



ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1860.

Where parties are unknown to us, our rate for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the Altoona Tribune, and the most influential and largest circulating newspapers in the United States and the Canada. They are authorized to contract for us at our lowest rates.

Baltimore Convention.

The Democratic National Convention, which met in Baltimore on Monday week, did not prove any more harmonious than when it met at Charleston, in May. In fact it was evident to every observer of political movements that the two factions could not be harmonized, and we believe there were but few who went to Baltimore, either as delegates or spectators, that expected such a result. The first five days of the Convention were spent in passing upon the right of the seceding delegates from the Charleston Convention to seats on the floor of this Convention. In numerous cases the seats were contested by delegates elected to fill their places, by those who were dissatisfied with the seceders. Before the Committee on Credentials and upon the floor of the Convention a war of words was waged by the contestants, which in two or three instances led to knock down arguments, and it was thought one would lead to a resort to the code duello, but with the adjournment of the Convention it is to be hoped that all will be forgotten.

Everything in regard to delegates has been fixed up by Friday evening, the theatre in which the Convention was held was packed to its utmost capacity, as it was thought that the balloting would then be commenced. A motion was circulated that Douglas had withdrawn, but this was not credited. A motion was made to proceed to ballot and another to adjourn. Then came a storm, in the midst of which Mr. Russell, of Va., announced his secession from the Convention. Mr. Lander, of N. C., followed announcing the secession of a majority of his delegation. Mr. Ewing, of Tenn., announced the secession of a portion of his delegation. California, Oregon and a part of the Maryland delegation bolted. During this time immense excitement prevailed. Several States formally left in whole or in part, after which the Convention adjourned.

On the assembling of the Convention on Saturday morning, Caleb Cushing, President of the Convention, resigned his seat to David Todd, of Ohio, Vice President. The President said that the majority of the delegates who elected him President had withdrawn from the Convention, and therefore he deemed it his duty to resign.

Mr. Todd having restored order, the Convention proceeded to ballot for a candidate for President. The first ballot resulted as follows: For Douglas, 173; Breckenridge; 5; Henry A. Wise; 1; Bock 1; Dickinson 1; Guthrie 9; Seymour 1. Total vote 191.

Douglas having received two-thirds of all the votes cast, a motion was made to declare him the nominee, but the Chairman decided that he would not declare any person the nominee unless he received 201 votes, without the Convention should direct otherwise. The resolution was withdrawn for another ballot.

On the second ballot Douglas received 179; balance scattering. Pennsylvania voted 10 for Douglas, 7 for Breckenridge, 2 for Guthrie, and 7 refused to vote. On motion Douglas was declared unanimously nominated, after which the convention adjourned.

On the assembling of the Convention in the evening, Hon. Benjamin Fitzpatrick, of Alabama, was nominated for Vice President, after which Mr. Richardson, of Illinois, announced that Mr. Douglas accepted the nomination.

The seceders met at noon, on Saturday, in the Maryland Institute. The Convention was called to order by Mr. Ewing, of Tennessee, and Mr. Russell, of Va., was chosen Chairman. In taking his seat he declared that the Convention which met elsewhere had lost all title to the designation of National, and that the present was the true National Democratic Convention

and would so be recognized by the North, South, East and West.

On the call of the roll the following States were found to be represented in whole or in part—Vermont, Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Mississippi, Arkansas, Missouri, Tennessee, Kentucky, Iowa, Minnesota, California, Oregon—22 States.

The committee on permanent organization reported the name of Hon. Caleb Cushing for President of the Convention.

The question of admitting delegates having been decided, the Convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for President. Breckenridge, of Ky., Hunter, of Ala., Dickinson, of N. Y., and Lane, of Oregon, were placed in nomination. The names of Hunter and Lane were afterwards withdrawn, and the Convention proceeded to ballot, as follows:—

Whole number of votes cast, 105. For Mr. Breckenridge 81 For Mr. Dickinson 24

The States which had cast their votes for Mr. Dickinson then withdrew, giving the full vote of the Convention (105) to Mr. Breckenridge.

On motion, Gen. Joseph Lane, of Oregon, was nominated by acclamation, for Vice President.

Gov. Fitzpatrick having declined the nomination as Vice President, the National Democratic Committee have substituted Herschel V. Johnson, of Georgia. The ticket now stands:—

For President—Hon. Stephen A. Douglas. For Vice President—Herschel V. Johnson, of Georgia.

At a serenade given to Hon. John C. Breckenridge, at Washington, on Monday evening last, he appeared and made a speech in which he signified his acceptance of the nomination tendered him.

Under the head of "A Douglas Noon at a Yancey midnight," the Baltimore correspondent of the Forney's Press tells the following good one on our cotemporary of the Ebersburg, Mountaineer:— We commend Noon for his pluck in not letting the Yanceytes cry him down.— Who knows but Noon may yet be able to fill Tombs place in other places as well as he did at the "Yancey Midnight." Here is the item:—

"A good mistake occurred at the Yancey balcony. There being loud calls of 'TOOMBS,' 'TOOMBS,' Mr. Noon, editor of the Cambria (Pa.) Mountaineer, who was near by, mistook the sound, and, wondering at his sudden and extensive popularity, thought he was called for.— 'TOOMBS,' 'TOOMBS,' amid the clamor, was 'NOONS,' 'NOONS,' to his ear.— With feelings which can be imagined better than they can be described, he made his way to the front of the balcony, and, thanking his fellow-citizens for their wise impartiality, proceeded to make a strong Douglas speech. In vain did the Yancey men strive to interrupt him. In vain was he pulled by the coat-tail, nudged in the ribs, caught by the elbow. The people, equally in the dark as himself cheered him, and more than overbalanced the attempts of the Yancey men to cry him down. He continued in an emphatic Douglas vein, and the whispered importunities of friends and foes around him to desist, telling him that he was in the wrong place, could not convince him. So he made his speech, feeling that the people knew best.

The Atlantic Monthly for July came duly to hand. This number contains quite a number of interesting and entertaining articles, among which we note "A Legend of Maryland," "Hunting a Pass," "More Words about Shelley," "The Professor's Story," "Vanity," &c. In fact anything you find in the Monthly is worth reading. Price \$3 per annum. Ticknor & Fields, publishers, Boston.

We have received the second number of the Cosmopolitan Art Journal for this year. To those who are regularly in receipt of this publication it is not necessary to recommend a perusal of the literary selections therein, or a glimpse at the fine engravings it contains. To those who are not subscribers we would say subscribe at once. Price \$2.00 per annum. Published at 648 Broadway, New York, by the Association.

Arthur's Ladies Home Magazine for July is a very excellent number, containing a beautiful steel engraving entitled "The Gleaners," a handsome fashion-plate, and other engravings, together with good selections in the literary department. Price \$2.00 per annum. T. S. Arthur & Co., Philadelphia.

Asa Smith, author of "Smith's Illustrated Astronomy," has prepared a diagram of the Eclipse of the Sun, July 18, 1860, with various explanations and calculations, which will be forwarded to any direction by enclosing one dime and a three cent piece to Asa Smith, Post Office Station E, 8th Avenue, New York.

The Great Ship.

The public waits with a subdued curiosity the arrival of these waters of the Great Ship. This costly experiment has added something to the sum of human knowledge in the art of naval architecture, but it is chiefly of a negative character. It is what she is not, rather than what she is, for any useful purpose, that she will be studied by the man of science and the political economist.

Nevertheless, she is a great curiosity, and if her huge bulk shall succeed in crossing the bar, where even the Pemmigon sometimes touches, and she shall run safely into the inner bay, she will excite a very lively interest. She is the largest thing of man's contrivance that has ever floated upon the waters, and could carry beneath and upon her capacious decks, not only all that Noah took with him into the ark, but the ark itself. The ship is built of iron, in ten water-tight compartments, and of double walls. Her measurement is about 23,000 tons. In length she is 692 feet, in depth about 60 feet, in breadth 85 feet, and across her paddle-boxes 114 feet. Her weight is about 80,000 tons. She carries seven masts, on which may be spread 12,000 square yards of canvas; in her rigging was used 79 tons of hemp rope, and 20 tons of mixed wire and hemp. She carries 16 anchors, weighing from one to seven tons, and 100 fathoms of chain cable. Her paddle-wheels are 56 feet in diameter, and a ponderous shaft of 160 feet in length and 60 tons in weight, moves a screw with a diameter of 24 feet. The engines which drive these wheels and screw have a united power of about 12,000 horses, or 57,500 men, a force sufficient for all the machinery of Manchester. Her full consumption of coal is about 250 tons a day. When fully manned she requires 4,000 men, and can carry 4,000 passengers of the usual distribution of first, second and third class; or, as a transport ship, she could take 10,000 troops.

Within the ample dimensions of her interior, she could accommodate more guests than the eight or ten first-class hotels of this city, which range from 200 to 1,000, and she could receive with some comfort the entire population, men, women and children, of a very large proportion of the towns in this State.

She is undoubtedly a sight worth seeing. In England, nine months ago, the people flocked to visit her in tens of thousands, and had she made then a successful voyage hither our countrymen would have shown the same enthusiasm. But the enthusiasm she excited then was for an idea. It was the gigantic conception, the supposed victory over the elements, the improvement in science, the immense stride in mechanical appliances, and the new triumph in a commercial age. It was not the mere fact that a huge ship was afloat, that aroused the interest she then excited.— She has not answered to this expectation; and she sinks to the level of a remarkable exhibition. At the office door of her proprietors in London is the sign "The Great Ship." She is great in dimensions and appliances, and great in the magnitude of her unfulfilled promises, but in nothing else.—N. Y. Tribune.

The Albany Express, in a little bit of gossip in relation to John Dean, the New York coachman, and his "Mary Ann," the daughter of the late John A. Boker, says:—

"We think the statement that Mrs. Dean is poor is a mistake. A deceased uncle left each of Mr. Boker's four children \$50,000. Mary Ann has already or will shortly have, that sum at her own disposal. Mr. Boker left an estate valued at over \$800,000. He disinherited Mary Ann and a son who had always taken her part and thus offended the father. But it is understood that neither the two children who were favored, nor the mother, share in the sentiment of Mr. B., and, doubtless, the estate will in the end, be equally divided. Mary Ann's only sister made a very similar match—marrying the porter in her father's store. But he had so much prejudice in favor of his countrymen that he forgave the offence."

PROVING HIMSELF.—The Boston Traveler tells a pleasing tale of financial ingenuity. A gentleman, it seems, held a check of considerable amount on one of the city banks. On presenting it, the teller not knowing the party, declined payment. The gentleman asserted that he was born and brought up in the city, but in vain; the teller was an unpliant as a spoke in the "Hub of the Universe" should be, and insisted upon proof. Finally the gentleman stepped into a private parlor, and after undergoing a slight disrobing process again appeared, triumphantly displaying a corner of his shirt, whereupon his name was legibly written in full. The teller was content, and the money was paid. This is initiating a style of card, which, however well it may answer for purposes of identification, would certainly be inconvenient to leave with a friend.

A SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE.—We find in the Memphis Avalanche of the 12th instant, the following: A man named Vann, engaged in fishing near Charley Morris's Pacific Place, on Friday last, caught a very large catfish, which was placed in a box containing several others of the finny tribe, where it remained for some time. While the fisherman was engaged in removing the fish he discovered a hand which evidently had belonged to a lady, and which, it is supposed, was disengaged by the large fish. The hand, we are informed, has the appearance of having been burned, but, with the exception of being slightly discolored, it is as natural as life, and emits no smell. It is presumed that the hand is a portion of the body of one of the unfortunate ladies lost by the burning of the T. A. Lacy.

PLAYING CARDS FOR A WIFE.

A constable in Williamsport, Indiana, while paying a visit to a young lady a few miles away, proposed a game of euchre as the evening's entertainment, which was accepted by the young lady. When the cards were dealt the young lady proposed a "flyer" of fifty dollars to which the constable demurred. The young lady protested that she would never play with a gentleman unless there was some stake up, but the gent still demurred, when, as a compromise, the lady proposed that they would play, and if she beat him he should marry her, which the gallant constable couldn't do otherwise than accept. At it they went, and the lady proved to be the winner. The constable was invited to stay all night, and in the morning they would proceed to the quire's and be made one flesh. He pleaded pressing business and went away. She followed him to his father's and stayed there three days without seeing the young man, when a compromise was effected by paying the disconsolate lady two hundred and fifty dollars to fill the breach.

A REPROOF FROM THE ANTIPODES.—The Polynesian, published at Honolulu, copies in its columns an account of a tragedy not long since enacted in one of our southwestern courts, and warns its readers against lapsing into similar barbarism. It discourses very seriously upon the state of society which prevails in the United States and rejoices in the fact that murder is of comparatively rare occurrence in Oahu.— This voice from the Antipodes should not be disregarded. Some years since we sent our missionaries to Christianize the Sandwich Islanders; if they, in turn, find it necessary to send emissaries to civilize us, it augurs very little for the progressive state of morals in this quarter of the globe. It is not at all unlikely that the next missionary we send to the Feejee Islands will rebound. Another century may see tattooed Evangelists admonishing us of the evil of our ways, and urging us to repentance.

Travelers upon sleeping cars will do well to exercise some precaution as to any valuables they may have in keeping. This style of traveling offers peculiar facilities for thieving operations, and presents strong temptation to those in attendance. A lady traveling on the New York Central Road a few days since, on rising in the morning, missed \$100, which she had placed in a small bag under her pillow.— The male "chambermaid" tho' she could not have lost so much as that—and on examining further she found \$40 of the missing money in the bottom of the bag. She left the car to go for the conductor of the train, but was called back by the "chambermaid," who had found \$60 more "on the floor." The lady was so glad to recover this that she did not pursue the inquiry for the other \$10. Travelers generally will do well to profit by this example.

It has been shown from reliable data that "if the entire products of the vineyards of Europe were exported to supply the natural trade of the city of New York alone, it would not be sufficient."— The French are compelled to resort to imitation, to supply this deficiency, and the consequent result is that but few brands exported to this country from France are free from adulteration. "The city of New York alone sells three times as many pure imported brands, and four times as many pure imported wines annually as all the wine producing countries of Europe export."

SINGULAR CHAIR.—Quite an ingeniously constructed chair has been presented to Mr. Lincoln. It is composed of thirty-four varieties of timber representing the thirty-three States and Kansas, the names of which are inscribed upon the several pieces respectively. The two main posts of the chair are Hickory and Ash, in commemoration of the "Old Hero" of Tennessee, Kansas, with her afflictions, is represented by a limb of a Weeping Willow; and in a similar manner appropriately throughout the whole.

PEN AND SCISSORS.—Plenty—Star-gazers on Friday afternoon last. The tallest man in the Chicago Convention was Mr. Bunker, of Indiana, measuring six feet eleven inches. "The victory is not always to the strong," as the boy said when he killed a polecat with a brickbat. Pike's Peak don't pay. It has turned out an unusual number of beggars, who are begging their way from it.

A man named Jesse Adams, of Boggs tp., Centre county, recently died from the effects of a boil which came out on his chin a few days previous. Old Bachelor faces would like to know what kind of a broom the young woman in the last novel used, when she swept the raven ringlets from her classic brow. The wife and child of Mr. Isaac Garrison, who removed from Clearfield county to Iowa, lost their lives during the late tornado which swept over that country.

Mr. Joseph Hall, of Rochester, the owner of the famous stallion, George M. Patchen, has just refused \$25,000 for him. He values him at \$30,000. It is a well authenticated fact that a lady in Connecticut, when last confined, was delivered of a young child. Her husband is the partner of a celebrated revival.

The German Lutheran Church, in Johnstown, was struck by lightning during a storm on Monday week, and the dome almost entirely demolished. Out—the new fashion adopted by the ladies to lengthen their dresses, which are too short for the expansive hoops now worn. About again—the "model" conductor, Jim Cramer. The rheumatic has pretty much left him, and he hopes to be able to take his place after the 4th. Glad to hear it.

Another religious daily paper is to be started in New York, called the Daily Message. Like the World, the editor of the paper will be only one cent. The building in which the post office is kept at Clearfield county, was struck by lightning on Saturday morning week, and the contents of the office completely scattered.

The Lewistown Gazette says a little girl in that neighborhood was taken dangerously ill a few days since, from eating candy which contained peach kernels instead of almonds. This shows the adulteration resorted to by manufacturers, and hence some colored or purporting to

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A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free of the Agents—Pills sent by mail, promptly, by enclosing price to the General Agent. Sold by Druggists generally. R. B. HUTCHINGS, GENERAL AGENT, Sold in Altoona by G. W. Keeler; in Hollidaysburg by Geo. A. Jacobs. [Dec. 8, 1859.]

!!!DEATH!!! TO EVERY FORT AND SPECIES OF VERMIN. Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator. Electric Insect Powder, &c. DESTROY THE VERMIN! Rats—Roaches—Mice—Moles—Ground Squirrels—Ants—Moths—Worms—Flies—Insects on Plants—Insects on Animals, &c., &c.—in short every form and species of VERMIN.

10 years established in New York City—used by the City Post Office—the City Prison and the City Jail—the City Steamers, Ships, &c.—the City Hotels, "Astor," "St. Nicholas," &c.—and by more than 20,000 private families. Druggists and retailers every where sell them. Wholesale Agents in all the large Cities. Regular sales, 50c, 100c, and \$1 boxes, bottles, &c. Sold by all of the principal druggists, chemists, &c. Boxes, bottles and fluid, and take nothing but "Cash." \$1.00 boxes sent by mail. \$2.00 and \$5.00 boxes for Plantations, Hotels, &c., by express. Address orders—or for "Circulars to Dealers"—to HENRY R. COSTAR, PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 410 Broadway, N. Y. Sold by G. W. Keeler, Altoona, March 28, 1860.

BLOOD FOOD! BLOOD FOOD! We have varied feelings in reading the advertisement of Dr. Broussard's Blood Food, in another column; but we think gratification predominates; for, though we regret to see so celebrated a man counting forward, even in appearance, and in some degree of good faith, by resorting to advertising—yet we take satisfaction in the fact that there is a reliable preparation before the public for that most melancholy and fatal disease—Consumption, and other organic complaints.

Dr. Broussard is a lecturer in our Medical College, and his success in his specialty has been so wonderful that he has been consulted, at various times, by the regular and irregular practitioners, to make it known, as he is doing, for the benefit of suffering humanity.

He has secured for Agents, however, a firm whose respectability separates entirely his preparations from all those of quackery. Messrs. CURTIS & DREW are his sole managers, as they are also for the most improved preparation, Dr. Ewing's PAINLESS CURE. It is needless to say that the great care taken in putting up the article—some idea of which they can form by comparison of it with any other article of the kind—they would prefer it to anything that has ever been offered them. For our own part, if we had a child suffering, we would not hesitate to administer this preparation, and we think that each and every druggist would not engage in quackery that was not perfectly safe and beneficial.—Quack Gazette. See advertisement.

For sale by A. BOEHM, Altoona, Pa. BERHAYE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. A Medicine of long tried efficacy for purifying the blood, and essential for the foundation of good health, and for correcting disorders of the stomach and bowels—such as Indigestion, HEADACHE, HEART-BURN, LOSS OF APPETITE, ACIDITY, BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, WATER-BRASH, CHOLERA, CONSTIPATION, COLIC, PILES, SWELLENED ANTERIOR, &c.

In Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic affections it is frequently administered with marked success. Two or three doses will convince the afflicted of its salutary effects.—The stomach will specially require its strength, a healthy action of the liver, bowels and kidneys will regularly take place, and renewed health be the quick result.

Mexican Mustang Liniment. It is a well known fact that the success which has attended the use of this liniment, in the treatment of all kinds of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, sprains, bruises, stiff joints, or colds, sprain, Pains, Erysipelas, and Swellings upon Horses, is not equal. No person will be without who has once tested its value. And with reference to the general estimation of the Mustang Liniment, we can cheerfully say that no article ever performed so well in our neighborhood as this. W. SHIPLEY, Ridgefield, Conn. B. LEITCH, Elm, York, Pa. It is worth saying, that the horse was considered worthless, (his case was so bad,) and since the free use of the Mustang Liniment I have sold him for \$100. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here. Such testimony is reaching us every day. The half is not told. Every family should have it. Beware of imitations. The genuine Mustang is sold by all respectable dealers throughout the world. BARNES & PARR, Proprietors, New York.

Nature is the great physician. This is now admitted by the medical profession, as a fundamental principle of healing science. It is wisely provided by the human economy, that whenever anything is wrong in the human system, the natural forces of the body are brought to bear to expel the disease. The great aim, therefore, is to strengthen the natural powers. This has been kept in view by the skillful compounders of Dr. J. HOEFTER'S BITTERS, which operates to give fresh vitality to all the organs of the body. The effect of this medicine upon the stomach, the liver and the kidneys, are prompt and decisive. The patient who is wise enough to quit drinking, and try the Bitters, soon feels as if he had taken a new lease of life, and he continues the use of the article, he is enabled to find the source of health coursing through his veins. Let all afflicted with the "Bleeding of the Bowels," or Dr. J. Hoeft's Bitters a trial. Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere.

See advertisement in another column. "On that the SEW OF SUGGESTION" should be made into parchment, and written on to the undying of man" (quoth Shakespeare). He might also have depicted the routing of men's forms by the uncouth manager in which some ungracious tailors butcher up the cloth made from the wool grown in those same hampshire cloth which so perfectly the art of working up into the form of the forms of its wearers, call at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. of all Sixth, Philadelphia, and examine their stock of garments for gentlemen and youths.

TOOTHACHE. This disease can be cured by Epper's Toothache Remedy, and well so as to set off to the best advantage the form of its wearers, call at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. of all Sixth, Philadelphia, and examine their stock of garments for gentlemen and youths.

Special Notices. INPECTINE. THE PERSIAN FEVER CHARM. For the prevention and cure of Fever and Ague and Malaria Fevers. This wonderful remedy was brought to the knowledge of the present proprietors by a friend who has been a great traveller in Persia and the Holy Land. While going down the river Euphrates, he experienced a severe attack of Fever and Ague. On discovering his condition, one of the Boatmen took from his person an Amulet, saying, "Fever die, no Fever will touch you." Although incredulous as to its virtues, he complied, and experienced immediate relief, and has since always found it an effectual protection from all malarial complaints.

On further investigation he found that the toaman attributed to its miraculous powers, and said that "it could only be obtained from the Priests of the Sun. Sometimes afterwards, the gentleman in conversing with a Priest obtained from him the secret of its preparation, and ascertained where the medicinal herbs were found, of which it was compounded. The wonderful virtues of this article have indeed a full belief in the minds of the natives in the miscellaneous healing powers of their Priests. His return to America, it has been tried with the happiest effect by several ladies and gentlemen of high character, who have given it the most unqualified praise.— This remedy having been a specific in Persia for hundreds of years, for the prevention and cure of Fever and Ague, and Malaria Fevers—is now offered to the American people, and will be sent by mail, prepaid, with full directions for use, on receipt of one dollar. Principal Depot and Manufactory, 188 Main St., Richmond, Va. Branch Office, Bank of Commerce Building, New York. Address JOHN WILCOX & CO. June 28, 1860.

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He has secured for Agents, however, a firm whose respectability separates entirely his preparations from all those of quackery. Messrs. CURTIS & DREW are his sole managers, as they are also for the most improved preparation, Dr. Ewing's PAINLESS CURE. It is needless to say that the great care taken in putting up the article—some idea of which they can form by comparison of it with any other article of the kind—they would prefer it to anything that has ever been offered them. For our own part, if we had a child suffering, we would not hesitate to administer this preparation, and we think that each and every druggist would not engage in quackery that was not perfectly safe and beneficial.—Quack Gazette. See advertisement.

For sale by A. BOEHM, Altoona, Pa. BERHAYE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. A Medicine of long tried efficacy for purifying the blood, and essential for the foundation of good health, and for correcting disorders of the stomach and bowels—such as Indigestion, HEADACHE, HEART-BURN, LOSS OF APPETITE, ACIDITY, BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, WATER-BRASH, CHOLERA, CONSTIPATION, COLIC, PILES, SWELLENED ANTERIOR, &c.

In Nervous, Rheumatic and Neuralgic affections it is frequently administered with marked success. Two or three doses will convince the afflicted of its salutary effects.—The stomach will specially require its strength, a healthy action of the liver, bowels and kidneys will regularly take place, and renewed health be the quick result.

Mexican Mustang Liniment. It is a well known fact that the success which has attended the use of this liniment, in the treatment of all kinds of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, sprains, bruises, stiff joints, or colds, sprain, Pains, Erysipelas, and Swellings upon Horses, is not equal. No person will be without who has once tested its value. And with reference to the general estimation of the Mustang Liniment, we can cheerfully say that no article ever performed so well in our neighborhood as this. W. SHIPLEY, Ridgefield, Conn. B. LEITCH, Elm, York, Pa. It is worth saying, that the horse was considered worthless, (his case was so bad,) and since the free use of the Mustang Liniment I have sold him for \$100. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here. Such testimony is reaching us every day. The half is not told. Every family should have it. Beware of imitations. The genuine Mustang is sold by all respectable dealers throughout the world. BARNES & PARR, Proprietors, New York.

Nature is the great physician. This is now admitted by the medical profession, as a fundamental principle of healing science. It is wisely provided by the human economy, that whenever anything is wrong in the human system, the natural forces of the body are brought to bear to expel the disease. The great aim, therefore, is to strengthen the natural powers. This has been kept in view by the skillful compounders of Dr. J. HOEFTER'S BITTERS, which operates to give fresh vitality to all the organs of the body. The effect of this medicine upon the stomach, the liver and the kidneys, are prompt and decisive. The patient who is wise enough to quit drinking, and try the Bitters, soon feels as if he had taken a new lease of life, and he continues the use of the article, he is enabled to find the source of health coursing through his veins. Let all afflicted with the "Bleeding of the Bowels," or Dr. J. Hoeft's Bitters a trial. Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere.

See advertisement in another column. "On that the SEW OF SUGGESTION" should be made into parchment, and written on to the undying of man" (quoth Shakespeare). He might also have depicted the routing of men's forms by the uncouth manager in which some ungracious tailors butcher up the cloth made from the wool grown in those same hampshire cloth which so perfectly the art of working up into the form of the forms of its wearers, call at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. of all Sixth, Philadelphia, and examine their stock of garments for gentlemen and youths.

TOOTHACHE. This disease can be cured by Epper's Toothache Remedy, and well so as to set off to the best advantage the form of its wearers, call at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. of all Sixth, Philadelphia, and examine their stock of garments for gentlemen and youths.

Special Notices. INPECTINE. THE PERSIAN FEVER CHARM. For the prevention and cure of Fever and Ague and Malaria Fevers. This wonderful remedy was brought to the knowledge of the present proprietors by a friend who has been a great traveller in Persia and the Holy Land. While going down the river Euphrates, he experienced a severe attack of Fever and Ague. On discovering his condition, one of the Boatmen took from his person an Amulet, saying, "Fever die, no Fever will touch you." Although incredulous as to its virtues, he complied, and experienced immediate relief, and has since always found it an effectual protection from all malarial complaints.

On further investigation he found that the toaman attributed to its miraculous powers, and said that "it could only be obtained from the Priests of the Sun. Sometimes afterwards, the gentleman in conversing with a Priest obtained from him the secret of its preparation, and ascertained where the medicinal herbs were found, of which it was compounded. The wonderful virtues of this article have indeed a full belief in the minds of the natives in the miscellaneous healing powers of their Priests. His return to America, it has been tried with the happiest effect by several ladies and gentlemen of high character, who have given it the most unqualified praise.— This remedy having been a specific in Persia for hundreds of years, for the prevention and cure of Fever and Ague, and Malaria Fevers—is now offered to the American people, and will be sent by mail, prepaid, with full directions for use, on receipt of one dollar. Principal Depot and Manufactory, 188 Main St., Richmond, Va. Branch Office, Bank of Commerce Building, New York. Address JOHN WILCOX & CO. June 28, 1860.