WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT.
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No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET,
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HILADELPHIA,
HILADELPHIA,
HILADELPHIA,
PA.
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NDOUS SACRIFICE
RTH OF JEWELRY,
ONE DOLLAR EACH.
Assortment of Jewelry, consisting
LACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c.
nch Plated Chains, Gold and Plated
ll any gilt, gift or galvanized goods,
y the best Jewelers as *Gold Jewel.*
s from the best Gold Jewelry Man-
E FORCED TO SELL.
E FORCED TO SELL.
E FORCED TO SELL.
a partial list of our immense stock:
FOUR CHOICE FOR
$1 EACH.
UR CHOICE FOR $1.
d Cameo Sets, General Retail
$8 to $1
Lava do 10 to 20
Carbuncle do 8 to 80
lted and Coral do 7 to 30
and Carbuncle do 7 to 30
and Ruby do 7 to 30
ape Setting sets do 10 to 80
Vase do 10 to 30
o Jet Sets, do 5 to 12
ck Mosaic do 6 to 12
old Stone Mosaic do 6 to 12
alice Sets, do 5 to 12
, with brilliants, do 6 to 15
w style, do 8 to 20
ster do do 10 to 30
do 3 to 7
Gold Pens and Cases, 3 to 6
ed Spoons, 2 00
4 00
reat style Ladies' Jewelry; Medal-
ons and sizes; Lockets of every de-
14 karet, with Silver Extension
Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Cor-
and Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains,
ten years without changing color,
—they are usually sold by Jewelers
ll made in Paris. You can take
. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains,
y Jewelers at from $5 to $30 each;
Neck Chains, beautiful pattern;
nelled and ruby settings; Crosses,
r $1 each, retail prices from $5 to
and variety of Jewelry and desira-
e prices, will continue long enough
stock, which was purchased at a
manufacturers who have failed.
CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.
CIAL NOTICE.
O SEND MONEY.
place of Residence, County and
ate we can make *nothing out of*
WAY, as Envelopes sealed with gum
opened—the contents taken out
this, and we will be responsible
MENTS TO AGENTS.
Agent, who will send us at one
old Hunting Case Watch, extra.
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ilver Watch.
ders selected from the above List at
mail *sent send* $1 and 15 cents *in*
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cannot be safely sent to
WILLIAM FLINT,
No. 807 Market Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.
1 6m.
BLIC.—THE SUB-
taken the establishment heretofore
owned respectfully an-
of Altoona and vicinity,
LE AND RETAIL
TIN WARE & STOVE STORE,
Annie street, between Harriet and
Virginia, where he will keep constant-
assortment of everything in his line,
ofer reasonable terms.
& SPOUTING
He also manufactures LEADED
said to be much superior to gal-
a copper-smithing room to his es-
keep on hand an assortment of cop
promptly attended to.
ntronage is respectfully solicited.
STEPHEN WINTERS.
1860.
PHIA WATCH AND
OCCUPANT,
er of Quarry St.
Philadelphia
will keep a large assortment of Gold
American, English and Swiss man-
Patented makers, in addition to
stock on hand (and made to order) an
Silver and Silver Plated ware.
assortment of such goods as are
Watch and Jewelry Store.
and those of the subscriber,
are invited to call, and
for their money. As I am
business, goods will be sold very
Quick Sales" is the motto of this
LEWIS R. BROOMALL,
Formerly O. Conrad.
Street, Co. of Quarry, Philada.
QUESTION WHICH
mind of every person
the best article for my
other matters, the subs-
to direct, but if you
line of
OR SHOES
assortment of his stock and work.
hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes,
which he offers at fair prices.
attention to custom work, all of
to give satisfaction. None but the
on Virginia street, immediately
store.
JOHN H. ROBERTS.
nd Grocery Store.
CRIBER KEEPS CON-
and
Bread, Cakes, &c.
BACON, FLOUR,
OCERIES,
of SEGARS and TOBACCO.
ACOB RINK,
street, below Annie Street.
OE ESTABLISHMENT.
RSIGNED ANNOUNCE
Altoona and vicinity that they have
ND SHOE SHOP
Wolters' Tin Shop, East
own manufacture.
given to making *Ladies' Shoes*,
a share of public patronage, feel-
to render entire satisfaction.
JOHN SIDNEY
POLICE GAZETTE.—
urnal of Crime and Criminals is fu
is widely circulated throughout
gives all the Great Trials, Criminal
Editorials on the same, together with
and Matters, not to be found in any
per annum; $1 for six months, to
(who should write their names
and State where they reside plainly.)
To G. W. MATSELL & Co.,
of New York Police Gazette,
New York City.
ND SHOES.—THE UN-
now on hand and will
in the Masonic Temple,
assortment of BOOTS
made, or made to order,
Rubbers, Gum Shoes, Cork
in his line of business, of
on the most reasonable terms. All
J. SAOEMAKER.
OR SALE.
50,000 LATHES,
ASTING MATERIALS, lower than the
JOHN SHOEMAKER.
LARD OILS, CAM-
Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at
KESSLER'S.
AT McCORMICK'S Store
Department of Ready-Made clothing.
Nov. 23, '61.

Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 6. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1861. NO. 24.

MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL

REFORM.

ADVICE FREE.

New-York Benevolent Infirmary,

ESTABLISHED 1856,

and devoted to *The Cause of Medical Reform*; to the *Diffusion of Medical Knowledge for the Prevention of Disease*, and to the relief of those suffering and afflicted with Chronic and Virulent Disorders. To this end this Infirmary is endowed, to enable the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land, to avoid the *Poisonous Drugs, Extortion*, and *Ignorance of professed Physicians*, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish.

The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country:

Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Eye and Ear Disease, Cancers and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and all diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, from whatever cause or whatever nature. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.

Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will furnish when requested the very best medicines at the lowest rates.

These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care of able Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, including all the recent discoveries.

To all addressing us by letter, containing full account of symptoms and appearances of disease, age, occupation, &c., we will write a candid reply, with advice and directions for cure. Any fees sent us when sending for advice will be devoted to furnishing medicine for the poor. In all cases medicine can be sent by mail or express if desired. Send for one or more of our works and judge for yourselves. Also published at the Infirmary, to aid these objects,

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN,

containing simple remedies easily obtained for the cure of diseases in all its forms, with full explanations of the causes, symptoms, diet, bathing and exercise. Price 50 cts.

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AND THE PHYSIOLOGY ON MARRIAGE.

A work on the cause, symptoms and treatment of all complaints peculiar to the sex, on marriage, its duties, delights, and its results, on Children, their ills, and on the prevention of conception, with Invaluable Instructions to those on subjects of a private nature. Price 25 cents.

The Gentlemen's Medical Companion,

AND PRIVATE ADVISER.

A book for the old and young, embracing the Pathology, Prevention and Cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and a warning voice of advice and counsel, such as is to be found in no other work. Price 25 cents.

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FOR EVERY ONE.

It exposes all the Humbugs, and the various Tricks to entice the sick and well. It illustrates the plans of the quacks and Rogues to dupe every one. It guides the unwary through life, and shows every swindle of the age. It shows how all kinds of Food, Medicines, Liquors and Goods are adulterated, with the means of detecting the frauds. Price 25 cents.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND FARM,

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For every family, having over 1000 receipts on Cooking, Preserving, Dyeing, Cleaning, &c. How to plant and what to the best to raise. How to cure animals, advice to housekeepers, farmers and mechanics, on 1000 subjects of interest. Price 25 cents. Worth $10 to any one.

THE CONSUMPTIVES BOOK.

For those who wish to get well from that awful disease, a full description of all the remedies used for it, with a careful statement of the results, and other useful information. Price 10 cents.

The information in them is not to be found in any works published, nor obtainable from any other source. These books are published on fine white paper, and beautifully bound.

Any of the above works will be mailed free, on receipt of price, in stamps, or money; or the whole in a handsomely bound volume for ONE DOLLAR. No family should be without them. They are illustrated with beautiful engravings, and contain the condensed experience of years.

AGENTS WANTED for the above works, who can make $120 a month. Send for a circular for agents.

To the young of both sexes suffering from secret habits: prostration of mind; loss of power; nervous debility; loss of sight; wakefulness; love of solitude; eruptions on the face, &c., &c. *Read before it is too late*; before you suffer incurable damage to both body and mind.

To Females who want *safe, pleasant* and *sure* remedies for Irregularities, Obstructions, Whites, &c., send to us.

PREVENTIVE.

We are convinced that there are many parents of scrofulous, consumptive and diseased constitution to whom a number of our advertisements offering only bring suffering and poverty. To such we would say write, and we will send information of a sure, well-tested, and never-failing PREVENTIVE.

We will mail free, to any one applying for it,

THE JOURNAL OF MEDICAL REFORM.

It is a large and beautiful paper, and contains the most valuable information on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness. This cause, effects and cure, showing the awful effects of the disease.

On all other diseases of the Sexual Organs, a full explanation of the origin of Syphilis, the means of prevention and cure.

On Consumption, that fearful disease.
On the Liver, Heart, Stomach and Skin.
On Female Complaints.
On the various Schools of Medicines.
On the modes of Treatment now practised.
On the False Treatment of Diseases.
On the various Medical Humbugs.
On the Physiology of Marriage.
On the Common sense of Medicine.
On Diet, Exercises, and Ablution.
How the Physician should be.
How to prevent Pregnancy.
And many other things. SEND FOR IT.

This journal should be in the hands of every one.

J. Ressiga, M. D., A. M., Chief Physician. S. S. Morris, Surgeon. Dr. J. Boyle, Chemist.

Office in New York, 154 Chambers street.
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Nov. 15, 1860.-1y

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POCO METALIC PAINT,

EQUAL TO RED LEAD AND 75 per cent. cheaper—stands 300 degrees heat—warranted water proof and will neither fade nor wash. For

STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES, GAS HOLDERS, RAIL ROAD BRIDGES AND CARS, PLASTER, IRON AND BRICK FRONTS, TIN ROOFS, HOUSES, BARNS, FENCES, WAGONS, SHIP DECKS, PLUMBERS' JOINTS, IRON FOUNDERS PATTERNS, &c., &c., &c.

For graining and staining equal to Turkish Umber.

COLORS are Umber Brown Lake, Olive Indian Red and Black.

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March 21-6m. No. 132 N. 4th street, Philadelphia.

CONFECTIONERY
& ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

ICE CREAM SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up ICE CREAM of all flavors during the season.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.

DENTISTRY.

J. IRVIN STEEL, D. D. S., HAVING located permanently in Altoona, respectfully offers his services in the different departments of

Surgical and Mechanical Dentistry.

Office: Centre street, opposite C. Jaggard's Store, Virginia st., Altoona, Pa. [May 16, '61-tf.

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R. O. A. KERR

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM New York city with a beautiful assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

FOR THE LADIES,

consisting in part of

Toil De Ete, Japanese, Pekho Strips, De Cheeres, Irish Poplins, Ducals, Lavellas, Polards, Crape DeBage, Lawns, Silks, &c.

INDIAN SILK SHAWLS,

a beautiful article, cheap and fashionable,

STELLA AND PRINTED SHAWLS.

A large assortment of the prettiest PRINTS ever brought to the town, so acknowledged by competent judges.

Ladies' Trimmings in endless variety.

He calls special attention to his beautiful assortment of

QUEENSWARE,

which is acknowledged to be the most complete of any in the town, and sold at prices defying competition. Iron Stone sets for $4.50—Tea Sets for $3.00.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

directly from New York, and bought from first hands,

BRUSSELS, ALL WOOL, INGRAIN, LIST, HEMP AND RAG CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS from 1 to 2 yards wide.

His stock of

GROCERIES

is complete in every respect, and will be sold at as low a figure as any house this side of the city.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. Good Carriages for $4.00 and $4.50, and Spring Carriages for $5.00, just as good as heretofore sold for $8.00.

Wooden and Willow Ware

in almost every variety, together with all the outfit of a first class store. [May 9, 1861-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING

MACHINES.

Wheeler & Wilson's Wheeler & Wilson's

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair County.

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

Over 14,000 More

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They may now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as to the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

Iron City College

$35,00

Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the Country. Upward of twelve hundred young men from twenty-eight different States, have been educated for business here, within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of

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For Catalogue of 84 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamp to the Principals.

JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Altoona, Jan. 24, '61-1y.

THE ROOT & HERB DOCTOR,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

WHO HAS HAD 30 YEARS CONSTANT practice, can be consulted at the Altoona House, Mr. John Wood's, viz.:—*On the 7th of June, the 8th of July, and the 7th of August*—he will then vacate for 3 months. Notice will be given in this paper when he commences his Winter's Term again.

He treats all diseases that flesh is heir to. He invites all females who may be suffering with diseases peculiar to their sex, to call and examine his new mode of treatment. Thousands have been restored to health who have been abandoned by others. He is in possession of perfect instruments for sounding the lungs and chest and is therefore able to determine the exact condition of the vital organs—consequently can treat such complaints with greater safety and certainty than it is possible for those who guess at the disease and experiment for its cure. He believes that for every malady, there is found in our soil a sure and never-failing remedy.

Patients can receive treatment for $5 per month, except in cases of Cancers and Tumors, they vary from $10 to $100. Examination free. DR. W. LEVINGSTON.

N. B.—See Handbills. [May 8, '61.

GLEN-ECHO MILLS,

GERMANTOWN, PA.

McCALLUM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Carpeting, Druggets, Oil Cloths,

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WAREHOUSE, No 509 CHESTNUT STREET, (opposite the State House,) PHILADELPHIA. [mar21,'61-1y.

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Jno McCulloch, M. D., "
H. T. Coffey, " Pittsburgh.
Rev. J. B. Christ, Birmingham.
Rev. Thomas Stevenson, Tyrone City.
Jacob Burley, "
C. Guyer, "
W. Burley, "
M. H. Jolly, "

Altoona, May 9th, 1861-1y*

Tilghman V. Rhoads,.....Charles Sailor.

REVERE HOUSE,

(LATE EAGLE HOTEL,)

Third Street, above Race,

PHILADELPHIA.

RHOADS & SAILOR, Proprietors.

TERMS, $1.25 PER DAY.

March 7, 1861-1y

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

E. B. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square

Select Poetry.

SCOTT AND THE VETERAN.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

An old and crippled veteran to the War Department came;
He sought the Chief who led him on many a field of fame—
The Chief who shouted 'Forward!' where'er his banner rose,
And bore its stars in triumph behind the flying foes.

"Have you forgotten, General," the battered soldier cried,
"The days of eighteen hundred twelve, when I was at your side?
Have you forgotten Johnson, who fought at Lundy's Lane?
'Tis true I'm old and pensioned, but I want to fight again."

"Have I forgotten?" said the Chief—"my brave old soldier, No!
And here's the hand I gave you then, and let it tell you so.
But you have done your share, my friend; you're crippled, old and gray,
And we have need of younger arms and fresher blood to-day."

"But, General!" cried the veteran—a flush upon his brow—
"The very men who fought with us, they say, are traitors now;
They've torn the Flag of Lundy's Lane—our old Red, White and Blue—
And while a drop of blood is left, I'll show that drop is true.

"I'm not so weak but I can strike, and I've a good old gun,
To get the range of traitors' hearts, and prick them one by one;
Your Minie rifles and such arms it's not worth while to try;
I couldn't get the hang o' them, but I'll keep my powder dry!"

"God bless you, comrade!" said the Chief—"God bless your loyal heart!
But younger men are in the field, and claim to have their part;
They'll plant our sacred Banner in each rebellious town,
And woe, henceforth, to any hand that dares to pull it down!"

"But, General!" (still persisting,) the weeping veteran cried:
"I'm young enough to follow, so long as you're my guide;
And some you know must bite the dust, and that at least can I;
So, give the young a place to fight, but me a place to die!

"If they should fire on Pickens, let the Colonel in command
Put me upon the ramparts, with the flagstaff in my hand:
No odds how hot the cannon-smoke, or how the shells may fly,
I'll hold the Stars and Stripes aloft, and hold them till I die!

"I'm ready, General; so you let a post to me be given,
Where Washington can see me, as he looks from highest Heaven,
And say to Putnam at his side, or may be Gen'l Wayne:—
'There stands old Billy Johnson, who fought at Lundy's Lane!'

"And when the fight is hottest, before the traitors fly—
When shells and balls are whizzing, and bursting in the sky—
If any shot should hit me, and lay me on my face,
My soul would go to Washington's, and *not to Arnold's*, place!"

Select Miscellany.

Correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial.

Sharp Skirmishing in the Western part of Virginia.

BUCKHANNON, Va., July 7, '61.

A gallant band of fifty Buckeyes, Third Ohio Regiment, under Capt. O. A. Lawson, of Columbus, made a good record yesterday afternoon, at Middle Fork Bridge.—On Friday afternoon, without Gen. McClellan's knowledge, General Schleigh ordered Col. Morrow to detach fifty men for a scouting expedition. Surgeon M'Means accompanied the party—five men being taken from each Company of the Regiment. The expedition proceeded by bridle-paths across the hills to a point on Beverly pike, five miles this side of Middle Fork Bridge, and encamped for the night. About midnight, Union men appealed to them for protection against marauding rebels who had pillaged their houses, and forced their women and children to flee to the woods for safety. Lawson scaled a rough mountain and crossed Middle Fork in the morning, two-and-a-half miles above the bridge. He followed the stream, with great difficulty, through unbroken thickets, until he reached a good ambush within musket range of the bridge, which was crowded with rebels.—The enemy discovered his party, and an advance-guard of five cautiously moved towards him from the bridge, all ready with their muskets. His men stood up, and both parties fired simultaneously.—Three of the rebels fled at the first round, and the other two dropped immediately afterwards. The enemy now opened upon his little band from three sides—from the bridge, behind its embankments, and the thickets on the hillside.

In order to get a better opportunity he moved his men into an open space, seventy-five yards from, and commanding the eastern entrance of the bridge, and poured into the crowd of rebels a galling fire.—The effect was, awful imprecations and screams of "murder." His men obeyed orders with absolute composure. A number had already been hit, and one was killed in the act of firing. After firing four rounds into the bridge, he ordered a retreat, and the lads backed slowly into the bushes, carrying their wounded. The enemy did not pursue, and his party recrossed the stream a mile-and-a-half above the bridge. Capt. Lawson brought away the musket of the dead soldier, but was unable to carry off the body—the enemy's ambuscades from the hillsides being too hot. He says his party was not much harassed by the party at the bridge, but the ambuscade was annoying

Those in the bridge and behind the embankment would pop up their heads and blaze away without good aim, but those in the bushes were more deliberate. An Irishman in the party says it was "hot as hell!" Lawson says his men behaved splendidly; not a man flinched, and they obeyed orders just as promptly as if on dress parade.

The men say that the Captain himself animated them by his cheerful voice, which was heard above the din of the conflict. Dr. McMeans says the Captain was as calm and collected as if he were playing soldier.

The casualties were as follows:—Samuel W. Johns, of Hamilton, Butler county, shot dead by a ball through the breast; corporal High, of Columbus, shot in the right foot by a rebel from the hillside.—The ball struck the top of his ancle, and passed downward, shattering the small bones of the foot. The surgeons hope to save the foot, but it is doubtful. High was in the front of the battle, and fell exclaiming—"Captain, I'm hit, but I must have another shot; rising and standing on one foot, he loaded and fired twice more, when, being faint, two of his comrades assisted him into the bushes. Nicholas Black, a Brighton butcher boy, of Cincinnati, was struck in the forehead, over the right eye, by a buckshot, which lodged between the skull bones—a severe wound, but not dangerous. He fell, but rose again and took two more shots at the enemy. George W. Darling, of Neward, was shot in the left arm; the ball entered at the elbow, and traversed the muscles of the arm seven or eight inches, ploughing up a ghastly furrow; the bone was not broken. David Edson, of Barnesville, Belmont county, slightly wounded in the right arm. Joseph Backus, of Newark, slightly wounded in the left leg. William Dening of Hamilton, Butler Co., had the skin above his right ear cut by a ball. Seven or eight of the men received scratches, and had their clothing riddled. Captain Lawson says, Mr. Miller, of Worthington, was the coolest and pluckiest fellow in the fight. He was the last to quit the field, and left the bushes twice to get a fair shot; but Dr. McMeans said every man of the party displayed good pluck. The wounded were brought to the hospital in wagons, this morning, and are comfortable. Captain Lawson and his men are confident that some were killed on the bridge. Seven were killed outside of the bridge. All accounts agree that the rebels were about 300 strong, mostly Georgians, including forty horsemen who were armed with Sharpe's carbines.

General McClellan is much pleased with the gallantry of the men, but severely censures the expedition. Lawson gives valuable information about the topography of Middle Fork.

From the St. Paul Pioneer & Democrat, of July 3d.

TERRIBLE INDIAN FIGHT.

We are indebted to James McFetridge, Esq., late United States collector at Pembina, for the particulars of a bloody fight between the Sioux and Chippewas, of which he was an eye-witness, at St. Joseph, on the Pembina river, on the 10th of June last.

Last summer, while the Hon. Charles Grant was encamped with a party of hunters, on Mouse river, twelve horses were stolen from him by a party of Yankton Sioux. Nothing was heard of the horses until the 10th of June last, when a party of thirty-two Sioux warriors accompanied by two squaws, arrived at St. Joseph with the stolen property, for the purpose of returning it, in pursuance of a recent treaty made between Pembina half-breed hunters and the Yankton Sioux. The delegation with the stolen horses arrived opposite St. Joseph about two o'clock in the afternoon; they immediately crossed the river and proceeded to the residence of Gov. Wilkie a member of the Territorial Legislature.

Unfortunately, a large party of Chippewas, and also parties of Assiniboines and Cres were encamped at St. Joseph, and the Chippewas fired on the Sioux when they were in the act of entering Governor Wilkie's house. The Sioux took possession of the house, and, removing the "chinking" from between the logs, returned the fire with effect. From this time until midnight a constant firing was kept up between the Indians. Six Chippewas, three Sioux, and two Assiniboines were killed during the struggle. Governor Wilkie's daughter in passing within range of the combatants, was severely wounded in the thigh by an arrow.

Mr. McFetridge describes the scene as terribly exciting, and relates instances of great individual bravery. One Chippewa, a son of the Chief, Bad Bear, was shot three times in attempting to enter the house; at each shot he fell to the ground, but raised himself, and pushed forward; his progress was stopped at the treshold by one of the Sioux cleaving his head through to the chin with an axe.

The House occupied by the Sioux is about two hundred feet from the river. The Chippewas surrounded it, and, to make their escape, the Sioux were compelled to run that distance, and wade the river to the south bank, in the face of a constant fire from their enemies. This they did aided by the darkness of the night, with but the loss of one warrior, who was found dead by the Chippewas in the morning, on the south bank of the stream. The Sioux left behind them thirty-two horses in addition to the twelve stolen ones, and the dead bodies of three of their warriors.

Mr. McFetridge states that the residence of Gov. Wilkie resembled a slaughter-house, on the morning after the conflict. Five Chippewas and two Sioux were lying dead on the floor, which was covered with their blood. The Sioux did not scalp the dead Chippewas in the house nor mutilate their bodies. The Chippewas were more brutal; they cut up the dead bodies of their foes and burned them.

Although the half-breeds of St. Joseph refrained from taking any part in the fight, they are apprehensive of an attack from a body of Sioux, now encamped at Devil's Lake. The Sioux promised to return and settle accounts with the Chippewas, in numbers like the mosquitoes—a very forcible simile in that locality.

Congress appropriated, a year or more ago, $50,000 for the erection of a fort on Pembina river, to prevent such outrages as this. We submit that the occurrence here related indicates the necessity of immediate action on the part of the Federal Government. There should be a permanent military post located at St. Joseph, or in that vicinity, immediately.

TWO FORGIVEN DESERTERS.—A lady of Alexandria narrates the following incident, which affords a striking, but sad illustration of the effects of civil war. The lady in question has resided with an only daughter for many years in Alexandaia. About nine months since, a mutual friend introduced a young gentleman of Richmond to the family. The young people soon became intimately acquainted, and quite naturally fell in love. The parents on both sides consenting, the parties were betrothed, and the marriage day was fixed for the 4th of July, inst. In the mean time, however, Virginians were called upon to decide upon which side they would stand. The ladies declared themselves on the side of the Government, but the gentleman joined the forces of his State. No opportunity was afforded for the interchange of sentiments between the young folks or anything settled as to their future movements. Matters thus remained until the 4th of July, when exactly within an hour of the time originally fixed for the marriage, intelligence was conveyed to the residence of the ladies that the young man had been shot by a sentry two days before, while attempting to desert and join his bride. His betrothed did not shed a tear, but standing erect, smiled, and then remarking to her mother, "I am going to desert too," fell on the floor, while the life blood bubbled from her lips, and on the Monday following her remains were conveyed to their last resting place.

A SINGULAR DIVICE.—In the Superior Court, a few days since, a colored individual, named James Preston, was sentenced to eight years in the State Prison. Previous to his removal, and while in the room assigned for prisoners, he was visited by his wife, whose *peculiar appearance* excited some sympathy for the case. In the illness at which her appearance hinted she would be without the comforting and consoling society of her husband, and she must struggle, unaided, to obtain food for another mouth. She saw her convict lord, but what transpired during the interview is unknown, further than that she unwound from about her person a long strip of bed ticking material, sixty or seventy feet in length, with a hook upon one end, and with this article Preston tried to make his escape. He placed the hook upon the window bar and jumping suddenly out was in the act of descending to the ground—from the fourth story and in broad daylight—when Constable Smith caught him *by the wool* and hauled him back to the room. The whole affair caused much excitement, and its more amusing features will not soon be forgotten. Mrs. P. is "as well as could be expected."—*Boston Post.*

☞ Disappeared—The comet.

Bounty Land Grants to Soldiers.

The following is the bill reported in the House of Representatives by Mr. Holman of Indiana, granting bounty land to certain officers and soldiers who have been or shall hereafter be engaged in the military service of the United States:

Be it enacted, &c., That each commissioned and non-commissioned officer, musician and private, who shall have been in the military service, or shall have volunteered or enlisted and been regularly mustered into the military service of the United States, since the twelfth day of April, 1861, and shall have been or shall be in such service for a period of not less than sixty days, and shall have received or shall receive an honorable discharge, shall be entitled to receive a warrant from the Department of the Interior for one hundred and sixty acres of land.

Section second grants one hundred and sixty acres of land to the widow or minor children of any officer, non-commissioned officer, musician or private, who may be killed or die in the service, provided he had been mustered into service for a period of not less than three months.

Section third provides that the land warrants shall be assignable only subsequent to the delivery to the person to whom issued, and such assignment to be valid must be personally executed by such person.

Section fourth provides for the location of such warrants on any public lands duly surveyed and subject to sale.

Section fifth extends the benefit of the act to the militia or volunteers of any State or Territory who shall have been mustered into the actual service of the United States, provided that such militia or volunteers shall have been actually armed and equipped by such State or Territory, and in the actual pay thereof, for the purpose of sustaining the authority of the government of the United States.

Section sixth gives three hundred and sixty, in stead of one hundred and sixty acres of land, to every officer, non-commissioned office musician or privare, or to his widow or minor children, who shall have been mustered into the service prior to August 1, 1861, and continue in such service until the military forces of the United States, except the regular army, shall be disbanded, or who shall be previously honorably discharged on account of wounds received or sickness incurred in such service.

Section eight applies the provisions of the act to officers and seamen in the navy within the periods and subject to the limitation of the act.

Section ninth provides that the Secretary of War, with the approval of the President, shall prescribe rules and regulations necessary to carry the act into effect.

Section tenth provides that an honorable discharge, on account of wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty, shall entitle the party discharged to the same benefits as if the term of service had been fully performed.

A KNOWING CONTRABAND.—A number of "contrabands" are in the camp of the Connecticut regiment, at Falls Church, Va., where they take to work very cheerfully. A little ten year old came in the other day, who had evidently learned fast of late. Says a letter in the Hartford *Press*: "Who owns you?" said I. "Nobody don't own me," said he, "I owns myself." Treasonable—very. He says he "don't like the Virginny soldiers."—I asked him how he knew we would treat him well. "Oh, I knowed," said he, "and I seed oder folks a comin' yere."

☞ A female military company named the Union Captivators, has been formed at Falmouth, Ky., and over thirty of the young ladies of the place have joined the organization. The uniform is an apron of the old fashioned cut, made of red, white and blue—that part covering the bosom representing the stars and the lower part the stripes.

☞ During the trial of the Holbrook divorce case, at Dedham, Mass., one of the lawyers proposed to narrate a history of the case. "Don't want to hear it," said Judge Metcalf, "I havn't heard anything else for two years."

☞ Sometime since, a letter was received at the Chicago post office, directed to an "Honest Man." The chief clerk sent it to the dead letter department with the candid confession that no such a man lived in Chicago.

☞ "My son, haven't I told you three times to go and shut that gate?" said a father to a four year old. "Yes," said Young American, "and havent'I told you three times that I would'nt do it? You must be stupid."

☞ "File right!" said an officer to his company. "Bedad," said an Irishman, who stood near sharpening his saw, "it's me own property, and I'll be doin' as I plaze wid it—for all you!"

☞ Model wives formerly took a stitch in time, but now, with the aid of sewing machines, they take one in no time.