The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1859.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

Political Abuse.

Last week's issue of the "*Democrat and Sentinel*," a Durbin paper, published at Ebensburg, Cambria county, comes ladened with low abuse and false inuendoes against the Peoples' candidate for Senator in this District. If the writer of the editorials of that paper expects that by such a course he will further the prospects of Mr. Durbin, he is very much mistaken. After the manner in which he commented on the attack of the Johnstown *Tribune* on Mr. Durbin, we thought he would be the last man to indulge in anything of the kind; but it seems that his fear, or indignation got the better of his judgement and betrayed him. Here, where Louis W. Hall resides—where he is well known to every man in the town and surrounding country, we say to the *Sentinel* that not one man can be found, of any political party, but will admit that he is an honest man, an able advocate and a well-read lawyer—a man whose private character is above reproach. The vote he will receive here next Tuesday, at the hands of all parties, will show that the people of Altoona esteem their neighbor and will fitly rebuke the *Sentinel* man's false insinuations.

This journal has taken no part in the present political contest, further than to recommend a neighbor and friend—a citizen of our town—to the conference, as a suitable candidate to be placed in nomination for Senator. We did so because we believed him better qualified than his competitors, as well as from a feeling of local pride. Not one word have we said against the private character of Mr. Durbin, nor do we intend to; but we do not believe (and this we say in the kindest manner) that Mr. D. is qualified to represent this district in the Senate. This we have been told by good and honest Democrats, and we have never heard it denied except in a party paper. Even in the excitement of a political campaign, no man has pretended to say that Louis W. Hall is not qualified to represent us in the Senate and to adorn that body.—Admitting this to be so, we are for Mr. Hall because he is the better suited for the position.

The same paper charges him with being the Attorney for the Pa. R. R. Co., and says as he is *paid* for that, he would go to Harrisburg to do the bidding of the Company. A fine specimen of logic, truly. Capital reasoning, ain't it reader? Suppose he is a Solicitor for the Pa. R. R. Co., is it wonderful that it pays him for his services? If Mr. J. or any other Attorney of Cambria county, is employed to defend a horse-thief, is it to be inferred that he will steal a horse if the horse-thief should bid him do so? Preposterous presumption. But that is what the logic would lead to, placing the Company in the same category which the *Sentinel* would seem to do. That paper is hard put to for arguments, or else the editor is *extremely acute*.

We say to our readers, independent of party, rebuke the vile slanderer of your neighbor, Col. Hall, by giving him such a vote in this place as no man ever before received. He will legislate fairly and honestly for you all, unbiassed by partizan feelings, for we have never known him a bitter party man. The day has gone by when elections are to be carried by false stories, or by strict party drill, no matter who the candidate for the suffrages of the people may be. The ballot box is understood to express the popular will of the county, district or State, where the election is held. Let the popular will be fairly expressed in this district—let the people vote for the candidate most fit to represent them, and who will best attend to their interests, and L. W. Hall will be triumphantly chosen.

QUALIFICATIONS OF VOTERS.—The law requires a person who claims the right to vote, to have been a citizen of this Commonwealth "at least one year, and in the election district at least ten days immediately preceeding such election, and within two years, to have paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election: But a citizen of the United States, who has previously been a qualified voter of the State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the Election District, and paid taxes aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. But citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in the election district ten days, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote although they shall not have paid taxes."

THE STATES UNION HOTEL.—While in Philadelphia last week, during the Fair, we, together with several of our citizens, had the pleasure of stopping at the States Union Hotel—JAS. W. POWER, Proprietor. We have never stopped at a house where the "accommodations for strangers and travelers" were as good as at the above hotel. The table is *the* table of the city, and the proprietor, Col. Power, appears to make it his whole study to please his guests. We advise all our readers who contemplate visiting the city to pitch right into the States Union Hotel, and the good things to be had there.

THE ARTISAN.—We have received two or three copies of a paper bearing the above title, published at Cincinnati, by the American Patent Company. It is an exceedingly neat paper of eight pages and is well filled with matter of interest to all, but especially to inventors and mechanics. The low price at which it is published, $1,50 per year, should place it in the hands of every mechanic in the country, and they could not invest the same amount of money to the same advantage in any other way. Address American Patent Company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

CALIFORNIA ELECTIONS.—The latest arrival from California brings intelligence of the State election held on the 7th ult., which has resulted in the undoubted choice of Milton S. Latham, the Lecompton Democratic candidate for Governor, by perhaps 20,000 majority. Scott and Burch, (L. D.) are also probably elected to Congress, although it is stated their opponents Baker and McKibben (who received the united vote of the Republicans and Anti-Lecompton parties) have the benefit of a slight doubt in their favor.

Methodism and Slavery.

The division of the Methodist Episcopal Church in this country, several years ago, through the slavery question, did not settle that question in the Northern division. Several Conferences, located in the slave States, adhered to the Northern division, under a promise that the "General Rule" of the Church, relative to slavery, would not be disturbed. This rule simply forbids the buying and selling of human beings. The membership of the Church, within the Conferences alluded to, embraces many slaves and slave holders. The latter are content with the Rule of the Church as it exists, having no disposition to sell the slaves now owned by them, or to add to their stock of human chattle by the purchase of others. The Conferences of many of the Free States, however, have within the last year or two expressed an unwillingness to extend church fellowship to those who, under any circumstances, will hold a human being in slavery, or will, to any extent, support the institution of slavery. These Conferences have agitated a change of the general rule, by the next General Conference, so as to exclude from the membership of the Methodist Church North all persons owning slave property. The question seems to have been pretty well discussed by the clergy and the organs of the church. The conferences this year elect the delegates to the General Conference, and enough elections have been held to warrant the opinion that there is great probability of the Rule being changed.—If it is, the Southern Conferences attached to the Northern division will at once withdraw, and then must follow another vexatious distribution of the property of the church.

We notice that in some sections societies, consisting of clergymen and laymen, are being organized to prevent, if possible, this second division of the Methodist Church. The design, we presume, is to bring an outside pressure of sentiment to bear upon the General Conference.—Among the declarations of these societies is the following:—

"We are convinced that instead of altering the General Rule on slavery, and thereby making a new condition of membership, the true policy of our Church in its legislation on the subject is, to add to the chapter on slavery such provisions as shall define more strictly the duties of masters to their slaves, and gradually fit the slave to assume the position of a freeman.

The *Christian Advocate* of Cincinnati, one of the organs of the Church, is opposed to the proposed alteration of the general rule.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

MYSTERIOUS POISONING CASE.—It is reported that on Tuesday afternoon, a little boy handed Miss Rebecca Stull, a young girl, of McVeytown, an apple, stating that it was the gift of a young man, whose name he was not permitted to give. She ate the apple, and was shortly after seized with violent sickness, accompanied with all the symptoms of poison. Drs. Worrall and Vanvalzah were speedily called, and succeeded in saving her life, though had they arrived five minutes later she would have been past recovery.

☞ Ralph Waldo Emerson says that when a man claims more consideration than his faculties entitle him to, he is a politician. Emerson himself then has as fair a title to be considered a politician as any man we know of.—*Louisville Journal.*

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Plenty—Agricultural Fairs this week.

☞ The cure of luxury is poverty.

☞ Good education is the foundation of happiness.

☞ Reported—that the Portage Iron Works were to be started last week.

☞ The Weekly Harrisburg *Telegraph* has been enlarged and improved.

☞ Bare-faced—that "Bear vs. Bare" pun in the Johnstown *Echo*, of last week.

☞ Which is the best at *drawing*—an artist, a dentist, a horse, a star-actor, or a tapster?

☞ Horace Greeley returned home, from his overland trip to California, on Monday evening of last week.

☞ The eleven English cricketers beat the twenty-two Canadian cricketers, at Montreal, on Saturday and Monday, 24th and 26th ult.

☞ In blast—the Blair County Agricultural Fair, at Hollidaysburg, and the Huntingdon County Fair, at Huntingdon.

☞ Why is there no difference between ladies' fair and fair ladies? Because they both attract the beaux.

☞ Left—Old Billy Smith, who opened a restaurant in the room under J. & J. Lowther's store, "pulled up stakes" and left a week or two since.

☞ Do—Our young friend Geo. M. Smith, who kept a confectionary store a few doors below 'tother Smith, has sold out his stock and vamoosed. Good-by, Smithies.

☞ Pardoned—Hocker, convicted some three years since of murdering a man in Williamsburg, and sent to the Penitentiary, has been pardoned by Gov. Packer.

☞ James Pitt is a candidate for office in Georgia. One of the Georgia papers says that he has "little speed and no bottom." He is the "bottomless Pitt," we suppose.

☞ A son of Michael Boyle, of Millville borough, Cambria county, while getting nuts in the woods, a short time since, ate some poisonous substance, from the effects of which he died shortly afterwards.

☞ Excursion tickets are now being sold from this place to Huntingdon Fair, Blair County Fair, at Hollidaysburg, Conemaugh Valley Fair, at Blairsville, and Cambria County Fair at Ebensburg.

☞ A number of our merchants have been to the city and laid in their supplies of Fall Goods. Of course, if they expect to sell them, they will give notice of their arrival through our columns next week.

☞ Horace Greeley thinks the cheapest method of managing the Indian affairs of California, and perhaps the most humane, would be to *hunt and shoot down* all the Indians from the Colarada to the Kiamath.

☞ The expense of running the caloric engine used in printing the Cincinnati *Penny Press* has been for six months but $15, while that of steam would have cost upwards of four hundred dollars.

A LIVE ALLIGATOR.—Among the many curiosities on exhibition at the Huntingdon County Fair, is a genuine live Alligator, sent from Alabama, as a present to Master William Dorris. So we learn from the *Globe*.

☞ A Premium for Rat Scalps.—Parts of Illinois are so terribly infested with rats that one of the county agricultural societies—that of Logan—has offered three premiums of $50, $30 and $20, for the three largest exhibitors of rat scalps at their fair.

☞ Mr. Alex. De Armitt, of Gaysport, was stabbed by a man named White, while settling a partnership account over which they quarrelled. White drew a knife and stabbed De Armitt in the hip, fortunately touching no dangerous part. White immediately fled.

☞ Leslie, the fellow who hired a number of ladies to go South as teachers, swindled them out of their money and baggage at New York, was arrested at Washington and brought to Philadelphia for trial, and was sentenced to three years hard labor in the Penitentiary.

☞ As the season for putting up stoves has again arrived, we should like to have the names of those who go through the operation with the use of sundry expletives. It is said that no man can put up a stove pipe without an oath either express or implied, therefore we should like to have the names of those who can do so, just to let people know who are the good natured men of the town.

☞ Great Human Endurance.—A slave in Marion county, Georgia, recently stole $300 and fled. He was pursued for *thirty-six hours*, and kept constantly on the run. As one party would give out fresh pursuers would take their place, and he was thus kept unceasingly on the run for the space of time above mentioned, when he fell dead in his tracks, with a bowe-knife clenched in his fist.

☞ Sacred Relics.—In the grading of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Central Railroad, at Chadd's Ford, the bones of a large number of soldiers who fell at the Battle of Brandywine, have been dug up. A number of men having on the Hessian uniform were dug up.—The buttons on the uniforms were made of lead, and were not much defaced. The bones of one man were dug up measuring six feet six inches.

☞ There are already three vacancies in the Thirty-sixth Congress, before it has even assembled. Hon. Thos. L. Harris, (dem) of the sixth Illinois district; Hon. Cyrus Sprinck, (rep) of the fourteenth Ohio district; and Hon. William O Goode, of the fourth Virginia district, have all died since their election. Special elections will be held in each of these districts this fall, so that their successors can take their seats at the opening of the session.

☞ The strike of the four thousand coal diggers in the Pennsylvania mining districts has resulted unfavorably for them. At a meeting of the coalmasters, held at McKeesport, last week, resolutions were adopted which pledge the owners to employ no man who belonged to the "Equal Justice" Societies established by the strikers. It was also determined to raise subscriptions for the assistance and protection of such miners as are willing to return to work.

Mellanchoy Occurrence.

Our citizens were startled early on Saturday morning last by the announcement that James Platt, of Ennisville, Huntingdon county, a private in the "Jackson Artillery," was mortally wounded by a shot from a musket in the hands of Edward Mills, of Patterson, a private in the "Ringgold Infantry," at the Camp Ground, on the previous night between 9 and 10 o'clock.—Mr. Mills was on duty as a Sentinel, and was strictly charged not to permit any person to pass the line without giving the countersign.—Mr. Platt approached the Camp, and was challenged by Mr. Mills with "Who goes there?" to which the former replied, "Hold on, stranger—I want to speak with you," and walked towards the latter. When within a few paces of him, Mills ordered him to stop, and was in the act of charging bayonet, when his foot struck a stone, the concussion of which discharged the musket, the contents entering the abdomen of Platt. The musket was loaded with an eight-penny nail, which entered the left epigastrium, pierced the stomach, passed on through the body, and made its exit about an inch from the vertebral column, inflicting a ghastly wound. Mills immediately surrendered himself, and was placed under guard. On the following morning, after an investigation, he was released, all the facts elicited showing that the discharge of the gun was accidental. Drs. Worrall and Van Valzah were sent for without delay to dress the wounds of Mr. Platt, and were unremitting in their attentions to him, exerting all that medical and surgical skill could suggest, until Monday afternoon, when he expired.

Both Mr. Mills and Mr. Platt were esteemed in their respective homes as quiet, sober, respectable, inoffensive men—both are married men, the latter having a wife and three children—and both are members of the Methodist church, the former, it is said, a class leader.—While the sympathy of the whole community is extended to the bereaved family of the deceased in their deep affliction, the sore distress and bitter agony experienced by Mr. Mills over the unfortunate occurrence, enlist for him the warmest feelings and commiseration.

Mr. Platt, upon his death bed, exonerated Mr Mills from all blame.

The remains of Mr. Platt were taken to Milroy, in this county, where he formerly resided, for interment. His funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, the Red Lion Hotel.

P. S.—Since writing the above, Mr. Mills has been arrested by the civil authorities, but, upon a hearing before Judge Wilson, was permitted to enter into a recognizance for his appearance at November Court.—*Lewistown Dem.*

AN INFERNAL MACHINE.—The Chautauque *Democrat* learns that Judge Chamberlain, of Randolph, recently received a package from some place in Pennsylvania, by mail. The package looked as though it might have contained miniature likenesses, but upon removing the outside wrapper, the Judge became suspicious of a certain string that seemed to be connected with the contents of the package. He called in a neighbor, and the package was carefully opened, and found to contain two pistols loaded with powder and ball, capped and cocked, the string communicating with the triggers.—The Judge has strong suspicions as to who was the friendly donor of this valuable present.

☞ The enterprising editors of the San Antonio (Texas) *Herald* have lately imported from New York a steam engine, which, besides doing the work of the office, is used in connection with a mill for grinding corn. The editors justify themselves for this strange procedure by the following logic:—"If any explanation should be though necessary why we have somewhat unceremoniously entered into a field of labor somewhat foreign to the newspaper business, we have merely to say, that our engine has been procured at a heavy outlay, as our printing will only occupy a very small proportion of its time, we have attached the mill to it to assist in lightening our expenses."

☞ Our Government pays the Choctaws and Chickasaws $800,000 in consideration of a perpetual lease of territory from them, on which to locate the Wichitas, Camanches and other wild tribes of Indians. The Camanches of the Texas reserve have already reached there, together with the Wichitas, and other small tribes, who appear to be satisfied with their new homes.—The Choctaw and Chickasaw country embraces, in all, 20,500,000 acres, equal in value to any Western teritory. There are 8,000,000 acres now set apart out of this for the location of the Wichitas, Camanches and other wild tribes of Indians.

☞ A Boston hay dealer has been detected in a curious fraud. The hay was so loaded that a person could crawl into a hole left near the bottom of the cart, and in this place a colored man in the employ of the hay speculator, was in the habit of concealing himself while the hay was being weighed. Of course the live freight was upon the top of the load when it was delivered, and the purchasers little suspected that either themselves or the animated one hundred and fifty pound lump before them had been sold. Some of the purchasers have paid for him a dozen times over, and begin to think it about time to take possession.

SHREWD.—An insurance agent in this city tells the following in illustration of the verdancy of a gentleman in Pike county, Indiana, with whom he had effected a policy of insurance:—"In the list of printed questions in the company's blanks there is one like this: "Ashes—how kept?" The Pike county gentleman was burned out, and after the fire discovered this question in his policy, and, resolving to make a sure thing of this premium, wrote our informant something in this wise: "Dear Sir, I was burned out on the—day of—, and, according to your laws, I have kept the ashes. They are in barrels; what shall I do with them?"

SERVED HIM RIGHT.—Mr. Elisha B. Smith, a democratic candidate for Congress, has recovered $2,000 from Mr. Stewart, editor and proprietor of the Binghamton *Republican*, for alleged libel. Mr. Stewart alleges that he published in his paper, in aid of the Republican candidate, Mr. Henry Bennet, matter reflecting upon Mr. Stewart, and for which Bennett promised to pay and to shield the editor from any unpleasant consequence; but Bennett, it seems, backed out, and the unfortunate editor has lost two thousand for putting his trust in politicians.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.—A Kansas paper gives an account of two men, father and son, named Frost, from Pottsville, Pa., who, returning from Pike's Peak, nearly starved to death, when relieved by Lieut. Griffin and two soldiers from Fort Riley, who went with provisions to them. The Frosts had been at an abandoned express station for eight days, living on grasshoppers and mildewed corn picked up among the excrements of animals that had been fed at the station. They caught twenty to thirty grasshoppers every morning until too weak to do so, and made a stew of grasshoppers, corn, and buffalo hide.

THE CHINESE WAR.—It is stated by the Chinese, in justification of their murderous attack on the English and French, that they attempted to ascend the wrong mouth of the river. It is said also that the commercial men at Shanghai all condemn the hasty and ill-advised proceedings of the English. The Americans are highly praised for their assistance in towing up boats, taking care of the wounded, and supplying fresh meat and vegetables.

A Man shot while taking his own Fruit.

The Chatham (C. W.) *Planet* narrates the following singular and mournful incident;

On monday morning last, Joseph Smith, Esq., of the Lake Shore Raleigh, was accidently shot by his servant girl. From the evidence adduced at the inquest and from the neighborhood around, it appeared that Mr. Smith, who was an excellent and extensive agriculturist and horticulturist, had of late been greatly annoyed by persons trespassing upon his premises and stealing therefrom any choice fruit they may be able to find. Every means almost had been tried to put a stop to these depredations, but without effect. Therefore on Sunday last, after talking the matter over, and referring to his grapes, of which he had a fine lot just getting ripe, Mr. S. addressed his servant girl while at the tea table, and said to her, "Now, Julia, I'm going for the cows; you take the gun, which is loaded with shot, and shoot the first person who comes to the grapes;" after uttering which he proceeded on to the pasture. Having brought up the cows, instead of coming back the usual way, from some unknown reason—probably to see if thieves were about—came through the garden, and directly between the rows of grapes behind which the girl was stationed with the loaded gun at full cock. According to the girls testimony, she "did not see Mr. Smith, but saw some one's legs when I shot." He cried out, "Oh, my God! what have you done?" and fell down, the whole charge taking effect on the inside of the thigh, completely severing the femoral artery. The poor, frightened girl, scarcely knowing what she did, tied a handkerchief round the wounded limb, to stop, if possible, the great flow of blood. But all remedies were ineffectual, and the unfortunate man breathed his last before assistance could be procured to remove him to the house.

☞ The frightful accident on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, briefly mentioned by telegraph, is thus chronicled by the Cincinnati *Press:*

As the ten o'clock night train was passing along the banks of the canal, a short distance below Delhi, and about twelve miles from this city, on Saturday last, a rotten tie gave way under the weight of the engine, which caused a rail to break. The engine, however, passed over in safety, but the baggage car tore up the rail, thereby throwing the train off the track, the first car falling bottom side up, full twenty feet off. The second car was thrown partly off and was badly broken. The third was capsized into the canal, and partly filled with water, and would have been entirely submerged and the passengers drowned, had the coupling given way; fortunately this was not the case, although all state that under the circumstances it is impossible to conceive how it held together against the shock it received. The cars were twenty minutes behind time, and were going at the rate of about thirty miles per hour.

Twenty-seven passengers were more or less injured—one of them, an old lady named Snyder, fatally.

SLIGHTLY MISTAKEN.—On the occasion of the Aurora Borealis, one night last week, a man named Houton, of this Borough, was led into the belief, by the great light, that dawn was approaching, and being an early riser, he proceeded to the Agricultural Fair Grounds to mow the grass off a patch large enough for the Cricket Clubs to display their skill upon. After mowing awhile he was much astonished to find it growing darker and finally, on going home, and consulting a mantle piece, he found it to be only two o'clock.

Another gentleman desiring to have his marketing at the railroad station in time for the early morning train, hitched up his horses and found himself of the Depot shortly after midnight, much disappointed as he felt sure the sun was about to rise when he started.

A farmer, a short distance from West Chester, wishing to make a full day at plowing, geared his horses, and commenced his work.—Ere long it grew darker and darker; and he was obliged to unhitch his teams and return home. He was much surprised to find it but little after mid-night.—*Westchester Record.*

A ROBINSON CRUSOE DOG.—A very large Newfoundland dog, by some means, drifted on a rock just below the Niagara Falls, and which cannot be descended without assistance, except on the side next to the rushing waters. He has been there for two years, and cannot escape without assistance. A daring attempt was once made to rescue him, but was rendered fruitless by his ferocity. His midnight howl is often heard. He is a kind of Robinson Crusoe among dogs, and, it is supposed, picks up his precarious living from the fish and small animals on his "beat," which is only half a mile in length.

INTENSE GRIEF.—Some five or six months ago, the idolized babe of a worthy couple residing in Camden died, and such was the poignant anguish of the mother, that she was almost frantic, and would not permit it to be removed from her sight. The necessity for burial become apparent, but it was thought that if its remains were interred, the mother herself would die. The corpse was kept some time in the house, preserved in ice, and no hopes being entertained of the mother's infatuation being dissipated, it was put into alcohol, and is yet kept within sight of the mother.

☞ Here is a story told by the *Providence Post:*

"A clergyman from a town near Providence and one of his elderly parishioners were walking home from church one icy day last winter, when the old gentleman slipped and fell flat on his back. The minister, looking at him a moment, and being assured he was not much hurt, said to him: "Friend, sinners stand, on slippery places." The old gentleman looked up, as if to assure himself of the fact, and said, "I see they do; but I can't."

NEW GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE.—The undersigned would beg leave to announce to the citizens of Blair county and vicinity that he has opened his new Store *on Virginia street, three doors below the Superintendent's Office*, where he has just received from the East and West a large assortment of

Foreign and Domestic Liquors,

consisting as follows:

French Otard Brandy, Cognac Brandy, Peach Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Old Burgundy Wine, Old Port Wine, Jamaica Rum, Holland Gins Old Rye Whiskey, Monongahela Whiskey, and Rhine Wine,

which he has himself imported. Retailers of Liquors and Farmers will find it to their advantage to buy of him, as he will sell at CITY PRICES.

He will also keep constantly on hand an assortment of

GROCERIES,

Such as Flour, Bacon, Salt, Fish, Tobacco, Segars, Syrup, Sugar, Coffee, &c., &c.,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash or Country Produce. Our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Altoona, May 26, 1859.-tf LOUIS PLACK.

MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR, A SAFE SHIELD AGAINST THOSE fearful diseases Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lungs, which arise from the exposed state of the Chest, *according to fashion* and the continual changes of our climate, for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances, for sale at the Drug Store of

Jan. 24, '59-tf] G. W. KESSLER.

Iron City College

$40.00

Pays for a full course in the Iron City College, the large most extensively patronized and best organized Commercial School in the United States.

Four Large Halls;

For Writing, Commercial Calculations, Book-Keeping and Lectures.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any Business and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1,000.

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premium for Best Writing

Awarded this Institution. The best and greatest variety of Penmanship in any one Hall of the Union, is found here.

☞ Ministers Sons received at half price.

For full information, Circular, Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing and Embellished View of the College, enclose five letter stamps to F. W. JENKINS.

Sept. 22, 1859.—1y. Pittsburgh, Pa.

IRON FINGER NAILS FOR HUSKING CORN.—Gould's Patent Husking Thimble is the only implement known that will entirely protect the fingers from the evils of excoriation, &c., common to husking corn by hand.

We are now in possession of over 200,000 letters of approval, over the signatures of reliable farmers and planters in different localities in the U. S., equally as flattering as the following.

READ! READ! READ!

THE HUSKING THIMBLE CAN'T be BEAT.

MESSRS GOULD & CO—Sirs:—I send enclosed $1 for six pairs of your celebrated Husking Thimbles. I bought a pair of you last fall and I have used them for husking ever since. If there are any who don't think worth while to buy a pair, let them tear their finger nails off; for one, I won't. They will outwear anything of the kind I ever saw, and for husking they can't be beat.

Yours truly, WM. MORROW

Tiro, Crawford Co., O., Nov. 5th, 1858.

BETTER THAN ANY MACHINE.

MESSRS. J. H. GOULD & Co.—Gents; find enclosed $1.00 for six pairs of your patent Husking Thimbles of the sizes represented by the measures enclosed. I used a pair last year and I prefer them to all the great, small, and little giant Corn Huskers. Yours Respectfully, A. H. BELL.

Hillsboro Montgomery Co., Ill. Nov. 27th, 1858.

THE HUSKING THIMBLES ARE ALL WE REPRESENT THEM TO BE.

J. H. GOULD & Co.—Alliance Ohio—Gentlemen; I received in good order the six pairs of Husking Thimbles and can say that they are all that is represented of them. I have distributed them among my neighbors, and could have sold a great many if I had had them in season. I will myself, or get some one to do so, apply for an agency for their sale in Central Iowa next season.

Yours &c., SAMUEL S. DYER

East Desmoines Polk Co., Iowa, Dec. 20th, 1858.

PRICES.

The Husking Thimbles are sent by mail (post paid) to any P. O. address for one dollar per dozen (six pairs). Assorted sizes with circulars, directions for using &c., by express for five dollars per hundred, (50 pairs.) Circulars giving wholesale terms to those desiring to become agents, sent for one letter stamp.

AGENTS WANTED. Money sent by mail at our risk. Orders filled with promptness.

Address J. H. GOULD.

Dec. 12, '59—4t. Alliance Ohio.

GREAT CENTRAL LITERARY EMPORIUM,

NO. 1, "ALTOONA HOUSE," ALTOONA, PA.

WHERE MAY BE HAD ALL THE popular Publications of the day, as follows:

New York Ledger, New York Mercury, New York Weekly, Scientific American, New York Waverly, Flag of Our Union, True Flag, American Union, Saturday Evening Post, Dollar Newspaper, Sunday Dispatch, Sunday Mercury, Waverly Magazine, Frank Leslie's Pictorial, Harper's Weekly, Ballou's Pictorial, Frank Leslie's Ill. German Paper, The Illustrated World, (German,) The New York Clipper, National Police Gazette, United States Police Gazette, Boston Pilot, Irish American, Home Journal, Banner of Light, Spiritual Telegraph, Weekly Tribune, Porter's Spirit, Life Illustrated, Frank Leslie's Budget of Fun, Yankee Notions, Altoona Tribune, Nix Naz.

DAILIES:

Philadelphia Press, New York Herald, Public Ledger, New York Tribune, Pittsburgh True Press, New York Times, North American, Pittsburgh Chronicle, Evening Bulletin, Evening Argus, Pennsylvanian.

To which will be added the new publications as they appear. Magazines, Novels and Romances, Miscellaneous Books, School Books, Copy Books, Slates, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Drawing and Tissue Paper, Blank Books and in fact every thing in the Stationary line. Toys, Notions and Games of every variety, Pictures and Picture Frames, &c.

☞ A choice lot of CONFECTIONERIES, of every variety. Also, TOBACCO and SEGARS of the best quality.

N. B.—We are sole Wholesale and Retail Agent, in this county, for ROHN'S CELEBRATED SALVE. It does positively cure all sores to which it is applied. Try it.

7-tf.] H. PETTINGER.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE 25 MILES from Philadelphia by Railroad in the State of New Jersey. Soil among the best for Agricultural purposes, being good loam soil, with a clay bottom. The land is a large tract, divided into small farms, and hundreds from all parts of the country are now settling and building.—The crops produced are large and can be seen growing.—The climate is delightful and secure from frosts. Terms from $15 to $20 per acre, payable within four years by installments. To visit the place—Leave Vine Street Wharf at Philadelphia at 7½ A. M. by Railroad for Hammonton, or address R. J. Byrnes, by letter, Hammonton Post Office, Atlantic County, New Jersey. See full advertisement in another column.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS KNOWING themselves indebted to the firm of Runyan & Sanford, will please call and settle their accounts without delay, as ample time has been given. In thirty days hereafter, all accounts unsettled will be placed in the hands of a proper person for collection.

Altoona, July 28, 1859.-3t RUNYAN & SANFORD.

The undersigned feels grateful for the patronage heretofore bestowed on the firm and himself by the citizens of Altoona, and expects still to serve the public with all kinds of meat as usual. All persons failing to settle their accounts every thirty days, must not expect longer indulgence. My capital is limited, and long credits will soon place me where others are that have indulged so much credit to their ruin. MARTIN RUNYAN.

NEW WALL PAPER, FOR AUTUMN 1859.

Gold Embroidered papers for Parlors, new style. Beautiful papers for Halls, Chambers and panels. Cheap Wall Papers, from 6¼ cts. upwards. Window Shades, Testers, Borders, &c.

W. P. MARSHALL & CO.,

AT THEIR OLD STAND

No. 87 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

STRIPED FRONT,

Have facilities possessed by no other house West of the Mountains for obtaining newest styles, in refined taste, and at low prices, from the best French and American manufacturers. [Sept. 22, '59.]

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by her, on the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona. The House is a good Two-Story Frame Building, containing a Hall, Parlor, Dining-Room and Kitchen on the first floor, four good sleeping rooms on the second floor, & a finished Attic. The lot is in good order.

Persons wishing to view the premises and obtain further information will call upon the subscriber.

MARGT. M. McCRUM.

Altoona, Aug. 11th, 1859-tf.

ALTOONA NURSERY.—The Subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has now on hand at his Nursery, various kinds of *FRUIT TREES*, ready for transplanting this Fall, consisting of *Apples, Peach, Plum, Prune, Gage and Apricot Trees*, grafted in the root. All trees warranted.

Altoona, July 14, '59-3m R. B. TAYLOR.

GRAPE growers can carry on their business most successfully at Hammonton, free from frosts. Some forty Vineyards set out the past season. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands, in another column.

SHOE Business and Factories can be carried on profitably at Hammonton. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands.

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.