of the 55th is in command of

had quite a smart scrimmage,
our camp, while out on a
men of Co. I, (your humble
nder command of Sergt. Sam-
55th, and 52 men under com-
es, of the 47th. Sergt. Stimer
it for the manner in which he
gh the engagement. He took
ave his men from the hissing
s rifles and fully succeeded.—
red about 200, out of which we
11 and took 4 prisoners. None
re hurt and only 7 of the 47th
ded. In pursuing the rebels to
sses to the main land we cap-
mer. Finding it difficult to get
ding we put fire to it and burnt
ur days work being now ended
rebels, gathered up the wounded
mp, where a number of com-
to Sergt. Stimer for his bra-

ere that we almost daily receive
e families of soldiers in Blair
nt. Imagine the feelings of a
e very hot-bed of Secession,
formation that his family is in
those whom he left behind him
attending to them. We most
this bloody war will soon close
mitted to return home and at-
ourselves. As it is, we must
, and go on our way to con-
though it cost our lives. If
we may, one day or other,
returning all the compliments
HLON B. HAMILTON,
Co. I, 55th Reg. Pa. Vols.

oit at Island No. 10.

of the Chicago *Tribune*, wri-
of Island No. 10, under date
e following full particulars of
Col. Roberts and the men
king of the guns in the face
of rebels is one of the most
e war, and reflects credit
he hazardous business:
ing, is exulting over a most
xploit, performed last night
the Forty-second, Illinois,
expedition. In order to ap-
hly its character and diffi-
it with a brief meteorolog-
ight was intensely stormy.
nd had blown strongly from
al hot gusts. Heavy clouds,
ed up in the most fantastic
t horizon, gradually as night
owards the zenith in dark
whirls. The barometer fell
ndicated, even to the most
prophet, the advent of a
the evening the wind fresh-
he frequent spatters of rain,
e hurricane deck like a sud-
The river ripples were aug-
waves, whose white caps
escent sparkles in the gath-
midnight the storm burst
y. The rain came down,
ects, accompanied by the
and lightning I have ever
erian darkness of the night
appalling. The gale de-
o a raging tornado, tearing
ds, snapping off branches
ling them in every direc-

ght of this storm that Col.
aring mission. Yesterday
, Capt. Phelps, Col. Bu-
and other officers, held a
ship, at which it was de-
econnoisance of the upper
hich were left to Col. Bu-
Roberts and forty picked
e the chosen few. Each
manned by six of their
o'clock, in the very thick-
e party embarked. The
dinates, with Col. Buford,
e *Benton*, giving the final
out upon their perilous
ed anxiously awaiting the

o carried a coxswain, and
s. The boats were all in
ohnson, of the *St. Louis*.
men of Company A, and
five-shooter Colt rifle.
plan laid out: the boats
ery in line, pulling slowly
, after which, when 500
Benton and *Pittsburgh*
Cincinnati and *Mound*
ves; and this plan was
er.
nder cover of the friendly
eed cautiously along the
to the furious violence
arkness, they passed the
they were within a few
one instant, a blinding
cross the water revealing
ark objects approaching
the impenetrable dark-
bels fired wildly three or
g over the boats with-
d then incontinently fled
re pitched upon a high
k from the battery, evi-
alarming idea that the
on them, and that im-
d them in the face.—
Not a word was spo-
utes they touched the
'The boys sprung over
es were busy and a few
le. In less than three
ns in the battery were
roughly. They were
alibre—two sixty-fours,
them a splendid nine-
lock, which received
Col. Roberts' brawny
the *Lady Davis*. In
e, the boats were on
path through the sur-
risk of submersion, as
ainst them with fearful
, however, at the gun-
orious accomplishment
erous mission.

ess.—A Washington
field *Republican*, gives
of testimony, which
others, to show that
has not been the re-

discussion at a dinner
present; and he, who,
McClellan most loy-
while in consultation
ovember or December,
down a map, and
every movement that
r armies; and, as to
ld either drive the reb-
battle, or they would
rd."

d see Washington's
" said Mrs. Spooks.—
t cows, but did not

Altoona Tribune.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Suit Against the Borough.—Some time last winter, Mrs. Jesse Grove, of this place, was severely injured by falling into a ditch in the sidewalk, in front of a vacant lot, near the Loudonsville line. Some time since Mr. Grove brought suit against the Borough for damages. The case was referred to arbitrators, who met at the Exchange Hotel on Saturday week, L. M. Stewart, Esq., appeared for plff., and S. M. Woodkok, Esq., for the Borough. In order that our readers may better understand the case, we will call to their remembrance the fact that there is a Borough Ordinance requiring lot owners to put down pavements in front of their lots, otherwise the pavements will be put down by the Borough and the expense so incurred will be entered up against the lots so paved. It was argued by the plff's counsel that this Ordinance compelled the Council to have pavements put down in all parts of the town, and that the Borough was liable for all damages sustained by pedestrians by reason of the Ordinance not being enforced. No pavement had been put down in front of the lot, where Mrs. G. was injured, and the water had washed deep gullies in the sidewalk, into one of which she fell. The counsel for the Borough contended against such a construction being put upon the Ordinance, alleging that the Borough was not liable for damages because a lot owner had not obeyed the Ordinance, and that the suit should have been brought against the owner of the lot. We believe the arbitrators awarded Mr. Grove $50 damages. The case will most likely be carried up to Court where the liability of the Borough for damages, thus sustained, will be settled.

☞ The poet's home is generally found in some dingy garret, and the artists studio above a long flight of rickety stairs, the ascent of which is about as dangerous as facing a rebel battery, but our friend Fisher, up street, has brought the fine arts down to the gaze of the common crowd, and occupies a ground floor, where he touches up portraits which surely must satisfy the subject. His window is attractive, and often arrests our most busy citizens. Passing that way, a day or since, we noticed the smiling countenance of our friend of the *Alleghenian*, "large as life and twice as natural." But the best joke connected with Fisher's establishment is the story that one of our Hibernian friends who, while passing by the window, slightly under the influence of tangle-leg, challenged the "shadow" of Capt. Wayne, declaring "be jabers" he could whip him "the best day iver he saw." We know the Captain would not decline a brush with the rebels, but we are credibly informed that his picture refused to enter into combat with a loyal citizen.

Transferred.—We had a letter from James T. Moore, a few days since, in which he informed us that the company to which he belongs had been transferred. It will be remembered that Jim enlisted in a company, made up of boys from this and Huntingdon counties, which was intended for Young's Kentucky Cavalry. After getting to Washington the company was, by some means, thrown into the 1st Regiment D. C. Vols., where it remained until the 1st inst., when it was, through the influence of Hon. S. S. Blair, transferred to Gen. McCall's Division, and is now attached to Capt. Seymour's Battery, 5th regiment U. S. Artillery, consisting of six 12-pounders. Letters to any of the members of the company should be addressed in care of "Lieut. Jno. M. Clark, Capt. Seymour's Battery, 5th Reg. U. S. Artillery, Gen. McCall's Div., Washington D. C." Thi saddress will follow the boys wherever they may be stationed.

Dead.—Sergt. William C. Hileman, who was wounded at the Winchester battle, and whose heroic conduct on that occasion we gave an account of in our last, died at the hospital in Winchester, on the 31st ult. His remains were brought home on Thursday last, and on Friday were interred in the Presbyterian Cemetery, at Hollidaysburg.—They were escorted to the grave by the military and Van Tries' Cornet Band. The deceased was a son of Philip Hileman, of Frankstown township, and was about 23 years of age.

Emannel Brubaker, a member of the 84th regiment, wounded in the same battle, died in the Winchester hospital on the 26th ult. He was a son of Ephraim Brubaker, of Allegheny township, and was aged about 21 years.

☞ The "phat" man of the *Whig* says we speak of an effort being made to have the postmaster at this place removed, and professes to think we won't make much by it. Now, "J. B," you knew you were penning a deliberate falsehood when you committed that article to paper. The *Tribune* never insinuated such a thing. But the people understand English about as well as you do, and interpreted what we said correctly. After treating our P. M. as shabbily as you did, some time since, you can't crawl back into his favor by that kind of soft-soaping. Ever since our P. M. had your opposition he has been popular, the people considering him all right, but if you take up with him it will kill him, sure. Please withhold your flattery, and spare him.

A Noble Act.—We noticed in the Harrisburg *Patriot and Union*, a few day since, a statement that Hon. George R. Barrett, of Clearfield county, (who has three sons in the 84th regiment,) had purchased a metalic coffin, in which to encase the remains of Lieut. Charles Ream, of Frankstown, who fell at the battle near Winchester, and that he had sent a man to exhume the body and deliver it in Frankstown Lieut. R. leaves a wife and six children. He had no relatives who were able to bear the expense of bringing his corpse home, and for this reason the noble act of Judge Barrett commends itself as one one of pure benevolence. Let it be remembered, and let others do likewise.

Base Ball Club.—Among the sources of amusement devised for the season, in this place, is a base ball club, the organization of which has been perfected, and all the necessary implements, such as bases, balls, bats, markers, &c., have been purchased. The ground upon which the club will play has not yet been definately fixed upon, but we presume it will be upon the top of the hill above East Ward. Terms of membership in the club $1,00.

Woman Killed.—The Huntingdon *Journal* says that an unknown female was killed by the cars, on the bridge immediately above Spruce Creek, some two weeks since.

"The Tract Man" Still Lives.—We copy the following from the Blair County *Whig* of a recent date:—

Mr. Editor: About two years ago, I noticed in the columns of the *Lutheran Observer* an article giving a brief statement of the operation and success of the American Tract Society, in the great and noble cause of morality and religion in Blair and Huntingdon counties, Pennsylvania, by Mr. Jonatnan Focht, their laborious and faithful agent. There also was an allusion made to the number of books and tracts which he had distributed since he had been laboring in the capacity of a colporteur. The figures, as then given, have since greatly increased. We are now really sorry to state that he is about leaving Pennsylvania, designing to settle in the West. His post office address, after the first of April next, will be Tipton, Cedar county, Iowa.

This pioneer and successful colporteur has now faithfully labored fourteen years and nine months for the American Tract Society, during which time he sold of their publications sixty-four thousand volumes, amounting to over sixteen thousand dollars; granted seven thousand four hundred and twenty-six volumes, amounting to one thousand four hundred and seventy-five dollars; visited thirty-five thousand three hundred and fifty-eight families, and had religious exercises (conversation, and prayer) with nineteen thousand and ten families.

It is an easy matter to read over these figures; but pause, my dear reader, for a moment, and think of the great amount of labor required (for one man to do) to visit 35,358 families, and have reli[illegible] exercises with 19,010, and sell and distri[illegible]1,427 books, (sold and granted,) and recei[illegible]ver $16,000 for them, and pay it into the treasury of the American Tract Society. Then think, if you please, of the number of miles traveled, and the rough roads over which he passed to visit all those families, and sell all those books, and collect all that money—some of which has been collected even in these times of war and National difficulties. But we must not forget the exposure to all kinds of weather—rain and snow, cold and heat, showers and storms—over a rough and mountainous region of country—along the almost perpetually snow-capped Allegheny, and everlasting hills. May we not ask with astonishment, who can very long endure such exposure and hardship? And who would be willing to undertake and perform a similar gigantic work? What a noble work any man performs who distributes such an enormous number of moral and religious books. The bones of the "Tract man," as he is familiarly known by many of the inhabitants of his extensive field, may bleach upon the mountain or moulder in the grave, or be buried in the great deep—but his prayers and religious conversation with the poor, afflicted and distressed, will live to the latest time, and their influence only fully known in eternity. If every county in Pennsylvania, or even in the Union, would have had an equal or similar number of books of the American Tract Society distributed in it, within the last fourteen years, what an advance there would have been made in our moral and religious literature as a nation.—Millions of good and useful books would now occupy places in the parlor and family book-case which have been supplied by works of a fictitious and skeptical nature. I think I can boldly say that no two counties in Pennsylvania have been so well supplied with the publications of the American Tract Society as Blair and Huntingdon. According to the Annual Report of the Tract Society, the subject of this article has been more successful than any other colporteur in Pennsylvania. He stands at the head of them all in the sales of books, &c. This fact, too, is a strong comment upon the morals of the people of Pennsylvania, among whom he labored.

What an omnipotent power the American Tract Society wields—and that in the right direction, too. What millions of moral and religious books and tracts this mighty incorporation annually sends forth over the country, adapted to every circumstance in life, and every condition in society. In our humble opinion it stands second in influence to no human organization in the western world.

But to conclude: The citizens of Tipton, Iowa, will find Mr. Jonathan Focht to be a kind, enterprising and energetic man, and a gentleman in every sense of the term; and Mrs. Focht a most estimable lady. BETA.

Sheriff's Sales.—Sheriff McCamant will offer the following properties for sale, at the Court House, in Hollidaysburg, on the 28th of April:—

The right, title and interest of John Bolinger in in three lots of ground with buildings thereon, in Hollidaysburg,

A taact of 240 acres of land with brick dwelling house, brick stadle and bank barn thereon, in Juniata township, the property of Wm. W. Jaskson.

Two lots of ground in Williamsburg, with dwelling house and stable thereon, the property of David Yingling.

A tract of 100 acres of land, with dwelling house and other buildings thereon, in Snyder township, the property of Wm. Robeson.

A tract of ten acres of land, with dwelling house and stable thereon, in Logan township, the property of John Aurandt.

A lot of ground in the Borough of Altoona, with frame house thereon, the property of Edward Mills.

A lot of ground in Logan township, with dwelling house and slaughter house thereon, the property of I. W. Armstrong and J. W. Collins.

A tract of 57 acres of land in Huston township, the property of Christian B. Rhodes.

A plank pavement and the ground upon which it is laid, also the lot adjoining, in the borough of Altoona, the property of John Freedline.

All the right, title and interest of F. W. Rauch in a lot of ground on Juniata street, Hollidaysburg, having thereon erected a three-story brick house and a two-story brew house with lager beer vaults.

Also, the right, title and interest of the same in a lot of ground on Emma street, Altoona, having thereon erected a large two-story frame house, with basement rooms, large hall in ths rear and lager beer vaults under the hall.

A lot of ground in Altoona, with frame dwelling house thereon, the property of John H. Dougherty.

Removed.—Our friend D. W. A. Belford has removed his Merchant Tailoring Establishment—not to "the other side of Jordan"—but to his new building on the other side of the street, next door to Jaggard's store, where he has just received a large stock of cloths, cassimeres, vestings, collars, and cravats, which for beauty, variety, quality, quantity and price, can not be taken down in this "neck o' timber." They are exactly suited to the season, and he can cut and make them up in a style that will please. He is an A No. 1 workman and his jours are the same, especially the one who wears the "specs."

Belford 's the very man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap;
All that have ever tried them yet,
Say that he really can't be beat;

and so say we. Call and examine his stock.

Licenses.—The following hotel and saloon keepers, in this place, have filed petitions for license to be presented at the April Court, viz:—Joshua Price, John Nagle, Jacob Alderman, Adam Behm, Nicholas Ehringer, F. W. Rauch, Joseph Skelly, Phillip Dempsey, John O'Donnel, John F. Bowman, John Woods. Louis Plack and Joseph Berkowitz apply for wholesale license.

Altoona Academy.—On Tuesday afternoon last the bill incorporating the Altoona Academy passed the Lower House of the Legislature. It had passed the Senate some time previous. It will doubtless obtain the signature of the Governor.—We will publish the bill as soon as we can get a copy of it.

A Pennsylvania Rebel.—From the Pittsburg *Chronicle*, of Tuesday last, we copy the following item:—

Among the rebels taken at Winchester was Lieut. George C. Junkin, a native of this State, and a son of Rev. D. X. Junkin, a Presbyterian Minister. Dr. Junkin was a resident of Hollidaysburg, in this State, for some eight or nine years, and was appointed a chaplain in the Navy in 1858 by President Buchanan—a position which he now holds, and is stationed at Newport, Rhode Island. His son was among the first to join the rebel army, and received a Lieutenant's commission. As soon as the father heard it, he secured the necessary documents, both from the powers at Washington and the rebel powers at Richmond, with which he proceeded to Harper's Ferry, and used every exertion to induce his son to resign and go North with him. This George refused to do under any consideration, and the loyal father was compelled to disown him, and leave him to his fate. It is a singular coincidence that in the first battle in which he was engaged after Bull Run, that he was compelled to face and fight against many of his old friends and acquaintances from Hollidaysburg and vicinity, who were in the 84th regiment. Immediately after his capture his father applied for his release, and at his instance the young rebel has since been discharged.

Army Correspondence.—Under this head we present our readers two letters from our boys in South Carolina. We hope that "Keystone" will keep his promise to be more punctual hereafter, and save us from answering so many questions in reference to his silence, his health, &c. Our people want to know all that goes on down there, as many of them have friends in the 76th Regiment, Col. Powers.

☞ Goose-quill pens are now numbered among the things that were, and steel and gold pens have usurped their place. It is not every one that can afford to scribble with a gold pen, consequently there is a great demand for the cheaper article of steel pens. Andy Clabaugh sells a first-rate article of the kind. It is manufactured by Joseph De Young, and is India-rubber coated and Platina pointed. Try them.

☞ There are many nice things in city and country, and in fact all around this terrestial ball; but you've not seen the nicest in this "neck o' timber," unless perchance you have visited Fet.'s **Oak Hall**, on Main street, a few doors above the Exchange Hotel.

Notice.—Those indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle their accounts, as I am desirous of going to Philadelphia, shortly after pay-day, to purchase a fresh stock of goods.

A. ROUSH, Druggist.

Altoona, April 10th, 1862.

Where You Can Get Them.—A. Roush, Druggist, has just received a large and complete assortment of D. Landreth & Son's Garden Seeds. Also, a good stock of sweet briar pipes, and a superior quality of smoking tobacco, which he will dispose of at the lowest rates. Give him a call.

LOST—Some two weeks since, between M. Runyan's market house and the residence of the subscriber, a sable fur wrist cuff. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it with the undersigned, at the Superintendent's Office, or at his residence. R. PITCAIRNS.

Horses for Sale.—The subscriber will sell at private sale, an excellent young riding horse and a good work horse. They can be seen at the livery stable of Wm. Johnson, in this place. A bargain may be had in these horses. For information inquire of R. PITCAIRNS.

Fresh Can Oysters.—Joshua Williams requests us to inform the public that intends to keep on hand, for some time to come, a good supply of the best fresh can oysters to be had, and will furnish them in any quantity at the lowest rates.—Call on Josh if you want a can of good oysters.

A New Tonnage Tax.

Those who wish to replenish the coffers of the State by a tonnage tax, can have an opportunity to advance that praiseworthy object, by supporting the following resolutions introduced into the Senate of Pennsylvania a few days ago:

"*Resolved*, That our Senators in Congress be instructed and our Representatives requested to favor a uniform tax upon tonnage as one of the provisions of the general tax bill.

"That if Congress shall fail to impose a general tax upon tonnage, the Commissioners to revise the tax laws of this State be requested to consider the expediency of imposing a uniform tax upon the tonnage of this State, to be applied exclusively to the liquidation of any debt heretofore contracted or hereafter to be contracted for the defence of this State or the maintainance of the National Union, such taxes to be so imposed as to afford every just discrimination in favor of Pennsylvania trade and interests; and said commissioners to report on the same, to the next Legislature by bill or otherwise."

There is justice and there is fairness in this proposition. If Congress shall adopt the idea contained in the first resolution, a large amount of revenue could be raised, which, owing to the immense revenues derived by the various railroads of the country from carrying United States troops and stores, would be easily, and no doubt cheerfully, paid.

But, if Congress shall refuse to lay this tax, there is no reason why the State should not avail herself of so easy, proper and obvious a method of raising revenue. We have heartily opposed the tonnage tax levied on the Pennsylvania Road, because, in the first place, it was the only road in the Commonwealth thus burdened, and, because, in the second place, after the Railroad bought the Public Works, at a very high price, the motive and excuse for continuing the tax—the rivalry of the Railroad to the State Works—were entirely removed.

If those persons in our legislature, who are so outraged at the repeal of the tonnage tax, because it has cut off a source of revenue to the State Treasury, now bestir themselves, they can restore the amount four-fold, and besides, have the satisfaction of knowing that they are levying a just and equal tax—not a burden spitefully laid on an institution conducted for the exclusive benefit of Pennsylvania and Pennsylvanians.

While we are clearly and earnestly in favor of this new tonnage tax, we have little hope that it can become a law. Other States, and citizens of other States, have too much interest in preventing the passage of so just a law; and they will probably operate somehow or other on the virtuous men at Harrisburg to defeat it.

Why, just look at the opposition which will be organized against the law. In the West, the Lake Shore Road, owned by people outside the State, using our territory for the profit of New York, the Pittsburgh and Erie, the Cleveland and Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne, (mainly owned by people out of the State,) all these would oppose a general tax on Railroads; in the northern part of the State there are several foreign-owned routes; in the East there are half a dozen Railroads owned entirely in New York and New Jersey, which are chiefly employed in carrying anthracite coal and iron from the mineral deposits of Pennsylvania for the use of New York and other sea-board cities, without paying anything for the privilege, that we ever heard of. Then, there is the Northern Central, owned mostly in Baltimore, we suppose, carrying coal to Baltimore, &c., &c. Here is a basis for taxation broad enough for the attention of the Legislature, if they could only see it. Let them attack the subject at once. The Pennsylvania Railroad and its friends will not utter a word of complaint if the tonnage tax be a general one.—But they will complain, and they will oppose a special tax levied upon the property and interests of Pennsylvania, while foreign owned Railroads go free.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Terrible Tornado at Cairo.

Chicago, April 2.

A special despatch to the *Journal*, from Cairo, states that the most terrific tornado that has visited this locality for several years, passed over Cairo from the south-west at three o'clock this morning. The tornando was accompanied with thunder, lightning and rain. A large number of transports and steam tugs were torn from their moorings on the Ohio levee, and blown across the river.

The slate roof of the Stebharles Hotel was torn off and completely demolished. Several rows of unoccupied barracks were leveled with the ground.

The Cairo and Columbus wharf-boat was blown across the river and now lies high and dry on the Kentucky shore.

The steamer Illinois had both chimneys and the upper cabin torn away, and in the falling of which four or five lives were lost. Several barges, which were used as store-houses, broke loose and floated down the river.

Large piles of government lumber on the Ohio levee were blown into the river. The wooden barracks at Bird's Point and Fort Holt were demolished, but there was no loss of life.

Much anxiety was felt for the safety of the fleet at Island No. 10. Steamers were sent down this morning to ascertain what damage has been done. The steamer Philadelphia, with a lot of ice barges in tow, drifted down the river and sunk a mile below Bird's Point. Three men were drowned.—Captain Carroll, of the steamer Sallie Wood, had his leg broken.

So far as ascertained, five men were blown from the transports at the levee and drowned, and several had their legs and arms broken. The boat John Jones, used as a hospital boat at Mound City, was severely injured.

Presentation to the President.—On Tuesday last, Representative McPherson presented to the President a cane made by John Hawkes, an ingenious mechanic of Scranton, Pa. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* gives the following description of the cane:

It was originally a cedar stick, with a crooked top and a number of branches. The top has been converted into an American eagle, with life-like bill. Under its throat is the national shield, with the words "Union Forever," inscribed thereon.—The eagle grasps in his talons Jeff Davis, by the seat of his breeches. Below him, on each side, is a cannon, the arbiter of our national difficulties. On the other side is a lion in full spring, with a rattlesnake near by. Below the lion comes a goat, in the act of leaping; and a buck and doe at full speed follow him. A fox is springing between them; and then comes an eagle, grasping a winged serpent with human head. The serpent of the rebellion, with five tails, human-headed, is next in order; then a gold finch; a yellow bird with a blue tail; a large turtle; a small alligator, and an adder. Next is an owl grasping a snake, followed by another alligator. Then comes a Union dragoon, mounted, and in the act of charging on the enemies of his country. By his side is a goat, rampant. A monkey, with his tail twisted around a limb, next appears, holding Jeff Davis by the hair of his head with one claw, and grasping the Union flag-staff with the other, thus showing that, dumb brute as he is, he knows enough to uphold the stars and stripes, and in the meanwhile punish a traitor. Uncle Sam, with eagle face, and cap surmounted by stars and stripes, grapples John Bull by the horn, who in turn is pinching his lion's tail to excite his rage, but the lion takes it quite coolly on his haunches. Next is a grizzly bear, "squatted on his hunkers;" then a cur, a blue bird, and a rabbit in full bound. On the side opposite the latter is the final figure, an American sailor, holding a musket on one side, while he grasps the stars and stripes in the other, and stands erect on the crushed Serpent of Rebellion. This cane has most of the figures on it not only carved, but painted to the life—the body of the stick being black.

Gen. Curtis' Emancipation Order—*St. Louis, March 31st.*—Gen. Curtis has issued the following special order:—

Head Quarters, Army of the
South-west, March 26, 1862.

Charles Morton, Hamilton Kennedy and Alexandria Lewis, colored men, formerly slaves, employed in the rebel service, and taken as contraband of war, are hereby confiscated, and not being needed for the public service are permitted to pass the pickets of this command northward, without let or hinderance, and are forever emancipated from the service of masters who allowed them to aid in their efforts to break up the Government and the laws of our country.

MARRIED.

At the Exchange Hotel, in this place, on the 3d inst., by John McClelland, Esq., Mr. HENRY SMITH to Miss REBECCA BEATY, both of Tyrone Borough, Blair Co.

On the 16th ult., by the Rev. A. H. Sembower, Mr. HENRY FICKES to Miss LYDIA PECK, both of Logan township.

On the 6th inst., at the Altoona House, by the same, Mr. J. H. MILLER of Somerset County, to Miss MARGARET MULHOLLEM, of Blair County.

At the Exchange Hotel, in this place, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. C. L. Ehrenfeld, Mr. HENRY C. WARFEL to Miss MOLLIE M. STEWART, both of Shavers Creek, Huntingdon County.

(Huntingdon papers please copy.)

On the 25th ult., by John Gorley, Esq., Mr. EMANUEL COONS to Miss KATE RHODES, both of Hollidaysburg.

On the same day, by the same, H. ALBERT McGRAW to Miss KATE A. EATON, both of Hollidaysburg.

On Tuesday, the 1st inst., by Rev. Jos. Fichtner, Mr. WM. T. SIMONTON, of Allegheny tp., to Miss REBECCA JANE YINGLING, of Juniata tp.

On the 27th ult., by Rev. J. Hassler, Mr. JOHN T. SHIRLEY, of Cove Station, Huntingdon Co., to Miss SARAH RHODES, of Clover Creek, Blair Co.

On the 27th of February, by the same, Mr. JAMES McFADDEN to Miss MARY ELLEN MORROW, both of Martinsburg, this county.

DIED.

At the house of Mrs. Margaret Wilt, in Juniata township, on the 29th ult., Mrs. SUSANNA M. REFFNER, aged 25 years, 8 months and 5 days.

SEED POTATOES.—
A lot of fine PINK EYES and NESHANNOCKS just received, in fine order. J. & J. LOWTHER.
Altoona, April 10, 1862.–3t

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—
The subscribers offer at Private Sale EIGHT BUILDING LOTS, situate on the top of the hill, above the reservoir of the Altoona Gas & Water Company, being now held as property by the Presbyterian Church. The lots are fifty feet front by 175 feet deep, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase or view these lots will receive all information concerning them by applying to Michael Clabaugh, R. H. McCormick, Alexander McCormick, or Chas. J. Mann, Trustees of Presbyterian Church.
[Altoona, April 3, 1862.

$25] EMPLOYMENT! [$75
AGENTS WANTED!
We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.
Jept. 12-1y.]

FOR SALE, AT A BARGAIN!—
A HOUSE AND LOT
in the West Ward. Also, a good BUILDING LOT, within a square of the Superintendent's Office. For particulars, inquire of JAMES LOWTHER.
Altoona, March 25th, 1862–3t.

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [jan. 2 '56.

"On to Nashville!"

FALL IN LINE, AND MARCH

STRAIGHT TO

GEIS & PLITT'S STORE!

Corner of Annie & Branch Streets,
EAST ALTOONA.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING ON hand a *LARGE STOCK OF GOODS* which they are determined to close out before laying in their Spring Stock, are now selling the same

AT LESS THAN FIRST COST.

Please look at the following figures, then
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

We will sell the	BEST DELAINES	at	20 cts. per yd.
" " "	PRINTS	at	12½ " "
" " "	GINGHAMS	at	12½ " "
" "	GOOD SATINETTS	at	30 " "
" "	LADIES' KID SHOES	at	$1.10 per pair.
" "	MEN'S KIP BOOTS	at	1.50 "
" "	ALL WOOL CARPET	at	55 cts. per yd.
" "	All Wool STAIR CARPET	at	35 " "
" "	BEST RIO COFFEE	at	20 cts. per lb.
" "	MOULD CANDLES	at	12½ " "

Queensware at First Cost!

CARBON OIL LAMPS

SELLING AT 65 CENTS, (WORTH $1.00,)

ALL KINDS OF

SHAWLS

AT LESS THAN FIRST COST IN THE CITY!

GREY SACK FLANNEL at 33 cts. per yard.—worth 40.
RED " " at 20 cts. per yard.—worth 25.

In fact, we will sell everything we have at a Reduced Price.

Call Early and get Bargains.

GEIS & PLITT.

Feb. 28, 1862.-tf.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION, AND

No Humbug or Clap-Trap!

WITH A VIEW OF QUITTING THE DRY GOODS BUSINESS the coming season, I now offer my stock of

WINTER GOODS AT COST!

And I feel confident that I can make it to the interest of any person in need of such goods, to call and examine Goods and Prices. They were all bought for nett CASH, and BEFORE THE ADVANCE, in the Fall, consequently, they are MUCH CHEAPER than they will be had another season.

☞ I intend to pay strict attention, hereafter, to the

HARDWARE

branch of my business; and hope, by keeping none but

The Best Make of Tools,

and buying direct from the Manufacturers, to convince our Mechanics that they can buy as cheap from me as they can in the City.

My stock of BUILDERS' HARDWARE generally, SHOEMAKERS' FINDINGS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS, TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY, &C., &C., will always be found complete.

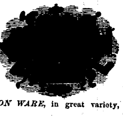
CHAS. J. MANN.

ALTOONA, March 6th, 1862.

SAMUEL I. FRIES..STEPHEN WINTERS

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.



THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have just received a large supply of STOVES *of all Patterns*, such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in great variety, always on hand.

ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

They have also attached a copper-smithing room to their establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

☞ Store on Annie street, between Harriet and Adaline streets, East Ward, and on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, West Ward.

FRIES & WINTERS.

Altoona, Feb. 3d, 1862.

JUST OPENED AND READY FOR SALE, AT

M'CORMICK'S STORE,

NICE NEW HAMS,
SHOULDERS AND SIDES,
DRIED PEACHES AND DRIED APPLES,
LARD, FISH, SALT, &C.,
THE BEST SYRUPS,
COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, &C.

Also, a large assortment of

LAMP-SHADES, &C.,

with the best article of

RECTIFIED CARBON OIL;

all of which will be sold VERY CHEAP for Cash or Country Produce. ☞ CALL AND SEE ☜

Altoona, March 6, 1862.-tf.

U. S. ARMY.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, FOR THE TWELFTH REGIMENT U. S. INFANTRY, REGULAR SERVICE, a few more able-bodied men, between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five. Pay ranges from $13 to $23 per month, according to the rank of the soldier. Each man will be furnished with equipments, ample clothing and subsistence. Quarters, fuel, and medical attendance free of charge. The pay of each soldier commences as soon as he is enlisted.

By an act lately passed, the term of enlistment has been changed from five to THREE YEARS, and every soldier who serves that time is entitled to

$100 BOUNTY

from the Government. Attention is drawn to the fact that the Government has wisely commenced to promote soldiers from the ranks. Advancement is, therefore, open to all.

For further information apply at the Recruiting Office, on Virginia street opposite Lowther's Store, Altoona.

Lieut. J. S. CAMPBELL.
12th Infantry, U. S. A. Recruiting Officer.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

As the time is at hand for buying our Spring stock, and as it takes the ready cash now to do that thing, we hope all those indebted to us will pay up within the next few days; and we would particularly urge those who have accounts on our books that are somewhat *aged*, to attend to them at once, as further indulgence will not be given. We also take this opportunity to say, that, hereafter, those who fail to pay us their bills in full, monthly, need not be surprised if we decline to give them further credit.

J. & J. LOWTHER.

Altoona, Pa., April 3, 1862.—2t.

JUST RECEIVED
At the MODEL STORE,

FLOUR,
CORN MEAL,
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,
WHITE BEANS,
CREAM CHEESE,
DRIED APPLES,
DRIED PEACHES,
DRY BEEF,
SUGAR CURED HAMS, 10 Cts. per lb.

March 20-3t J. & J. LOWTHER.

WALL PAPER AND BORDER.—We invite the attention of persons in want of the above article, to our

IMMENSE STOCK, JUST RECEIVED

direct from the manufacturers in New York, which enables us to sell on much better terms than those who buy in small lots from second hands. Our stock consists of

ALL THE NEWEST STYLES & PATTERNS,

and ranging in price from six cents up to fifty cents per peice.

J. & J. LOWTHER.

Altoona, March 27th, 1862-3mos.

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration on the Estate of EDWARD McAVOY, late of Snyder township, in the county of Blair, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the Estate of the said decedent, will make known the same, without delay, to

JAMES McAVOY &
D. J. NEFF, } Adm'rs.

Altoona, March 6, 1862.-6t.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERVERS for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

BILLIOUS AFFECTIONS,

LIVER COMPLAINT.

SICK HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA, &C., &C.

JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS,

A MILD, PROMPT & EFFECTIVE REMEDY.

THERE is scarcely any disease in which purgative medicines are not required; and much sickness and suffering might be prevented were they more generally used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides, it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might be avoided by the timely and judicious use of proper Cathartic medicines.

Convinced of the correctness of these views,

JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS

Are recommended with the greatest confidence, experience having demonstrated them to be far superior to any other in use, being more mild, prompt, safe and uniform in their operation. While using them no particular care is required, and patients may eat and drink as usual. Age will not impair them, as to always readily dissolve in the stomach. In small doses they are alterative and gently laxative, but in large doses are actively cathartic, cleansing the whole alimentary canal from all putrid, irritating and fecal matters.

For DYSPEPSIA, these Pills are really an invaluable article, gradually changing the vitiated secretions of the Stomach and Liver, and producing healthy action in those important organs. In cases of long standing, a cure will be more speedily effected by using, in conjunction with the Pills, either JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE or TONIC VERMIFUGE, according to directions.

For Liver Complaint, Gout, Jaundice, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Fevers, Nervousness, Diseases of the Skin, Impurity of the Blood, Sik Headache, Costiveness, Piles, Female Diseases, and Billious Affections, these Pills have proved themselves eminently successful. All that is asked for them is a fair trial.

As these Pills have proved themselves so eminently successful in removing diseases of the Liver, Dyspepsia and diseases of the Skin, I have thought it advisable to add the following remarks on

LIVER COMPLAINT.

This is a disease much talked about, but at the same time very imperfectly understood.

Properly speaking, every derangement of the Liver or Billious system is a Liver Complaint, but the peculiar state of the Liver to which I now have reference is a *Chronic Affection*, and usually arises from a torpid or congestive state of that important organ. Sometimes the bile is deficient in quantity, or vitiated in quality, or both these states prevail at the same time. Sometimes the disease is owing to obstruction in the duct or pipe which conveys the bile from the liver into the bowels. This obstruction is very frequent, and is usually caused by the pipe being clogged up by thick tenacious slime or mucous, and sometimes by gall-stones. The bile is then thrown back into the gall-bladder, where it is absorbed by numerous small vessels which convey it into the Thoracic Duct, a pipe that runs up along the spine, and terminates in and empties itself into the large vein of the left shoulder, near its junction with the veins of the head and neck, and thence the bile is conveyed to the heart and becomes mixed with the blood. The bile in this manner being diverted from its proper course, and circulating in a part of the body where it never was designed by nature, produces much evil, and often disastrous effects upon the health of the individual—because, for want of healthy bile to mix with the half-digested food, a complete separation never takes place between the chyle (the milky liquor which forms the blood) and those portions of the food designed by nature to be ejected from the bowels—for the bile, when present, purifies and separates the healthy from the unhealthy portions, in the same manner that isinglass or white of eggs separate wine or cider from their impurities—and, consequently, the very fountain of life is vitiated and corrupted. Costiveness prevails—or alternately costiveness or diarrhœa—wind in the stomach and bowels, and the patient is often annoyed with worms, and frequently with the piles. The coarse particles of the bile thus mixed with the blood, more or less obstruct the pores of the skin and small blood-vessels, and hence give rise to various diseases of the skin, such as erysipelas, cozema, itchings, small watery vessels, blotchess tumors, pimples, scurfiness, boils, sore eyes, sores and ulcers of various kinds. The skin is more or less yellow, and (when the disease is of long standing,) often very *dark*, and has a disagreeable, *dirty, greasy* appearance, and sometimes there is a perfect jaundice. The *white* of the *eyes* also has a *green* or *yellow* tinge.

MORE OR LESS bile is strained from the blood in its passage through the kidneys, and, by its acrimony, produces pains in the back, and scalds and irritates all the urinary passages. Some days the passage of urine is profuse, and natural in appearance; at other times it is scanty, and the desire to evacuate is frequent and urgent. Sometimes the color is nearly white and milky, but usually it is high colored, red or yellow, with a rank, offensive odor and sometimes it is bloody.

The tongue is usually more or less coated with a brown scurf. There is irritation, and frequently chronic inflammation of the inner surface of the stomach and bowels, with a tenderness on pressure, and a soreness along the lower edge of the ribs.

SOMETIMES THERE IS A LOATHING of food, and at other times there is a voracious appetite. There is often a feeling of chilliness, and coldness of the feet and knees, and along the inside of the thighs—sour or bitter eructations, and sometimes a spitting or throwing up of the food after eating.

There is a feeling of oppression across the stomach and chest, as if pressed down by a weight; troublesome and often frightful dreams, low spirits, languor, want of energy, melancholy restlessness and discontentedness, dreaminess of mind—timorousness and a great deal of trouble, and a disposition to magnify everything, sometimes great watchfulness and an inability to sleep—at others great drowsiness, weariness, and disinclination to motion.

AT TIMES THE FACE is flushed, with more or less fever, especially at night or in the afternoon. Sometimes violent colics, and wandering pains in various parts of the body. Frequently there is a short hacking cough, with a huskiness of the throat, and sometimes a very severe, dry, and hard cough, which is often mistaken for consumption. This cough often commences in the latter part of the night or early in the morning, and lasts for hours, frequently producing nausea and vomiting. If there be any expectoration, it is a tough, ropy, tenacious phlegm, which adheres to everything it touches. There are also frequently chronic pleurisy pains in various parts of the chest, which shift about from one part of the breast or side to the other. Sometimes abscesses form in the liver, and pressing upward on the lungs, produce constriction and cough, and breaking, discharge their contents into the lungs, whence it must be ejected by expectoration, or the patient is destroyed. Some persons are troubled with spasmodic twitches in various parts of the body, sometimes faintness and sighing, difficulty of breathing; reading or talking producing weariness. THERE IS A BEATING SENSATION near the pit of the stomach, with palpitation and fluttering of the heart; profusion of dandruff and loss of the hair; indeed, to sum up in a few words—a yellow, dirty, greasy appearance of the skin, a yellow or green tinge of the white of the eyes, an aching pain across the kidneys and hips, with irritation or heat in discharging urine—a sensation of fullness or distension across the abdomen, with tenderness on pressure—lowness of spirits, frightful dreams, acidity of stomach, with other dyspeptic symptoms, billious fevers, billious colics and bilious diarrhœa and dysenteries, obstinate costiveness, intermittent and remittent fevers, jaundice, fever and ague, &c., all originate from the same cause—*a deranged state of the liver*. Violent remedies always do more harm than good; but, by a persevering use of these pills, all that can be desired will be accomplished.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT is to give the patient, every night on going to bed, from two four Sanative pills; or enough of them to insure one and not more than two evacuations from the bowels next morning.—The dose of the Pills can be increased or diminished at pleasure, so as to produce the above effect, and their use should be continued until a cure is completed; and also, at the same time give the Alterative three times a day according to the directions, unless there is a want of appetite, with weakness and debility or symptoms of worms prevail, when, instead of the Alterative give a teaspoonful of the Vermifuge, (mixed in a little cold water and sweetened to please the taste, about half an hour before each meal, until these symptoms are removed; and if there should be cough, or oppression about the throat or chest, then give the expectorant as often and in such doses as may be found necessary to quiet the cough and make expectoration easy.

The *Sanative Pills*, and all of DR. D. JAYNE'S *Family Medicines*, are sold by C. JAGGARD and G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, and by Agents everywhere, from whom may also be obtained, *gratis, Jayne's Medical Almanac and Guide to Health*, containing besides a valuable calendar, a Catalogue of Diseases, together with the symptoms by which they may be known, and the proper remedies for their cure.

Coughs, Colds,

CONSUMPTION,

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, ETC.,

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

Has been for Thirty Years the
STANDARD REMEDY.

RECENT COUGHS AND COLDS, PLEURITIC PAINS, ETC., are quickly and effectually cured by its diaphoretic, soothing and expectorant power.

ASTHMA it always cures. It overcomes the spasmodic contraction of the air-vessels, and by producing free expectoration at once removes all difficulty of breathing.

BRONCHITIS readily yields to the Expectorant. It subdues the inflammation which extends through the wind-tubs, produces free expectoration, and suppresses at once the cough and pain.

CONSUMPTION.—For this insidious and fatal disease no remedy on earth has ever been found so effectual. It subdues the inflammation, relieves the cough and pain, removes the difficulty of breathing, and produces an easy expectoration, whereby all irritating and obstructing matters are removed from the lungs.

WHOOPING COUGH is promptly relieved by this Expectorant. It shortens the duration of the disease one-half, and greatly mitigates the suffering of the patient.

In PULMONARY COMPLAINTS, in CROUP, PLEURISY, etc., it will be found to be prompt, safe, pleasant and reliable, and may be especially commended to MINISTERS, TEACHERS, and SINGERS for the relief of hoarseness, and for strengthening the organs of the voice.

This EXPECTORANT and all of DR. D. JAYNE'S Family Medicines are sold by C. JAGGARD and G. W. KESSLER Altoona, and by Agents everywhere. Sep. 25-3m.