The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 22, 1859.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

Insurance and Advertising.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* having noticed in a cotemporary, a notice of a meeting to be held for the purpose or taking measures for the relief of a man whose property has been destroyed by fire, comments thereon in a style which exactly meets our views, and we therefore appropriate the remarks and commend them to the attention of every reader. The *Bulletin* says:—Without in the least impugning the motives of the kind hearted neighbors who have taken the matter in hand; nay, with the hope that he who has lost may be speedily again in prosperity, we would still point out the very bad policy of such a return to the old Roman system of repairing losses by fire. One of the greatest of modern institutions is that of insurance. He who owns a house incurs by that owning the duty of insuring it. It is a duty which he owes to himself, his children and the whole community. It is not a matter of opinion, or something in which it is optional to take the risk; it is a thing which positivety *should* be, and what is more, it is something which will be legally enforced in the coming generation, when true and just views of social economy prevail.

We know that there is hardly a man in ten thousand, even among the most intelligent, who fully admits this, and yet a little reflection must convince any one of its truth. On what is prosperity based, if not on stability and reliability of income? What makes panics? Irregularity and unsteadiness of employment—factories shut up at one time by influx of foreign manufactures, and industry fighting its way along, at one time rising, and at another falling. What contributes more to make a man shiftless, immoral and poor, than an irregular business?—Even the possession of property is subject to ups and downs. Insurance corrects this. There is scarcely a phase of precarious income or property which Insurance will not correct. By means of it thousands sleep securely who would otherwise be continually worried. It enables the farmer to think with less apprehension of the loss of cattle, it keeps ships from becoming total losses, it keeps the widows and orphans from poverty and utter wretchedness. Like everything which tends to confer stability on society, it aids morals; and, by the way, we may remark that this question of morality depends infinitely more on the steady, stable prosperity of a community than anything else. The parent whose future is secure, can from that minute begin to calculate on a career for his children.

Few persons are aware of the amount of research into facts which has been made in order to perfect the truly wonderful science of Insurance. It goes down into the very foundations and involves delicate and untiring investigations of the finest fibred of social life. It calls to its aid the whole array of the harshest and driest facts in existence, and it melts again into romance and poetry; for more than one curious article has been written to illustrate these latter points. And the most elaborate study of life and of human success, in all its phases, simply shows this that every one ought to insure. The very habit of regularly devoting a per centage of one's gains to some object, is a valuable habit, for it induces regularity. The same principle is applicable, indeed, to advertising. He who insures and advertises, persistently and steadily, may run a dollar to a million as certainly as that the sun will rise to-morrow. The advertising gives propelling power, the insurance keeps him from losing. A perfectly authenticated instance has just come to our knowledge of a firm which began two years ago the manufacture of an article of general use, yet not more likely to sell than a thousand others of which the world hears daily. The first year this firm spent twelve thousand dollars over their receipts in advertising. The result was that they have made, clear profit, during the present year, about seven hundred thousand dollars. One fact like this speaks volumes in favor of following out courageously a fixed principle.

Justice Foiled.

The massacre of schagticoke which occurred by the breaking of Schagticoke bridge, on the Albany Northern Railroad, is no doubt still fresh in the memory of most of the readers of the *Tribune*.—Shortly after the accident, we noticed that the Coroner's Jury had found a verdict to the effect that the bridge was unsafe, that the managers of the road had been warned of it but had neglected to repair it, that through their neglect the accident had occurred, and that they should be held accountable. The press then loudly demanded the severe punishment of those who had trifled so with the lives of the hundreds committed to their charge each day; and a distinguished and wealthy gentleman of New York city, who was aboard the train at the time of the accident, assumed the part of prosecutor. We have now to report that Mr. William White, the President or lessee and manager of the road, has been arraigned before the Grand Jury on a charge of criminal negligence as regards the case in question.—The evidence adduced is understood to have been clear and indisputable, showing the utter rottenness and unsafety of the bridge, which had been fully brought to the knowledge of the accused. The jury, nevertheless, refused to find a bill of indictment for manslaughter, the vote being ten to eight—lacking two of the requisite number of jurors to indict.

It is currently rumored that this result was effected by the strenuous efforts on the part of the railroad and its agents, in the shape of promises and threats—Whether it be so or not, the end is evidently not yet. The gentleman referred to above—Mr. Fuller, if we rightly remember his name—has expressed a determination to push the case to the fullest extent, to seek from any and every court which can take cognizance of the affair, that reparation which is so justly deserved, and, not least, to arraign the managers of the road before the tribunal of public opinion. It will probably be brought before another Grand Jury; and it is to be hoped that the result will be more in accordance with the rights due to our traveling community.

Are You Assessed?

We think it the duty of every man to see that his name is on the assessment list ten days prior to the second Tuesday of October, and likewise his bounden duty, as a citizen of a free and independent country like ours, where officers are selected by the people, to go to the polls and cast his vote for the man whom he thinks best qualified to discharge the duties appertaining to the office for which he is a candidate. The omission of duty is, in many instances, as reprehensible as the commission of crime. We hold that no man has a right to stray away from the polls, but that he is called upon by all he holds dear and sacred to go up and possess himself of a privilege bought for him with the blood of as true men as ever took up arms in defence of their country. It is by and through the ballot box and the elective franchise that our liberties are to be perpetuated unto us, therefore we dare not be derelict in maintaining them pure. Selfish men who have some object to gain in certain events, never stray away from the polls, and it therefore becomes the more necessary that honest voters should attend to counteract dishonest schemes.—Again we say, see that you are assessed on or before Saturday week, October 1st, which is the last day it can be attended to. John McClellan is the assessor for the borough of Altoona.

RAILWAY TELEGRAPH.—A very important improvement is reported recently to have been made in the way of railroad telegraphs, by means of which, whenever anything becomes deranged, an accident occurs, or a bridge takes fire, the trains approaching in either direction can be notified at whatever speed they may be travelling. By this means, one accident need not be the cause of another; and it is so contrived that a watchman at any station on the road can give the alarm ten miles in either direction, and communicate the fact to the principal office at the same time.

THANKS.—Hon. David Taggart, President of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society, has kindly furnished us with tickets admitting ourselves and ladies during the approaching Fair. He has our thanks; and should he be the nominee of his party for Governor next year, will get our votes, *propided*, a man we know of is not nominated on the other side.

MAINE ELECTON.—An election was held in this State on Monday week for Governor and Members of the Legislature, and resulted in the re-election of Lot M. Merrill, Republican candidate for Governor, by an increased majority, and an increased Republican supremacy in the Legislature.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Scarce as true piety—Local Items this week.

☞ The Brooklyn Post office, was robbed on last Friday night. All the letters were opened, and about $3000 dollars stolen.

☞ Moses, seeing a chap hoeing and another mowing, in the same field, remarked that their occupations were decidedly *hoe-mow*-genious.

☞ Douglas Jerrold calls woman's arms "the serpents that wind about a man's neck, killing his resolution."

☞ Fact—a person who puts aside religion for worldly pursuits, is like one who takes off his shoes to walk on thorns.

☞ A company of Zouaves has been formed in New Orleans, their commander having served in one of the corps in the Crimea.

☞ The man who won a thousand dollars on a fight between a saw-horse and a hydraulic ram, recently lost all his money on a mill-race.

☞ A deserted damsel struck her lover with a poker, exclaiming with sobs, "You have broken my heart and I'll break your head, sir."

☞ "Old Bullion" once said, "Douglas can never be President, Sir! His coat tail is too near the ground, Sir! too near the ground, Sir!"

☞ George Klink was recently lynched at Lafayette, India., by a party of men, for ill-treating his child. He received one hundred lashes from a rope's end.

☞ At a christening while the minister was making the certificate, he happened to say—"Let me see, this is the 30th." "The thirtieth!" exclaimed the indignant mother; "indeed it is only the eleventh!"

☞ A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* states that a subterranean fountain of rock oil has been discovered at Sistersville, Pa., which yields 400 gallons of pure oil in twenty-four hours.

☞ The house of Mr. Samuel Wallace, on the line of the Rail Road between Birmingham and Spruce Creek, was burned to the ground on Saturday week. It caught from a stove pipe which passed through the roof.

☞ According to an official return of the Austrian Government, just published, the total loss of the army in Italy, in killed, wounded and prisoners, was 1,164 officers and 48,500 men.

☞ The Illinois *State Journal* says: "We are informed that sales of corn in the field have to some extent been mane at $5 and $7 per acre. Before the late rains the price asked was $9 per acre."

☞ The editor of the Kittanning *Free Press*, states that many persons were badly frightened by the auroral display. Some imagined that the world was about to end, and declared that they *smelt brimstone!* May be they had a good reason for it.

☞ Ex-Governor David R. Porter, of Harrisburg, has been elected Vice President of the Sabine and Rio Grand Railroad Company, and designs leaving for Texas in the course of a month or two, to enter upon the duties of his office.

☞ The number of visitors at Saratoga this season, have been twenty-three thousand and eighty-four, against eighteen thousand four hundred and sixty-seven for the same period last year—showing an increase of four thousand six hundred and sixteen.

☞ Wm. L. Morgan, of Pottsville, Warren county, Indiana, says that seed from the butt end of an ear of corn will ripen its product all at the same time, and some three weeks earlier than from seed from the little end of the same ear. He recommends farmers always to break their seed corn ears in two in the middle, and use the butt ends only for seed.

☞ The Auditor General, State Treasurer and Attorney General announce that they will attend, at the room formerly occupied by the Canal Commissioners at Harrisburg, on the 3d day of October, to examine all claims not heretofore passed upon by the Canal Commissioners, for services rendered and material furnished to and for the Main Line for six years previous to its passing into the hands of the Pa. R. R. Co.

☞ The eccentric Englishman who joined Garribaldi's corps, from pure love of shooting at such high game as Austrians, always took out his memorandum book, and made a note on't, every time he brought down one of the enemy. The results of his season of shooting counted up twenty-five killed certainly, and ten more under the head of "uncertain." Among other recruits, Garibaldi had two Frenchmen, members of the Paris Jockey Club, five Americans, a few Germans, and one Chinaman.

☞ Lent's circus, while exhibiting at Patterson, New Jersey, a short time since, was attacked by a gang of rowdies, who persisted in occupying the ring and thus preventing the performance, which was of course stopped. This gave the rowdies a pretext on which to demand a return of their money. Their demand not being complied with, they made an attack upon the canvass of the dressing tent and property of the company. The tent was cut to pieces and the trunks and boxes broken open and the contents carried away.

☞ The Huntingdon *Globe* says that Dr. I. S. Griffits, of that place, recently removed a cancer, almost of the solidity of a stone, from the neck of a man, and took it home with him, intending to preserve it in alcohol. Not having alcohol at hand, he put it it a bottle of tanglefoot whiskey, and in forty-eight hours afterwards there was nothing to be seen of it, the whiskey having eaten it up. Quere—If tanglefoot whiskey will eat up a cancer of that description in 48 hours, how long will it take the infernal stuff to eat out the stomach of a man? Those who imbibe it should consider the matter.

The Late Aurora in Europe and in the Tropics.

The Aurora Borealis of August 28-29 was seen in Europe as well as in this country. The London *Daily News* of the 29th says:

"Early this morning, between twelve and one, a most brilliant display of the above phenomenon was observed, extending from the western hemisphere to the northwest, and reaching to the zenith. The appearance in the west was that of a large fire, but in the north and northeast it was of a violet color, and flashes of light of the same color darted along the heavens with great brilliancy. This beautiful display lasted for about an hour, and then gradually died away, leaving a serene and unclouded autumnal sky."

In Cuba, according to the N. O. *Picayune*, the display was also fine. That journal says:

"All our exchanges, from the northern coast of the Island of Cuba (from the southern side we have none so late), come to us with glowing descriptions of the recent Aurora Boreallis, which appears to have been as bright in the tropics as in the northern zones, and far more interesting. At Havana it made its appearance a few minutes after 9 o'clock, and in the most approved style, not as here, gradually crimsoning over the sky, but, quick as thought, it shot up, and in a moment spread over the whole northern zone, from the horizon to the zenith. At first it was very brilliant but at half-past nine it begun to lose somewhat of its coloring, as it did of its length, and at ten it disappeared altogether. The sky was as clear as before.

"At one in the morning it made its appearance again in the same sudden and luminous manner, and at the same great height, but it disappeared as suddenly and mysteriously a few moments after, only, however, to appear again. And now began the most interesting period of the phenomena. The sky was no more, or at least for a moment, completely lit up from the horizon to the pole, but the light came and went, now here, now there, now in this direction, now in that, and each time varying in outline and brilliancy. During the three hours which followed it seems to have had almost every longitude possible in its field, and to have described every possible figure. Finally about half-past four in the morning, only yielding to the true Aurora, it disappeared altogether.

"But twice before have the Northern lights been seen in Havana within the remembrance of the oldest inhabitants—the first, November 14, 1789, the second, November 17, 1848—both in the same month, a curious fact which has been duly noted by the wandering islanders. It is likewise remarked as curious facts, that the aurora of 1789 was followed two years after by a terrible hurricane, while that of 1848 was, by precisely the same number of years, preceded by one. It has also been thought worthy of notice by one of our cotemporaries that hail, in considerable quantities, fell in various parts of the island in the early part of the month of August."

The Aurora Borealis and the Telegraph.

During the auroral display of Thursday night, 1st inst., in Boston some curious phenomena were witnessed in connection with the telegraph wires. The following conversation (says the Boston *Traveller*) between the Boston and Portland operators on the American Telegraph line will give an idea of the effect of the Aurora Borealis on the working of telegraph wires.

Boston operator (to Portland operator).—"Please cut off your battery entirely from the line for fifteen minutes."

Portland operator.—"Will do so. It is now disconnected."

Boston.—"Mine is disconnected, and we are working with the auroral current. How do you receive my writing?"

Portland.—"Better than with our batteries on. Current comes and goes gradually."

Boston.—"My current is very strong at times, and we can work better without batteries, as the Aurora seems to neutralize and augment our batteries alternately, making current too strong at times for our relay magnets. Suppose we work without batteries while we are affected by this trouble."

Portland.—"Very well. Shall I go ahead with business?"

Boston.—"Yes. Go ahead."

The wire was then worked for about two hours, without the usual batteries, on the auroral current, working better than with the batteries connected. The current varied, increasing and decreasing alternately, but by graduating the adjustment to the current, a sufficiently steady effect was obtained to work the line very well.

This is the first instance on record of more than a word or two having been transmitted with the auroral current. The usual effects of the electric storm were also manifested, such as reversing the poles of the batteries, &c.

We are informed also, that on the short line between the Cambridge Observatory and the store of Messrs. William Bond & Son, in Congress street, which runs nearly East and West, the waves of electricity displayed considerable regularity, being from a half to a minute in duration.

☞ An amusing story, says a Toledo, Ohio, correspondent of the *Knickerbocker*, is told of the acute sense of smell of a tobacconist of our city. He, together with his clerk, was examining some tobacco submitted for his inspection. After carefully inhaling the flavor by three or four protracted sniffs, he exclaimed to his clerk; "John can't you smell old leather in the tobacco?" John presented it to his olfactories and "thought he could." The "chief" then smelled again: and declared that he could also detect a very slight flavor of maple sugar. This last aroma John pronounced beyond his powers.—Samples of leaf tobacco, you know, are taken from each end of the hogshead, and also from the centre. The samples examined were from the ends. On taking a sample from the middle, there was found an old boot heel, full of maple pege! Judgment on "tobakker" from this quarter is now regarded as final.

A GOOD ONE.—Professor Gardner, the renowned soap man, got off a good one at the Fair yesterday. After a learned and lengthy disquisition on the unrivalled qualities of his soap, a number crowded around him to purchase, among whom was a lank, lean looking chap, who handed in a $3 bill, and asked for three cakes. The Professor eyed the bill sharply for some time, and finding it the worst kind of wild cat currency, returned it blandly to the man, with the remark that, admirable as was his soap, he believed that it wouldn't raise a lather strong enough to admit of the shaving of that note. Lanky took the hint, and his bill, and mizzled, while a cheer from the crowd told that the Professor's hit had been understood and was fully appreciated.—*Pitts. Chronicle.*

SINGULAR APPETITE.—The Superintendent of the West Philadelphia Railroad, says the *North American*, exhibited to us, the other day, a horse whose hoofs the rats had gnawed until their teeth had reached the quick. When lying down the rats had also gnawed the warts upon the inside of the horse's legs. The rats are so savage in those parts that every morning some of the horses are taken out with feet bleeding from wounds inflicted by the noctural prowlers.

☞ Among the recent contributions of blocks for the Washington Monument, is a block of white marble, in which is inserted a curiously carved head, with this inscription beneath: "This head was carved between two and three thousand years ago, by the ancient Egyptians, for their temple erected in honor of Augustus, on the bank of the Nile. Brought from there by J. J. Lennan, and presented to the Washington Monument, 1858."

☞ The people of the Far West are laughing at the idea of the Hon. Grantly Berkley, the famous British sportsman, of hunting buffalo with hounds. The St. Joseph *Daily West* says:

If the hounds can only be persuaded to run the buffalo the buffalo will certainly run from the hounds, and in a country where the vast herds stretch out as far as the eye can reach and the game is never out of sight, except at night, there would be no end, it seems, to his sport. But running over the prairies from which the grass has been burned, the feet of his dogs would be worn out in a day, and they would become a burthen and a drawback. If they were kept for antelope and elk alone, the chances are that they would be lost in the first chase, or in case they could be called off, that they would victims to Indian arrows. Surely if a dog of any description would conduce to Mr. Berkley's sport, or aid him in the capture of game, an ordinary cur would be best. Of these we have an abundance, and asking the gentleman's pardon for the impertinence of making the suggestion, he had better leave his dogs with us and take ours with him.

☞ A story has been circulated in the papers respecting a child in New Bedford, who was left sleeping in a cradle, and was found by its mother nearly deprived of life by a cat, which had stolen into the cradle, and was sucking the infant's breath. The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*, a semi-medical organ, advances the opinion that the story is all moonshine, so far as the child's breath is concerned, as, at such a game, the cat would have the worst of the bargain, babies having a much stronger power of suction than cats. The probability is that the cat selected the cradle as a warm bed, and lying on the child's breast, produced violent nightmare, which might have resulted, as it sometimes does, in death.

NEW PUBLICATION.

A HISTORY OF ALL RELIGIONS: containing a Statement of the Oregon, Developement, Doctrines and Government of the Religious Denominations in Europe and the United States, with Biographical Sketches of Eminent Divines. By Samuel Smucker, LL.D Published by Duane Rulison. *Quaker City Publishing House*, 33 South Third St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The subject of Religion and the Doctrines of Sects must always have an absorbing interest for the thoughtful observer, and a work which affords the desired information, in a convenient and accessible form, at a moderate price, has been urgently demanded, and will be sought for with avidity, and must command a large sale.

In the present work, the origin, development, doctrinal belief, Church government and peculiarities of over eighty different religious sects, are treated in a style clear, compendous and accurate, and will afford all the information which might be procured with great difficulty and expense, and much labor and research, from the larger polemical works and encyclopedias.

Dr. Smucker has evidently prepared this work with much care, and it exhibits great ability and learning. The articles on the different religions are very impartially written, and show the careful study of an unprejudiced and sound mind; and the importance and value cannot be too highly estimated of such superior and unbiassed effort in a work of this kind, as too often, those pretending to give correct information upon such subjects are prejudiced in favor of some particular sects or denominations. Mr. Rulison has brought out the work in a very handsome form, and the public is indebted to him for a very valuable, instructive and useful book. The price, $1,00, is remarkably low for such a work, and in order that it may have a rapid and extensive circulation, he will send it to any address, accompanied with a valuable Gift, on the receipt of the price and twenty cents to prepay postage.

Mr Rulison will send free, on application, his new, enlarged and revised Catalogue of Books and Gifts, containing all information relative to the establishment of Agencies in the Gift Book business. Address

DUANE RULISON,
Quaker City Publishing House, 33 South Third St., Philadelphia, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a HOUSE & LOT, situate in Londonville, adjoining Altoona, two doors from the main track of the Penn'a Rail Road. The Lot is 50 feet front by 160 feet deep. The House is a good two-story frame building, with all necessary outbuildings. A bargain may be had in this property as the owner is desirous of removing from the place. Possession given at any time.

TERMS:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid in hand. A title clear of all incumbrances will be given. Persons wishing to view the premises will call on the subscriber residing thereon.

Sept. 8, 1859.-3t JAS. T. MOORE.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Blair county, there will be offered at public vendue or outcry, on the premises in Logan town hip, said county, on

Saturday, October 8th, 1859,

A TRACT OF LAND,

Containing about 60 acres, (the exact quantity not known,) about half of it cleared and under fence—the balance wood land, having thereon erected a

TWO-STORY LOG HOUSE,

A ONE-AND-A-HALF STORY LOG HOUSE, and other buildings. There is also on this farm *a fine orchard of good fruit*. Said land being situated in Logan township, about two miles from the borough of Altoona.—Two large springs of most excellent water on the place.

TERMS:—One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest, to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day.

MICHAEL KANTNER,
Adm'r of Henry Kantner, late of Logan Tp., dec'd.

September 15th, 1859-3t.

IRON FINGER NAILS FOR HUSKING CORN.—Gould's Patent Husking Thimble is the only implement known that will entirely protect the fingers from the evils of excoriation, &c., common to husking corn by hand.

We are now in possession of over 200,000 letters of approval, over the signatures of reliable farmers and planters in different localities in the U. S., equally as flattering as the following.

READ! READ! READ!

THE HUSKING THIMBLE CAN'T be BEAT.

MESSRS GOULD & CO—SIRS:—I send enclosed $1 for six pairs of your celebrated Husking Thimbles. I bought a pair of you last fall and I have used them for husking ever since. If there are any who don't think worth while to buy a pair, let them tear their finger nails off: for one, I won't. They will outwear anything of the kind I ever saw, and for husking they can't be beat.

Yours truly, WM. MORROW.

Tiro, Crawford Co., O., Nov. 8th, 1858.

BETTER THAN ANY MACHINE.

MESSRS. J. H. GOULD & CO.—Gents; find enclosed $1,00 for six pairs of your patent Husking Thimbles of the sizes represented by the measures enclosed. I used a pair last year and I prefer them to all the great, small, and little giant Corn Huskers. Yours Respectfully, A. H. BELL.

Hillsboro Montgomery Co., Ill. Nov. 27th, 1858.

THE HUSKING THIMBLES ARE ALL WE REPRESENT THEM TO BE.

J. H. GOULD & CO.—Alliance Ohio—Gentlemen; I received in good order the six pairs of Husking Thimbles and can say that they are all that is represented of them. I have distributed them among my neighbors, and could have sold a great many if I had had them in season. I will myself, or get some one to do so, apply for an agency for their sale in Central Iowa next season.

Yours &c., SAMUEL M. DYER.

East Desmoines Polk Co., Iowa, Dec. 20th, 1858.

PRICES.

The Husking Thimbles are sent by mail (post paid) to any P. O. address, for one dollar per dozen, (six pairs) Assorted sizes with circulars, directions for using &c., by Express for five dollars per hundred, (50 pairs.) Circulars giving wholesale terms to those desiring to become agents, sent for one letter stamp.

AGENTS WANTED. Money sent by mail at our risk. Orders filled with promptness.

Address J. H. GOULD.
Alliance Ohio.

Dec. 12, '59-4t.

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY just published Gratis the 20th Thousand.

A few words on the Rational Treatment, without Medicine of Spermatorrhœa or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the System, Impotency and Impediments to marriage generally, by B. De Laney, M.D.

The important fact that many alarming complaints, originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth may be easily removed without medicine, is in this small tract, clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to Dr. B. DE LANEY, 55 East 31st Street, New York City.

Sept. 22, '59-3m.

Iron City College

$40.00

Pays for a full course in the Iron City College, the largest most extensively patronized and best organized Commercial School in the United States.

Four Large Halls,

For Writing, Commercial Calculations, Book-Keeping and Lectures.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any Business and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1,000.

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premium for Best Writing

Awarded this Institution. The best and greatest variety of Penmanship in any one Hall of the Union, is found here.

☞ Ministers Sons received at half price.

For full information. Circular, Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing and Embellished View of the College, enclose five letter stamps to P. W. JENKINS.

Sept. 22, 1859.—1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE BLAIR COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

WILL HOLD ITS

FOURTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION

IN HOLLIDAYSBURG,

October 5th, 6th and 7th, 1859,

OVER $600 TO BE DISTRIBUTED in Premiums to meritorious exhibitors of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Grain, Fruit, Agricultural Implements, as well as every article of Household Manufacture and Mechanic Arts.

SEASON TICKETS ONE DOLLAR,

Which will admit the person, his lady, and children under 12 years of age, to the Ground at all times during the Exhibition, provided they accompany and enter the enclosure at the same time. SINGLE TICKETS, 25 CENTS.—Tickets to be had at the Office on the Ground.

RULES.

I. All the Members of the Society, whose dues are paid, and all who may become Members previous to, and at the Fair, will be furnished with a Ticket which will admit the Member, his Lady and Children under 12 years of age, to the Fair, provided they all enter the enclosure at the same time.

II. Exhibitors must become Members of the Society, and have their Articles and Animals entered on the Secretary's Books on or before Tuesday Morning, and all Animals must be brought within the enclosure as early as noon of said day. ☞ Premiums will only be awarded to those who comply with the Rules of the Society.

III. Persons are desired to forward to the Secretary a list of articles that they intend to exhibit, previous to the 28th of September, in order that proper arrangements may be made for their accommodation.

IV. Articles or Animals removed from the grounds previous to the close of the Fair, (without permission from the President,) cannot receive a Premium, though awarded.

V. All articles must be labeled with the owner's name, and their number as entered on the books, and will take precedence according to said number, in their arrangements and accommodation. Cards for such purpose will be furnished at the office.

THE PLOWING MATCH.

Will take place on FRIDAY, at 9 o'clock, and all Teams must be hitched and ready to start at the appointed time. Each Plowman is required to drive his own team.

☞ The Managers solicit the exertion of all our Farmer's Mechanics, and Citizens generally, to make the Exhibition creditable to our County.

☞ Any person wishing a Premium List can have the same by sending his P. O. address to the Sec'y or calling upon him at the office of the Society.

MANAGERS:

Martin Bell, Thad. Banks, James Roller, Seth R. McCuse, A McAllister, Joshua Reifer and W. W. Jackson.

DAVID CALDWELL, President.

JOHN DEAN, Sec'y and Treasurer.

Sept. 8, '59-4t.

J. D. LEET, ATTORNEY AT LAW ALTOONA, BLAIR Co, Pa.,

Will practice law in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon, Clearfield, Centre and adjoining counties.—Also in the District Court of the United States.

Collections of claims promptly attended to. Agent for the sale of Real Estate, Bounty Land Warrants, and all business pertaining to conveyancing and the law.

REFERENCES:

Hon. Wilson McCandles and Andrew Burke, Esq., Pittsburgh; Hon. Samuel A. Gilmore, Pres. Judge of Fayette Judicial District; Hon. Chenard Clemens, of Wheeling, Va.; Hon Henry D. Foster, Greensburg; Hon. John W. Killinger, Lebanon; Hon. Wm. A. Porter, Philadelphia; and Hon. George P. Hamelton, Pittsburg. June 16, 1859-1y.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE 25 MILES from Philadelphia by Railroad in the State of New Jersey. Soil among the best for Agricultural purposes, being good loam soil, with a clay bottom. The land is a large tract, divided into small farms, and hundreds from all parts of the country are now settling and building.—The crops produced are large and can be seen growing.—The climate is delightful and secure from frosts. Terms from $15 to $20 per acre, payable within four years by instalments. To visit the place—Leave Vine Street Wharf at Philadelphia at 7½ A. M. by Railroad for Hammonton, or address S. J. Byrnes, by letter, Hammonton Post Office, Atlantic County, New Jersey. See full advertisement in another column.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS KNOWING themselves indebted to the firm of Runyan & Sanford, will please call and settle their accounts without delay, as ample time has been given. In thirty days hereafter, all accounts unsettled will be placed in the hands of a proper person for collection.

Altoona, July 23, 1859.-3t RUNYAN & SANFORD.

The undersigned feels grateful for the patronage heretofore bestowed on the firm and himself by the citizens of Altoona, and expects still to serve the public with all kinds of meat as usual. All persons failing to settle their accounts every thirty days, must not expect longer indulgence. My capital is limited, and long credits will soon place me where others are that have indulged so much credit to their ruin. MARTIN RUNYAN.

BLAIR COUNTY MARBLE YARD—Messrs. Freeman & Hoover respectfully inform the Public that they have established a NEW MARBLE YARD, on the corner of *Allegheny and Front streets*, in Hollidaysburg, where they will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

CHOICE MARBLE,

and be prepared to execute orders for

Tomb Stones, Monuments, Table Tops,

&c., in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Hollidaysburg, April 14, '59-6m.*

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by her, on the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona. The House is a good Two-Story Frame Building, containing a Hall, Parlor, Dining-Room and Kitchen on the first floor, four good sleeping rooms on the second floor, & a finished Attic. The lot is in good order.

Persons wishing to view the premises and obtain further information will call upon the subscriber.

MARGT. M. McCRUM.

Altoona, Aug. 11, 1859-tf.

W. R. BOYERS, *ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,* ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon and Indiana counties.

Particular attention given to the collection of Claims, and prompt remittances made.

He speaks the German language fluently.

☞ Office, for the present, with J. M. Cherry, Esq., opposite Kessler's Drug Store.

Altoona, August 4, 1859.—tf

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber, in Logan township, on or about the 4th of July last, a RED AND WHITE HEIFFER, supposed to be three years old, with the left ear cropped and a broad white stripe down the face. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JONATHAN HAMILTON.

Logan Township, Sept 8, 1859-3t.

ALTOONA NURSERY.—The Subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has now on hand at his Nursery, various kinds of *FRUIT TREES*, ready for transplanting this Fall, consisting of *Apples, Peach, Plum, Prune, Gage and Apricot Trees*, grafted in the root. All trees warranted.

Altoona, July 14, '59-3m R. B. TAYLOR.

PERSONS wishing to change their business to a rapidly increasing Country, a New Settlement where hundreds are going. Where the climate is mild and delightful. See advertisement of the Hammonton Settlement, in another column.

WANTED.—A PERSON OF ENERGY and good character, as agent for an established Fire and Life Insurance Company. Address box 482, Phil'a Post Office. [Sept. 8, '59-3t.]

GRAPE growers can carry on their business most successfully at Hammonton, free from frosts. Some forty Vineyards set out the past season. See advertisement of Hammonton lands, in another column.