THE WATCHMAN.

S. S. SEELY AND B. R. HALL, EDITORS.

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1857.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM F. PACKER.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.
NIMROD STRICKLAND.

Valedictory.

Our editorial connection with this paper having been a matter of necessity rather than of choice, is now closed at the earliest opportunity we have had of resigning our charge to worthy and responsible hands During our brief apprenticeship to the new and difficult task we were forced to undertake, it was our uniform object and aim to publish a reliable and acceptable Democratic paper, and in consideration of our utter inexperience in the new vocation, we are flattered by the increase that has been realized in our list of subscribers, to believe that we have succeeded better than we could have hoped in the outset. For this success, we are, in a great measure, indebted to the generous forbearance and kind consideration of our personal and political friends, as well as to the inflexible fidelity to Democratic principles that animates the sturdy yeomanry of our beautiful county, to all and each of whom we tender our earnest thanks, while in the act of giving the last tip to our editorial beaver, and taking a final leave of those by whom the paper has been so well supported.

Already, when we assumed control of the Watchman, had the Democracy of Old Centre recorded evidence of its increasing power, and proclaimed in majestic tones, its triumph over fanaticism, bigotry and proscription. That it has not retrograded a single inch, during the time which we recorded its biography, we are well assured,—yea, more, we know that we can congratulate our fellow Democrats upon the fact that there has been a constant increase in numbers, and, consequently, in strength. In this we rejoice, because we believe as sincerely as we believe anything, that the perpetuity of our Republican Government, with its free air, and homes of glorious liberty, depends upon the success of the great party with which we battle, as arrayed against every species of enmity to our country, our race, and our Creator

Political truth should be as sacred to the Patriot as are the truths of the bible to the christian; and any man who will turn, as invariably as the magnetic needle to the pole, toward *the principles of our beloved* Constitution, and resolve to know in politics what it teaches, and nothing else, and by its teachings to be guided, must of necessity be a Democrat a member of the National Democratic Party, and our desire is that we may all know the truth as it is in the Constitution.

We have now said enough, perhaps too much, concerning ourselves, and it will no doubt be expected that we shall say something of our successors. We will merely say that Col S S Seely and Mr. Benj R Hall are unflinching Democrats born in the faith, and reared up under Democratic protection—and leave them to speak for themselves which they are fully competent to do. Col. Seely is known to the reading community, as having been connected with the "Jersey Shore News Letter," a neat and energetic Democratic paper. In addition to his general spotless reputation he comes among us with the endorsement and recommendation of the most noted Democrats in Clinton, Lycoming and other counties—with a *personal letter from our nominee for Governor*, Gen. Wm. F Packer, and the same from that gallant standard bearer of the stars and stripes, Hon James Buchanan Mr. Hall has been raised from infancy to manhood among our hills and valleys, and is known to many of our people as having descended from Democratic stock, imbibed Democratic sentiments, and given evidence that his abilities and attainments are of no inferior order. He will be taken by the hand and welcomed with a hearty good will But personality aside, we are assured they will publish a sound, readable Democratic paper, devoted to the interests of our party, and the local interests of our county, and we will not hesitate to guarantee them the undivided support of our citizens. A paper we must have and it must be supported.

Our books and accounts have been left in the office, with Messrs. Seely & Hall, for collection, and those who are in arrears can remit to them. JOHN T. HOOVER.

Salutatory.

In assuming the responsibility of conducting the "Democratic Watchman," we are aware that public expectation will require, at our hands, an exposition of the principles upon which the paper will be conducted. In order, therefore, to meet this draw upon our editorial functions, we shall endeavor *briefly*, candidly and honestly to present our views in as clear an aspect as possible, without attempting even an ordinary display of editorial tact, so common at this day, in the outset of a career, and so well calculated to mislead the public mind, by feeding it, in the beginning upon promises and professions made only to be broken and useful only to deceive. It will be no egotism however to say, that by close application, industry and attention, the appearance and interests of the Watchman may be greatly enhanced, and we are confident that we have within us the ability to do all this.

The Watchman will as heretofore advocate and sustain the principles and measures of the Democratic party. Experience every year strengthens and confirms our conscientious convictions and firm belief that the true interests, permanent prosperity, union, and perpetuity of our government can best be promoted by the universal spread and adoption of the principles first taught by Thomas Jefferson, and which have since formed the cardinal characteristics of the great Democratic party. We shall, therefore, *firmly* and *steadfastly* sustain our party, its measures, and its men, not merely when its nominations happen to coincide with our own choice of men, but because they are the the choice of the party, agreeably to its time honored, time tested and time approved usage; because its candidates are for the time being the representatives of its principles, and *cannot* be deserted without *deserting them likewise*. Whilst we shall steadfastly maintain these positions, we shall as steadfastly abstain from *harsh* and *offensive* language towards those who differ with us in relation to the soundness and importance of the principles we advocate. Many of our readers whom we esteem highly differ with us politically; we are free to accord to them the same love of country, and the same desire to promote its prosperity, which we claim for ourselves In the main we are all, doubtless, aiming at the same object and only differ in relation to the measures and means by which it is to be attained.

Politics shall by no means form the exclusive aim and object of the Watchman, its columns shall be largely devoted to other objects morals, literature and general intelligence shall claim our attention and find ample room in our pages *Agriculture*, that great National pursuit which forms the foundation of all our prosperity, and which has been so long neglected, shall receive that attention and prominent place in our paper which its great importance so preeminently demands Whilst other pursuits possessing not a tithe of the importance in the scale of National wealth, have been loudly clamoring for protection and legislative encouragement, this great source of National wealth has been left entirely to individual exertions, and its improvement generally to individual experiments Latterly we are pleased to see that agriculture is claiming Legislative action, that its vast importance is beginning to be generally appreciated, that able and successful writers are devoting much time and talent to the improvement and advancement of this great pursuit that societies and associations are forming every where to elicit and disseminate information and promote the interests of the *farmer*. We shall weekly devote a portion of our paper to this important interest, and respectfully invite communications or essays on the subject

In short we intend to devote our whole energy to make the Watchman a useful family paper, a medium through which good morals will be encouraged and promoted, and the interests and welfare of our readers generally, cherished and advanced.

S S SEELY.
B R HALL.

The Legislature.

This body adjourned on the 22d ult. The members by this time have all, doubtless, arrived at their respective homes, there to enjoy the company of their wives, their children, their relatives, friends, and their *constituents*, this latter with many will be a meeting of *bitterness* and *regret* Many will be taken by the hand and receive the plaudit of "well done good and faithful servant while to others will be said, "you have been weighed in the balance and found wanting" These are incidents common in political history. Some men seem to be borne along on the tide of political favor, and carried to the very pinnacle of political distinction, with scarcely a struggle on their part, to perfect the consummation. They launch their boat upon the ocean having a sound head for the belsman, an honest heart for the pilot and the public good for their light-house Their little bark is proof against the shoals and quick sands of jealousy and malignity, and with head high above the wave, they sail majestically into the port of safety, and establish a reputation worthy a good citizen. Others start out with bright prospects and animating hopes, yet with *mariee* or *repacity* at the helm, with the *glittering gold dust* as their beacon, which only shines to allure they are attracted from the well tried channel and their bark is dashed upon the rocky shore, or cast upon some distant Island, where no mariner dare approach They step upon the stage of life with a firm determination to be guided by the principles of honor and justice—endeavor so to shape their *conduct and their actions* as to promote the public weal Yet drawn on by *reckless* advisers and a *wicked* heart, they too often barter away the interests of the public for *individual* aggrandizement. How important then, that we should select servants who are *honest* and *faithful* and *willing* to act for the people, and in all things have an eye single to the interests of our country.

Gen. Walker and the remnant of his army have fled from Nicaragua, and arrived in New Orleans on Wednesday night on board the Empire City. The telegraphic dispatch calls it a capitulation; but it was a run for life, and a narrow escape at that. Walker and 260 men—all there were left of the grand "Army of Liberation," took refuge on board the United States sloop-of-war St. Mary's at San Juan del Sur and were landed at Panama. Thence they came to Havana on the Granada, and connected there with the Empire City from New York for New Orleans. Gen. Walker's friends confidently assert that he will go back within thirty-six days, with plenty of men and means.

Erratta.—In the proceedings of the Democratic County Ratification Meeting, published in the Watchman of May 6th, an error occurred. In article 1st, of the Rules and Regulations governing Conventions, read, "every Borough and Township that polls over *two* hundred votes shall have three delegates."

Gov. Walker arrived in Kansas on the 28th ult., and was received very quietly. His Inaugural is a lengthy document and declares that Territorial laws shall be enforced.

Our Nominees.

One of the most gratifying features of the late Democratic State Convention was the nomination of Gen. Wm. F. Packer, for Governor, whose name waves at our mast-head It is useless for us to attempt to introduce him to our readers, as his name is familiar to all, from the many prominent positions he has occupied in our State government. In private life, his circle of friends and admirers in this county is extensive. Mr. Packer is a native of Centre County, and many of our citizens have been brought in contact with him, and, having a practical knowledge of his private character thus afforded them, have ample means of judging of his many virtues.

There is no man in the State whose knowledge of her varied interests is more extensive than Gen. Packer's. Under Gov. Porter's administration he occupied the position of Auditor General—his been Canal Commissioner, and his brilliant career in the State Senate proves him an able and firm exponent of Democratic measures and policy, in which he has few equals. During the late Presidential campaign, no one labored more ardently for the Democratic cause With enthusiasm, he entered early into the contest, and zealously and patriotically fought till the termination of the campaign His powerful eloquence, appealing to the sober judgment of the people, made a great and lasting effect.

We believe there could have been no man in the State, chosen by the Convention as a standard bearer of the Democratic party for the present campaign, to whom the responsibilities could be entrusted with more confidence than Gen Packer. His experience in political matters has made him fully equal to the test, and with him for a standard bearer, the Democratic party may go to battle with the confident expectation of success. Mr. Packer is a man who deservedly possesses the confidence of the people, commencing life under great pecuniary disadvantages, by unceasing perseverance and strict integrity, he has attained an eminence far above the commonality of men. He is a self made man, and emphatically the man for the times, and, with him in the Gubernatorial Chair, Pennsylvania will have a Governor of whom she may well be proud

Hon Nimrod Strickland of Chester County the nominee for Canal Commissioner, was one of the Judges of the Courts of that county and for a long time, editor of the West Chester *Republican* He possesses every qualification for the position, and is known, by many of our citizens, to be a staunch old Democrat who has done valuable service in the party with which he cooperates His character is beyond reproach If elected he will make an able and efficient officer.

For the Supreme Bench, our nominee Judge Lewis, having declined and Judge Black resigned, we hope the Convention which reassembles on Tuesday next, may make judicious nominations Let us have men who stand in the front ranks of the Jurists of the age, so there can be but one opinion as to their abilities and devotion to their duties. Give us such men, gentlemen, and with those already nominated, we think we will have a better and more able State Ticket than any party ever nominated—a good one and one that will be found difficult to defeat.

Next Election.

We have arrived at a period when the claims of the different candidates for office will be submitted to the consideration of the people, when the conflicting interests of *men* will perhaps create a prejudice and bias, in the minds of many, and thus a general excitement is occasioned in the public mind And probably too, this excitement which is more likely to be the offspring of a heated *imagination*, than an *excitement of proper* motives, is sometimes carried too far, even to the abuse and defamation of one another, which would not occur by a more prudent course, which would result from a proper consideration of the subject. But notwithstanding the friends of the various candidates, and the candidates themselves, may entertain feelings towards each other, not as pleasant and agreeable as should be, yet the delegate system which is recognized as purely democratic, is so well calculated to harmonize and unite us together, that after a full expression of public sentiment obtained from the people, and the question decided who are the most popular candidates of the democratic party, we all yield to the voice of the majority, which is the essence of democracy. We rally round the democratic banner, all jealousy is forgotten and we battle against the *common* enemy, in a concentration of our forces and we come off victorious. This is the evidence of *good* democrats; and that candidate who will not abide by the decision thus formed, shows that he never was a democrat.

It matters not to us who will be the candidates of our party, as we shall support whoever may be nominated with all our ability We shall also reserve seventy-six cartridges for our forty-two pounder, to play upon Treason and Disorganization should it rear its hydra head during the contest. Of this, however, we anticipate no danger, as the Democracy of Old Centre is too pure to deviate from party usages.

The Main Line will not be Sold.—We learn that some of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will apply to the Supreme Court for an injunction to restrain that corporation from directly or indirectly purchasing the Main Line. Chas. R. Buckalew, Esq., and Henry D. Foster, Esq., of Westmoreland, are engaged for the injunction; and from the former gentleman we have learned the grounds upon which the application will rely. They are such as, we are confident, will prove impregnable, and are very different from that one suggested by the correspondent of the "Pennsylvanian," but much stronger in a legal point of view. Messrs. Buckalew and Foster have the ability to present their case in all its power to the Supreme Court; and the public will await the decision of the matter with anxiety and interest.

Abolitionism alias Republicanism.

Much excitement has been produced for some time, throughout the United States, in consequence of the movements, measures, conduct, &c., of a party which has chosen the *false* name of *Republican*—a party which, from some *peculiar* love for the Ethiopians, is endeavoring to free them from the sunny and wholesome climes of the South, and from the services of their employers, to whom they are *constitutionally* bound, in order to bring them into the less salubrious atmosphere of the North, to partake of its society, in all its various grades and refinements, upon a perfect *level* and *equality* with the citizens of the Northern States.

There are, doubtless, some who, from pure and conscientious motives are engaged in this project. Such as these, who act *prudently*, have a right—an undeniable right—to entertain their opinions However beautiful *amalgamation*, and a number of other consequences which must arise from the consummation of the *scheme* of the *Republicans*, may appear to them, we, for ourselves, must say we cannot perceive that beauty, or any of its attractive qualities;—and, until we be convinced that the introduction of the African race into the society of the North, will ameliorate their condition, and contribute to the *refinement* of the society of the whites, or otherwise prove *beneficial* to them, we most respectfully beg leave to differ from the *propriety* of such a policy.

To those who are zealously engaged in this project, there may be some *hidden* beauties and advantages, of which we are not aware. Should the plan be carried into execution, it will, at least introduce some novelties and innovations into Northern society, which may amuse philosophers, and those who are disinterested in the matter. According to our comprehension of the doctrine of this faction, the slaves are to be emancipated, and enjoy the same rights, privileges, in a private as well as official point of view, that we do. We have a faint idea of the sensation that would be created by placing a large, overgrown, ebony colored man, as a brother Judge on the bench, beside his *Honor, Judge Burnside*, or any of the other distinguished gentlemen who preside in our Courts of Judicature And there would be something inexpressibly beautiful and novel to the eye of an artist, in the *bold relief* which would be so vividly apparent in the scene of a fashionable ball room, when a cotillion would be led off by a very polite "colored *gentleman*" black as the ace of spades, and a lovely nymph, the color of whose cheeks might have vie with the rose and whose neck would compare with the purest alabaster The contrast in such a picture, would be striking and the *lights* and *shadows* could be put off to great advantage by an experienced artist Davy Wilmot, is a real genuine *Simon pure* double twisted and dyed in the wool and it requires no great stretch of the imagination to fancy the luxury of the enjoyment which he would derive from a participation in such a scene

It would be a natural inference from the circumstance of our being born and bred in a *free* state, that we had no partiality for slavery There are doubts however *in our minds as to the policy* at the present time, of *forcing its abolition* The citizens of the Southern States have private and individual rights and immunities guaranteed to them, by virtue of the Constitution of the United States and their several State Constitutions, as well as the citizens of the North For ourselves we could not nor would not be tempted to engage in a cause which would infringe upon those rights, and deprive them of their property.

A Candid Confession.

Mr John B Ellwood, a prominent politician in Rome, New York, of the Fremont school, has been spending some time in Kansas. In writing home to his friends he does the administration the justice to say:

"Furthermore, I will do the administration the justice to concede that I do not believe they mean to interfere in behalf of the 'ruffians,' and which, as you know I could not say of its predecessor At least I will say this as far as regards Secretary Stanton, who came in with us yesterday, addressed us on the boat before arriving here, and also the citizens here after his arrival It bears as the index of the administration I regret I think they mean to act fairly and impartially between the free-State and pro-slavery voters of the Territory In saying this, do not understand me as relinquishing my conviction that Congress is the proper body to legislate for the Territories; but as that cannot now be hoped it is to be left to the people of the Territory to decide as to the character of their institutions it is gratifying to believe that they will have a fair opportunity of doing so, and which has heretofore been denied them"

Here is the most ample evidence that every pledge made by the friends of the new administration has been fully redeemed. If every Black Republican would be equally candid, and frankly speak the whole truth, we should hear no more of disturbances in Kansas, and the country would cease to be agitated in relation to that Territory.

Iowa Election—The Official Returns.

The official canvass of the votes cast at the recent State election in Iowa exhibits the following result:

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.—Fisher, Democrat, 32 892, Bayless, Black Republican, 32,387; Democratic majority, 505.

For Register of the State Land Office.—Parvin, Democrat, 32,722; Holmes, Black Republican, 32,210; Democratic majority, 502.

For Commissioner of the Des Moines River Navigation—Manning, Black Republican, 32,474; Bailey, Democrat, 32,159; Black Republican majority, 315.

There were seven counties yet to be heard from; but as the Secretary of State persumed that the *returns from them* would not materially change the above results, the canvass was closed. The Secretary of State, by the way, is a Black Republican.

Iowa last fall gave Fremont nearly 8000 majority over Buchanan; it has now given the Democracy 500 majority.

Subscribers who have paid Mr. Hoover need give themselves no uneasiness. They will receive the paper as *though* no change had taken place.

PEN, PASTE & SCISSORS.

Pay as you go.

Always begin right.

The idle are always unhappy.

Going up—*The Democracy.*

Going down—Black Republicanism.

Used up—The Nix-Weisers.

Read the new advertisements.

Improving—The appearance of our Borough.

Commenced—The work on the Lock Haven and Tyrone Rail Road.

Old Bullion lectured in Holliday sburg last week.

Huge—The piles of Job work accumulating in our office.

Promises are blossoms; deeds are fruit.

Bellefonte can brag of the best Hotels in the State

Strawberries are selling in Baltimore at $1 per quart,

Increasing Fights and "soft soldering."

A man seldom attacks the character of another without injuring his own.

The squirrel jumps from branch to branch the flirt from beau to beau.

The President is said to have recovered from the effects of the *poison*

Our merchants are doing an excellent business this shows the advantage of advertising freely

Before you attempt to commit suicide take a cold bath. What people term despairs often dirt

Men feel best when "dressed up" Women when most so The two institutions are as different as Hollyhocks and Umbrellas Fact.

The only way to cure a boy of staying out nights, is to break his legs, or else get the cabinet maker to do the housework

Ornamental—To have the side-walks filled up with boxes, barrels, wheelbarrows, &c

Simpson says the ladies do not set their caps for the gentlemen any more; they spread their hoops.

What is more beautiful, and poetical than the child's idea of sleep "Water gone to sleep

"Easy blows kill the Devil," but sometimes it is well to hit him a "sockdologer"

Lobo, Wagonseller and Mancar voted for the sale of the Main Line. Nothing else could be expected from them.

Beware of Tattlers "The dog that will fetch a bone will carry one" The viper that will flee before you face will hurl its poison on your back.

When a man voluntarily swears to what he says, he admits that his word is not sufficient Hence swearing is always the habit of habitual liars.

Gallon us. In every portion of Centre county, accessions of gallant men once our enemies, are fast falling into the democratic ranks and swelling the army that carries the flag and keeps time to the music Time's right boys, pile in

Canst thou love me, gentle stranger?
Blushing like a rose she stood,
And the knight at once admitted
That he rather thought he could.

After making the admission, said knight at once proceeded to Sam Shoenfelt's and purchased a complete suit of his elegant and fashionable clothing. His example should be followed by every man similarly situated

Those who wish to see a little the best planned and well furnished Court House in Central or Northern Pennsylvania will please call at Lewisburg almost any day next week or week after *Lewisburg Chronicle*.

Stop that, you slubberdegullion and pay a pop visit to Bellefonte and we'll "show you up" to the prettiest Court House extant If we don't we'll stand "ice water for four

Four digits. Rise Early to your business, learn good things, and oblige good men These are three things of which you will never repent, and the fourth as like unto them—buy your dry goods groceries &c, at the cheap cash store of Wilson & Bros, on the North West Corner of the Diamond

We would suggest to the Borough Fathers the propriety of *fencing in the big spring so that every hog that comes along can't stick his nose into it*

"He looked
With a wrapt gaze of delight,
For never saw he so fair a sight,"

And with reason did he look, for never had he seen so large and beautiful a stock of dry goods which met his astonished gaze on entering the magnificent establishment of Isaac May on Allegany street.

An advertisement appears in the papers, headed, "Do you suffer tooth ache?" We should say that any one laboring under the infliction instead of answering the question, would be more inclined to hold his jaw

A Big Wedding The fashionable world of Louisville is on tiptoe at the prospect of a wedding in high life, which is to take place in the quiet vale of Pee Wee, on Tuesday next A popular young gentleman is to lead to the hymenal altar one of the most charming belles of that vicinity no less a personage than the grand daughter of the departed sage of Ashland. The wedding suit, which by the way, is said to surpass any thing of the kind, was purchased at the cheap clothing emporium of J. O. Montgomery & Son, whose magnificent establishment can be found in Brockerhoff's Row, No. 5. "That's the place to get your money back."

An exchange asks very innocently if it is any harm for young ladies to sit in the lap of ages Our opinion is, that it all depends on the kind of ages selected. Those from 18 to 25, we think rather hazardous.

Surrender of Gen. Walker.—This distinguished filibuster arrived at New Orleans, on the 27th ult, in the Empire City, and met with a reception that should have done honor to the conqueror of empires. From the balcony of the St. Charles Hotel, he addressed an assemblage, consisting of thousands descending on the beautiful spring and summer clothing, gotten up by the prince of fashioners, Wm. S. Tripple, on the N. E. Corner of the Diamond, Bellefonte.

Ex-Gov. Geary, it is said, has consented to become the Know-Nothing candidate for Governor of this State. It is said that at the time he was appointed Governor of Kansas, he was an applicant before Gov. Pollock, for some office in his gift. And it is supposed that his resignation was induced from a conviction that President Buchanan's knowledge of his proclivities would lead to his dismissal.

For Liberia.—One hundred and five slaves, emancipated under the last will and testament of Gen. J. J. McKay, so long a representative from North Carolina in Congress, have arrived at Norfolk, to embark in the Mary Carolina Stevens for Liberia.

A child was recently born in one of the Sandwich Islands, having four eyes, two on the back and two on the front side of the head. It's one of 'em.

Wilmot's Party.

When we said a day or two since, says the Pittsburg Union, that we thought we saw even now, in the Republican party, a tendency towards Abolitionism, we had in recollection the character of their gubernatorial nominee, and his letter of acceptance.

Had David Wilmot been nominated as a candidate for Congress, where his vote and influence could avail much in the determination of the questions, which may there arise, involving the subject of slavery, we could readily understand why his views on that topic might prove paramount in determining the matter of his election. We could then see some show of reason why he might be selected for nomination, or account of those very views. But when he is nominated for the high office of Governor of this great Commonwealth, solely in consideration of his anti-slavery proclivities, it becomes quite a different matter It would really seem, that in the selection of a man for the chief executive office of a State, some little attention should be paid to his capacity for the post, and his opinions with respect to questions of State policy. But these points have been altogether ignored in the nomination of Mr. Wilmot, who has had no experience for many years, if he ever had any, in the conduct of our State affairs, and who's attention has not been called to the investigation of such subjects. The denunciation of Mr Wilmot some years since on the tariff question, by the very men who are now his most ardent supporters, is sufficient evidence that nothing beside his anti-slavery opinions was looked to in the nomination

What his own notions were, as to the taste to which he was to cater, are sufficiently shown by his letter, accepting the nomination He does acknowledge that there are "important questions of State policy affecting the public welfare and prosperity," involved in the campaign about to open, yet this announcement contains every vestige of an opinion up on them, which he has at this time, to give to the people, and so careful and cautious is he to avoid unnecessarily disturbing the public with his own *impressions upon these "important questions*, that he does not even adopt the views proclaimed by the Convention which nominated him But upon the one idea he is most elaborate, and gives us a very novel disquisition upon the advantages of free, over slave labor, a question which, as a matter of local concernment, was disposed of by our predecessors in State government, in the year 1780, if we remember rightly, a few months doubtless, before Mr. Wilmot was troubled with an opinion upon any subject

Thus we have a man nominated for Governor of Pennsylvania because of his identification with a bitter anti-slavery sentiment, because he hails from a section of our State, and thank Heaven! the *only portion*, not with abolitionism, and because he is so hide-bound with the subject that in his declaration of principles, which is to make fair weather for him with the people, he has not one thought to express upon any other matter, though those others are identified with "the public welfare and prosperity," of the State which he assumes, he is qualified to govern But we must crave Mr. Wilmot's pardon, he did permit himself to forget his favorite and only theme long enough to endorse the Know Nothing plank of his party's platform But intolerance of one description is so much akin to universal intolerance that we can scarcely accuse him with "wandering from his subject

In the nomination of such a man, with such a past history and assuming such an attitude in his very first step as a candidate, we think there may be seen a very great advance aboitoward over the position of the party under the leadership of a man with the acceptance of Mr. Fremont. It is certainly a great approximation towards the Seward and Phillips school, and the nomination is surely far more nearly allied to their feelings Thus fact must be a source of regret to every thinking man in the party, but it is only the result of the false basis upon which it has chosen to rely for success No enduring superstructure can possibly be erected upon so unreliable a foundation

Hon James B Clay has been nominated by the Democrats of the Ashland district, Kentucky, for Congress. Mr Clay rendered most efficient service to the popular cause in the late Presidential campaign, and furnished undeniable evidence that he inherited no slight share of the talents and patriotism of his distinguished father. The Louisville Democrat, of last Monday's issue, says

"On Friday last a Democratic convention assembled at Cynthiana, Kentucky and nominated Hon James B Clay, of Fayette co., for Congress in the Ashland district. His nomination will give universal satisfaction to the Democracy of the State, and doubtless secure us another member"

Two Phases of Know-Nothingism.—We clip the following from the New Haven Register

"In the senate of Massachusetts the proposed constitutional amendments requiring adopted citizens to reside in the State two years after being naturalized, before being allowed to vote, was adopted by a vote of 25 to 9. This is Massachusetts *Know Nothingism*. In New York the property qualification for negroes is not only to be abolished, (says the Albany Argus,) but the *three years'* residence heretofore required of that class. This is New York Know-Nothingism. In one State five years is too short a term for a white man and in another three years is too long a term for a negro! Well Black Republicanism is a queer affair"

Discouraging for Sugar Consumers—In addition to the intelligence of short crops from the sugar producing islands, and the monopolizing operation of sugar speculators in all parts of the globe where sugar is to be found, we have the still further discouraging news, mentioned in the New York Times, that the *Credit Mobilier* is about to purchase up all the sugar estates in the Island of Cuba. If that mammoth company succeed in getting possession of the sugar plantations of the "Queen of the Antilles," we may as well give up all hope of returning to the days of cheap sugar, and it would be as well for every housekeeper to see where a "teaspoonful of sweetening may be dispensed with.

A couple of Yankee girls put a bullfrog in the hired man's bed, to see if they could not get him to talk. Daniel threw the frog out the window, and never said a word. Soon after, he put a half bushel of chestnut burs in the girls' bed, and about the time he thought they would make the least shadow, Daniel went to the door and rattled the latch furiously. Out went the candle and in went the girls; but they didn't stick, though the burs did. 'Calling to them he begged them to be quiet for he only wanted to know if they had "seen anything of that pesky bullfrog. He'd gin tew dollars to find it."

Several advertisement have been omitted this week, in consequence of their being entirely too much filled up to work. They will be revised and inserted next week.

The date on our outside should be Thursday, June 4, instead of Wednesday. In the hurry in getting out the paper, this and other errors have occurred, for which we beg the kind indulgence of our readers.

Correspondence.

For the Democratic Watchman.

A Hint to Flour Manufacturers.

Messrs Editors:—Will your goodness allow me, in a little corner of your paper, to say a few words on a subject, which, if it does not seriously affect our hearts, it certainly does our stomachs. It is usual for the manufacturers of flour on your side of the mountain to send wagon loads of it into Snowshoe township which is deposited at different places and sold out in small lots to the inhabitants thereof. Now this is certainly a commendable and an accommodating enterprise. It adapts itself to the state of things, in this region of country. But there is one feature in the affair, which amongst us, creates much dissatisfaction; and that is, that the said flour, which to say the best of it, would not stand inspection in Philadelphia for a moment, is imposed upon us as first rate, and at a price a little above that which is current in the city market. How comes this? Do they send off their best flour to Philadelphia and Baltimore and the *refuse* to Snowshoe? Perhaps the enlightened In Nittany and Pennsvalleys think it good enough for us semi-Barbarians, and probably it is; but when we pay the full market price, we think ourselves entitled to something better, and more than what is just necessary to keep soul and body together. We would consider our throats just as good as other people's throats, and would respectfully hint to the gentlemen alluded to, that if they do not send us better flour than some we got of late, or modify their prices, according to the quality, we shall go no more "down to Egypt to buy corn," but see what can be done in "Sideon."

AN ALLEGANIAN.

"Republicanism" Losing Ground.

The New York Times has been the best spoke in the republican wheel since the organization of that party, because it has been the fairest, as well as ablest. It has recently been giving the free State men in Kansas wholesome and valuable advice. It has just announced that its locality in the city is to be changed, next fall, to a new, well-arranged, and superior building being erected on the Brick-church lot In connexion with this intelligence, it takes occasion to make the following announcement, which shows that it is no longer to be chanted to the cat of the disunion "republicans," or fighting in their party ranks. It says:

"It [the *Times*] will be hereafter, in its political conduct, entirely independent of all political parties judging all events and all men *upon their merits*, and giving praise and censure, support and opposition, where either may be deserved, by a strict and impartial regard to the public welfare. It will not be reckless or independent of principle in its political discussions, but will aim to conduct them always with dignity, discretion, and due sense of responsibility But it will not receive its guidance or inspiration from the dictates of any political party, nor consult the fortunes of any political aspirants in preference to the requirements of the public good.

"It will appeal always to the great body of the people *against* mere party projects and factious schemes, and will seek constantly to represent and to advocate the welfare of the masses rather than promote the designs of those who seek to use them for their own aggrandizement. While we know that it is by this course alone that success is to be deserved, we believe that it is only thus also that it can be attained"

The Opinions in the Dred Scott Case The official report of the opinions of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case have at last appeared. They are published by the Appletons, who purchased the privilege, it is said, from Mr Howard, the reporter They make a volume of just three hundred octavo pages. Judge Taney's opinion occupies sixty-three pages; Judge Nelson's twelve; Judge Grier's less than half a page. Judge Daniels' twenty-four pages; Judge Campbell's twenty-six Judge Catron's eleven; Judge McLean's thirty-five; Judge Curtis' sixty-eight.

Elder Pratt Killed by an Outraged Husband.—Pratt, the Mormon elder, who seduced Mrs H McLean, of New Orleans, into deserting her husband and starting for Utah, has been killed by McLean. The latter was in California when he heard of his wife's elopement, and came home and followed them as far as the Cherokee Nation, where he overtook them. Pratt he arrested for larceny, in stealing the clothes of the children who had been taken along by McLean's wife. He intended to have Pratt brought to Van Buren, Arkansas, and legally punished, but it appears that from cause he thought proper to take the law into his own hands and killed Pratt before reaching that point.

Does any of our high livers ever eat too much dinner? If any of our readers have cooks who tempt their appetite a little too far, I will tell a secret that will lead to the enjoyment of their dinners without a visit from that gouty old gentleman—Dyspepsia. *Take a dose of Dr. Sanfords Invigorator after eating, and you will never be troubled with indigestion*; but on the contrary, before the next meal time approaches the appetite will be sharpened to appreciate any kind of food. If the food rises or sours, the Invigorator will fix the matter right at once, for there is something in it that, to use the expression of a friend, will let a man eat gravel stones, and take the Invigorator and they will digest We have tried it in double doses, on one or two occassions, for sick headache, and it acts like a charm.

What we want to say to our readers, old or young, if any thing ails you, go without delay and get a bottle of Dr. Sanfords Invigorator, and if it don't cure come and tell us, for we want to see one person that it will not benefit. 23-4t.

All who wish to get "Sanford's Invigorator" can now obtain it at the Drug Store of Green & McMeen.

Make your own Whisky.—It is announced on the authority of a good chemist, that 28 cents worth of Sulphuric acid, will convert a barrel of water into liquor, in strength and for the most part in quality, to common whisky. He therefore advises all who love to drink rum and at the same time regard economy, to procure a barrel and make their own liquor.

Eleven of the jurymen upon the Burdell inquest have subscribed to an affidavit fully exonerating Coroner Connery of the commission of any improper conduct towards the suspected parties during the investigation.