FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!

No. 807 MARKET,
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TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE
WORTH OF JEWELRY,
FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.
Assortment of Jewelry, consisting
BRACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c.
French Plated Chains, Gold and Plated

Sell any gilt, gift or galvanized goods,
the best Jewelers as Gold Jewel-

from the best Gold Jewelry Manu-

ARE FORCED TO SELL.
ARE FORCED TO SELL.
ARE FORCED TO SELL.
a partial list of our immense stock:
YOUR CHOICE FOR
EACH.
YOUR CHOICE FOR $1.

Gilt Cameo Sets, General Retail
Lava do $6 to $1
Carbuncle do 10 to 50
and Coral do 8 to 50
and Carbuncle do 7 to 50
Ruby do 7 to 50
Coral Setting sets do 7 to 50
Amethyst do 10 to 50
Jet Sets, do 10 to 50
Real Mosaic do 5 to 12
Real Stone Mosaic do 6 to 12
Onyx Sets, do 6 to 12
with brilliants, do 6 to 12
Opal do 6 to 12
Pearl do 5 to 20
Gold do 10 to 20
Gold Pens and Cases, do 3 to 7
Gold Spectacles, 3 to 6
2 00
4 to

Gilt Styles Ladies' Jewelry: Medal-
and Chain; Lockets of every de-
11 karat, with Silver Extension
Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Gor-
Bead Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains,
years without changing color,
—they are usually sold by Jewelers
and made in Paris. You can take
Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains,
Jewelers at from $5 to $20 each;
Chains, beautiful patterns;
and ruby settings; Crosses,
each, gold; prices from $5 to
variety of Jewelry and desira-

prices will continue long enough
which was purchased at a
sacrifice, who have failed.
CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

FINAL NOTICE.
TO SEND MONEY
the place of Residence, County and
we can make nothing out of

WANTED Envelopes sealed with gum
and—the contents taken out
by this, and we will be responsible

CEMENTS TO AGENTS.
Agent, who will send us at one

Gold Hunting Case Watch, extra.
Gold Lever Watch.
Silver Watch.
selected from the above List at

will send $1 and 15 cents in

US A TRIAL.
must be addressed to
WILLIAM FLINT,
No. 807 Market Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

PUBLIC.—THE SUB-
taken the establishment heretofore
would respectfully an-
Altoona and vicinity,

LE AND RETAIL
STOVE & STOVE STORE,
Main street, between Harriet and
Altoona, where he will keep constant
assortment of everything in his line,
on reasonable terms.

G & SPOUTING
He also manufactures LEADER
said to be much superior to gal-
A copper-smithing room to his
on hand an assortment of cop
promptly attended to.
Patronage is respectfully solicited.
STEPHEN WINTERS.

ALPHA WATCH AND

ASSORTMENT.
Watches
Watches
a large assortment of Gold
and Swiss man-
makers, in addition to
(and made to order) an
Silver and Silver Plated ware,
time of such goods as are
Watch and Jewelry Store
and thus of the subscriber,
cordially invited to call, and
for their money. As I am
goods will be sold very
"Safety is the motto of this
LEWIS R. BROOMALL,
Formerly O. Conrad,
cor. of Quarry, Philada.

QUESTION WHICH

of every person
article for my
matters, the sub-
direct, but if you
SHOES
of his stock and work.
an assortment of Boots, Shoes,
offers at fair prices.
to custom work, all of
satisfaction. None but the
Virginia street, immediately
JOHN H. ROBERTS.

and Grocery Store.
RIBER KEEPS CON-
Bread, Cakes, &c.
BACON, FLOUR,
GROCERIES,
SEGARS and TOBACCO.
JACOB RINK,
Street, below Annie Street.

THE ESTABLISHMENT.
DESIGNED ANNOUNCE
and vicinity that they have
SHOE SHOP
adjoining Winters' Tin Shop, East
upon hand a good assortment
own manufacture.
given to making Ladies' Shoes,
share of public patronage, feel-
entire satisfaction.
JOHN SIDNEY

POLICE GAZETTE.—
of Crime and Criminals is in
widely circulated throughout
all the Great Trials, Criminal
Anecdotes, Adventures, Sketches
Matters, not to be found in any
annum; $1 for six months, to
who should write their names
State where they reside plainly.
G. W. MATSELL & CO.,
of New York Police Gazette,
New York City.

SHOES.—THE UN-
on hand and will
the Masonic Temple,
assortment of BOOTS
or made to order,
Gum Shoes, Cork
line of business, of
most reasonable terms. All
J. SAOENMAKER.

FOR SALE.
50,000 LATHES,
MATERIALS, lower than the
JOHN SHOEMAKER.

LARD OILS, CAM-
Carbon Oil, &c., at
KESSLER'S.

McCORMICK'S Store
assortment of Ready-Made clothing.
Nov. 22,-tf.

Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 6. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1861. NO. 18.

MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL

REFORM.

ADVICE FREE.

New-York Benevolent Infirmary,

ESTABLISHED 1856,

And devoted to *The Cause of Medical Reform*; to the *Diffusion of Medical Knowledge for the Prevention of Disease*, and to the relief of those suffering and afflicted with Chronic and Virulent Disorders. To this end this Infirmary is endowed, to enable the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land, to avoid the *Poisonous Drugs, Extortion*, and *Ignorance of professed Physicians*, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish.

The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country:

Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Eye and Ear Disease, Cancers and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and all diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, from whatever cause or whatever nature. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.

Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will furnish when requested the very best medicines at the lowest rates.

These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care of able Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, including all the recent discoveries.

To all addressing us by letter, containing full account of symptoms and appearances of disease, age, occupation, &c., we will write a candid reply, with advice and directions for cure. Any fees sent us when sending for advice will be devoted to furnishing medicine for the poor. In all cases medicine can be sent by mail or express if desired. Send for one or more of our works and judge for yourselves.

Also published at the Infirmary, to aid these objects,

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN,

Containing simple remedies easily obtained for the cure of Diseases in all its forms, with full explanations of the causes, symptoms, diet, bathing and exercise. Price 50 cts.

THE LADIES' MEDICAL FRIEND,

AND THE PHYSIOLOGY ON MARRIAGE.

A work on the cause, symptoms and treatment of all complaints peculiar to the sex, on marriage, its duties, abortion and its results, on Children, their ills, and on the prevention of conception, with Invaluable Instructions to them on subjects of a private nature. Price 25 cents.

The Gentlemen's Medical Companion,

AND PRIVATE ADVISER.

A book for the old and young, embracing the Pathology, Prevention and Cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and a warning voice of advice and counsel, such as to be found in no other work. Price 25 cents.

THE GUIDE AND GUARD

FOR EVERY ONE.

It exposes all the Humbugs, and the various Tricks to entice the sick and well. It illustrates the plans of the Quacks and Rogues to dupe every one. It guides the unwary through life, and shows up every swindle of the age. It shows how all kinds of Food, Medicines, Liquors and Goods are adulterated, with the means of detecting the frauds. Price 25 cents.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND FARM,

PLANTATION AND SHOP.

For every family, having over 1000 receipts on Cooking, Preserving, Dyeing, Cleaning, &c. How to plant and what is the best to raise. How to cure animals, advice to housekeepers, farmers and mechanics, on 1000 subjects of interest. Price 25 cents. Worth $10 to any one.

THE CONSUMPTIVES BOOK.

For those who wish to get well from that awful disease, a full description of all the remedies used for it, with a careful statement of the results, and other useful information. Price 10 cents.

The information in them is not to be found in any works published, nor obtainable from any other source. These books are published on fine white paper, and beautifully bound.

Any of the above works will be mailed free, on receipt of price, in stamps, or money; or the whole in a handsomely bound volume for ONE DOLLAR. No family should be without them. They are illustrated with beautiful engravings, and contain the condensed experience of years.

AGENTS WANTED for the above works, who can make $150 a month. Send for a circular for agents.

To the young of both sexes suffering from secret habits; prostration of mind; loss of power; nervous debility; loss of sight; wakefulness; love of solitude; eruptions on the face, &c., &c. *Send before it is too late*; before you suffer incurable damage to both body and mind.

To Females who want *safe, pleasant* and *sure* remedies for Irregularities, Obstructions, Whites, &c., send to us.

PREVENTIVE.

We are convinced that there are many parents of scrofulous, consumptive and diseased condition to whom a numerous offspring only bring suffering and poverty. To such we would say write, and we will send information of a sure, well-tested, and never-failing PREVENTIVE.

We will mail free, to any one applying for it,

THE JOURNAL OF MEDICAL REFORM.

It is a large and beautiful paper, and contains the most valuable information on Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness. The cause, effects and cure, showing the awful effects of the disease,

On all other diseases of the Sexual Organs, a full explanation of the origin of Syphilis, the means of prevention and cure.

On Consumption, that fearful disease.
On the Liver, Heart, Stomach and Skin.
On Female Complaints.
On the various Schools of Medicines.
On the modes of Treatment now practised.
On the False Treatment of Diseases.
On the various Medical Humbugs.
On the Physiology of Marriage.
On the Common sense of Medicine.
On Diet, Exercises, and Ablution.
How the Physician should be.
How to prevent Pregnancy.
And many other things. SEND FOR IT.

This Journal should be in the hands of every one.

J. RUSSELL, M. D., A. M., Chief Physician. S. S. MORRIS, Surgeon. Dr. J. Boyle, Chemist.

Office in New York, 154 Chambers street.
Office in Williamsburgh, South 8th and 5th streets.
Correspondents will please enclose two or three stamps for return postage, and address

DR. A. BERNEY, Secretary,
(Box 141.) Williamsburg, New York.
Nov. 15, 1860.-1y

BEAUMAN'S POCO METALIC PAINT,

EQUAL TO RED LEAD AND 75 per cent. cheaper—stands 300 degrees heat—warranted water proof and will neither fade nor wash. For

STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES, GAS HOLDERS, RAIL ROAD BRIDGES AND CARS, PLASTER, IRON AND BRICK FRONTS, TIN ROOFS, HOUSES, BARNS, FENCES, WAGONS, SHIP DECKS, PLUMBERS' JOINTS, IRON FOUNDERS PATTERNS, &c., &c., &c.

For graining and staining equal to Turkish Umber.

COLORS are Umber Brown Lake, Olive Indian Red and Black.

☞ One responsible agent wanted in every town and city in the United States. Terms accommodating. For Circulars, &c., apply to or address

WM. L. HOUPT,
March 21-6m. No. 132 N. 4th street, Philadelphia.

CONFECTIONERY AND OYSTER SALOON.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

OYSTER SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up PRIME OYSTERS, in all styles.

He has always on hand a lot of

CHOICE MINCE MEAT.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.

The Bodugger.

This wonderful article, just patented, is something entirely new, and never before offered to agents, who are wanted everywhere. Full particulars sent *free*. Address
Mar 7,-1yis SHAW & CLARK, Biddleford, Maine.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW, AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND FEMALE PHYSICIAN, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, will allay pain and spasmodic action, and *is sure to regulate the Bowels.*

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief and Health to you Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak of this matter "what we do know," after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in *thousands of cases.*

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve *Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic*, and overcome convulsions, which, if not *speedily* remedied, end in death. We believe it the *best* and *surest remedy* in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.—We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world, and by G. W. Kessler and A. Round, druggists, Altoona. Price 25 cents per bottle.

☞ Principal Office, No. 13 Cedar street, N. Y.
July 12, 1860.-1y.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

Wheeler & Wilson's Wheeler & Wilson's

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair County.

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

Over 14,000 More

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as to the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

Iron City College

$35,00

Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the Country. Upward of twelve hundred young men from twenty-eight different States, have been educated for business here within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of

$2000,00 per Annum,

immediately upon graduating, who knew nothing of accounts when they entered the College.

☞ Minister's sons half price. Students enter at any time, and review when they please, without extra charge.

For Catalogue of 84 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals.

JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Altoona, Jan. 24, '61-1y.

VALLADE & STEWART

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the public that they have fitted up a neat

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY,

On Corner of Caroline & Virginia Sts., Altoona, Pa.,

where they are prepared to take the best PHOTOGRAPHS ever taken in this part of the country, and on the most reasonable terms. We make any kind of a picture from a SMALL AMBROTYPE up to LIFE-SIZE PHOTOGRAPH, painted in *Oil, Water Color or India Ink*, and also the MINIATURE. Every type and large size Oil Painting on Canvas. *Entire satisfaction given or no charge.* We have also on hand a large assortment of fine GILT FRAMES of different sizes and prices.

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our specimens before going elsewhere.

☞ Remember the place, *Figart's Building*, corner of Caroline and Virginia Streets. [April 16, 1861.-3m

GLEN-ECHO MILLS,

GERMANTOWN, PA.

McCALLUM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Carpeting, Druggets, Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS, &C.

WAREHOUSE, No 509 CHESTNUT STREET, (opposite the State House,) PHILADELPHIA. [mar21,'61-1y.

THURMAN V. RHOADS,.....CHARLES SAILOR.

REVERE HOUSE,

(LATE EAGLE HOTEL,)

Third Street, above Rce,

PHILADELPHIA.

RHOADS & SAILOR, Proprietors.

TERMS, $1.25 PER DAY.

March 7, 1861-1y

LINCOLN, WOOD & NICHOLS,

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,

Silk Bonnets, French Flowers,

Panama, Palm Leaf, Leghorn and Straw Hats,

No. 725 Chestnut Street,

AND 724 LODGE STREET,

March 28.-3m *PHILADELPHIA.*

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

E. B. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,)..... $1,50.

All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (8 lines)	50	75	1 00
Two " (16 ")	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (24 ")	1 50	2 00	2 50

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
Six lines or less	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
One square,	2 50	4 00	7 00
Two "	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column	14 00	25 00	40 00
Administrators and Executors Notices			1 75
Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change,			10 00
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines with paper, per year			5 00

Communications of a political character or individual interest will be charged according to the above rates.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square

Select Poetry.

TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

I.

That late, in half despair, I said:
"The Nation's ancient life is dead;
Her arm is weak, her blood is cold;
She hugs the peace that gives her gold—
The shameful peace that sees expire
Each beacon-light of patriot fire,
And makes her court a traitor's den"—
Forgive me this, my Countrymen!

II.

Oh, in your long forbearance grand,
Slow to suspect the treason planned,
Enduring wrong, yet hoping good
For sake of olden brotherhood,
How grander, how sublimer far,
At the roused Eagle's call ye are,
Leaping from slumber to the fight
For Freedom and for Chartered Right!

III.

Throughout the land there goes a cry;
A sudden splendor fills the sky.
From every hill the banners burst,
Like buds by April breezes nurst;
In every hamlet, home and mart
The fire-beat of a single heart
Keeps time to strains whose pulses mix
Our blood with that of Seventy-Six!

IV.

The shot whereby the old flag fell
From Sumter's battered citadel,
Struck down the lines of party creed
And make ye one in soul and deed—
One mighty people stern and strong
To crush the consummated wrong;
Indignant with the wrath whose rod
Smites as the awful sword of God!

V.

The cup is full! The thought, ye blind;
The props of States they undermined;
Abused your trust, your strength defied,
And stained the Nation's name of pride.
Now lift to Heaven your loyal brows,
Swear once again your father's vows,

VI.

Draw forth your million blades as one;
Complete the battle then begun!
God fights with ye, and overhead
Floats the dear banner of your dead.
They, and the glories of the past,
The future dawning dim and vast,
And all the holiest hopes of man
Are beaming triumph in your van!

VII.

Slow to resolve, be swift to do!
Teach ye the False how fight the True!
How bucklered Perfidy shall feel
In her black heart the Patriot's steel;
How sure the bolt that justice wings;
How weak the arm a traitor brings;
How mighty they who steadfast stand
For Freedom's Flag and Freedom's Land!

April 30, 1861.] [*The Independent.*

Select Miscellany.

THE STAY LAW.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.* That upon all judgments now remaining unsatisfied, or which may be obtained within six months from the passage of this Act, or upon which a sale of real estate has not yet been confirmed, there shall be a stay of execution for one year from the passage hereof as regards judgments now existing, and from their date as regards judgments obtained within six months after the date hereof. *Provided*, that the defendant is possessed of real estate within the respective county or counties in which such judgment shall have been obtained, or in any other county within this Commonwealth, to which the said judgment shall have been transferred, subject to be sold for the payment of such judgment, worth, in the opinion of any court or any judge in vacation, justice, or alderman having jurisdiction of such judgment, at a fair valuation, a sum sufficient to pay or satisfy the same, over and above other incumbrances and the amount exempted from levy and sale on execution, or said defendant shall give security for the payment of the same, to be approved by the court, or a judge of thereof in vacation, or the justice or alderman before whom the same was obtained or may be depending, within sixty days from the date of the judgment or from the passage of this Act, which security shall consist of one or more persons who shall satisfy the court, judge or justice, by oath or affirmation, and such other evidences as may be required, that they are the *bona fide* owners of real or personal estate within the county where such judgment has been entered, worth, at a fair valuation, double the amount of such judgment over and above all other debts and incumbrances, to which security the plaintiffs may file exceptions as now provided by law. And that in all actions now pending, or instituted within twelve months after the passage of this act, in any of the courts of this Commonwealth, on notes, bills, bonds or other instruments, for the payment of money, or for the recovery of book debts wherein the defendants or defendants at any stage of the proceedings, before actual sale by the sheriff, shall have filed an affidavit setting forth that the majority of his or their creditors, whose demands exceed two-thirds of his or their entire indebtedness, have agreed in writing to extend the time of payment of the debts due them respectively, the court shall direct the prothonotary to report the terms of the seid extension, upon evidence submitted to him by the defendant or defendants, and thereupon the court shall enter an order in the cause, that no execution shall issue, except at the periods when, and in the proportions which it shall appear by the report of the prothonorary that a majority of the creditors of the defendant or defendants where demands exceed two-thirds of his or their entire indebtedness, have agred, as aforesaid to extend the the time of payment of the debts due them respectively, and no person or firm, bank or broker, holding collaterals as security for debts due or to become due, shall within one year from the taking effect of this Act sell at public or private sale any such collaterals, whether the came consist of mortgage, bond, note, or other security, commercial or otherwise, and any party selling such collateral securities within such time shall become responsible for the same at double the amount for which it was pledged to the owner of such collateral. *And provided further*, That the provisions of this Act shall extent to judgments entered or to be entered, as well upon bond and warrant of attorney as upon morgages to secure the same, and to any subsequent grantee or owner of the premises so bound, as well as to the orginal obligor or mortgagor, and also to all judgments or debts upon which stay of execution has been or may be waived by the debtor in any orginal obligation or contract upon which such judgment has been or may hereafter be obtained, or by anystipulation entered into at any time seperate from said obligation or contract. *And provided*, that nothing in this act constained shall be construed to stay any execution that may be issued after the expiration of sixty days from the passage of this act for the purpose or collecting interest due, or to become due, upon any judgment for any sum, not less than $500, heretofore obtained; but no such execution shall be issued for less than six months' arrearages of interest. *Provided*, That this act shall not apply so as to stay the collection of interest on judgment entered for the security of the payment of money to widows, orphans, or minors. *And provided, further*, That this Act shall not apply to any judgment obtained for the wages of labor, or to debts contracted after the passage of this Act, but shall apply to all corporations, whether defendants or holders of collaterals.

SEC. 2. That in all cases in which a defendant shall be entitled to a stay of execution under the provisions of this act, and shall neglect or refuse to claim the benefit thereof, any mortgages of the premises levied upon, or other lien creditor, whose estate or interest therein would be affected by sale of the said premises, shall have the like right with the defendant to claim such stay of execution.

SEC. 3. That upon all judgments heretofore entered, or which may hereafter be entered, upon conditional verdicts stipulations or warrants of attorney in actions of ejectment, a like stay of execution shall be had, upon the same terms and conditions provided in the first section of this act.

SEC. 4. That the provisions of this act shall be construed to apply to all judgments on which a sale by judicial process has not been actually made.

SPIKING CANNON.

The process by which it is sought to render cannon immediately unserviceable has by recent events been brought prominently before the public attention. It is an operation which may be done quickly. The officer in command of battery, perceiving that he will be driven off without being able to bring away his guns, spikes them, so, as to render them useless to their captors, as well as to prevent them from being turned against him while retreating, or on the line on which he intends to fall back. The commander of a fort, on abandoning it, as in the instance of Anderson at Moultrie, adopts the same measure.—Frequent cases are on record of an attacking party capturing a battery, and being in turn driven from it, though not without first spiking the guns. When Paul Jones undertook the destruction of the English shipping at Whitehaven, his first movement on landing was to seize the forts, and render the guns useless in the same way. The only defences of the harbor thus rendered harmonies by a stroke of daring which required but a few minutes to accomplish, he could proceed unmolested to the work of destruction. The great point achieved by spiking a gun is to make it unserviceable for the time being. Even a temporary interruption of its fire is of the utmost importance. But no spiking yet invented has been able to do more than temporarily disable the gun, though various contrivances have been suggested, some, however, making its restoration more difficult than others.

A favorite mode of spiking is by driving a rat-tail file into the vent, and breaking it off. If the spike be an ordinary nail, made of soft iron, the drill will readily remove it; while the hard steel of the file will require far greater time and labor. The steel spike, rough and jagged, with a soft point, is also used. If broken off even with the surface of the gun, and the point clinched inside by the rammer, removal is made more difficult. If the spike happens to be so small as to fit in losely, it may be driven out by gunpowder; but but if it be made of hardened steel, with an accurate fit to the vent, and is driven in with great force, neither drill nor powder will remove it. A patent spike was brought out in England during the Crimean war, which claimed to make a gun permanently unserviceable. It consisted of a rod of finely-tempered steel, turned to fit the vent but to move freely in it, and terminating in a forked spring in the bore of the gun. It was contended that this spike could not be drilled out, because it would turn with the drill. But though this were true, yet its inventor forgot the important fact that the forked points in the bore could be cut off by a single blow on a cold chisel. When a spike is so fixed as to tender extraction very difficult, the remedy is to drill a new vent, which may be done without impairing the usefulness of the gun. To do this a competent machinist will require some three hours, or more or less according to the size of the gun. But all spiking of the vent is admitted to be only a temporary expedient to render artillery unserviceable at the moment. Yet even this has often been found productive of the most important results.

When time is afforded, such as the deliberate abandonment of a military work, spiking at the muzzle is sometimes adopted, and when thoroughly done, with far greater embarassment to those who subsequently come into possession. A shot is driven into the bottom of the bore by wrapping it with felt, or using iron wedges and employing an iron rammer to drive the ball home. When this is done to an iron gun, the only method of unspiking it is to bore a hole in the breech and drive the ball out, closing the hole with a screw, To do this, the gun, in most cases, must go back to the foundry. In brass guns, which usually have vent-pieces, these can be taken out and the ball expelled by wedges. Various modes for destroying cannon are adopted. Shells are sometimes exploded in them, while heavy charges are put in others, over which sand or shot is rammed to the muzzle, and bursting follows. One piece is sometimes fired against another, muzzle to muzzle, or the muzzle of one to be chase of the other. In iron guns the trunnions are broken off; with brass ones, a fire is lighted under the chase, and when struck with a heavy sledge while heated, the gun is bent and disabled. Had time been allowed Colonel Anderson to destroy the cannon in Fort Moultrie before abandoning it, there can be little doubt, from his long experience as an artillery officer, that the would have left to the rebels a legacy of crippled guns unfit for anything but the foundry.

A Lesson in Obedience.

"Jack! Jack! here, sir! hie on!" cried Charlie, flinging his stick far into the pond. Jack didn't want to go; it wasn't pleasant swimming in among the great lily leaves, that would flap against his nose and eyes, and get in the way of his feet. So he looked at the stick and then at his master, and sat down, wagging his tail, as much as to say, "You're a very little boy, but there was no need of you're throwing the stick in the water, and I don't think I'll oblige you by going after it."

But Charlie was determined. He found another switch, and, by scolding and whipping, forced Jack into the water, and made him fetch the stick. He dropped it on the bank, however, instead of bringing it to his master; so he had to go over the performance again and again, until he had learned that when Charlie told him to go for the stick he was to obey at once.—Charlie was satisfied at length, and with Jack at his heels, went home to tell his mother about the afternoon's work. He seemed quite proud of it. "It was pretty hard work, mother," he said. "Jack wouldn't mind at all until I made him; but now he knows that he has to do it, and there'll be no more trouble with him, you'll see."

"What right have you to expect him to mind you?" asked his mother quietly.

"Right, mother! Why, he is my dog! Uncle John gave him to me, and I do everything for him. Didn't I make his kennel my own self, and put hay in it?—And don't I feed him three times a day? And I'm always kind to him. I call him 'nice old Jack,' and pat him, and let him lay his head on my knee. Indeed I think I've the best right to have him mind me!"

His mother was cutting out a jacket. She did not look up when Charlie had finished; but going on steadily with her work, said slowly, "I have a little boy.—He is my own. He was given to me by my Heavenly Father. I do everything for him. I make his clothes, and prepare the food he eats. I teach him his lessons and nurse him tenderly when he is sick. Many a night have I set up to watch by his side when fever was burning him, and daily I pray to God for every blessing upon him. I love him. I call him my dear little son. He sits on my lap, and goes to sleep with his head on my arm. I think I have 'the best right in the world' to expect this little boy to mind me, and yet he does not, unless I make him, as I would make a dog."

"Oh, mother!" cried Charlie, tears starting to his eyes, "I know it was wrong to disobey you, but I never thought before how mean it was. Indeed I do love you, and I'll try—I really will try—to mind you as well as Jack minds me."

"Dear Charlie," said his mother, "there is a great difference between you and Jack. You have a soul. You know what is right, because you have been taught from the word of God; and you know, too, that the Devil and your wicked heart will always be persuading you to do wrong.—That is a trouble which Jack cannot have, but neither has he the comfort you have; for you can pray to our dear Savior for help, and he will teach you to turn away from Satan, and to love and obey Him alone. When you learn to do this you will not find it difficult to be obedient to me; for it will be just the same as obeying God, who has said, 'Honor thy father and thy mother;' and where we truly love it is easy to obey."

For the Curious.

The greyhound runs be eyesight only, and this we observe as a fact, the carrier-pigeon flies his two hundred and fifty miles homeward by eyesight, viz., from point to point of objects which he has marked; but this is only our conjecture; the fierce dragon fly, with twelve thousand lences in its eye, darts from angle to angle with the rapidity of a flashing sword, and are rapidly darts back—not turning in the air, but with a dash reversing the action of his four wings, and instantaneously calculating the distance of the objects, or he would dash himself to pieces. But in what confermation of his does this consist? No one can answer.

A cloud of ten thousand gnats dance up and down in the sun—the minutest interval between them—yet no one knocks another headlong upon the grass, or breake a leg or a wing, long and delicate as they are. Suddenly—amidst your admiration of this match less dance—a peculiarly high-shouldered, vicious gnat, with long, wendant nose, darts out of the rising and falling cloud, and settling on your cheek, inserts a poisenous sting. What possessed the little wretch to do this? Did he smell your blood in the mazy dance? No one knows.

A four-horse coach comes suddenly upon a flock of geese on a narrow road, and drives straight through the middle of them. A goose was never yet fairly run over, nor a duck. They are under the very wheels and hoofs, and yet somehow they contrive to flap and waddle off. Habitually stupid, heavy and indolent, they are, nevertheless, equal to any emergency. Why does the lonely woodpecker, when he desends his tree and goes to drink stop several times on his way—listen and look around—before he takes his drought? No one knows.

COMIC STATE OF THINES AT MONTGOMERY.—A capital without any capital. A President without any precedent. A Secretary of the Treasury without any treasury. A Secretary of the Navy without any navy. A Secretary of the Interior without any interior. A Secretary of Foreign affairs without any foreign affairs. A Postmaster-General without any post-office. A Judiciary without any judgment; in fine, an Administration without head or tail.—*N. Y. Leader.*

COLD COMFORT FOR THE GIRLS.—A Western editor says that marriages will certainly be fewer this year than they have been for years back A large share of the marriageable young men are off for the seat of war, and the rebellion of Jeff Davis will work the ruin of more girls' prospects than it will make widows.

☞ An English lady declares that ever since she wore ear-rings, her 'caring has been improved.

☞ Contradictory.—To tell your horse to "get up" when you are driving him down hill.

☞ National air of the Southern Confederacy.—"The Rogue's March."