lots or parcels of land situate in the town of Millheim, Penn township, with a dwelling House, Store House, Barn and all other necessary out outbuildings thereon erected, bounded on the South by the Old Fort and Mifflinburg Turnpike Road, on the West by the Penns, Brush and Nittany Valleys Turnpike Road, on the North by lot of Michael Gephart, on the East by lot of Jacob Eisenhuth, being the same tract or parcels of land sold January the 28th, 1857, in pursuance of a writ of Vendition Exponas dated Bellefonte, Dec 1st 1856, sold to Benj Kemerer, at the suit of Powel F. Clayton vs. Wm L. Musser, the deed for which was acknowledged January 30, 1857

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Benj Kemerer being the one half of all those several tracts of land situate in Penn and Gregg townships, consisting of sundry tracts of land surveyed in pursuance of warrants in following names, to wit one tract in the name of Pim, one tract in the name of Jonathan Walker, one tract in the name of Wm McCulley, one tract in the name of John McCulley, one tract in the name of Benj. Lyon, one tract in the name of Ezekiel Lyon, one tract in the name of Robert Lyon, one tract in the name of David Montgomery, part of a tract in the name of Wm Montgomery part of a tract in the name of Jacob Anderson, James Howler, Henry Antis, Thomas Hamilton, James Armstrong John Cowden James Holburn, Jane's James James Kennedy, John Kennedy Andrew Kennedy, containing in the whole 1297 acres more or less, with two Longe Saw Mills thereon erected, all of which said tracts were duly patented to Thos P. Cope who conveyed the same to Wm L. Musser whose right title and interest in and to the same became vested in Benjamin Kemerer by virtue of a Sheriff's Sale and deed duly acknowledged on the 28th day of November last and of record hereunto being had more fully had and at large appears.

Seized, taken in exe ution and to be sold as the property of Abraham Rex Benjamin Kemerer Albert H. O Brien Abraham R. Harper William R. Stouch Jacob H. Ziegenfuss and Jacob R. Ausenman, trading &c

THOMAS McCOY, Sheriff

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.,
April 28th, 1859 tf

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF A TESTATUM WRIT of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the District Court of Philadelphia and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Bellefonte on Saturday the 14th day of May 1859.

The following described TRACT OF LAND, being unseated situated in Spring township Centre county surveyed in pursuance of a warrant granted to Frederick Kerker, containing 127 acres and 100 perches and allowance. Also,

A TRACT OF LAND, (being unseated) situated in Spring township said County, surveyed in pursuance of a warrant granted to John Watson containing 10 acres or thereabouts, and allowance. Also,

A TRACT OF LAND, (being unseated) situated in Penn township said County surveyed in pursuance of a warrant granted to James Talbin, containing 100 acres or thereabouts, and allowance. Also

A TRACT OF LAND, (being unseated) situated in Ferguson township said County surveyed in pursuance of a warrant granted to Jacob Leighard containing 420 acres or thereabouts and allowance. They being the same tracts of Land which in pursuance of the various Acts of Assembly regulating the sale of Unseated Lands for the nonpayment of taxes were duly conveyed by the Treasurer of Centre county to the Commissioners their 1st the first three by three several Deeds, Poll bearing the first day of November, A. D. 1816, respectively and the other thereof by Deed Poll dated the same day of January, A. D. 1827 and which by one or more conveyances and assurances in Law, duly executed, proved and recorded became vested in Andrew Rhoads. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of the said Andrew Rhoads.

THOS McCOY Sheriff

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.,
April 28th, 1859.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

THE Union Regiment commanded by Col R. H. Strohecker is ordered to meet for inspection on Thursday the 19th day of May next.

The *CENTRE DRAGOONS*, Capt. R. D. Chronicles and the *BELLEFONTE FENCIBLES* Capt. A. G. Curtin, will meet on Friday the 20th day of May.

The *PENNSYLVALLEY CADETTS* Capt. Geo. M. Kepler *WARRIORS MARK CAVALRY* Capt. Jno. A. Hunter and *INDEPENDENT DRAGOONS* Capt. Jas. Dunlap, will meet on Saturday the 21st day of May.

The Commanding Officers of the several Companies of the Brigade are required to furnish the Brigade Inspector with a return, agreeable to the 9th Section of the Militia Act of 1858, which shall show

1st. The number of Commissioned, non commissioned Officers Musicians and privates of his Company or Troop present on parade designating the number of each.

2nd. The number of each Company absent from parade.

3rd. The Uniform, Arms and Equipments inspected.

4th. The number of Uniforms belonging to said Company or Troop.

5th. The arms and Equipments in possession of said Troop on Company. By order of

J. J. FISHER Brigade Inspector
3rd Brig 14th Div P. M.

Brigade Inspector's Office,
Spring Mills April 28 59 tf

BANKING HOUSE OF

WM. F. REYNOLDS & CO.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO. PA

Bills of exchange and Notes discounted. Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted.—Interest paid on special deposits. Exchange on the eastern cities constantly on hand for sale. Deposits received.

April 7th, 1859

NEW ARRIVAL OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE CHEAPEST AND THE BEST.

MAY & LOEB

HAve just received one of the largest assortment of Spring and Summer Goods ever offered to the people of Centre county among which is to be found all kinds of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Shawls Mantles Silks, Boreges, Tissues, &c. A Splendid stock of Hosiery and Gloves, Dress Trimmings, Collars, Undersleeves, with a general assortment of Ladies' Fancy Goods.

Also, a large and splendid assortment of Bonnets and Bonnet Trimmings, to which they would call the attention of the ladies particularly.

Cloths Cassimeres and Cottonets, in great variety, style and quality,

GROCERIES,

in quality and price not to be equalled by any stock in the county.

May & Loeb call attention to this stock because they are confident that it is the best, the cheapest, and most extensive in variety offered to the people of Centre county. They have determined to sell good goods at prices which will defy competition, and only ask the public to examine, and they can not fail to purchase.

Bellefonte, April 14- 59-tf

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre co., there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, in Bellefonte on Saturday, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1859, all the interest of Mary Blair, late of Milesburg, deceased, (the said interest being the one undivided third part thereof,) in all those three lots of ground situate lying and being in said Borough of Milesburg, on Catharine and Water streets, adjoining each other, and known and designated in the general plot of said Borough as lots No. 40, 42 and 43, respectively on which are erected a two story dwelling House, Stable and other outbuildings.

Terms cash on confirmation of sale.

WM H. BLAIR,
Adm'r of Mary Blair, dec'd

April 7-'59-ts

Bacon for Sale.

THE subscribers offer for sale 50,000 lbs pickled and smoked bacon, at their butchering establishment, on Bishop street.

A. LOEB & SON

April 7 1859